#### Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 1 of 23 PageID #: 1

MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510

New York, New York 10165 Telephone: (212) 317-1200

Facsimile: (212) 317-1620 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

VICTOR VARGAS and JOSE MANUEL VARGAS, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

**COMPLAINT** 

*Plaintiffs*,

33

COLLECTIVE ACTION UNDER 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) AND RULE 23 CLASS ACTION

-against-

JACKS EGGS AND OTHER INGREDIENTS LLC (D/B/A JACK'S EGG FARM), JACK NEUSTADT, and MORDECAI NEUSTADT,

**ECF Case** 

Defendants.
X

Plaintiffs Victor Vargas and Jose Manuel Vargas, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), by and through their attorneys, Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C., upon their knowledge and belief, and as against Jacks Eggs and Other Ingredients LLC (d/b/a Jack's Egg Farm), ("Defendant Corporation"), Jack Neustadt and Mordecai Neustadt, ("Individual Defendants"), (collectively, "Defendants"), allege as follows:

#### **NATURE OF ACTION**

- Plaintiffs are former employees of Defendants Jacks Eggs and Other Ingredients LLC
   (d/b/a Jack's Egg Farm), Jack Neustadt, and Mordecai Neustadt.
- 2. Defendants own, operate, or control a food products supplier, located at 130 44th Street, Brooklyn, NY 11232 under the name "Jack's Egg Farm".
- 3. Upon information and belief, individual Defendants Jack Neustadt and Mordecai Neustadt, serve or served as owners, managers, principals, or agents of Defendant Corporation

Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 2 of 23 PageID #: 2 and, through this corporate entity, operate or operated the distribution center as a joint or unified enterprise.

- 4. Plaintiffs were employed as truck drivers and drivers' assistants at the distribution center located at 130 44th Street, Brooklyn, NY 11232.
- 5. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiffs worked for Defendants in excess of 40 hours per week, without appropriate minimum wage, overtime, and spread of hours compensation for the hours that they worked.
- 6. Rather, Defendants failed to maintain accurate recordkeeping of the hours worked, failed to pay Plaintiffs appropriately for any hours worked, either at the straight rate of pay or for any additional overtime premium.
- 7. Further, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs the required "spread of hours" pay for any day in which they had to work over 10 hours a day.
- 8. Defendants' conduct extended beyond Plaintiffs to all other similarly situated employees.
- 9. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of requiring Plaintiffs and other employees to work in excess of forty (40) hours per week without providing the minimum wage and overtime compensation required by federal and state law and regulations.
- 10. Plaintiffs now bring this action on behalf of themselves, and other similarly situated individuals, for unpaid minimum and overtime wages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq.* ("FLSA"), and for violations of the N.Y. Labor Law §§ 190 *et seq.* and 650 *et seq.* (the "NYLL"), and the "spread of hours" and overtime wage orders of the New York Commissioner of Labor codified at N.Y. COMP. CODES R. & REGS. tit. 12, § 146-1.6 (herein the "Spread of Hours Wage Order"), including applicable liquidated damages, interest, attorneys' fees and costs.

11. Plaintiffs now bring this action as a class action under Rule 23 and seek certification of this action as a collective action on behalf of themselves, individually, and all other similarly situated employees and former employees of Defendants pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 12. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question) and the FLSA, and supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' state law claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 13. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c) because all, or a substantial portion of, the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district, Defendants maintain their corporate headquarters and offices within this district, and Defendants operate a food products supplier located in this district. Further, Plaintiffs were employed by Defendants in this district.

#### **PARTIES**

#### **Plaintiffs**

- 14. Plaintiff Victor Vargas ("Plaintiff Vargas" or "Mr. Vargas") is an adult individual residing in New York County, New York. Plaintiff Vargas was employed by Defendants at Jack's Egg Farm from approximately July 5, 2016 until on or about July 2017.
- 15. Plaintiff Jose Manuel Vargas ("Plaintiff Jose Manuel" or "Mr. Jose Manuel") is an adult individual residing in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. Plaintiff Jose Manuel was employed by Defendants at Jack's Egg Farm from approximately September 2012 until on or about November 16, 2013.

#### **Defendants**

16. At all relevant times, Defendants owned, operated, or controlled a food products supplier, located at 130 44th Street, Brooklyn, NY 11232 under the name "Jack's Egg Farm".

#### Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 4 of 23 PageID #: 4

- 17. Upon information and belief, Jacks Eggs and Other Ingredients LLC (d/b/a Jack's Egg Farm) is a domestic corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. Upon information and belief, it maintains its principal place of business at 130 44th Street, Brooklyn, NY 11232.
- 18. Defendant Jack Neustadt is an individual engaging (or who was engaged) in business in this judicial district during the relevant time period. Defendant Jack Neustadt is sued individually in his capacity as owner, officer and/or agent of Defendant Corporation. Defendant Jack Neustadt possesses operational control over Defendant Corporation, an ownership interest in Defendant Corporation, and controls significant functions of Defendant Corporation. He determines the wages and compensation of the employees of Defendants, including Plaintiffs, establishes the schedules of the employees, maintains employee records, and has the authority to hire and fire employees.
- 19. Defendant Mordecai Neustadt is an individual engaging (or who was engaged) in business in this judicial district during the relevant time period. Defendant Mordecai Neustadt is sued individually in his capacity as owner, officer and/or agent of Defendant Corporation. Defendant Mordecai Neustadt possesses operational control over Defendant Corporation, an ownership interest in Defendant Corporation, and controls significant functions of Defendant Corporation. He determines the wages and compensation of the employees of Defendants, including Plaintiffs, establishes the schedules of the employees, maintains employee records, and has the authority to hire and fire employees.

#### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

#### Defendants Constitute Joint Employers

20. Defendants operate a food products supplier located in the Sunset Park neighborhood of Brooklyn in New York City.

#### Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 5 of 23 PageID #: 5

- 21. Individual Defendants, Jack Neustadt and Mordecai Neustadt, possess operational control over Defendant Corporation, possess ownership interests in Defendant Corporation, and control significant functions of Defendant Corporation.
- 22. Defendants are associated and joint employers, act in the interest of each other with respect to employees, pay employees by the same method, and share control over the employees.
- 23. Each Defendant possessed substantial control over Plaintiffs' (and other similarly situated employees') working conditions, and over the policies and practices with respect to the employment and compensation of Plaintiffs, and all similarly situated individuals, referred to herein.
- 24. Defendants jointly employed Plaintiffs (and all similarly situated employees) and are Plaintiffs' (and all similarly situated employees') employers within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. 201 *et seq.* and the NYLL.
- 25. In the alternative, Defendants constitute a single employer of Plaintiffs and/or similarly situated individuals.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Individual Defendants Jack Neustadt and Mordecai Neustadt operate Defendant Corporation as either an alter ego of themselves and/or failed to operate Defendant Corporation as an entity legally separate and apart from themselves, by among other things:
  - a) failing to adhere to the corporate formalities necessary to operate Defendant Corporation as a Corporation,
  - b) defectively forming or maintaining the corporate entity of Defendant Corporation,
     by, amongst other things, failing to hold annual meetings or maintaining appropriate corporate records,
  - c) transferring assets and debts freely as between all Defendants,

- d) operating Defendant Corporation for their own benefit as the sole or majority shareholders,
- e) operating Defendant Corporation for their own benefit and maintaining control over this corporation as a closed Corporation,
- f) intermingling assets and debts of their own with Defendant Corporation,
- g) diminishing and/or transferring assets of Defendant Corporation to avoid full liability as necessary to protect their own interests, and
- h) Other actions evincing a failure to adhere to the corporate form.
- 27. At all relevant times, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the FLSA and New York Labor Law. Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiffs, controlled the terms and conditions of employment, and determined the rate and method of any compensation in exchange for Plaintiffs' services.
- 28. In each year from 2012 to 2017, Defendants, both separately and jointly, had a gross annual volume of sales of not less than \$500,000 (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated).
- 29. In addition, upon information and belief, Defendants and/or their enterprise were directly engaged in interstate commerce. As an example, numerous items that were used in the distribution center on a daily basis are goods produced outside of the State of New York.

#### Individual Plaintiffs

- 30. Plaintiffs are former employees of Defendants who were employed as truck drivers and drivers' assistants.
- 31. Plaintiffs seek to represent a class of similarly situated individuals under 29 U.S.C. 216(b).

#### Plaintiff Victor Vargas

- 32. Plaintiff Vargas was employed by Defendants from approximately July 5, 2016 until on or about July 2017.
  - 33. Defendants employed Plaintiff Vargas as a truck driver.
- 34. Plaintiff Vargas regularly handled goods in interstate commerce, such as the eggs and other supplies produced outside the State of New York.
  - 35. Plaintiff Vargas's work duties required neither discretion nor independent judgment.
- 36. Throughout his employment with Defendants, Plaintiff Vargas regularly worked in excess of 40 hours per week.
- 37. From approximately July 5, 2016 until on or about July 2017, Plaintiff Vargas worked from approximately 6:00 a.m. until on or about 6:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m., Mondays through Fridays (typically 60 to 65 hours per week).
- 38. From approximately July 5, 2016 until on or about February 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Vargas his wages in cash.
- 39. From approximately March 2017 until on or about July 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Vargas his wages in a combination of check and cash.
- 40. From approximately July 5, 2016 until on or about February 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Vargas a fixed salary of \$700 per week.
- 41. From approximately March 2017 until on or about July 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Vargas an average fixed salary of \$600 per week (\$350 by check and \$250 in cash).
- 42. Plaintiff Vargas's pay did not vary even when he was required to stay later or work a longer day than his usual schedule.
- 43. For example, Defendants required Plaintiff Vargas to work an additional 1 hour past his scheduled departure time every day, and did not pay him for the additional time he worked.
  - 44. Defendants never granted Plaintiff Vargas any breaks or meal periods of any kind.

#### Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 8 of 23 PageID #: 8

- 45. Plaintiff Vargas was not required to keep track of his time, nor to his knowledge, did the Defendants utilize any time tracking device such as punch cards, that accurately reflected his actual hours worked.
- 46. No notification, either in the form of posted notices or other means, was ever given to Plaintiff Vargas regarding overtime and wages under the FLSA and NYLL.
- 47. Defendants did not provide Plaintiff Vargas an accurate statement of wages, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 48. In fact, Defendants adjusted Plaintiff Vargas's paystubs so that they reflected inaccurate wages and hours worked.
- 49. Defendants did not give any notice to Plaintiff Vargas, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiff Vargas's primary language), of his rate of pay, employer's regular pay day, and such other information as required by NYLL §195(1).

#### Plaintiff Jose Manuel Vargas

- 50. Plaintiff Jose Manuel was employed by Defendants from approximately September 2012 until on or about November 16, 2013.
  - 51. Defendants employed Plaintiff Jose Manuel as a driver's assistant.
- 52. Plaintiff Jose Manuel regularly handled goods in interstate commerce, such as the eggs and other supplies produced outside the State of New York.
- 53. Plaintiff Jose Manuel's work duties required neither discretion nor independent judgment.
- 54. Throughout his employment with Defendants, Plaintiff Jose Manuel regularly worked in excess of 40 hours per week.
- 55. From approximately September 2012 until on or about November 16, 2013, Plaintiff Jose Manuel worked from approximately 6:00 a.m. until on or about 8:00 p.m., Mondays through

Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 9 of 23 PageID #: 9 Thursdays and from approximately 6:00 a.m. until on or about 5:00 p.m., Fridays (typically 67 hours per week).

- 56. Throughout his employment, Defendants paid Plaintiff Jose Manuel his wages in cash.
- 57. From approximately September 2012 until on or about November 16, 2013, Defendants paid Plaintiff Jose Manuel a fixed salary of \$500 per week.
- 58. Plaintiff Jose Manuel's pay did not vary even when he was required to stay later or work a longer day than his usual schedule.
- 59. For example, Defendants required Plaintiff Jose Manuel to work an additional 1 hour past his scheduled departure time on Fridays, and did not pay him for the additional time he worked.
- 60. Defendants never granted Plaintiff Jose Manuel any breaks or meal periods of any kind.
- 61. Plaintiff Jose Manuel was not required to keep track of his time, nor to his knowledge, did the Defendants utilize any time tracking device such as punch cards, that accurately reflected his actual hours worked.
- 62. No notification, either in the form of posted notices or other means, was ever given to Plaintiff Jose Manuel regarding overtime and wages under the FLSA and NYLL.
- 63. Defendants did not provide Plaintiff Jose Manuel an accurate statement of wages, as required by NYLL 195(3).
- 64. Defendants did not give any notice to Plaintiff Jose Manuel, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiff Jose Manuel's primary language), of his rate of pay, employer's regular pay day, and such other information as required by NYLL §195(1).
- 65. Defendants required Plaintiff Jose Manuel to purchase "tools of the trade" with his own funds—including twelve gloves and one pair of boots.

Defendants' General Employment Practices

- 66. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants maintained a policy and practice of requiring Plaintiffs (and all similarly situated employees) to work in excess of 40 hours a week without paying them appropriate minimum wage, spread of hours pay, and overtime compensation as required by federal and state laws.
- 67. Plaintiffs were victims of Defendants' common policy and practices which violate their rights under the FLSA and New York Labor Law by, *inter alia*, not paying them the wages they were owed for the hours they worked..
- 68. Defendants' pay practices resulted in Plaintiffs not receiving payment for all their hours worked, and resulted in Plaintiffs' effective rate of pay falling below the required minimum wage rate.
- 69. Defendants habitually required Plaintiffs to work additional hours beyond their regular shifts but did not provide them with any additional compensation.
- 70. Defendants' time keeping system did not reflect the actual hours that Plaintiff Vargas worked. Thus, the paychecks Defendants gave Plaintiff Vargas were inaccurate.
- 71. Defendants willfully disregarded and purposefully evaded recordkeeping requirements of the FLSA and NYLL by failing to maintain accurate and complete timesheets and payroll records.
- 72. Defendants paid Plaintiffs their wages in cash; but, in particular, from approximately March 2017 until on or about July 2017, Defendants paid Plaintiff Vargas a combination of check and cash.
- 73. Defendants failed to post at the workplace, or otherwise provide to employees, the required postings or notices to employees regarding the applicable wage and hour requirements of the FLSA and NYLL.

- 74. Upon information and belief, these practices by Defendants were done willfully to disguise the actual number of hours Plaintiffs (and similarly situated individuals) worked, and to avoid paying Plaintiffs properly for their full hours worked.
- 75. Defendants engaged in their unlawful conduct pursuant to a corporate policy of minimizing labor costs and denying employees compensation by knowingly violating the FLSA and NYLL.
- 76. Defendants' unlawful conduct was intentional, willful, in bad faith, and caused significant damages to Plaintiffs and other similarly situated former workers.
- 77. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs and other employees with accurate wage statements at the time of their payment of wages, containing: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the number of regular hours worked; and the number of overtime hours worked, as required by NYLL §195(3).
- 78. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs and other employees, at the time of hiring and on or before February 1 of each subsequent year, a statement in English and the employees' primary language, containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and the telephone number of the employer, as required by New York Labor Law §195(1).

# Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 12 of 23 PageID #: 12 FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION CLAIMS

- 79. Plaintiffs bring their FLSA minimum wage, overtime compensation, and liquidated damages claims as a collective action pursuant to FLSA Section 16(b), 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of all similarly situated persons (the "FLSA and Rule 23 Class members"), i.e., persons who are or were employed by Defendants or any of them, on or after the date that is three years before the filing of the complaint in this case (the "FLSA and Rule 23 Class Period").
- 80. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and other members of the FLSA and Rule 23 Class were similarly situated in that they had substantially similar job requirements and pay provisions, and have been subject to Defendants' common practices, policies, programs, procedures, protocols and plans including willfully failing and refusing to pay them the required minimum wage, overtime pay at a one and one-half their regular rates for work in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek under the FLSA, and willfully failing to keep records as required under the FLSA.
  - 81. The claims of Plaintiffs stated herein are similar to those of the other employees.

#### FEDERAL RULE 23 CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 82. Plaintiffs sue on their own behalf and on behalf of a class of persons similarly situated under Rule 23(a), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 83. Plaintiffs bring their New York Labor Law minimum wage, overtime, spread-of-hours, wage deduction, and liquidated damages claims on behalf of all persons who are or were employed by Defendants in the State of New York, on or after the date that is six years before the filing of the complaint in this case, to entry of judgment in this case (the "Class Period"). All said persons, including Plaintiffs, are referred to herein as the "Class."
- 84. The persons in the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Although the precise number of such persons is unknown, and facts on which the calculation of that number are presently within the sole control of Defendants, there are approximately over sixty members of the Class during the Class Period.

- 85. There are questions of law and fact common to the Class including:
- a) What proof of hours worked is sufficient where Defendants fail in their duty to maintain time records;
- b) What were the policies, practices, programs, procedures, protocols and plans of Defendants regarding payment of wages for all hours worked;
- c) What were the policies, practices, programs, procedures, protocols and plans of Defendants regarding payment of at least minimum wages for all hours worked;
- d) Whether Defendants failed and/or refused to pay Plaintiffs the minimum wage and overtime at the premium rate within the meaning of the New York Labor Law;
- e) Whether Defendants failed and/or refused to pay Plaintiffs "Spread of Hours" Pay;
- f) Whether Defendants improperly deducted "shorts" from the Plaintiffs' wages;
- g) At what common rate, or rates subject to common methods of calculation, were and are Defendants required to pay the class members for their work; and
- h) What are the common conditions of employment and in the workplace, such as recordkeeping, clock-in procedures, breaks, and policies and practices that affect whether the class was paid at overtime rates for minimum wage and overtime work.
  - 86. The claims of the representative parties are typical of the claims of the class. Plaintiffs and the other class members were subjected to Defendants' policies, practices, programs, procedures, protocols and plans alleged herein concerning non-payment of overtime, non-payment of wages, and failure to keep required records. The job duties of the named Plaintiffs were and are typical of those of class members.
  - 87. The representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and have no interests antagonistic to the class. The Named Plaintiffs are represented by attorneys who are experienced and competent in both class action litigation and employment litigation.

- 88. The common questions of law and fact predominate over questions affecting only individual members.
- 89. A class action is superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating controversy, particularly in the context of wage and hour litigation, where individual plaintiffs lack the financial resources to prosecute a lawsuit in federal court against corporate defendants vigorously. The damages suffered by individual class members are small, compared to the expense and burden of individual prosecution of this litigation. Class action treatment will obviate unduly duplicative litigation and the possibility of inconsistent judgments.
- 90. Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the class as a whole.

#### **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### VIOLATION OF THE MINIMUM WAGE PROVISIONS OF THE FLSA

- 91. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 92. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d). Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class Members), controlled the terms and conditions of their employment, and determined the rate and method of any compensation in exchange for their employment.
- 93. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were engaged in commerce or in an industry or activity affecting commerce.
- 94. Defendants constitute an enterprise within the meaning of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 203 (r-s).
- 95. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) at the applicable minimum hourly rate, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 206(a).

- 96. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) at the applicable minimum hourly rate was willful within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 97. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members)were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### VIOLATION OF THE OVERTIME PROVISIONS OF THE FLSA

- 98. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 99. Defendants, in violation of 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1), failed to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) overtime compensation at a rate of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a work week.
- 100. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members), overtime compensation was willful within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).
- 101. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members)were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK MINIMUM WAGE ACT

- 102. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 103. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were Plaintiffs' employers within the meaning of the N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 2 and 651. Defendants had the power to hire and fire Plaintiffs, controlled the terms and conditions of their employment, and determined the rates and methods of any compensation in exchange for their employment.
- 104. Defendants, in violation of NYLL § 652(1) and the supporting regulations of the New York State Department of Labor, paid Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) less than the minimum wage.

- 105. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) the minimum wage was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
- 106. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### **VIOLATION OF THE OVERTIME PROVISIONS**

#### OF THE NEW YORK STATE LABOR LAW

- 107. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 108. Defendants, in violation of N.Y. Lab. Law § 190 *et seq.*, and supporting regulations of the New York State Department of Labor, failed to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) overtime compensation at rates of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a work week.
- 109. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) overtime compensation was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
- 110. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# VIOLATION OF THE SPREAD OF HOURS WAGE ORDER OF THE NEW YORK COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

- 111. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 112. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) one additional hour's pay at the basic minimum wage rate before allowances for each day Plaintiffs' spread of hours exceeded ten hours in violation of NYLL §§ 650 *et seq.* and 12 N.Y.C.R.R. §§ 146-1.6.

- 113. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) an additional hour's pay for each day Plaintiffs' spread of hours exceeded ten hours was willful within the meaning of NYLL § 663.
- 114. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### VIOLATION OF THE NOTICE AND RECORDKEEPING

#### REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 115. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 116. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs with a written notice, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiffs' primary language), containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; and the telephone number of the employer, as required by NYLL §195(1).
- 117. Defendants are liable to each Plaintiff in the amount of \$5,000, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

#### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### VIOLATION OF THE WAGE STATEMENT PROVISIONS

#### OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW

- 118. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 119. With each payment of wages, Defendants failed to provide Plaintiffs with an accurate statement listing each of the following: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name

Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 18 of 23 PageID #: 18 of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the overtime rate or rates of pay; the number of regular hours worked; and the number of overtime hours worked, as required by NYLL 195(3).

120. Defendants are liable to each Plaintiff in the amount of \$5,000, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

#### EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### **RECOVERY OF EQUIPMENT COSTS**

- 121. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege all paragraphs above as though fully set forth herein.
- 122. Defendants required Plaintiffs to pay, without reimbursement, the costs and expenses for purchasing and maintaining equipment and "tools of the trade" required to perform their jobs, further reducing their wages in violation of the FLSA and NYLL. 29 U.S.C. § 206(a); 29 C.F.R. § 531.35; N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 193 and 198-b.
- 123. Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 class members) were damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request that this Court enter judgment against Defendants by:

(a) Designating this action as a collective action and authorizing prompt issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all putative class members apprising them of the pendency of this action, and permitting them to promptly file consents to be Plaintiffs in the FLSA claims in this action;

- (b) Declaring that Defendants violated the minimum wage provisions of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA as to Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members;
- (c) Declaring that Defendants violated the overtime wage provisions of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA as to Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members;
- (d) Declaring that Defendants violated the recordkeeping requirements of, and associated rules and regulations under, the FLSA with respect to Plaintiffs' and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members' compensation, hours, wages, and any deductions or credits taken against wages;
- (e) Declaring that Defendants' violations of the provisions of the FLSA were willful as to Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members;
- (f) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage, overtime compensation, and damages for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages under the FLSA as applicable;
- (g) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members liquidated damages in an amount equal to 100% of their damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage and overtime compensation, and damages for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages under the FLSA as applicable pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);
- (h) Declaring that Defendants violated the minimum wage provisions of, and rules and orders promulgated under, the NYLL as to Plaintiffs(and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members);
- (i) Declaring that Defendants violated the overtime wage provisions of, and rules and orders promulgated under, the NYLL as to Plaintiffs(and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members);
- (j) Declaring that Defendants violated the spread-of-hours requirements of the NYLL and supporting regulations as to Plaintiffs(and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members);
  - (k) Declaring that Defendants violated the notice and recordkeeping requirements of

Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 20 of 23 PageID #: 20 the NYLL with respect to Plaintiffs' (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members') compensation,

hours, wages and any deductions or credits taken against wages;

(l) Declaring that Defendants' violations of the provisions of the NYLL and spread of hours wage order were willful as to Plaintiffs(and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members);

- (m) Awarding Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) damages for the amount of unpaid minimum wage and overtime compensation, and for any improper deductions or credits taken against wages, as well as awarding spread of hours pay under the NYLL as applicable;
- (n) Awarding Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) damages for Defendants' violation of the NYLL notice and recordkeeping provisions, pursuant to NYLL §§198(1-b), 198(1-d);
- (o) Awarding Plaintiffs (and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members) liquidated damages in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the total amount of minimum wage, overtime compensation, and spread of hours pay shown to be owed pursuant to NYLL § 663 as applicable; and liquidated damages pursuant to NYLL § 198(3);
- (p) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members pre-judgment and post-judgment interest as applicable;
- (q) Awarding Plaintiffs and the FLSA and Rule 23 Class members the expenses incurred in this action, including costs and attorneys' fees;
- (r) Providing that if any amounts remain unpaid upon the expiration of ninety days following issuance of judgment, or ninety days after expiration of the time to appeal and no appeal is then pending, whichever is later, the total amount of judgment shall automatically increase by fifteen percent, as required by NYLL § 198(4); and
  - (s) All such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

#### **JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all issues triable by a jury.

Dated: New York, New York September 21, 2018

MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

By: /s/ Michael Faillace

Michael Faillace [MF-8436] 60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165 Telephone: (212) 317-1200

Facsimile: (212) 317-1620 *Attorneys for Plaintiffs* 

Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 Filed 09/21/18 Page 22 of 23 PageID #: 22

### Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.

**Employment and Litigation Attorneys** 

60 E 42" Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165	Facsimile: (212) 317-1620
Faillace@employmentcompliance.com	
BY HAND	October 2, 2017
TO: Clerk of Court,	
I hereby consent to join this lawsuit a (Yo, por medio de este documento, demanda como uno de los demanda	doy mi consentimiento para formar parte de la
Name / Nombre:	Victor Vargas
Legal Representative / Abogado:	Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.
Signature / Firma:	Victa Von
Date / Fecha:	02 de octubre de 2017

### Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C.

Employment and Litigation Attorneys

60 E 42<sup>nd</sup> Street, Suite 4510 Telephone: (212) 317-1200 New York, New York 10165 Facsimile: (212) 317-1620 Faillace@employmentcompliance.com October 25, 2017 BY HAND Clerk of Court, TO: I hereby consent to join this lawsuit as a party plaintiff. (Yo, por medio de este documento, doy mi consentimiento para formar parte de la demanda como uno de los demandantes.) Name/ Nombre: <u>Iose Manuel Vargas</u> Legal Representative/ Representante Michael Faillace & Associates, P.C. Legal: Signature/Firma:

October 25, 2017

Date/Fecha:

JS 44 (Rev. 1/2013) Case 1:18-cv-05341 Document 1 VEIR 09/21/18 Page 1 of 2 PageID #: 24

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the errir a	concession. (SEE INSTITUTE					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS VICTOR VARGAS and JV VARGAS, individually an similarly situated, (b) County of Residence of (E.)  (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Michael A. Faillace, Mich 60 East 42nd Suite 4510 New York, NY 10165	d on behalf of others  f First Listed Plaintiff N  XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA  Address, and Telephone Numbers ael Faillace & Associa	r)		LLC (D/B/A JACK'S NEUSTADT, and M County of Residence	O OTHER INGREDIENT. SEGG FARM), JACK MORDECAI NEUSTADT, of First Listed Defendant	, <u>Kings</u> <sub>NLY)</sub>
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF PI (For Diversity Cases Only)	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti and One Box for Defendant)
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	■ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government I	Not a Party)		en of This State		PTF DEF incipal Place
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citiz	en of Another State	2	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	F			en or Subject of a reign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
		* '	E	ADEEITHDE/DENALTV	DANKDUDTCV	OTHER STATISTICS
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment ∞ Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane  315 Airplane Product Liability  320 Assault, Libel & Slander  330 Federal Employers' Liability  340 Marine	PERSONAL INJUR  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Persona Injury Product Liability	Y □ 62 □ 69	DRFEITURE/PENALTY 25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 00 Other	BANKRUPTCY  □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158  □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157  PROPERTY RIGHTS  □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark	OTHER STATUTES  □ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV
(Excludes Veterans)  ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits  ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits  ☐ 190 Other Contract  ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability  ☐ 196 Franchise	□ 345 Marine Product Liability □ 350 Motor Vehicle □ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability □ 360 Other Personal Injury □ 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability	□ 72 □ 74 □ 75	LABOR 10 Fair Labor Standards Act 20 Labor/Management Relations 40 Railway Labor Act 51 Family and Medical Leave Act 20 Other Labor Litigation	SOCIAL SECURITY  □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g))	- 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange - 890 Other Statutory Actions - 891 Agricultural Acts - 893 Environmental Matters - 895 Freedom of Information Act - 896 Arbitration
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIO	NS 🗆 79	91 Employee Retirement	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	☐ 899 Administrative Procedure
<ul> <li>□ 210 Land Condemnation</li> <li>□ 220 Foreclosure</li> <li>□ 230 Rent Lease &amp; Ejectment</li> <li>□ 240 Torts to Land</li> <li>□ 245 Tort Product Liability</li> <li>□ 290 All Other Real Property</li> </ul>	□ 440 Other Civil Rights □ 441 Voting □ 442 Employment □ 443 Housing/ Accommodations □ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment □ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other □ 448 Education	Habeas Corpus:  □ 463 Alien Detainee □ 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence □ 530 General □ 535 Death Penalty Other: □ 540 Mandamus & Oth □ 550 Civil Rights □ 555 Prison Condition □ 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	□ 46	Income Security Act  IMMIGRATION 52 Naturalization Application 55 Other Immigration Actions	□ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision  950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
	moved from	Appellate Court		pened Another (specify)	r District Litigation	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Plaintiffs seek uni	oaid overtime wage	re filing (I es pursu	Do not cite jurisdictional state ant to The Fair Labor	utes unless diversity): r Standards Act of 1938,	29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	Ŋ D	EMAND \$	CHECK YES only <b>JURY DEMAND:</b>	if demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE 09/21/2018		SIGNATURE OF AT /s/ Michael Fail		OF RECORD		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY						
RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JUI	OGE

#### CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I Michael Faiilace	counsel for Plaintiffs do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is
ineligible for o	compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):  , do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is
X	monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
	the complaint seeks injunctive relief,
	the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason
	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1
	Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:
	RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)
provides that "A because the cases same judge and n case: (A) involve	es that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the nagistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil s identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power remine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the
	NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)
1.) Is the County	civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk y: No
	answered "no" above: the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk y? No
b) Did Distric	the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern et? Yes
	to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or , or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau nty? N/A
(1	Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).
	BAR ADMISSION
I am currently a	idmitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court.  Yes  No
Are you current	ely the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court?  Yes (If yes, please explain) No
I certify the acc	uracy of all information provided above.

Signature: /s/ Michael Faillace

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

VICTOR VARGAS and JOSE MANUEL VARGAS, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,	) ) )			
Plaintiff(s)	)			
v.	Civil Action No.			
JACKS EGGS AND OTHER INGREDIENTS LLC (D/B/A JACK'S EGG FARM), JACK NEUSTADT, and MORDECAI NEUSTADT,	) ) )			
Defendant(s)	,			
SUMMONS IN	N A CIVIL ACTION			
To: (Defendant's name and address) Jack Neustadt c/o Jack's Egg Farm 130 44th Street Brooklyn, NY 11232				
A lawsuit has been filed against you.				
Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:  Michael A. Faillace  MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.				
60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510 New York, New York 10165				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
	CLERK OF COURT			
Deter				
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was ra	This summons for (no ceived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if a	ny)				
was re	cerved by the on (aate)		·				
	☐ I personally served the summons on the individual at (place)						
	on (date) ; o						
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)						
			, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,			
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or				
	☐ I served the sumn	nons on (name of individual)		, who is			
	designated by law to	o accept service of process	s on behalf of (name of organization)				
			on (date)	; or			
	☐ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted becaus	e	; or			
	☐ Other (specify):						
	My fees are \$	for travel and	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00			
	I declare under penal	lty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.				
Date:							
			Server's signature				
		-	Printed name and title				
		-	Server's address				

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

VICTOR VARGAS and JOSE MANUEL VARGAS, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,	) ) )			
Plaintiff(s)	)			
v.	Civil Action No.			
JACKS EGGS AND OTHER INGREDIENTS LLC (D/B/A JACK'S EGG FARM), JACK NEUSTADT, and MORDECAI NEUSTADT,	) ) )			
Defendant(s)	, )			
SUMMONS I	N A CIVIL ACTION			
To: (Defendant's name and address) Jacks Eggs and Other In c/o Jack's Egg Farm 130 44th Street Brooklyn, NY 11232	ngredients LLC			
A lawsuit has been filed against you.  Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:  Michael A. Faillace  MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.  60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510  New York, New York 10165				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
	CLERK OF COURT			
Deter				
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			

Civil Action No.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (name ceived by me on (date)	ne of individual and title, if any	y)			
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the indi	<u> </u>			
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)					
		,	a person of suitable age and discretion who res	ides there,		
	on (date)	, and mailed a c	copy to the individual's last known address; or			
	☐ I served the summo	ons on (name of individual)		, who	o is	
	designated by law to a	accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)			
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because		;	or	
	☐ Other (specify):					
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00		
	I declare under penalty	y of perjury that this infor	rmation is true.			
Date:		_				
			Server's signature			
			Printed name and title			
		_	Server's address			

Print Save As... Reset

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

VICTOR VARGAS and JOSE MANUEL VARGAS, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,	) ) )			
Plaintiff(s)				
v.	Civil Action No.			
JACKS EGGS AND OTHER INGREDIENTS LLC (D/B/A JACK'S EGG FARM), JACK NEUSTADT, and MORDECAI NEUSTADT,	) ) )			
Defendant(s)	, )			
SUMMONS IN	N A CIVIL ACTION			
To: (Defendant's name and address) Mordecai Neustadt c/o Jack's Egg Farm 130 44th Street Brooklyn, NY 11232				
A lawsuit has been filed against you.  Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are:  Michael A. Faillace  MICHAEL FAILLACE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.  60 East 42nd Street, Suite 4510  New York, New York 10165				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
	CLERK OF COURT			
Data				
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (na	me of individual and title, if a	ny)				
was rec	ceived by me on (date)	-	·				
	☐ I personally served	d the summons on the inc	dividual at (place)				
			on (date)	; or			
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)						
			, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,			
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or				
	☐ I served the summ	ons on (name of individual)		, who is			
	designated by law to	accept service of proces	s on behalf of (name of organization)				
			on (date)	; or			
	☐ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted becaus	se	; or			
	☐ Other (specify):						
	My fees are \$	for travel and	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00			
	I declare under penal	ty of perjury that this info	ormation is true.				
ъ.							
Date:		-	Server's signature				
		-	Printed name and title				
		_	Server's address				

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Jack's Egg Farm Sued Over Alleged Wage Violations</u>