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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY-NEWARK DIVISION

RUBEN TAVERAS, individually and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated who were employed by MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC., and/or any other entities affiliated with, controlling, or controlled by MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.,

FILE NO: 17-cv-6817

CIVIL ACTION

Plaintiffs,

- against -

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. and JOHN DOE BONDING COMPANY,

Defendants.

Named Plaintiff Ruben Taveras ("Named Plaintiff"), by his attorneys, Virginia & Ambinder, LLP, alleges upon knowledge to himself and upon information and belief as to all other matters as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This action is brought on behalf of Named Plaintiff and a putative class of individuals who performed utility work, such as clean-up, waste removal, restoration, and remediation, and similar tasks, for MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC., and/or any other entities affiliated with, controlling, or controlled by MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. ("McVac"), to recover wages and benefits which Named Plaintiff and the members of the putative class were contractually entitled to receive for work they performed on utility projects, including, but not limited to, Consolidated Edison of New York, Inc. ("Con Edison") projects in New York ("Con Edison Projects"), Keyspan Corporate Services LLC, d/b/a National Grid ("National Grid") projects in New York ("National Grid Projects"), and PSEG Long Island, LLC projects in New York ("PSEG Long Island Projects") (collectively referred to as the "Utility Projects").

JURISDICTION

2. This Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the diversity jurisdiction, 28 U.S.C. § 1332. The parties are completely diverse in citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00.

VENUE

3. Venue is appropriate in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), as Defendant McVac resides within the District of New Jersey, Newark.

PARTIES

- 4. Named Plaintiff resides in the state of New Jersey.
- 5. Defendant McVac Environmental Services, Inc. is incorporated in the state of Connecticut with its principal place of business located at 481 Grand Ave., New Haven, Connecticut, 06513. McVac also maintains an office at 51 Route 35, Laurence Harbor, NJ 08879 in Middlesex County.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 6. This action is properly maintainable as a class action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 7. This action is brought on behalf of the Named Plaintiff and a class consisting of every other person who performed utility work, such as clean-up, waste removal, restoration, and

remediation, and similar tasks for McVac on the sites of the Utility Projects since September 5, 2011.

- 8. Named Plaintiff and members of the putative class are all victims of the McVac's common policy and/or plan to not pay prevailing wages and supplemental benefits for work performed by Named Plaintiff and members of the putative class on the Utility Projects.
- 9. The putative class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. The size of the putative class is believed to be in excess of 40 individuals. In addition, the names of all potential members of the putative class are not known.
- 10. Questions of law and fact common to the putative class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members. These questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to: (1) whether McVac entered into a contract that required the payment of prevailing wages and supplemental benefits to Named Plaintiff and members of the putative class; and (2) whether McVac paid the Named Plaintiff and members of the putative class at the proper prevailing wage and benefit rate.
- 11. The claims of the Named Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the putative class members. The Named Plaintiff, like all members of the putative class, worked on the Utility Projects and was subject to Defendant's policies and willful practice of refusing to pay employees prevailing wages and supplemental benefits. The Named Plaintiff and putative class members have thus sustained similar injuries as a result of the Defendant's actions
- 12. Named Plaintiff and his counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the putative class. Named Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in complex wage and hour class action litigation, and in particular litigation relating to unpaid prevailing wages and

supplemental benefits.

13. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. The Named Plaintiff and putative class action members lack the financial resources to adequately prosecute separate lawsuits against Defendant. A class action will also prevent unduly duplicative litigation resulting from inconsistent judgments pertaining to the Defendant's policies.

FACTS

- 14. Upon information and believe, since at least September 5, 2011, McVac has been a party to various contracts with Con Edison, National Grid, and PSEG Long Island to perform clean-up, waste removal, restoration, and remediation work at the sites of the Utility Projects (the "Utility Contracts").
- 15. Upon information and belief, the Utility Contracts that govern the Utility Projects each contain a provision that requires McVac to pay workers employed on the Utility Projects at the hourly rate of prevailing wages and supplemental benefits.
- 16. Upon information and belief, a schedule of the prevailing rates of wages and supplemental benefits were annexed to, or incorporated by reference, in each of the Utility Contracts governing Utility Projects.
- 17. This promise to pay and ensure payment of the prevailing wage and supplemental benefit rates in the Utility Contracts was made for the benefit of all workers furnishing labor on the Utility Projects and, as such, the workers furnishing labor on the sites of the Utility Projects are the beneficiaries of that promise.
 - 18. Upon information and belief, Defendant John Doe Bonding Company furnished

Labor and Material Payment Bonds the terms of which insured that the Bonding Company would pay unpaid prevailing wages and supplemental benefits to Named Plaintiff and the putative class members in the event McVac failed to pay these wages.

- 19. Upon information and belief, under the Utility Contracts, the prevailing wage and supplemental benefit rate for non-overtime or premium hours worked was in excess of \$50 to \$80 per hour depending on the type of work performed, the location of the work performed, and the year it was performed.
- 20. Named Plaintiff Taveras and members of the putative class performed various types of utility-related work, including pumping out water, clean-up, waste removal, restoration, and remediation at the sites of the Utility Projects for McVac.
- Named Plaintiff Taveras was employed by McVac from approximately November2015 to April 2016.
- 22. During his employment, Taveras would regularly work 10 to 12 hours per day on Utility Projects, such as, Con Edison Projects in New York.
- 23. On these Utility Projects, Plaintiff Taveras' rate was approximately \$16 per hour, far below the applicable prevailing wage and supplemental benefit rate required to be paid under the Utility Contracts.
- 24. Named Plaintiff was not paid overtime when he worked over 8 hours in a day or premium time on weekends or holidays, as required by the Utility Contracts.
- 25. Like Named Plaintiff, the putative class members also were not paid at the proper prevailing wage and supplemental benefit rate while working on the Utility Projects.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT MCVAC -BREACH OF THE UTILITY CONTRACTS

- 26. Named Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs.
- 27. Upon information and belief, the Utility Contracts entered into by Defendant McVac, contained a requirement to pay Named Plaintiff and the putative class at the prevailing rates of wages and supplemental benefits for the work they performed.
- 28. Those prevailing rates of wages and supplemental benefits were made a part of the Utility Contracts for the benefit of Named Plaintiff and the other members of the putative class.
- 29. Defendant McVac breached the Utility Contracts by willfully failing to pay and ensure payment to Named Plaintiff and the other members of the putative class the prevailing rates of wages and supplemental benefits at the proper trade classification rates for all labor performed upon the Utility Projects.
- 30. By reason of its breach of each Utility Contract, Defendant McVac is liable to Named Plaintiff and the other members of the putative class in the amount to be determined at the trial, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST JOHN DOE BONDING COMPANY— SURETYSHIP

- 31. Named Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs.
- 32. By issuing the Labor and Material Payment Bonds to McVac in connection with each Utility Contract, Defendant John Doe Bonding Company assumed joint and several liability

with McVac to pay Named Plaintiff and the other members of the putative class any and all

wages and supplements due and owing to them which McVac failed to pay.

33. McVac has failed to pay Named Plaintiff and the other members of the putative

class the prevailing wages and supplemental benefits for type of trade work they performed on

the Utility Projects in an aggregate sum to be determined at trial, plus interest, fees and costs.

34. Pursuant to the terms of the Bonds, Defendant John Doe Bonding Company is

required to make payment to Named Plaintiff and the other members of the putative class in an

amount to be determined at trial, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

WHEREFORE, Named Plaintiff and the members of the putative class demand

judgment:

(1) on their first cause of action against Defendant McVac in an amount to be determined

at trail, plus interest, costs and attorneys' fees;

(2) on their third cause of action against Defendant John Doe Bonding Company in an

amount to be determined at trial, plus interest, fees, and costs, and in an amount

apportioned to each Labor and Material Payment Bond as per the terms of the

applicable bonds; and

(3) such other and further relief as to the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York

September 6, 2017

VIRGINIA & AMBINDER, LLP

/s/LLOYD AMBINDER

Lloyd Ambinder, Esq.

Jack Newhouse, Esq.

Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Putative Class

40 Broad Street -- 7th Floor

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New York, N.Y. 10004 Lambinder@vandallp.com Jnewhouse@vandallp.com (212) 943-9080 JS 44 (Rev. 1/2013)

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF T	THIS FORM.)	7 1, is required for the use of	and elerk of court for the
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS RUBEN TAVERAS, et al. (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			DEFENDANTS MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. and JOHN DOE BONDING COMPANY County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Middlesex County (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.		
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif
☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff			(For Diversity Cases Only) PTF DEF Citizen of This State X 1		
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	■ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2	1
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 □ 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					
CONTRACT ☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment ☐ & Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted ☐ Student Loans ☐ (Excludes Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment ☐ of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability ☐ 196 Franchise ☐ REAL PROPERTY ☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability ☐ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 315 Airplane Product Liability □ 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	FORFEITURE/PENALTY □ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 □ 690 Other LABOR □ 710 Fair Labor Standards Act □ 720 Labor/Management Relations □ 740 Railway Labor Act □ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act □ 790 Other Labor Litigation □ 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION □ 462 Naturalization Application □ 465 Other Immigration Actions	BANKRUPTCY □ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	moved from 3 tte Court Cite the U.S. Civil Sta 28 IJS C. 8 1332	Appellate Court atute under which you are f	4 Reinstated or Reopened Anothe (specify).	er District Litigation	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: ☐ Yes 🔀 No
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE 09/06/2017	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD s/ Lloyd R. Ambinder				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		·			
RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	OGE

Case 3:17-cv-06817 Document 1-1 Filed 09/06/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID: 10 CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed. I, ______, counsel for ______, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ineligible for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s): monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, П the complaint seeks injunctive relief, the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1 Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks: **RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)** Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court." NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2) Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk 1.) County: 2.) If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No," does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County? (Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts). **BAR ADMISSION**

I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this cour	ct.
☐ Yes ☐ No	
Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court?	
Yes (If yes, please explain) No	

I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.

Signature:		
Signature.		

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of New Jersey				
RUBEN TAVERAS,	at al.			
Plaintiff(s) v. MCVAC ENVIRONMENTAL SEF JOHN DOE BONDING C		Civil Action No. 17-cv-6817		
	SUMMONS IN A	CIVIL ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address) MC 51	CVAC ENVIRONMENTAL Route 35, Laurence Harb			
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Lloyd Ambinder, Esq. Jack Newhouse, Esq. Virginia & Ambinder, LLP 40 Broad Street, 7th Floor New York, New York 10004				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.				
		CLERK OF COURT		
Date:		Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		

Civil Action No. 17-cv-6817

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

was ra	This summons for (no ceived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if a	ny)			
was re	cerved by the on (aate)		·			
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the inc	lividual at (place)			
		on (date)				
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)					
			, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	sides there,		
	on (date)	, and mailed a	copy to the individual's last known address; or			
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual) , when					
	designated by law to	accept service of process	s on behalf of (name of organization)			
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I returned the sum	returned the summons unexecuted because				
	☐ Other (<i>specify</i>):					
	My fees are \$	for travel and S	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00		
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.					
Date:		_				
			Server's signature			
		_	Printed name and title			
		_	Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Lawsuit: McVac Environmental Services Fails to Pay Utility Workers Prevailing Wage Rates</u>