UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

CASE NO: 8:19-cv-02317-SDM-AEP

ERIC RODRIGUEZ, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

Defendant.

 \mathbf{v}_{ullet}

ELITE WHEEL DISTRIBUTORS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation

COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff ERIC RODRIGUEZ, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated ("Plaintiff"), by and through his undersigned counsel, brings this collective action under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") against ELITE WHEEL DISTRIBUTORS, INC. ("Defendant" or "EWD") for unpaid overtime compensation and hereby states as follows:

INTRODUCTION

- Plaintiff worked as a non-exempt hourly paid laborer for Defendant in Hillsborough County, Florida.
- 2. Plaintiff brings this lawsuit on behalf of himself and all other similarly-situated employees of Defendant, who performed similar duties to, and who were paid in the same illegal manner as Plaintiff.
- 3. Defendant has a policy and practice of paying non-exempt hourly paid laborers like Plaintiff "straight time" for all overtime hours worked in a workweek, in lieu of the federally mandated time and one half rate for all overtime hours worked.

- 4. Defendant applies this policy and practice uniformly, and has done so for the entire limitations period (and longer) under the FLSA.
- 5. This lawsuit is brought as a collective action under the FLSA to recover unpaid overtime compensation owed to Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees.
- 6. Plaintiff will seek conditional certification and notice to an opt-in class of hourly paid laborers pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), who were employed by Defendant during the three-year period preceding the filing of this action (hereinafter, "Relevant Liability Period").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. The FLSA authorizes court actions by private parties to recover damages for violation of the FLSA's wage and hour provisions. This Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's FLSA claims pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 8. Venue in the Middle District of Florida is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c), because Defendant provides services in this District and is thus considered a resident of this District. Further, a significant portion of the events giving rise to the claim alleged herein occurred within this District.

PARTIES

- 9. Plaintiff is an adult resident of Florida, and was employed by Defendant as a non-exempt hourly paid laborer from August 21, 2018, through October 22, 2018.
- 10. During the Relevant Liability Period, Plaintiff was a covered employee within the meaning of the FLSA.

- 11. During the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant failed to properly and legally pay Plaintiff, and all other similarly situated class members, for overtime hours worked, and denied Plaintiff full and proper overtime compensation for hours worked in excess of forty per week.
- 12. Defendant is a Florida Profit Corporation with its principal place of business in Tampa, Florida.
- 13. Defendant is a covered employer within the meaning of the FLSA, and during the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant employed Plaintiff and other non-exempt hourly paid laborers.
- 14. During the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant has employed two or more persons, including Plaintiff, and has "had employees handling, selling or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person," as defined in § 203(s)(1)(A)(i).
- 15. During the Relevant Liability Period, Defendant has achieved annual gross sales made or business done of not less than \$500,000.00 in accordance with \$ 203(s)(1)(A)(ii).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 16. Defendant operates a Distribution warehouse for auto accessories in Tampa, Florida.
- 17. At any given time, Defendant employs between thirty (30) to forty (40) laborers like Plaintiff.
- 18. Defendant's non-exempt, hourly paid laborers like Plaintiff, are the backbone of the company bringing and maintaining Defendant's services to the public.

- 19. Defendant has employed Plaintiff and similarly situated employees as non-exempt hourly paid laborers, or in equivalent positions with similar job duties, however titled, throughout Florida.
- 20. Plaintiff, and those similarly situated, are not exempt from the overtime provisions of the FLSA and are paid on an hourly basis.
- 21. Defendant has, and continues to fail to, pay Plaintiff and the putative class proper overtime compensation, by illegally paying "straight time" pay for overtime hours worked, rather than the legally mandated time and one half rate they are due for overtime hours.
- 22. In sum, Plaintiff and the putative class routinely worked over forty hours in a work week, but were not paid full and proper overtime wages for all of that work, as required by the FLSA.
- 23. Defendant's policy of wrongfully denying Plaintiff, and the putative class' hours of overtime work is uniform and companywide.
- 24. Defendant knew, and has known, that Plaintiff and all similarly employees perform work without full and proper compensation and has chosen to deny them overtime compensation for performing this work in willful disregard of their rights under the FLSA.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 25. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 24, above.
- 26. Plaintiff brings Count I as an opt-in collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) on behalf of himself and the following:

All persons employed as hourly paid laborers for Defendant for the past three years (plus any applicable tolling) who were paid "straight time" for overtime hours worked.

- 27. The FLSA claim may be pursued by those who opt-in to this case, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
- 28. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of other similarly-situated employees, seeks relief on a collective basis challenging, among other FLSA violations, Defendant's policies and practices of failing to pay full and proper overtime compensation.
- 29. The number and identity of other Plaintiffs yet to opt-in and consent to be party Plaintiffs may be determined from the records of Defendant, and potential class members may easily and quickly be notified of the pendency of this action.

COUNT I

FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME COMPENSATION TO HOURLY PAID LABORERS IN VIOLATION OF THE FLSA DURING THE FLSA RELEVANT LIABILITY PERIOD

- 30. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the preceding paragraphs 1 through 24 with respect to all non-exempt hourly paid laborers.
- 31. During the FLSA Relevant Liability Period, Defendant failed to fully compensate non-exempt hourly paid laborers for all overtime hours worked for Defendant in excess of forty (40) per week as required by Section 207 of the FLSA.
- 32. All non-exempt hourly paid laborers were victims of an illegal policy and plan by Defendant to deny them full and proper overtime compensation required by the FLSA.

- 33. Defendant's failure to pay non-exempt hourly paid laborers in accordance with the requirements of Section 207 of the FLSA was in willful disregard of the overtime wage compensation requirements of the FLSA.
- 34. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with the DOL to ascertain whether its pay practices regarding Plaintiff and the putative class were in compliance with the FLSA.
- 35. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with counsel to ascertain whether its pay practices regarding Plaintiff and the putative class were in compliance with the FLSA.
- 36. Prior to the filing of this lawsuit, Defendant did not consult with an accountant to ascertain whether its pay practices regarding Plaintiff and the putative class were in compliance with the FLSA.
- 37. Based on the allegations of Paragraphs 34-36 above, Defendant did not have a subjective or objective good faith basis for its illegal pay practices, and liquidated damages are warranted in this action against Defendant.
- 38. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and other non-exempt hourly paid laborers seeks unpaid overtime compensation in an amount to be determined, as well as an equal amount of liquidated damages (or pre-judgment interest in the event liquidated damages are denied), post-judgment interest, and attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all non-exempt hourly paid laborers, demands judgment against Defendant and prays this Court:

- a. Issue notice to all non-exempt hourly paid laborers who were employed by Defendant at any time during the Relevant Liability Period, informing them of their right to file consents to join this action;
- b. Declare Defendant's policy of failing to pay non-exempt hourly paid laborers full and proper overtime pay illegal under the FLSA;
- c. Find that Defendant's violation of the FLSA was willful and impose a three- year statute of limitations period for FLSA claims;
- d. Award Plaintiff and all non-exempt hourly paid laborers unpaid overtime compensation;
- e. Award all non-exempt hourly paid laborers an amount equal to unpaid overtime compensation as liquidated damages under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);
- f. Award all non-exempt hourly paid laborers pre-judgment interest if liquidated damages are not awarded;
- g. Award all non-exempt hourly paid laborers post-judgment interest as provided by law;
- h. Award all non-exempt hourly paid laborers reasonable attorneys' fees and costs as mandated by Section 216(b) of the FLSA; and
- i. Award all non-exempt hourly paid laborers such other relief as the Court deems fair and equitable

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby requests that upon trial of this action, all issues be submitted to and determined by a jury except those issues expressly reserved by law for determination by the Court.

Dated this 19th day of November 2018.

/s/NOAH E. STORCH

Noah E. Storch, Esq. Florida Bar No. 0085476 Richard Celler Legal, P.A 7450 Griffin Road, Suite 230 Davie, FL 33314

Telephone: (866) 344-9243 Facsimile: (954) 337-2771

Email: noah@floridaovertimelawyer.com

JS 44 (Rev. 12/12)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS ERIC RODRIGUEZ, on be similarly situated	DEFENDANTS ELITE WHEEL DISTRIBUTORS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation								
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Hillsborough (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.					
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Richard Celler Legal, P.A. 230, Davie, Florida 3331 Noah@floridaovertimelay	\., Noah E. Storch, Es 4 (866) 344-9243. Em	q. 7450 Griffin Roa	d, Suite	Attorneys (If Known))				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF F	PRINCIPA	L PARTIES	(Place on "Y" in O	ne Boy 6	or Plaintit	
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	U.S. Government 3 3 Federal Question			(For Diversity Cases Only) P	TF DEF	Incorporated or Pr	and One Box for rincipal Place		
2 U.S. Government Defendant			Citize	n of Another State] 2	Incorporated and I of Business In		O 5	5
			1	n or Subject of a □ eign Country	3 3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT									
CONTRACT 110 Insurance		ORTS		RFEITURE/PENALTY		KRUPTCY	OTHERS	ATUT	CS
☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal	PERSONAL INJUR 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPER 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage	CTY 25 710	5 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 0 Other LABOR 0 Fair Labor Standards Act 0 Labor/Management Relations 0 Railway Labor Act	423 Withd 28 U PROPES 820 Copy 830 Paten 840 Trade SOCIAL 861 HIA (862 Black	SC 157 TEY RIGHTS rights t t smark SECURITY (1395ff) Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g)) Title XVI	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced a:		
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	 385 Property Damage Product Liability 		Family and Medical Leave Act			B95 Freedom Act		nation
REAL PROPERTY	Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION		Other Labor Litigation Employee Retirement	FEDERA	L TAX SUITS	896 Arbitratio		nadura
☐ 210 Land Condemnation ☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights ☐ 441 Voting ☐ 442 Employment ☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations	Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General		Income Security Act	☐ 870 Taxes or De ☐ 871 IRS—	(U.S. Plaintiff fendant)	☐ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision ☐ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
□ 290 All Other Real Property	□ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment □ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other □ 448 Education	☐ 535 Death Penalty Other: ☐ 540 Mandamus & Other ☐ 550 Civil Rights ☐ 555 Prison Condition ☐ 560 Civil Detaince - Conditions of Confinement		IMMIGRATION Naturalization Application Other Immigration Actions					
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in	One Box Only)								
		Remanded from C Appellate Court	J 4 Reins Reop		er District	☐ 6 Multidistr Litigation			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	N Brief description of ca	use:		o not cite jurisdictional state.	tutes unless div				
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION		MAND S	CI	HECK YES only JRY DEMAND:		omplain	t:
VIII. RELATED CASE IF ANY	(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKE	NUMBER			
DATE 11/19/2018		SIGNATURE OF AT	ORNEY O	RECORD					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # AM	OUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE_		MAG. JUI	OGE		

JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 12/12)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

 Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.
 - Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
 - Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.
 - Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
 - Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.
- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Middle District of Florida							
ERIC RODRIGUEZ, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated)))						
Plaintiff(s)	,)						
v.	Civil Action No.						
ELITE WHEEL DISTRIBUTORS, INC., a Florida Profit Corporation,)						
Defendant(s))						
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION							
To: (Defendant's name and address) OELITE WHEEL DISTRIBU MILANI, HAMED-REGISTE 8419 SUNSTATE ST. TAMPA, FL 33634							
A lawsuit has been filed against you.							
	n must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, , P.A. IRE IE 230						
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be early You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.						
	CLERK OF COURT						
Date:							
<u></u>	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk						

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (no	ame of individual and title, if a	ny)							
was rec	ceived by me on (date)	-	·							
	☐ I personally served	d the summons on the ind	dividual at (place)							
			on (date)	; or						
	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name)									
		, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,								
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or, I served the summons on (name of individual),									
	designated by law to	accept service of proces	s on behalf of (name of organization)							
		; or								
	☐ I returned the sum	I I returned the summons unexecuted because								
	☐ Other (specify):									
	My fees are \$	for travel and	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00						
	I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.									
D .										
Date:		-	Server's signature	·						
		-	Printed name and title							
		_	Server's address							

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Print Save As... Reset

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This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Elite Wheel Distributors Hit with Unpaid Overtime Lawsuit