UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TAMPA DIVISION

RICHARD RHODEN, on behalf of himself and on behalf of others similarly situated individuals,

Plaintiffs,	
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vs. Case No.:

APPLIED BUILDING DEVELOPMENT COMPANY -OAKHILLS, INC., a Florida profit corporation,

Defend	ant.		

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, RICHARD RHODEN, on his own behalf, and on behalf of all similarly situated individuals, by and through the undersigned attorney, hereby sues the Defendant, APPLIED BUILDING DEVELOPMENT COMPANY – OAKHILLS, INC., for failing to pay complete overtime wages for every hour worked, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) ("FLSA").

PARTIES

- Plaintiff was employed as a mechanic from February 2016 through January,
 and performed related activities for Defendant in Polk County, Florida.
- 2. Defendant, Applied Building Development Company Oakhills, Inc. ("ABD"), is a Florida profit corporation that operates and conducts business in, among others, Polk County, Florida, and is therefore within the jurisdiction of this Court.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

3. This action is brought under the FLSA to recover from Defendant overtime

compensation, liquidated damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

- 4. This court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1337 and the FLSA.
- 5. At all material times relevant to this action, Defendant was an enterprise covered by the FLSA, as defined by 29 U.S.C. §§ 203(r) and 203(s).
- 6. Defendant operates multiple golf clubs. At all material times relevant to this action, Defendant had gross revenues of at least \$500,000.00 annually and employee employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce. Defendant's employees handle, sell and otherwise work on goods that have been moved in or produced for commerce. For example, Plaintiff used tools and worked on golf carts that had been moved through commerce.
- 7. As a mechanic, Plaintiff was not exempt from the overtime requirement of the FLSA. However, Defendant paid Plaintiff a fixed salary irrespective of the number of hours Plaintiff actually worked.
- 8. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant failed to comply with 29 U.S.C. §§ 201-209, because Defendant did not pay Plaintiff overtime wages for those hours worked in excess of forty (40) within a work week.
- 9. During his employment with Defendant, Plaintiff was not paid time and one-half his regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) within a work week during one or more weeks of employment.
- 10. Plaintiff told Defendant he was working over 40 hours per week but Defendant refused to pay him overtime.
 - 11. Upon information and belief, the records, to the extent that any exist, concerning

the number of hours worked and amounts paid to Plaintiff are in the possession, custody and control of the Defendant.

- 12. By Plaintiff's estimates, he routinely worked at least 10 hours of overtime per week, and often more, for which Plaintiff was not paid at one and one half times his regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendant did not rely on any Department of Labor Wage and Hour Opinions or the advice of an attorney in creating its pay policies.
- 14. Defendant employs more than fifty employees and is a relatively sophisticated employer with the resources to ensure compliance with the FLSA. Therefore, Defendant knew or should have known with reasonable diligence that their conduct violated the Fair Labor Standards Act.

COUNT I- RECOVERY OF OVERTIME COMPENSATION

- 15. Plaintiff reincorporates and readopts all allegations contained within Paragraphs1-14 above.
- 16. Plaintiff was entitled to be paid time and one-half his regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week.
- 17. During his employment with Defendant, Plaintiff regularly worked overtime hours but was not paid time and one-half compensation for the same.
- 18. As a result of Defendant's intentional, willful, and unlawful acts in refusing to pay Plaintiff time and one-half his regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) per work week in one or more work weeks, Plaintiff has suffered damages and is incurring reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.
 - 19. Defendant was aware Plaintiff performed non-exempt job duties but still refused

to pay Plaintiff overtime for hours worked over forty (40).

- 20. Defendant did not maintain and keep accurate time records as required by the FLSA for Plaintiff.
- 21. Defendant failed to post required FLSA informational listings as required by the FLSA.
- 22. Defendant's conduct was in reckless disregard of the overtime requirements of the FLSA.
 - 23. Defendants willfully violated the FLSA.
 - 24. Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant for the payment of all overtime hours at one and one-half the regular rate of pay for the hours worked by him for which Defendant did not properly compensate him, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action, and all further relief that this Court deems to be just and appropriate.

COUNT II - COLLECTIVE ACTION, VIOLATION OF FLSA (FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME)

- 25. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1-14 as if fully set forth herein.
- 26. At all times material, Defendant employed other non-exempt mechanics that performed the same job duties as Plaintiff. The other mechanics also work for Defendant and worked a substantial number of hours in excess of forty (40) per week. For all intents and purposes, the other mechanics were similarly situated to Plaintiff.
- 27. Defendant failed to pay individuals similarly situated to Plaintiff one and one half times their regular hourly rate, for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) in each week, in violation of the FLSA.

28. Defendant's failure to pay such similarly situated individuals the required

overtime rate was in reckless disregard of the FLSA.

29. As a direct and legal consequence of Defendant unlawful acts, individuals

similarly situated to Plaintiff have suffered damages and have incurred, or will incur, costs

and attorneys' fees in the prosecution of this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands that similarly situated employees have judgment

entered against Defendant for the payment of all overtime hours at one and one-half the regular

rate of pay for the hours worked over forty for which Defendant did not properly compensate

them, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action, and all

further relief that this Court deems to be just and appropriate.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demand trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated this 13th day of July, 2018.

MORGAN & MORGAN, P.A.

/s/ Marc R. Edelman

MARC R. EDELMAN, ESQ.

Florida Bar No. 0096342

Morgan & Morgan, P.A. 201 N. Franklin Street, #600

Tampa, FL 33602

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Email: Medelman@forthepeople.com

Attorney for Plaintiff

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JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

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I. (a) PLAINTIFFS		~~		DEFENDANTS	3				
RICHARD RHODEN, on behalf of himself and on behalf of others similarly situated individuals,				APPLIED BUILDIN	NG DEVEL	OPMENT CO	MPANY-OA	KHILLS	S, INC.,
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Polk County				County of Residence	of First List	ed Defendant _	Polk County		
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(c) Attorneys (Firm Name,	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)	700	Attorneys (If Known)					
Marc R. Edelman, Esq. Morgan & Morgan, P.A.		anklin Street, Suite Florida 33602	700						
813-223-5505									
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VIII. RELATED CASI	E(S)								
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKE	T NUMBER			
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JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 06/17)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a)** Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
 - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.
 - Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
 - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.
 - Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
 - Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing
 - Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
 - Multidistrict Litigation Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.
 - Multidistrict Litigation Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

 PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.
- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

 Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

 Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Applied Building Development Company Sued for Allegedly Unpaid Overtime Wages</u>