1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Robert Tauler (SBN 241964) robert@taulersmith.com Narain Kumar, Esq. (SBN 301533) nkumar@taulersmith.com TAULER SMITH LLP 626 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 550 Los Angeles, California 90017 Tel: (213) 927-9270  Attorneys for Plaintiff  UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT				
	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
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<ul><li>11</li><li>12</li></ul>	CAROL PRICE, an individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No.				
13	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:				
14	V.	1 MOLATIONS OF THE				
15	CONVERSE, INC., a Massachusetts company; DOES 1 through 25, inclusive	1. VIOLATIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA				
16	Defendant.	TRAP AND TRACE LAW (CAL.				
17	D Grondwill.	PENAL CODE § 638.51)				
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### JURISDICTION

- This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the 1. Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2), because the total matter in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000 and there are over 100 members of the proposed class. Further, at least one member of the proposed class is a citizen of a State within the United States and at least one defendant is the citizen or subject of a foreign state.
- This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because, on information 2. and belief, Defendant has purposefully directed its activities to the Central District of California by regularly engaging with individuals in California through its website. Defendant's illegal conduct is directed at and harms California residents, including Plaintiff, and if not for Defendant's contact with the forum, Plaintiff would not have suffered harm.
- 3. Venue is proper in the Central District of California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Defendant (1) is authorized to conduct business in this District and has intentionally availed itself of the laws and markets within this District; (2) does substantial business within this District; (3) is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District because it has availed itself of the laws and markets within this District; and the injury to Plaintiff occurred within this District.

# **PARTIES**

- Plaintiff is a citizen of California residing within the Central District of 4. California
- 5. Defendant Converse, Inc. is a Massachusetts company that owns, operates, and/or controls www.converse.com.
- The above-named Defendant, along with its affiliates and agents, are 6. collectively referred to as "Defendants." The true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOE DEFENDANTS 1 through 25, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues such Defendants by fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible for the unlawful acts alleged herein.

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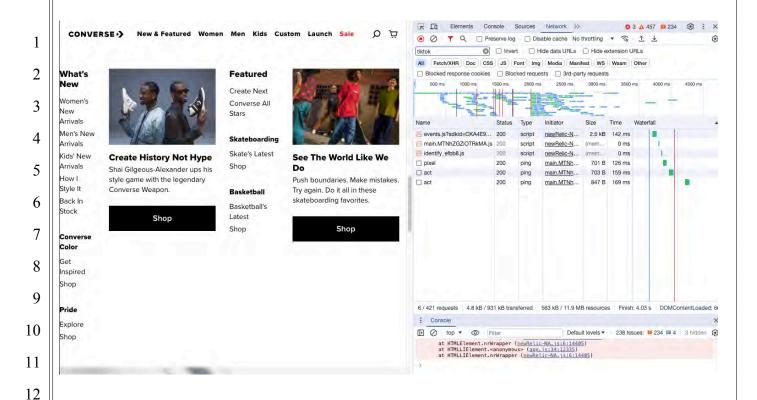
Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend the Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the DOE Defendants when such identities become known.

7. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all relevant times, every Defendant was acting as an agent and/or employee of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment with the full knowledge and consent of each of the other Defendants, and that each of the acts and/or omissions complained of herein was ratified by each of the other Defendants.

# **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

#### Α. Defendant's Website and the Tik Tok Software.

- Defendant is a well-known American footwear brand. Defendant operates 8. https://www.converse.com (the "Website"). Defendant has installed on its Website software created by TikTok in order to identify website visitors (the "TikTok Software").
- 9. The TikTok Software acts via a process known as "fingerprinting." Put simply, the TikTok Software collects as much data as it can about an otherwise anonymous visitor to the Website and matches it with existing data TikTok has acquired and accumulated about hundreds of millions of Americans.
- The TikTok Software gathers device and browser information, geographic information, referral tracking, and url tracking by running code or "scripts" on the Website to send user details to TikTok.
- The TikTok Software begins to collect information the moment a user lands on the Website. Thus, even though the Website has a "cookie banner" the information has already been sent to TikTok regarding the user's visit.
- 12. The Converse website instantly sends communications to TikTok when a user lands, and every time a user clicks on a page. In the example below, the right side of the image shows the various TikTok scripts being run by Defendant, and the electronic impulses being sent to TikTok to add to their collection of user behavior:



## B. The TikTok Software is a Trap and Trace Device.

- 13. California Penal Code § 638.50(c). California law defines a "trap and trace device" as "a device or process that captures the incoming electronic or other impulses that identify the originating number or other dialing, routing, addressing, or signaling information reasonably likely to identify the source of a wire or electronic communication, but not the contents of a communication." California Penal Code § 638.50(c).
- 14. The TikTok Software is a process to identify the source of electronic communication by capturing incoming electronic impulses and identifying dialing, routing, addressing, and signaling information generated by users, who are never informed that the website is collaborating with the Chinese government to obtain their phone number and other identifying information.
- 15. The TikTok Software is "reasonably likely" to identify the source of incoming electronic impulses. In fact, it is designed solely to meet this objective.

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- 16. Defendant did not obtain Class Members' express or implied consent to be subjected to data sharing with TikTok for the purposes of fingerprinting and deanonymization.
- 17. CIPA imposes civil liability and statutory penalties for the installation of trap and trace software without a court order. California Penal Code § 637.2; see also, Moody v. C2 Educational Systems Inc., No. 2:24-cv-04249-RGK-SK, 2024 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 132614 (C.D. Cal. July 25, 2024).
- Defendant did not obtain Class Members' express or implied consent to be 18. subjected to data sharing with TikTok for the purposes of fingerprinting and deanonymization.

### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of all others similarly 19. situation (the "Class") defined as follows:

> All persons within California who within the statute of limitations period: (1) communicated with Defendant via the chat feature on Defendant's Website using cellular or landline telephony, and (2) whose communications were recorded and/or eavesdropped upon without prior consent.

- NUMEROSITY: Plaintiff does not know the number of Class Members but 20. believes the number to be in the thousands, if not more. The exact identities of Class Members may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendant.
- COMMONALITY: Common questions of fact and law exist as to all Class 21. Members, and predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of the Class. Such common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any Class Member, include but are not limited to the following:

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- a. Whether Defendant caused electronic communications from class members with the Website to be recorded, intercepted, and/or monitored;
- b. Whether Defendant aided and abetted a third party in eavesdropping on such communications;
- c. Whether Plaintiff and Class Members are entitled to statutory penalties; and
- d. Whether Class Members are entitled to injunctive relief.
- TYPICALITY: As a person who visited Defendant's Website and whose 22. electronic communication was recorded, intercepted and eavesdropped upon, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Class.
- 23. ADEQUACY: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of The Class. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the class action litigation. All individuals with interests that are actually or potentially adverse to or in conflict with the class or whose inclusion would otherwise be improper are excluded.
- SUPERIORITY: A class action is superior to other available methods of adjudication because individual litigation of the claims of all Class Members is impracticable and inefficient. Even if every Class Member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous cases would proceed.

### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

# Violations of the California Trap and Trace Law Cal. Penal Code § 638.51

- Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges the allegations contained in every preceding 25. paragraph as if fully set forth herein.
- 26. California's Trap and Trace Law is part of the California Invasion of Privacy Act ("CIPA") codified at Cal. Penal Code 630, et. seq.

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- 27. CIPA was enacted due to curb "the invasion of privacy resulting from the continual and increasing use of" certain technologies determined to pose "a serious threat to the free exercise of personal liberties." CIPA extends civil liability for various means of surveillance using technology, including the installation of a trap and trace device.
- A "trap and trace device" as "a device or process that captures the incoming 28. electronic or other impulses that identify the originating number or other dialing, routing, addressing, or signaling information reasonably likely to identify the source of a wire or electronic communication, but not the contents of a communication." California Penal Code § 638.50(c).
- California Penal Code §638.51 provides that "a person may not install or 29. use...a trap and trace device without first obtaining a court order..." § 638.51(a).
- Defendant uses a trap and trace process on its Website by deploying the 30. TikTok Software on its Website, because the software is designed to capture the phone number, email, routing, addressing and other signaling information of website visitors. As such, the TikTok Software is solely to identify the source of the incoming electronic and wire communications to the Website.
- Defendant did not obtain consent from Plaintiff or any of the Class Members 31. before using trap and trace technology to identify users of its Website, and has violated Section 638.51.
- CIPA imposes civil liability and statutory penalties for violations of 32. §638.51.
- Therefore, Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief and statutory damages 33. under California Penal Code § 637.2 and the equitable relief prayed for herein.

# **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief against Defendant:

- An order certifying the Class, naming Plaintiff as the representative of the 1. Class and Plaintiff's attorneys as Class counsel;
- 2. An order declaring Defendant's conduct violates CIPA;

1	3.	3. An order of judgment in favor of Plaintiff and the Class against Defendant			
2		on the cause of action asserte	ed hereir	1;	
3	4.	An order enjoining Defendant's conduct as alleged herein and ordering			
4		disgorgement of data acquired through the TikTok Software;			
5	5.	Statutory damages pursuant to CIPA;			
6	6.	Punitive damages;			
7	7.	Prejudgment interest;			
8	8.	Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and			
9	9.	All other relief that would be just and proper as a matter of law or equity,			
10		as determined by the Court.			
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12	DATED: S	eptember 20, 2024		TAULER SMITH LLP	
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14			D.,,	/g/ Dobout Taulou	
15			By:	<u>/s/ Robert Tauler</u> Robert Tauler, Esq.	
16				Attorney for Plaintiff Carol Price	
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**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury. DATED: September 20, 2024 TAULER SMITH LLP /s/ Robert Tauler By: Robert Tauler, Esq. Attorney for Plaintiff Carol Price 

COMPLAINT