LAW OFFICES OF ROBERT L. KRASELNIK, PLLC Robert L. Kraselnik (RK 0684) 40-08 Case Street, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Elmhurst, NY 11373 Tel.: 646-342-2019

Fax: 646-661-1317 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

HERMAN ORTIZ, on behalf of himself and others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

Case No.:

**COMPLAINT** 

**Jury Trial Demanded** 

v.

JOE JAPANESE BUFFET RESTAURANT INC. d/b/a FUJI JAPANESE CUISINE, and LARRY ZHOU,

Defendants.		

Plaintiff, HERMAN ORTIZ (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself and others similarly situated, by and through his undersigned attorneys, hereby files this Complaint against Defendants, JOE JAPANESE RESTAURANT INC. d/b/a FUJI JAPANESE CUISINE, and LARRY ZHOU (each individually, "Defendant" or, collectively, "Defendants"), and states as follows:

## **INTRODUCTION**

- 1. Plaintiff alleges, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§201 et. seq. ("FLSA"), that he is entitled to recover from Defendants: (1) unpaid overtime, (2) unpaid minimum wages, (3) liquidated damages and (4) attorneys' fees and costs.
- 2. Plaintiff further alleges that, pursuant to the New York Labor Law, he is entitled to recover from Defendants: (1) unpaid overtime, (2) unpaid minimum wages, (3) unpaid spread of hours premium (4) statutory penalties, (5) liquidated damages and (6) attorneys' fees and costs.

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 3. This Court has jurisdiction over this controversy pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b), 28 U.S.C. §§1331, 1337 and 1343, and has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.
  - 4. Venue is proper in the Southern District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391.

#### **PARTIES**

- 5. Plaintiff, HERMAN ORTIZ, is a resident of Queens County.
- 6. Upon information and belief, Defendant, JOE JAPANESE BUFFET RESTAURANT INC. d/b/a FUJI JAPANESE CUISINE is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, with a principal place of business and an address for service of process located at 113-27 Queens Boulevard, Forest Hills, NY 11375.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Defendant, LARRY ZHOU, is the Chairman or Chief Executive Officer of Defendant, JOE JAPANESE BUFFET RESTAURANT INC. d/b/a FUJI JAPANESE CUISINE. LARRY ZHOU exercised control over the terms and

conditions of Plaintiff's employment and those of similarly situated employees. With respect to Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees, he had the power to (i) fire and hire, (ii) determine rate and method of pay and (iii) otherwise affect the quality of employment.

- 8. At all relevant times, Defendant JOE JAPANESE BUFFET RESTAURANT INC. d/b/a FUJI JAPANESE CUISINE was and continues to be an "enterprise engaged in commerce" within the meaning of the FLSA.
- 9. At all relevant times, the work performed by Plaintiff was directly essential to the business operated by Defendants.
- 10. At all relevant times, Defendants knowingly and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff his lawfully earned overtime wages in direct contravention of the FLSA and the New York Labor Law.
- 11. At all relevant times, Defendants knowingly and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff his lawfully earned minimum wages in direct contravention of the FLSA and the New York Labor Law.
- 12. At all relevant times, Defendants knowingly and willfully failed to pay Plaintiff his lawfully earned spread of hours premium in direct contravention of the New York Labor Law.
- 13. Plaintiff has fulfilled all conditions precedent to the institution of this action and/or such conditions have been waived.

## STATEMENT OF FACTS

13. On or about May 6, 2016, Plaintiff, HERMAN ORTIZ, was hired by Defendants to work as a dishwasher, cleaning person, and cook for Defendants' "Fuji

Japanese Cuisine", a food/beverage establishment located at 113-27 Queens Boulevard, Forest Hills, NY 11375.

- 14. Plaintiff worked for Defendants until on or about November 20, 2016.
- 15. During the employment of Plaintiff, HERMAN ORTIZ, by Defendants, he worked over forty (40) hours per week. During HERMAN ORITZ'S employment by Defendants, he often worked over ten (10) hours per day.
- 16. Plaintiff, HERMAN ORTIZ, averaged 70 hours per week. For example, during the week of November 13, 2016 thru November 20, 2016, he worked as follows:

11/13/2016: 12:30pm-11:00pm 11/14/2016: 11:30am-11:00pm 11/15/2016: 0ff 11/16/2016: 11:30am-11:00pm 11/17/2016: 11:30am-11:00pm 11/18/2016: 11:30am-12:00am

11/19/2016: 11:30am-12:00am

Plaintiff remained with this schedule for the duration of his employment with Defendants. Plaintiff received his compensation on a salary basis, beginning at a rate of \$475 per week and culminating with \$500 per week. Plaintiff was not paid the proper minimum wage for his first 40 hours in a workweek nor his overtime rate of time and one-half for any hours worked past 40 in a workweek. Additionally, Plaintiff did not receive any breaks during any workweek.

17. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying either the FLSA overtime rate (of time and one-half) or the New York State overtime rate (of time and one-half) to the Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees.

- 18. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying either the FLSA minimum wage or the New York State minimum wage to the Plaintiffs.
- 19. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying the New York State "spread of hours" premium to Plaintiff.
- 20. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage statement to Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees, in violation of the New York Labor Law.
- 21. Plaintiff retained the Law Offices of Robert L. Kraselnik, PLLC to represent him and other employees similarly situated in this litigation and has agreed to pay the firm a reasonable fee for its services.

## STATEMENT OF CLAIM

## **COUNT I**

## VIOLATION OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT

- 22. Plaintiff realleges and reavers Paragraphs 1 through 21 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 23. At all relevant times, upon information and belief, Defendants were and continue to be employers engaged in interstate commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207 (a). Further, Plaintiff is a covered individual within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207 (a).
- 24. At all relevant times, Defendants employed Plaintiff within the meaning of the FLSA.

- 25. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, Defendant, JOE JAPANESE BUFFET RESTAURANT INC. d/b/a FUJI JAPANESE CUISINE, had gross annual revenues in excess of \$500,000.
- 26. At all relevant times, the Defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay overtime compensation at the statutory rate of time and one-half to Plaintiff for his hours worked in excess of forty hours per workweek.
- 27. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation in the lawful amount for hours worked in excess of the maximum hours provided for in the FLSA.
- 28. Plaintiff worked hours for which he was not paid the statutory minimum wage.
- 29. At all relevant times, the Defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay the statutory minimum wage to Plaintiff for his hours worked.
- 30. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff minimum wages in the lawful amount for his hours worked.
- 31. Records, if any, concerning the number of hours worked by Plaintiff and the actual compensation paid to Plaintiff should be in the possession and custody of the Defendants. Plaintiff intends to obtain these records by appropriate discovery proceedings to be taken promptly in this case and, if necessary, will then seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth the precise amount due.
- 32. Defendants knew of and/or showed a willful disregard for the provisions of the FLSA as evidenced by their failure to compensate Plaintiff at the statutory rate of time and one-half for his hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week when Defendants knew or should have known such was due.

- 33. Defendants knew of and/or showed a willful disregard for the provisions of the FLSA as evidenced by their failure to compensate Plaintiff minimum wages for hours worked when Defendants knew or should have known such was due.
- 34. Defendants failed to properly disclose or apprise Plaintiff of his rights under the FLSA.
- 35. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' willful disregard of the FLSA, Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA.
- 36. Due to the intentional, willful and unlawful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff suffered damages in an amount not presently of ascertainable of unpaid overtime wages and unpaid minimum wages, plus an equal amount as liquidated damages.
- 37. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

#### **COUNT II**

#### **VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW**

- 38. Plaintiff realleges and reavers Paragraphs 1 through 37 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 39. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was employed by the Defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§2 and 651.
- 40. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation at rates not less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a workweek.
- 41. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff minimum wages in the lawful amount for hours worked.

- 42. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay "spread of hours" premium to Plaintiff for each workday exceeding ten (10) or more hours.
- 43. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage statement to Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees, in violation of the New York Labor Law.
- 44. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to provide him proper notices and wage statements in violation of the New York Wage Theft Prevention Act, N.Y. Lab. Law § 198(1-a) (enacted on April 9, 2011).
- 45. As a result of Defendant's violation of the New York Wage Theft Prevention Act, Plaintiff is entitled to damages of at least \$150 per week during which the violations occurred and/or continue to occur.
- 46. Due to the Defendant's New York Labor Law violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendant his unpaid overtime, unpaid minimum wages, unpaid "spread of hours" premium, statutory penalties, damages for unreasonably delayed payments, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of the action, pursuant to New York Labor Law §663(1).

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff on behalf of himself and all similarly situated employees, respectfully requests that this Court grant the following relief:

- a. A declaratory judgment that the practices complained of herein are unlawful under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- b. An injunction against Defendants and their officers, agents, successors, employees, representatives and any and all persons acting in concert with them as

provided by law, from engaging in each of the unlawful practices, policies and patterns set forth herein;

- c. An award of unpaid overtime compensation and minimum wages due under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- d. An award of unpaid "spread of hours" premium due under the New York Labor Law;
- e. An award of liquidated and/or punitive damages as a result of Defendants' willful failure to pay overtime compensation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216;
- f. An award of liquidated and/or punitive damages as a result of Defendants' willful failure to pay overtime compensation pursuant to the New York Labor Law;
- g. An award of statutory penalties including statutory penalties under the Wage Theft Prevention Act, and prejudgment and postjudgment interest;
- h. An award of statutory penalties, and prejudgment and postjudgment interest;
- i. An award of costs and expenses of this action together with reasonable attorneys' and expert fees; and
- j. Such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

## JURY DEMAND

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as of right by jury.

Dated: May 31, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

LAW OFFICES OF ROBERT L. KRASELNIK, PLLC Robert L. Kraselnik (RK 0684) 40-08 Case Street, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Elmhurst, NY 11373 Tel.: 646-342-2019

Fax: 646-661-1317
Attorney for Plaintiff

By:

ROBERT KRASELNIK (RK 0684)

US 44 (Rev. 07/16) Case 1:17-cv-03271 Document G-QVF-18-05-15-17 Page 1 of 2 Page 1D #: 11

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filling and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as a required by law by the ladical Conference of the United States in Sentember 1974 is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the

provided by local rules of court, purpose of initiating the civil do	This form, approved by the Judio cket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS C	CIAL CONTETENCE OF THE OF ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS P	ORM.)	74, is required for the use of the	nie Clerk of Court for the	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Herman Ortiz			DEFENDANTS Joe Japanese Buffet Restaurant Inc. d/b/a Fuji Japanese Cuisine, and Larry Zhou			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Queens (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Queens  (IN (I.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A Law Offices of Robert L. I Elmhurst, NY 11373, Tel.	ddress, and Telephone Number) Kraselnik, PLLC, 40-08 Cas : 646-342-2019.	se Street, 2nd Fl.,	Attorneys (If Known)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place on "X" in One Box	Only) III. C	CITIZENSHIP OF PR	RINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti	
1 U.S. Government  B 3 Federal Question  Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party)		arty) Cit	(For Diversity Cases Only) PT) tizen of This State			
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Pa		tizen of Another State	2		
			tizen or Subject of a   Foreign Country	3	06 06	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box Only)				STATE OF STATE STATE OF STATE	
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	310 Airplane	ERSONAL INJURY  5 Personal Injury - Product Liability 7 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 8 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 8 RONAL PROPERTY O Other Fraud 1 Truth in Lending O Other Personal Property Damage Froduct Liability  SONICE PERSONAL PROPERTY Analog O Other Description Other Personal Property Damage Froduct Liability  SONICE PERSONAL OF THE PROPERTY	625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 690 Other  710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Management Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigation	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawai 28 USC 157 □ 820 Copyrights □ 840 Trademark □ 840 Trademark □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	The Fair Labor Standa  Brief description of cause: Plaintiff seeks unpaid		g ( <i>Do not cite jurisdictional state</i> ed, 29 U.S.C. §§201 et. ompensation.	Seq.		
VII. REQUESTED IN CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION DEMAND S CHECK YES only if demanded in complain						
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY  (See instructions): JUDGE  DOCKET NUMBER						
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY						
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## Case 1:17-cv-@22714FI@qqumqntit-ArtfiledaQ5/31/471c/Papq-2vof 2 PageID #: 12 Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000. exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed. Robert L. Kraselnik I, Robert L. Kraselnik , counsel for Herman Orliz , do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ineligible for compulsory arbitration for the following reason(s): monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs. X the complaint seeks injunctive relief. the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1 Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks: n/a RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form) Please list all cases that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) provides that "A civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or because the cases arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the same judge and magistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil case: (A) involves identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power of a judge to determine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the court." NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2) Is the civil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk 1.) County: no 2.) If you answered "no" above: a) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk County? no b) Did the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern District? yes If your answer to question 2 (b) is "No." does the defendant (or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County, or, in an interpleader action, does the claimant (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or Suffolk County? n/a (Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts). **BAR ADMISSION** I am currently admitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. X Yes

No

I certify the accuracy of all information provided above.

Yes

Signature:

Are you currently the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court?

(If yes, please explain)

# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Fuji Japanese Cuisine Wrapped Up in Suit Over Unpaid Wages</u>