# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Mazol Nisimova, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

Klar & Co LLC,

Defendant.

Civil Action No.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff Mazol Nisimova ("Plaintiff") brings this action on behalf of herself and all

others similarly situated against Klar & Co LLC ("Defendant"). Plaintiff makes the following

allegations pursuant to the investigation of her counsel and based upon information and belief,

except as to the allegations specifically pertaining to herself, which are based on her personal

knowledge.

# **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. Defendant formulates, manufactures, advertises, and sells its Azure "Collagen"

cosmetics (the "Products")<sup>1</sup> throughout the United States, including in New York. Defendant

(3) "COLLAGEN & HYALURONIC ANTI-AGING DAY CREAM"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Products include:

<sup>(1) &</sup>quot;24K GOLD & COLLAGEN FIRMING DAY CREAM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/24k-gold-and-collagen-firming-day-cream (last accessed August 21, 2024);

<sup>(2) &</sup>quot;24K GOLD & COLLAGEN FIRMING SHEET FACE MASK: 5 PACK"

https://azureskincare.com/products/24k-gold-and-collagen-firming-sheet-face-mask-5-pack (last accessed August 21, 2024);

https://azureskincare.com/products/collagen-and-hyaluronic-anti-aging-day-cream (last accessed August 21, 2024);

<sup>(4) &</sup>quot;COLLAGEN & HYALURONIC ANTI-AGING UNDER EYE PADS: 5 PAIRS"

markets its Products in a systematically misleading manner by conspicuously misrepresenting on

the labels of the Products that they contain "Collagen."

2. Despite the Products' labels indicating the inclusion of sought-after "Collagen,"

Defendant prominently asserts in its advertising that "Azure products are always... Vegan." This

claim implies that the collagen in the Products cannot be derived from animal sources. Instead,

(7) "COLLAGEN & VITAMIN E ANTI-AGING FACIAL SERUM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/collagen-and-vitamin-e-anti-aging-facial-serum (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(8) "HEMP & COLLAGEN NOURISHING EYE SERUM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/hemp-and-collagen-nourishing-eye-serum (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(9) "HYALURONIC & COLLAGEN ANTI-AGING EYE SERUM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/hyaluronic-and-collagen-anti-aging-eye-serum (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(10) "HYALURONIC & COLLAGEN ANTI-AGING SHEET FACEMASK: 5 PACK" https://azureskincare.com/products/hyaluronic-and-collagen-anti-aging-sheet-facemask-5-pack (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(11) "RETINOL & COLLAGEN ANTI-AGING DAY CREAM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/retinol-and-collagen-anti-aging-day-cream (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(12) "ROSE & COLLAGEN HYDRATING SHEET FACE MASK: 5 PACK"

https://azureskincare.com/products/rose-and-collagen-hydrating-sheet-face-mask-5-pack (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(13) "ROSE & COLLAGEN HYDRATING UNDER EYE PADS"

https://azureskincare.com/products/rose-and-collagen-hydrating-under-eye-pads (last accessed August 21, 2024);

(14) "VITAMIN C & COLLAGEN MOISTURIZING DAY CREAM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/vitamin-c-and-collagen-moisturizing-day-cream (last accessed August 21, 2024); and

(15) "VITAMIN C & COLLAGEN MOISTURIZING SHEET FACE MASK: 5 PACK" https://azureskincare.com/products/vitamin-c-collagen-moisturizing-sheet-face-mask-5-pack (last accessed August 21, 2024).

https://azureskincare.com/products/collagen-and-hyaluronic-anti-aging-under-eye-pads-5-pairs (last accessed August 21, 2024);

<sup>(5) &</sup>quot;COLLAGEN & PEPTIDES FIRMING SHEET FACE MASK: 5 PACK"

https://azureskincare.com/products/collagen-and-peptides-firming-sheet-face-mask-5-pack (last accessed August 21, 2024);

<sup>(6) &</sup>quot;COLLAGEN & VITAMIN C ANTI-AGING EYE SERUM"

https://azureskincare.com/products/collagen-vitamin-c-anti-aging-eye-serum (last accessed August 21, 2024);

# Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 3 of 19 PageID #: 3

the Products use a fake imitation of collagen derived from a synthetic extract of the bark and stems of the Acacia seyal tree *(i.e.,* "acacia seyal gum extract" or "Acacia Gum").

3. Defendant's most recent labeling of its Products is depicted below:







# Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 4 of 19 PageID #: 4











# Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 5 of 19 PageID #: 5

AZURE

AZURE

ANT



# Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 6 of 19 PageID #: 6

MORE THAN















# Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 7 of 19 PageID #: 7



4. Defendant's deceptive conduct is further underscored by the fact that similar cosmetics representing collagen do, in fact, contain the genuine animal-sourced ingredient, as depicted below:



#### INGREDIENTS

Aqua (Water), Ascorbic Acid (Vitamin C), Butyrospermum Parkii (Shea) Butter, Glycerin, Propanediol, Ascorbyl Tetraisopalmitate (Vitamin C), Isoamyl Laurate, Polyacrylamide, Sodium Hydroxide, <u>Hydrolyzed (Marine) Collagen</u> Glycine Soja (Soybean) Protein, Sodium Hydruxniae (Hydruronic Acid), Phenoxyethanol, C13-C14 Isoparatfin, Xanthan Gum, Laureth – 7, Tocopherol (Vitamin E), Disodium Edta, Ethylhexylglycerin, Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Seed Oil, Chlorphenesin, Disodium Cocoamphodiacetate, Sodium Dextran Sulfate, Valine, Glycine, Sodium Benzoate, Potassium Sorbate, Dipotassium Edta, Parfum (Fragrance), Amyl Cinnamal\*, Citral \*, Limonene\*, Linalool\*



#### Ingredients

Purlfied Water, Caprylic/Capric Triglyceride, Cocos Nucifera (Coconut) Oll, Simmondsia Chinensis (Jojoba) Seed Oll, Aloe Barbadensis (Aloe Vera) Gel, Stearyl Alcohol, Stearic Acid, Isopropyl Myristate, Retinol, Hydrodyzed Marine Collageri, Hyaluronic Acid, Acrylates/Steareth-20 Methacrylate Copolymer, Phenoxyethanol, Caprylyl Glycol, Potassium Sorbate, Imidaculdinyl Urea, EDTA, Carbomer, Persea Gratissima (Avocado) Oll, Organic Matricaria Recutita (Chamomile) Flower Extract, Tocopheryl Acetate (Vitamin E).



Aqua, Salmon Collagen. Isopropyl Myristate, Pentaerythrityl Tetraisostearate, Cetearyl Alcohol, Dimethicone, Glycerin, Cetyl Alcohol, Stearyl Alcohol, PEG-20 Stearate, Ceteareth-20, Caprylyl Glycol, Allantoin, Propylene Glycol, Triethanolamine, Disodium Edta, Methylisothiazoline

5. As a result of its deceptive conduct, Defendant is, and continues to be, unjustly enriched at the expense of their consumers.

Ingredients

# JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2)(a) because this case is a class action where the aggregate claims of all members of the proposed class are in excess of \$5,000,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs, there are over 100 members of the putative class, and at least one class member is a citizen of a state different than Defendant.

7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it conducts substantial business within New York, including the sale, marketing, and advertising of the Products. Furthermore, a substantial portion of the events giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this State, including Plaintiff's purchases.

8. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Defendant

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 9 of 19 PageID #: 9

conducts substantial business in this District and a substantial part of the events giving rise to Plaintiff's claims took place within this District.

#### **PARTIES**

9. Plaintiff Mazol Nisimova is a citizen of New York, who resides in Queens, New York. Plaintiff purchased Defendant's Products (including, but not limited to, Defendant's "24K GOLD & COLLAGEN FIRMING SHEET FACE MASK: 5 PACK" and "HYALURONIC & COLLAGEN ANTI-AGING SHEET FACEMASK: 5 PACK" Products) for her personal use on various occasions within the applicable statute of limitations, with her most recent purchases taking place on or about August of 2024. Plaintiff Nisimova made these purchases from local beauty and cosmetics stores located in New York. Prior to making her purchases, Plaintiff Nisimova saw that the Products were labeled and marketed as containing "Collagen." Plaintiff Nisimova relied on Defendant's representations when she decided to purchase the Products over comparable products that did not make those claims. Plaintiff Nisimova saw Defendant's representations prior to and at the time of her purchases and understood them as a representation and warranty that the Products contained the sought-after and beneficial animal protein-based collagen. Plaintiff Nisimova relied on these representations and warranties in deciding to purchase the Products. Accordingly, those representations and warranties were part of the basis of her bargains, in that she would not have purchased the Products on the same terms had she known that those representations were not true. Furthermore, in making her purchases, Plaintiff Nisimova paid a substantial price premium due to Defendant's false and misleading representations concerning the Products. Plaintiff Nisimova, however, did not receive the benefit of her bargains because those representations were not, in fact, true.

10. Defendant Klar & Co LLC is a corporation organized under the laws of New

Jersey, with its principal place of business located at 3051 NE 164th Street North Miami Beach, FL 33160. Defendant manufacturers, packages, labels, advertises, markets, distributes and/or sells the Products in New York and throughout the United States.

# **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

11. Collagen is the most prevalent protein found in animals, fish, and humans.<sup>2</sup> This insoluble fibrous protein is found in tendons and ligaments, as well as the cornea, cartilage, bones, gut, blood vessels and intervertebral discs.<sup>3</sup>

12. Collagen is an animal protein found primarily in the connective tissues of

animals, including their skin, bones, and cartilage. Collagen is not found in plants.

13. In recent years, collagen has skyrocketed in popularity due to its purported anti-

aging benefits in maintaining youthful skin, hair, and nails.<sup>4</sup> As a result, sales of collagen more

than doubled between 2018 and 2020 and are expected to reach over \$16 billion by 2028.

14. Aware of this consumer demand, market players rushed to include collagen within

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Ananya Mandal, MD., *What is Collagen*, NEWS MED LIFE SCIS., https://www.newsmedical.net/health/What-is-Collagen.aspx ("In nature, collagen is found exclusively in animals, especially in the flesh and connective tissues of mammals.") (last accessed August 12, 2024); INTERNATIONAL FOOD RESEARCH JOURNAL 22(1), Hashim, P., Ridzwan, M. M. S., Bakar, J., & Hashim, M. D., *Collagen in food and beverage industries*, (2015); EC NUTRITION, Raman, M., & Gopakumar, K., *Fish collagen and its applications in food and pharmaceutical*, (2018) ("Collagen is the most abundant and ubiquitous protein in animal origin, which comprising approximately 30% of total protein. Collagen is mainly presents in all connective tissues, including animal skin, bone, cartilage, tendon and blood vessels."). <sup>3</sup> *Id*.

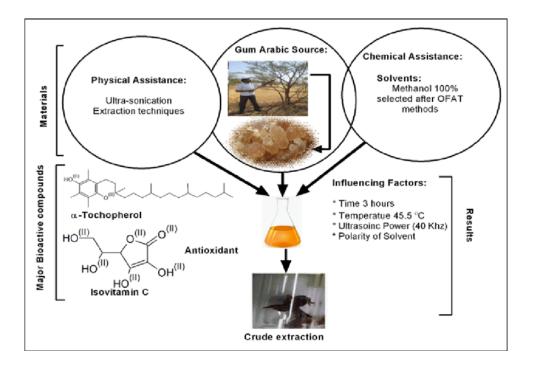
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sally Wadyka, The Real Deal on Collagen: *Can Popping a Pill or Eating Foods with Collagen Improve your Skin, Hair, Nails, or Joints?* CR: CONSUMER REPORTS (Oct. 13, 2020), https://www.consumerreports.org/supplements/the-real-deal-on-collagen/ (last accessed August 12, 2024); *see also* Yola Robert, *Here's Why Wellness Brands Are Investing Into Collagen*, FORBES (Nov. 15, 2021, 6:41 PM),

https://www.forbes.com/sites/yolarobert1/2021/11/15/heres-why-wellness-brandsare-investinginto-collagen/?sh=29a438223a13 (noting that the "global collagen market was at an estimated \$3.5 billion in 2018 and jumped to \$8.36 billion in 2020 with anticipated growth to \$16.70 billion by 2028") (last accessed August 21, 2024).

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 11 of 19 PageID #: 11

their product lines. Collagen is widely available today in various forms, including as a food ingredient, in dietary supplements, and, pertinent to this context, in cosmetics.

15. Defendant is among the major players that have capitalized on this demand. However, unlike most manufacturers, Defendant does not actually use collagen in its Products at all. Instead, Defendant's Products are comprised of acacia seyal gum extract ("Acacia Gum")—a highly processed ingredient that is extracted as a natural exudate from the bark and stems of the Acacia seyal tree, which is native to Africa.<sup>5</sup>



16. This highly processed ingredient is commonly used as a humectant, thickening agent, and emulsifier in formulations. Despite Defendant's mischaracterization, Acacia Gum,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Gum Arabic: *An Optimization Of Ultrasonic-Assisted Extraction Of Antioxidant Activity* -Scientific Figure on ResearchGate. Available from: https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Gum-Arabic-Acacia-seyal-gum-techniques-of-crude-extraction-and-characterization\_fig3\_328631051 (last accessed August 21, 2024).

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 12 of 19 PageID #: 12

however, is not collagen. Nor could it be, given that collagen is not found in plants.<sup>6</sup>

17. Defendant, having superior knowledge of the market and the composition of its Products, has misled consumers into believing that they were purchasing a sought-after ingredient (*i.e.*, collagen). The use of Acacia Gum instead of collagen represents a significant cost-saving measure for Defendant. Manufacturing collagen, particularly marine collagen, is notably more expensive due to the complex processes involved in raw material procurement, extraction, and rigorous quality control measures.<sup>7</sup> In contrast, Acacia Gum is generally less costly to produce and process. This substitution likely results in a higher profit margin for Defendant, as the production costs for Acacia Gum are substantially lower than those associated with genuine animal collagen manufacturing.

18. Defendant's misleading and deceptive practices proximately caused harm to Plaintiff and the proposed class members who suffered an injury in fact and lost money or property as a result of Defendant's deceptive conduct.

### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

19. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and all other similarly situated persons pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 23(a), (b)(1), and (b)(3). Specifically, the Classes are defined as:

20. **Nationwide Class:** All persons in the United States who, during the maximum

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Jane B. Reece, Noel Myers, & Lisa A. Urry, Campbell Biology 688 (Australian and New Zealand ed. 2015) ("The most abundant of these proteins is collagen, which is not found in plants or fungi."); J.E. MURRAY ET AL., PHARMACOGNOSY: FUNDAMENTALS, APPLICATIONS, AND STRATEGY 477- 494 (Simone Badal & Rupika Delgoda eds., 2017) (stating that fibrous proteins, including collagens, are not found in differentiated plants).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://www.verifiedmarketresearch.com/product/marine-collagen-market/ (last accessed August 21, 2024).

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 13 of 19 PageID #: 13

period of time permitted by law, purchased Defendant's Products primarily for personal, family or household purposes, and not for resale.

21. **New York Subclass:** All persons residing in New York who, during the maximum period of time permitted by the law, purchased Defendant's Products primarily for personal, family or household purposes, and not for resale.

22. The Classes do not include (1) Defendant, its officers, and/or its directors; or (2) the Judge to whom this case is assigned and the Judge's staff.

23. Plaintiff reserves the right to amend the above class definitions and add additional classes and subclasses as appropriate based on investigation, discovery, and the specific theories of liability.

24. *Community of Interest*: There is a well-defined community of interest among members of the Classes, and the disposition of the claims of these members of the Classes in a single action will provide substantial benefits to all parties and to the Court.

25. *Numerosity*: While the exact number of members of the Classes is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be determined by appropriate discovery, upon information and belief, members of the Classes number in the millions. Members of the Classes may also be notified of the pendency of this action by mail and/or publication through the distribution records of Defendant and third-party retailers and vendors.

26. *Existence and predominance of common questions of law and fact*: Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Classes and predominate over any questions affecting only individuals of the Classes. These common legal and factual questions include, but are not limited to:

(a) Whether the marketing, advertising, packaging, labeling, and other promotional

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 14 of 19 PageID #: 14

materials for the Products are deceptive;

(b) Whether Defendant fraudulently induced Plaintiff and the members of the Classes into purchasing the Products;

(c) Whether Plaintiff and the members of the Classes have suffered damages as a result of Defendant's actions and the amount thereof;

(d) Whether Plaintiff and the members of the Classes are entitled to statutory damages; and

(e) Whether Plaintiff and the members of the Classes are entitled to attorney's fees and costs.

27. *Typicality:* The claims of the named Plaintiff are typical of the claims of other members of the Classes in that the named Plaintiff was exposed to Defendant's false and misleading marketing, purchased Defendant's Products, and suffered a loss as a result of those purchases.

28. *Adequacy*: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Classes as required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure Rule 23(a)(4). Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Classes because she has no interests which are adverse to the interests of the members of the Classes. Plaintiff is committed to the vigorous prosecution of this action and, to that end, Plaintiff has retained skilled and experienced counsel.

29. Moreover, the proposed Classes can be maintained because they satisfy both Rule 23(a) and 23(b)(3) because questions of law or fact common to the Classes predominate over any questions affecting only individual members and a Class Action is superior to all other available methods of the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims asserted in this action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3) because:

(a) The expense and burden of individual litigation makes it economically unfeasible

for members of the Classes to seek to redress their claims other than through the procedure of a class action;

(b) If separate actions were brought by individual members of the Classes, the

resulting duplicity of lawsuits would cause members of the Classes to seek to redress their claims

other than through the procedure of a class action; and

(c) Absent a class action, Defendant likely will retain the benefits of its wrongdoing,

and there would be a failure of justice.

# CAUSES OF ACTION

# <u>COUNT I</u> Violation of State Consumer Protection Statues<sup>8</sup> (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the Nationwide Class)

30. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations contained in the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> While discovery may alter the following, Plaintiff asserts that the states with similar consumer fraud laws under the facts of this case include but are not limited to: Alaska Stat. § 45.50.471, et seq.; Ariz. Rev. Stat. §§ 44-1521, et seq.; Ark. Code § 4-88-101, et seq.; Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200, et seq.; Cal. Civ. Code §1750, et seq.; Colo. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 6-1-101, et seq.; Colo. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 6-1-101, et seq.; Conn. Gen Stat. Ann. § 42-110, et seq.; 6 Del. Code § 2513, et seq.; D.C. Code § 28-3901, et seq.; Fla. Stat. Ann.§ 501.201, et seq.; Ga. Code Ann. § 10-1-390, et seq.; Haw. Rev. Stat. § 480-2, et seq.; Idaho Code. Ann. § 48-601, et seq.; 815 ILCS 501/1, et seq.; Ind. Code § 24-5-0.5-2, et seq.; Kan. Stat. Ann. § 50-623, et seq.; Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 367.110, et seq.; LSA-R.S. 51:1401, et seq.; Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. Tit. 5, § 207, et seq.; Md. Code Ann. Com. Law, § 13-301, et seq.; Mass. Gen Laws Ann. Ch. 93A, et seq.; Mich. Comp. Laws Ann. § 445.901, et seq.; Minn. Stat. § 325F, et seq.; Mo. Rev. Stat. § 407, et seq.; Neb. Rev. St. §§ 59-1601, et seq.; Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.600, et seq.; N.H. Rev. Stat. § 358-A:1, et seq.; N.J. Stat. Ann. § 56:8, et seq.; N.M. Stat. Ann. § 57-12-1, et seq.; N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law § 349, et seq.; N.C. Gen Stat. § 75-1.1, et seq.; N.D. Cent. Code § 51-15, et seq.; Ohio Rev. Code Ann. § 1345.01, et seq.; Okla. Stat. tit. 15 § 751, et seq.; Or. Rev. Stat. § 646.605, et seq.; 73 P.S. § 201-1, et seq.; R.I. Gen. Laws § 6-13.1- 5.2(B), et seq.; S.C. Code Ann. §§ 39-5-10, et seq.; S.D. Codified Laws § 37-24-1, et seq.; Tenn. Code Ann. § 47-18-101, et seq.; Tex. Code Ann., Bus. & Con. § 17.41, et seq.; Utah Code. Ann. § 13-11-175, et seq.; 9 V.S.A. § 2451, et seq.; Va. Code Ann. § 59.1-199, et seq.; Wash. Rev. Code § 19.86.010, et seq.; W. Va. Code § 46A, et seq.; Wis. Stat. § 100.18, et seq.; and Wyo. Stat. Ann. § 40-12-101, et seq.

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 16 of 19 PageID #: 16

foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

31. The Consumer Protection Statutes of the Nationwide Class members prohibit the use of deceptive, unfair, and misleading business practices in the conduct of trade or commerce.

32. By the acts and conduct alleged herein, Defendant engaged in deceptive, unfair, and misleading acts and practices by conspicuously misrepresenting on the packaging of its Products that they contain "Collagen." Despite those representations, however, the Products do not contain collagen at all.

33. The foregoing deceptive acts and practices were directed at consumers.

34. The foregoing deceptive acts and practices are misleading in a material way because they fundamentally misrepresent the nature and value of the Products.

35. As a result of Defendant's deceptive practices, Plaintiff and the Nationwide Class members suffered an economic injury because they would not have purchased (or paid a premium for) the Products had they known the veracity of Defendant's misrepresentations.

36. On behalf of herself and the Nationwide Class members, Plaintiff seeks to recover their actual damages, statutory damages, punitive damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

# <u>COUNT II</u> Violation of New York G.B.L. § 349 (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the New York Subclass)

37. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

38. New York's General Business Law § 349 prohibits deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of any business, trade, or commerce.

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 17 of 19 PageID #: 17

39. In its sale of Products throughout the state of New York, at all relevant times herein, Defendant conducted business and trade within the meaning and intendment of New York's General Business Law § 349.

40. Plaintiff and the New York Subclass members are consumers who purchased the Products from Defendant for their personal use.

41. By the acts and conduct alleged herein, Defendant engaged in deceptive, unfair, and misleading acts and practices by conspicuously misrepresenting on the packaging of its Products that they contain "Collagen." Despite those representations, however, the Products do not contain collagen at all.

42. The foregoing deceptive acts and practices were directed at consumers.

43. The foregoing deceptive acts and practices are misleading in a material way because they fundamentally misrepresent the nature and value of the Products.

44. As a result of Defendant's deceptive practices, Plaintiff and the New York Subclass members suffered an economic injury because they would not have purchased (or paid a premium for) the Products had they known the veracity of Defendant's misrepresentations.

45. On behalf of herself and the New York Subclass members, Plaintiff seeks to recover their actual damages or fifty dollars, whichever is greater, three times actual damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

## <u>COUNT III</u> Violation of New York G.B.L. §350 (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the New York Subclass)

46. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations contained in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

47. New York's General Business Law § 350 prohibits false advertising in the conduct of any business, trade, or commerce.

#### Case 1:24-cv-05849 Document 1 Filed 08/21/24 Page 18 of 19 PageID #: 18

48. Defendant violated New York General Business Law § 350 by representing on the packaging of the Products that the Products contain "Collagen." Despite those representations, however, the Products do not contain collagen at all.

49. The foregoing advertising was directed at consumers and was likely to mislead a reasonable consumer acting reasonably under the circumstances.

50. Defendant's misrepresentations have resulted in consumer injury or harm to the public interest.

51. As a result of Defendant's false advertising, Plaintiff and the New York Subclass members suffered an economic injury because they would not have purchased (or paid a premium for) the Products had they known the veracity of Defendant's misrepresentations.

52. On behalf of herself and the New York Subclass members, Plaintiff seeks to recover their actual damages or five hundred dollars, whichever is greater, three times actual damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, seeks judgment against Defendant, as follows:

(a) For an order certifying the Classes under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil
Procedure; naming Plaintiff as representative of the Classes; and naming Plaintiff's
attorneys as Class Counsel to represent the Classes;

(b) For an order finding in favor of Plaintiff and the Classes on all counts asserted herein;

(c) For compensatory, statutory and punitive damages in amounts to be determined by the Court and/or jury;

- (d) For prejudgment interest on all amounts awarded;
- (e) For an order of restitution and all other forms of equitable monetary relief; and
- (f) For an order awarding Plaintiff and the Classes their reasonable attorneys' fees

and expenses and costs of suit.

# **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of any and all issues in this action so triable as of right.

Dated August 21, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

# **GUCOVSCHI ROZENSHTEYN, PLLC**

By: <u>/s/ Adrian Gucovschi</u> Adrian Gucovschi, Esq.

Adrian Gucovschi Benjamin Rozenshteyn Nathaniel Haim Sari (*pro hac vice* forthcoming) 140 Broadway, Suite 4667 New York, NY 10005 Tel: (212) 884-4230 adrian@gr-firm.com ben@gr-firm.com nsari@gr-firm.com

Counsel for Plaintiff and the Classes

# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Azure Collagen Products Contain No Real</u> <u>Collagen, Class Action Claims</u>