UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MAXIM MAXIMOV on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated consumers

Plaintiff,

-against-

ASSOCIATED CREDIT SERVICES, INC.

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Introduction

1. Plaintiff, Maxim Maximov, brings this action against Associated Credit Services, Inc. for violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et *seq*. ("FDCPA"). The FDCPA prohibits debt collectors from engaging in abusive, deceptive and unfair collection practices while attempting to collect on debts.

Parties

- 2. Plaintiff is a citizen of the State of New York who resides within this District.
- 3. Plaintiff is a consumer as that term is defined by Section 1692(a)(3) of the FDCPA, in that the alleged debt that Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff a consumer debt.
- Upon information and belief, Defendant's principal place of business is located in Westborough, Massachusetts.
- 5. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.
- 6. Defendant is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6).

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 7. This Court has federal question jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 8. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the acts and transactions that give rise to this action occurred, in substantial part, in this district.

Allegations Particular to Maxim Maximov

- 9. Upon information and belief, on a date better known by Defendant, Defendant began to attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
- 10. On or about July 7, 2017, Defendant sent the Plaintiff two collection letters.
- 11. The letters were sent regarding an account with "ReadyRefresh by Nestle" and both letters were sent regarding Creditor Account #: 0442517090, yet each letter provided a different balance due.
- 12. Said letters stated a "Principal Balance" and then stated "Fees" with a different amount in each letter.
- 13. The Defendant's statement in said letters of "Fees" is a representation of an unlawful collection fee.
- 14. The collection fees represented the Defendant's anticipated compensation for collecting the alleged debt.¹
- 15. Upon information and belief, any demanded of a collection fee was not incurred by either the Creditor or the Defendant.
- 16. The collection fees were a contingent fee agreed to by the Defendant and the Creditor, i.e. the collection fees were a predetermined percentage of the total amount recovered for the Creditor.

¹ See Lee v. Kucker & Bruh, LLP, 2013 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 110363, 2013 WL 3982427 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 2, 2013).

- 17. Only when the Defendant was successful in recovering all or part of the principal amount, was it entitled to any contingent fees.
- 18. If the Defendant did not recover funds, it was not entitled to any fees.
- 19. At the time the said letters were sent to the Plaintiff, no funds had been recovered by Defendant on behalf of the Creditor.
- 20. Because nothing had been recovered, the Defendant was not entitled to its contingent compensation, and the Plaintiff was not liable for the collection fees.
- 21. The collection fees bear no relation to, and are substantially greater than costs actually incurred by the Defendant or the Creditor, in their attempts to collect the alleged debts.
- 22. Upon information and belief, Defendant transmits thousands of letters to consumers, similar to the said July 7, 2017 collection letters, which misrepresent the amount the consumer actually owes. In each instance, the Defendant charges the consumer with an illegal and unauthorized collection fee.
- 23. This practice misleads consumers by creating the false impression that consumers have incurred a collection fee due and owing.
- 24. The representation that collection fees were owed violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(2)(A), 1692e(5), 1692(f), and 1692f(1).²
- 25. Said letters violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(2)(A), 1692e(5), 1692(f), and 1692f(1) for attempting to collect prohibited collection fees.
- 26. 15 U.S.C. § 1692g of the FDCPA provides:
 - (a) Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless

² <u>Seeger v. AFNI, Inc.</u>, 2006 WL 2290763 (E.D. Wis. Aug. 9, 2006). (FDCPA case against AFNI, Inc. for adding a 15% fee to Cingular bills was certified to proceed is a class action.); <u>Seeger v. AFNI, Inc.</u>, 548 F.3d 1107 (7th Cir. 2008). (AFNI, Inc.'s demand for an additional 15% collection fee violated § 1692f(1) since the charge was not authorized by law or the underlying contract; applicable state law only permitted such a recovery if the amount was actually incurred as an out-of-pocket cost of collection and not, as attempted here, to unlawfully "permit[] a third-party purchaser of an account to recover its internal costs."); <u>Butto v. Collecto Inc.</u>, 2013 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 45502, 2013 WL 1285577 (E.D.N.Y. Mar. 29, 2013) (Granting Class certification as to a letter which included a collection fee for Verizon service which had not yet been incurred at the time the letter was sent.)

the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing-

- (1) the amount of the debt.
- 27. The Defendant failed to provide the consumer with the actual amount of the debt in its initial communication with the Plaintiff.³
- 28. As mentioned above, the Defendant sent the Plaintiff two separate collection letters regarding the same account, yet with two different balances.
- 29. The Defendant failed to properly disclose the amount of the debt, causing the Plaintiff to be uncertain of his rights and leaving him utterly confused as to the total amount he owes now and or in the future.
- 30. The Defendant also violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(2)(A) for misrepresenting the amount of the debt owed by the Plaintiff.
- 31. Defendant's letters are in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(2)(A), 1692e(10) and 1692g(a)(1) for misrepresenting the amount of the debt owed, for engaging in deceptive and misleading practices and for failing to state the accurate amount of the debt.
- 32. Plaintiff suffered injury in fact by being subjected to unfair and abusive practices of the Defendant.
- 33. Plaintiff suffered actual harm by being the target of the Defendant's misleading debt collection communications.
- 34. Defendant violated the Plaintiff's right not to be the target of misleading debt collection communications.
- 35. Defendant violated the Plaintiff's right to a truthful and fair debt collection process.

³ Beauchamp v. Fin. Recovery Services, Inc., 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 25512, 2011 WL 891320, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Mar. 14, 2011). (Ultimately, the critical question [in determining whether a communication violates the F.D.C.P.A.] is . . . whether the notice fails to convey the required information clearly and effectively and thereby makes the least sophisticated consumer uncertain as to the [6] meaning of the message. . . . letter may, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 1692g, make the least sophisticated consumer uncertain as to her rights and confused about the total amount she owes where the "[I]etter provides that the outstanding balance may increase".)

- 36. Defendant used materially false, deceptive, misleading representations and means in its attempted collection of Plaintiff's alleged debt.
- 37. Defendant's communications were designed to cause the debtor to suffer a harmful disadvantage in charting a course of action in response to Defendant's collection efforts.
- 38. The FDCPA ensures that consumers are fully and truthfully apprised of the facts and of their rights, the act enables them to understand, make informed decisions about, and participate fully and meaningfully in the debt collection process. The purpose of the FDCPA is to provide information that helps consumers to choose intelligently. The Defendant's false representations misled the Plaintiff in a manner that deprived her of her right to enjoy these benefits, these materially misleading statements trigger liability under section 1692e of the Act.
- 39. These deceptive communications additionally violated the FDCPA since they frustrate the consumer's ability to intelligently choose his or her response.
- 40. Plaintiff seeks to end these violations of the FDCPA. Plaintiff has suffered damages including but not limited to, fear, stress, mental anguish, emotional stress and acute embarrassment. Plaintiff and putative class members are entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, including, declaratory relief, and damages.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 41. This action is brought as a class action. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 42. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of ASSOCIATED CREDIT SERVICES, INC. and those business and governmental entities on whose behalf it attempts to collect debts.

- 43. Excluded from the Plaintiff's Class is the Defendant and all officers, members, partners, managers, directors, and employees of ASSOCIATED CREDIT SERVICES, INC., and all of their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action and all members of their immediate families.
- 44. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff's Class, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issues are whether Defendant's communications with the Plaintiff, such as the above stated claims, violate provisions of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.
- 45. The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories.
- 46. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff's Class defined in this complaint. The Plaintiff has retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiff nor her attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.
- 47. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:
 - (a) <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that the Plaintiff's Class defined above is so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
 - (b) <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff's Class and those questions predominate over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The

principal issues are whether the Defendant's communications with the Plaintiff, such as the above stated claims, violate provisions of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

- (c) <u>Typicality:</u> The Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the class members. Plaintiff and all members of the Plaintiff's Class defined in this complaint have claims arising out of the Defendant's common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
- (d) Adequacy: The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiff has no interests that are adverse to the absent class members. The Plaintiff is committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiff has also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiff nor her counsel have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
- (e) <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(l)(A) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is appropriate because adjudications with respect to individual members create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications which could establish incompatible standards of conduct for Defendant who, on

information and belief, collects debts throughout the United States of America.

- 48. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that a determination that the above stated claims, violate provisions of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, and is tantamount to declaratory relief and any monetary relief under the FDCPA would be merely incidental to that determination.
- 49. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff's Class predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- 50. Further, Defendant has acted, or failed to act, on grounds generally applicable to the Rule (b)(l)(A) and (b)(2) Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief with respect to the Class as a whole.
- 51. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiff may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify one or more classes only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

CAUSE OF ACTION

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act brought by Plaintiff on behalf of herself and the members of a class, as against the Defendant.

- 52. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates, and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered one (1) through fifty one (51) herein with the same force and effect is if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 53. This cause of action is brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of two classes.

- 54. The first class involves all individuals whom Defendant's records reflect resided in the State of New York and who were sent a collection letter in substantially the same form letter as the letters sent to the Plaintiff on or about July 7, 2017; and (a) the collection letters were sent to a consumer seeking payment of a personal debt; and (b) the collection letters were not returned by the postal service as undelivered; and (c) the Plaintiff asserts that the letters contained violations of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(2)(A), 1692e(5), 1692(f), and 1692f(1) for attempting to collect prohibited collection fees.
- 55. The second class consists of all persons whom Defendant's records reflect resided in the State of New York and who were sent a collection letter in substantially the same form letter as the letters sent to the Plaintiff on or about July 7, 2017; and (a) the collection letters were sent to a consumer seeking payment of a personal debt; and (b) the collection letters were returned by the postal service as undelivered; and (c) the Plaintiff asserts that the Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e, 1692e(2)(A), 1692e(10) and 1692g(a)(1) for misrepresenting the amount of the debt owed, for engaging in deceptive and misleading practices and for failing to state the accurate amount of the debt.

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

- 56. The Defendant's actions as set forth above in the within complaint violates the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.
- 57. Because the Defendant violated the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Plaintiff and the members of the class are entitled to damages in accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, respectfully requests preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, and that this Court enter judgment in Plaintiff's favor and against the Defendant and award damages as follows:

(a) Statutory damages provided under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k);

- (b) Attorney fees, litigation expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action; and
- (c) Any other relief that this Court deems appropriate and just under the circumstances.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York September 27, 2017

/s/ Igor Litvak
Igor B. Litvak, Esq.
Attorney for the Plaintiff
The Litvak Law Firm, PLLC
1701 Avenue P
Brooklyn, New York 11229
E-mail: Igor@LitvakLawNY.com

Office: (718) 989-2908 Fax: (718) 989-2908

Plaintiff requests trial by jury on all issues so triable.

/s/ Igor Litvak Igor B. Litvak, Esq. P.O. Box 5171 Westborough, MA 01581-5171 ADDRESS SERVICE REQUESTED



(800) 962-9898

July 7, 2017

PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL MAXIM MAXIMOV 1701 Avenue P FI 2 Brooklyn NY 11229-1205 Our Account #: 11851277

Balance Due: \$241.71

CR1-469773483

Detach Upper Portion and Return with Payment

Creditor: ReadyRefresh by Nestle FORMERLY KNOWN AS POLAND SPRING/DEER PARK

 Our Account #:
 11851277

 Principal Balance:
 \$210.18

 Interest:
 \$0.00

 \$31.53

Fees: \$31.53 Balance Due: \$241.71 Creditor Account #: 0442517090

Your account has been listed with our office for collection.

Contact Jason Holiday (800) 962-9898.

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of the debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume the debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of the debt or any portion thereof, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice, this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

If a creditor or debt collector receives a money judgment against you in court, state and federal laws may prevent the following types of income from being taken to pay the debt:

1. Supplemental security income, (SSI); 2. Social security; 3. Public assistance (welfare); 4. Spousal support, maintenance (alimony) or child support; 5. Unemployment benefits; 6. Disability benefits; 7. Workers' compensation benefits; 8. Public or private pensions; 9. Veterans benefits; 10. Federal student loans, federal student grants, and federal work study funds; and 11. Ninety percent of your wages or salary earned in the last sixty days.

Debt collectors, in accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 et seq., are prohibited from engaging in abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection efforts, including but not limited to: (i) the use or threat of violence; (ii) the use of obscene or profane language; and (iii) repeated phone calls made with the intent to annoy abuse or harass.

New York City Department of Consumer Affairs license number - 0932237.

THIS COMMUNICATION IS FROM A DEBT COLLECTOR. THIS IS AN ATTEMPT TO COLLECT A DEBT AND ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED WILL BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

For your convenience, make your payment on-line at www.payacs.com

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POR FAVOR, CONSULTE EN EL REVERSO LA TRADUCCIÓN EN ESPAÑOL

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Case 1:17-cv-05668AYDMGUBYMOREDUT CAIRDI DOLLO DUTTBERDAYE 2 of 4 PageID #: 12 SI PAGA CON TARJETA DE CRÉDITO, COMPLETE LA SIGUIENTE INFORMACIÓN

CIRCLE CARD USING FOR PAYMENT ENCIERRE EN UN CÍRCULO LA TARJETA CON LA QUE EFECTUARÁ EL PAG	GO Mathread VISA Cards
CARD NUMBER / NÚMERO DE LA TARJETA	EXP. DATE / FECHA DE VENCIMIENTO /
SIGNATURE / FIRMA	AMOUNT PAID / MONTO PAGADO \$

*** Desprender la parte superior y devolver con el pago ***

Acreedor:

ReadyRefresh by Nestle FORMERLY KNOWN AS POLAND SPRING/DEER PARK

N.º de cuenta:

11851277

Saldo principal:

\$210.18

Interés:

\$0.00

Cargos extra:

\$31.53

Saldo adeudado:

\$241.71

N.º de cuenta del acreedor:

0442517090

Su cuenta ha sido enviada a nuestra oficina para su cobranza.

Llame al Jason Holiday (800) 962-9898.

A menos que usted notifique a esta oficina dentro de un plazo de 30 días después de recibir esta notificación, que usted no está de acuerdo con la validez de la deuda o cualquier parte de ella, esta oficina asumirá que la deuda es válida. Si usted notifica a esta oficina por escrito dentro de un plazo de 30 días después de recibir esta notificación, que usted no está de acuerdo con la validez de la deuda o cualquier parte de ella, esta oficina obtendrá la verificación de la deuda o una copia de la sentencia en su contra, y le enviará por correo una copia de dicha sentencia o verificación. Si usted le solicita por escrito a esta oficina dentro de un plazo de 30 días después de recibir esta notificación, esta oficina le proporcionará el nombre y la dirección del acreedor original, si es diferente al acreedor actual.

Si un acreedor o cobrador de deudas recibe un fallo monetario contra usted en los tribunales, las leyes estatales y federales pueden evitar que se tomen los siguientes tipos de ingresos para pagar la deuda: 1. seguridad de ingreso suplementario; 2. seguro social; 3. asistencia pública (asistencia social); 4. manutención del cónyuge, pensión alimenticia o manutención de los hijos; 5. beneficios de desempleo; 6. beneficios de incapacidad; 7. beneficios del seguro de accidentes de trabajo; 8. pensiones públicas o privadas; 9. beneficios de veteranos; 10. préstamos estudiantiles federales, becas federales y fondos federales de trabajo-estudio; y 11. noventa por ciento de su sueldo o salario ganado en los últimos sesenta días.

De acuerdo con la Ley de Prácticas Justas de Cobro de Deudas y la sección 1692 y las siguientes del título 15 del Código de los Estados Unidos, se prohíbe a los cobradores de deudas participar en esfuerzos abusivos, engañosos e injustos de cobro de deudas, incluyendo sin limitación lo siguiente: (i) el uso de la violencia o la amenaza de violencia; (ii) el uso de un lenguaje obsceno o soez; y (iii) llamadas telefónicas repetidas hechas con la intención de molestar, abusar o acosar.

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ESTA COMUNICACIÓN ES DE UN COBRADOR DE DEUDAS. ES UN INTENTO POR COBRAR UNA DEUDA Y TODA INFORMACIÓN QUE SE OBTENGA SE UTILIZARÁ PARA DICHO FIN.

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(800) 962-9898

July 7, 2017

В

PERSONAL & CONFIDENTIAL **VOMIXAM MIXAM** 1701 Avenue P FI 2 Brooklyn NY 11229-1205

ASSOCIATED CREDIT SERVICES, INC. P.O. Box 5171 Westborough, MA 01581-5171

Our Account #: 11851298

Balance Due: \$183.99

CR1-469773484

Detach Upper Portion and Return with Payment

Creditor:

ReadyRefresh by Nestle FORMERLY KNOWN AS POLAND SPRING/DEER PARK

Our Account #:

11851298

Principal Balance:

\$159.99

Interest:

\$0.00

Fees:

\$24.00 \$183.99

Balance Due:

Creditor Account #: 0442517090

Your account has been listed with our office for collection.

Contact Jason Holiday (800) 962-9898.

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2 CU04400 CR1

Case 1:17-cv-05668 A VINOGUENI CONTREDIT CAIRED POLIZO LOTTO BEROOME 4 of 4 PageID #: 14 SI PAGA CON TARJETA DE CRÉDITO, COMPLETE LA SIGUIENTE INFORMACIÓN

CIRCLE CARD USING FOR PAYMENT ENCIERRE EN UN CÍRCULO LA TARJETA CON LA QUE EFECTUARÁ EL PAC	GO VISK Cards
CARD NUMBER / NÚMERO DE LA TARJETA	EXP. DATE / FECHA DE VENCIMIENTO /
SIGNATURE / FIRMA	AMOUNT PAID / MONTO PAGADO \$

*** Desprender la parte superior y devolver con el pago ***

Acreedor: ReadyRefresh by Nestle FORMERLY KNOWN AS POLAND SPRING/DEER PARK

 N.° de cuenta:
 11851298

 Saldo principal:
 \$159.99

 Interés:
 \$0.00

 Cargos extra:
 \$24.00

Saldo adeudado: \$183.99

N.º de cuenta del acreedor: 0442517090

Su cuenta ha sido enviada a nuestra oficina para su cobranza.

Llame al Jason Holiday (800) 962-9898.

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2_CU04400_CR1

	TED STATES DISTRICT COURT TERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
	XIM MAXIMOV on behalf of himself and ther similarly situated consumers	
	Plaintiff,	
	-against-	
ASSO	OCIATED CREDIT SERVICES, INC.	
	Defendant.	
	SUMMONS IN A C	WIL ACTION
TO:	ASSOCIATED CREDIT SERVICES, INC. 115 FLANDERS ROAD, SUITE 140 WESTBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01	581
and s	YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and reserve upon PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY:	equired to file with the Clerk of this Court
	IGOR B. LITVAK, ESQ. THE LITVAK LAW FIRM, PLLC 1701 AVENUE P BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11229	
sumn	nswer to the complaint which is herewith served mons upon you, exclusive of the day of service. ken against you for the relief demanded in the o	If you fail to do so, judgment by default will
CLE	RK	DATE
<u></u> ВУ Г	DEPUTY CLERK	

JS 44 (Rev. 1/2013)

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the

purpose of initiating the civil de			·	· •	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS		
MAXIM MAXIMOV			ASSOCIATED C	REDIT SERVICES, INC.	
(b) County of Residence of	_	KINGS	County of Residence	of First Listed Defendant	MALL VI
(E.	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	ASES)		(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES O DNDEMNATION CASES, USE TI OF LAND INVOLVED.	,
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, 1 IGOR B. LITVAK, ESQ. 1701 AVENUE P	THE LITVAK	r) LAW FIRM, PLLC X: (718) 989-2908	Attorneys (If Known)		
BROOKLYN, NEW YOR			ОМ		
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	ICTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	I. CITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plainti <u>f</u>
☐ 1 U.S. Government	■ 3 Federal Question		(For Diversity Cases Only)	rf def	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government	Not a Party)	Citizen of This State	1	
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2	
W. MATHER OF SHIP	Ρ		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		orts	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	□ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 □ 690 Other LABOR □ 710 Fair Labor Standards Act □ 720 Labor/Management Relations □ 740 Railway Labor Act □ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act □ 790 Other Labor Litigation □ 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION □ 462 Naturalization Application □ 465 Other Immigration Actions	□ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 □ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS □ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 862 Black Lung (923) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations ▼ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is 1 Original Proceeding 2 Re Sta	moved from 3 Cite the U.S. Civil Sta	Appellate Court atute under which you are f ION 1692 FAIR DEE	Reinstated or 5 Transfer Reopened Anothe (specify) illing (Do not cite jurisdictional state BT COLLECTION PRACT	er District Litigation tutes unless diversity):	
THE DECLINATION TO	UNLAWFUL ANI	D DECEITFUL DEBT	COLLECTION BUSINESS		:01 11:
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: X Yes □ No
VIII. RELATED CASI	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE 09/27/2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		SIGNATURE OF ATTOR /S/ IGOR B. LITV			
	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUI	DGE

Case 1:17-cv-056R3 IF 160AvitiOn 10F ARBITURAZBION FlatGIB bt PIY ageID #: 17

exclusiv	e of intere		s, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, tion. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a
I N/A		counsel for	do hereby certify that the above cantioned civil action is
ineligib	ole for c	compulsory arbitration for the following	, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is reason(s):
		monetary damages sought are in excess	ss of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
		the complaint seeks injunctive relief,	
		the matter is otherwise ineligible for the	he following reason
		DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	- FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1
		Identify any parent corporation and any p	publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks:
N/A			
		RELATED CASE STATEM	ENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)
provides because same jud case: (A)	that "A c the cases ge and m involves	civil case is "related" to another civil case for pur arise from the same transactions or events, a sub- nagistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that " is identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same p	of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) rposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or ostantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the
		NY-E DIVISIO	N OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)
1.)	Is the c County		t removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk
2.)		5 5	aim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk
	b) Did t District	~ ~ ~	aim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern
Suffolk	County, olk Coun	or, in an interpleader action, does the claim	(or a majority of the defendants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau or than (or a majority of the claimants, if there is more than one) reside in Nassau sident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).
	(1)	-	
			BAR ADMISSION
I am cui	rently ac	dmitted in the Eastern District of New York Yes	and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. No
Are you	currentl	ly the subject of any disciplinary action (s) i Yes (If yes, please explain)	n this or any other state or federal court? No
I certify	the accu	uracy of all information provided above.	
Signatu	re: /S	S/ IGOR B. LITVAK, ESQ.	

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Associated Credit Services Sued Over 'Unauthorized' Collection Fees</u>