IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE NASHVILLE DIVISION

KEVIN KNAPP, an individual on behalf of himself and others similarly situated,

ARAMARK BUSINESS CENTER, LLC

Plaintiff,

v.

Defendant.

OPT IN COLLECTIVE ACTION JURY DEMANDED

Civil Action No.

COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, Kevin Knapp, on behalf of himself and others similarly situated, files the following Complaint, averring as follows:

1. This is a collective action under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq.* ("FLSA"), brought on behalf of all persons who, at any time during the past three years and up until the date of entry of judgment are or were employed by Defendant Aramark Business Center, LLC (hereinafter "Defendant") and who were in a "similar situation" as Plaintiff Thomas.

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

This Court has original jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims pursuant to 29 U.S.C.
 §216(b) and 28 U.S.C. §1331.

3. Venue for this action properly lies in the Middle District of Tennessee, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b), because the claim arose in this judicial district.

II. PARTIES

4. Defendant employed Plaintiff in Davidson County, Tennessee.

5 Upon information and belief, at all times, the wage and hour and all related employee compensation policies of Defendant are and were centrally and collectively dictated, controlled, and ratified.

6. Plaintiff, Kevin Knapp, is an adult individual residing in Old Hickory, Tennessee. Plaintiff was formerly employed by Defendant in a position known as "general ledger accountant." As a general ledger accountant, Plaintiff's primary duties were non-exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act. Plaintiff was not a "certified public accountant" ("CPA"), nor has he ever held a CPA license. Plaintiff consents to be a party to this collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b). A copy of Plaintiff's consent form is attached as Exhibit A.

III. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

7. This action is filed on behalf of Plaintiff and all employees of Defendant who performed work as "general ledger accountants" and who were improperly classified as an "exempt" employee under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

8. During Plaintiff's employment, Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees performed work in excess of forty (40) hours per week on a regular basis.

9. Under the Fair Labor Standards Act, "overtime must be compensated at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which the employee is actually employed" during the first forty (40) hours of work. 29 C.F.R. § 778.107.

10. When Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees worked more than forty (40) hours during a week, Defendant did not compensate the employee at a rate of "one and one-

2

half times the regular rate at which [the employees] actually employed" for the first forty (40) hours of work. *See* 29 C.F.R. § 778.107.

11. Rather, Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees were paid a purported "salary" without any chance to be paid overtime.

12. Plaintiff frequently worked over forty (40) hours per week, yet did not receive any overtime premium under the FLSA for hours worked over forty (40).

13. Instead, Defendant incorrectly classified Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees as "exempt" from the requirement to pay additional compensation for hours worked in excess of forty (40) under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

14. However, the actual job duties of Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees were not those of "exempt" employees.

15. Defendant's failure to pay Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees overtime wages is a willful violation of the FLSA.

16. Defendant is unable to bear its "substantial burden" of showing its failure to comply with the FLSA was in good faith and predicated on reasonable grounds.

17. Some evidence generally reflecting the number of uncompensated hours worked by each class member and the compensation rates for the relevant work periods is in the possession of Defendant. While Plaintiff is unable to state at this time the exact amount owing to the class, Plaintiff proposes to obtain such information by appropriate and focused discovery proceedings to be taken promptly in this action, and request that damages or restitution be awarded according to proof thus obtained and presented to the Court. When an employer fails to keep such time records, employees may establish the hours worked solely by their testimony and the burden of overcoming such testimony shifts to the employer.

IV. COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

18. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as if the same were fully set forth herein.

19. Plaintiff brings this collective action on behalf of Plaintiff and all other persons similarly situated pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §§ 207 and 216(b), specifically, as follows:

All persons employed within the three years preceding the filing of this action by Defendant, who were general ledger accountants and paid a purported salary, without any additional compensation for hours worked over forty (40) per workweek. The collective action mechanism is superior to other available methods for a fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.

20. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class, as his interests are in complete alignment with those of the entire class, i.e., to prove and then eradicate Defendant's illegal employment practice of not paying overtime wages to their non-exempt employees.

21. Counsel for Plaintiff will adequately protect the interests of the class. Such counsel is experienced with class/collective litigation and has previously served as class counsel in FLSA litigation.

22. Plaintiff and the class Plaintiff represents have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable damage from the illegal policy, practice and custom regarding Defendant's pay practices.

23. Defendant has engaged in a continuing violation of the FLSA.

V. COLLECTIVE ACTION CLAIMS

24. The allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs are incorporated herein.

25. At all relevant times, Defendant has been an employer engaged in interstate

4

commerce consistent with 29 U.S.C. § 207(a). At all relevant times, Defendant employed Plaintiff and each member of the collective action class consistent with the terms of the FLSA.

26. At all relevant times, Defendant was an "employer" under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

27. As a consequence of Defendant's employment practices whereby it paid Plaintiff and similarly situated employees a purported "salary" without any additional compensation for overtime hours, Plaintiff and class members were denied statutory overtime wages.

28. Plaintiff and class members were "employees" of Defendant within the meaning of the FLSA and, as such, were entitled to the benefits of the FLSA's overtime wage requirements.

29. Plaintiff demands a jury to try this case.

30. Based upon the foregoing, Plaintiff brings the following claims against Defendant on behalf of herself and others similarly situated: Willful violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests:

- A. All applicable statutory law damages;
- B. All unpaid overtime wages.
- C. A declaration that Defendant has violated the FLSA;
- D. An order designating this action as an opt in collective action for claims under the FLSA and directing the issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b) for the FLSA claims of the class;

- E. An order appointing Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel to represent those individuals opting in to the collective action;
- F. An Order awarding counsel for Plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- G. Any further relief which the Court deems appropriate under the circumstances.

Respectfully submitted,

GILBERT RUSSELL McWHERTER SCOTT BOBBITT, PLC

/s/ Michael L. Russell Michael L. Russell (20268) 341 Cool Springs Boulevard, Suite 230 Franklin, Tennessee 37064 Telephone: 615-354-1144 mrussell@gilbertfirm.com

/s/ Emily S. Emmons EMILY S. EMMONS (#33281) 341 Cool Springs Boulevard, Suite 230 Franklin, Tennessee 37067 Telephone: 615-354-1144 Email: <u>eemmons@gilbertfirm.com</u>

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF and others similarly situated

FLSA Consent Form

I, Kevin Knapp, hereby give written consent under section 216(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act to be a party plaintiff in an FLSA collective action against Aramark and any entity doing business as Aaramark and/or any such entity's agents, owners, parents, or subsidiaries.

------12/1/16 Date:

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)*

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS KEVIN KNAPP, an indivi situated,	dual on behalf of himself and others simi	ilarly DEFENDANTS ARAMARK BUSINESS CENTER, LLC		
(b) County of Residence of (Ez	f First Listed Plaintiff Davidson CCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.		
Gilbert Russell McWherte	Address, and Telephone Number) er Scott & Bobbitt PLC Suite 230, Franklin, TN 37067	Attorneys (If Known)		
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff		
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	(For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF PTF DEF Citizen of This State □ 1 □ 1 Incorporated or Principal Place □ 4 □ 4 of Business In This State □ 1 □ 1 State □ 4		
2 U.S. Government Defendant	□ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State		
		Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT				
CONTRACT 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	TORTS PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 365 Personal Injury 315 Airplane Product Product Liability 135 Airplane Product Product Liability 130 Assault, Libel & Pharmaceutical Slander Personal Injury 330 Federal Employers' Product Liability 1340 Marine 10368 Asbestos Personal 340 Marine Injury Product 355 Motor Vehicle 370 Other Fraud 355 Motor Vehicle 371 Truth in Lending Product Liability 388 Other Personal Injury 385 Property Damage Injury 530 General 441 Voting 463 Alien Detainee 442 Employment 530 General 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - 530 General 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - 540 Mandamus & Ot Other 550 Civil Rights 448 Education <	- of Property 21 USC 881 y of Property 21 USC 881 g f() al begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c		
	moved from te Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court	□ 4 Reinstated or Reopened □ 5 Transferred from Another District (specify) □ 6 Multidistrict Litigation - Transfer □ 8 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	29 U.S.C. § 201 et seg.	are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTIO UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.			
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE	DOCKET NUMBER		
DATE 12/07/2016 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY	SIGNATURE OF AT S/Michael L. R	TTORNEY OF RECORD Russell		
	BGi16-cv-03158 Documentra	L-2 Filed 12/07/106GE Page 1 of 2 Page 10 #: 8		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)

- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV.** Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7.** Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Middle District of Tennessee

Civil Action No.

KEVIN KNAPP, an individual on behalf of himself and others similarly situated,	
Plaintiff	
v .	
ARAMARK BUSINESS CENTER, LLC	
Defendant	

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address) ARAMARK BUSINESS CENTER, LLC c/o Registered Agent C T CORPORATION SYSTEM 800 S. GAY STREET, SUITE 2021 KNOXVILLE, TN 37929

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Michael L. Russell

Gilbert Russell McWherter Scott & Bobbitt PLC 341 Cool Springs Blvd., Suite 230 Franklin, TN 37067

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

> KEITH THROCKMORTON CLERK OF COURT H. H. Jone Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

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DEC - 7 2016

Date:

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

received by me on (date)	•		
□ I personally served	t the summons on the individual at	t (place)	τ
		on (date)	; or
I left the summons	at the individual's residence or us		
	, a person o	f suitable age and discretion who resid	les there,
on (date)	, and mailed a copy to the second sec	he individual's last known address; or	
□ I served the summ	ons on (name of individual)		, who is
designated by law to	accept service of process on behal	f of (name of organization)	
		on (date)	; or
□ I returned the sum	mons unexecuted because		; or
Other (specify):			
My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
	for travel and \$		0.00
I declare under penalt			0.00
I declare under penalt			0.00
I declare under penalt		is true.	0.00

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Aramark Business Center Tacked with Unpaid Overtime Lawsuit</u>