UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

KAREN JOSEPH, individually and on behalf

of all others similarly situated,

Civil Action No.:

Plaintiff(s),

-against-

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

RECEIVABLE MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.,

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Defendant(s).

Plaintiff, KAREN JOSEPH (hereinafter, "Plaintiff"), a Georgia resident, brings this Class Action Complaint by and through the undersigned attorneys, against Defendant RECEIVABLE MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC. (hereinafter "Defendant"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Congress enacted the FDCPA in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C.
§ 1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws."

- ... [we]re inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).
- 2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." *Id.* § 1692(e). After determining that the existing consumer protection laws were inadequate, *id.* § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. *Id.* § 1692k.
- 3. The rights and obligations established by section 15 U.S.C. § 1692g were considered by the Senate at the time of passage of the FDCPA to be a "significant feature" of the Act. See *S. Rep. No. 382, 95th Cong., 1st Sess. 4, at 4, reprinted in 1977 U.S.C.C.A.N. 1695, 1696.*

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* and 28 U.S.C. § 2201. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).
- 5. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 6. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of Georgia consumers under § 1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA"), and
- 7. Plaintiff is seeking damages, and declaratory and injunctive relief.

PARTIES

- 8. Plaintiff is a natural person and a resident of Clayton County in the State of Georgia, and is a "Consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692(a)(3).
- 9. Defendant is a collection agency with its registered office located at 2901 University Avenue, Suite 29, Muscogee, Columbus, Georgia 31907.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant is a company that uses the mail, telephone, or facsimile in a business the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or that regularly collects or attempts to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 11. Defendant is a "debt collector," as defined under the FDCPA under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

ALLEGATIONS OF FACT

- 12. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 13. Some time prior to December 13, 2016, an obligation was allegedly incurred to EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY.
- 14. The alleged EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY obligation arose out of a transaction in which money, property, insurance or services, which are the subject of the transaction, are primarily for personal, family or household purposes.
- 15. The alleged EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY obligation is a "debt" as defined by 15 U.S.C.§ 1692a(5).
- 16. EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY is a "creditor" as defined by 15 U.S.C.§ 1692a(4).
- 17. EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENTRY or subsequent owner of the EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY debt contracted the Defendant to collect the alleged debt.

- 18. Defendant Receivable Management Group, Inc. is a company that uses mail, telephone or facsimile in a business the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or that regularly collects or attempts to collect debts incurred or alleged to have been incurred for personal, family or household purposes on behalf of creditors.
- 19. On or about December 13, 2016, Defendant sent to the Plaintiff a collection letter (the "Letter") regarding an alleged debt originally owed to EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY. See Exhibit A.
- 20. Upon information and belief, the Letter was the first communication from Defendant to the Plaintiff with regards to the alleged EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY debt.
- 21. Plaintiff received the letter and read it. The Letter stated in part:

"Re: EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY"

- 22. The December 13, 2016 letter fails to explicitly or implicitly identify Plaintiff's current creditor.
- 23. The Plaintiff, as would any least sophisticated consumer, was left unsure as to what current creditor Defendant was attempting to collect for.
- 24. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692g, a debt collector is required in the initial communication with a consumer, to identify the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed.
- 25. The obligation is not only to identify the name of the creditor, but to convey the name of the creditor clearly and explicitly.
- 26. Merely listing "Re: EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY" on a collection letter does not explicitly convey that "EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY" is the current creditor to whom the debt is owed.
- 27. In Datiz v. Int'l Recovery Assocs., Inc., the Court held that an initial letter that merely states

- "Re: John T. Mather Hospital", is not without more sufficient to satisfy the requirements under 1692g. *See, Datiz v. Int'l Recovery Assocs., Inc.*, No. 15CV3549ADSAKT, 2016 WL 4148330, at *11 (E.D.N.Y. Aug. 4, 2016), motion for relief from judgment denied, No. 15CV3549ADSAKT, 2017 WL 59085 (E.D.N.Y. Jan. 4, 2017).
- 28. Congress adopted the debt validation provisions of section 1692g to guarantee that consumers would receive adequate notice of their rights under the FDCPA. *Wilson*, 225 F.3d at 354, citing *Miller v. Payco–General Am. Credits, Inc.*, 943 F.2d 482, 484 (4th Cir.1991).
- 29. Congress further desired to "eliminate the recurring problem of debt collectors dunning the wrong person or attempting to collect debts which the consumer has already paid." S.Rep. No. 95–382, at 4 (1977), reprinted in 1977 U.S.C.C.A.N. 1695, 1699.
- 30. The rights afforded to consumers under Section 1692g(a) are amongst the most powerful protections provided by the FDCPA.
- 31. The FDCPA gives consumers a statutory right to receive certain information, including the name of the creditor to whom the debt collector is attempting to collect for, which the Plaintiff was deprived of in this case.
- 32. As a result of the Defendant's violations of the FDCPA, the Plaintiff was harmed.
- 33. Defendant's actions as described herein are part of a pattern and practice used to collect consumer debts.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 34. Plaintiffs bring this claim on behalf of the following class, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and 23(b)(3).
- 35. The Class consists of (a) all individuals with addresses in Clayton County, Georgia (b) to whom Defendant (c) sent an initial collection letter attempting to collect a consumer debt

- (d) without properly identifying the name of the creditor to whom the alleged debt was owed (e) which letter was sent on or after a date one year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date 21 days after the filing of this action.
- 36. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of Defendants and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collect and/or have purchased debts.
- 37. Excluded from the Plaintiff Classes are the Defendants and all officers, members, partners, managers, directors, and employees of the Defendants and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action and all members of their immediate families.
- 38. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Classes, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as *Exhibit A*, violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692g.
- 39. The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories.
- 40. The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff Classes defined in this complaint. The Plaintiffs have retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiffs nor their attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.
- 41. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-

defined community interest in the litigation:

- (a) <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that the Plaintiff Classes defined above are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
- (b) <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff Classes and those questions predominate over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as *Exhibit A*, violate 15 U.S.C. § 1692g.
- (c) <u>Typicality:</u> The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the class members.
 The Plaintiffs and all members of the Plaintiff Classes have claims arising out of the Defendants' common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
- (d) Adequacy: The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiffs have no interests that are averse to the absent class members. The Plaintiffs are committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiffs have also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiffs nor their counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
- (e) <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum

- efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.
- 42. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff Classes predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- 43. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiffs may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

COUNT I

VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692g et seq.

- 44. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 45. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692g.
- 46. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692g, a debt collector is required in the initial communication with a consumer, to identify the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed.
- 47. The Defendant violated section 1692g(a)(2) by failing to clearly and concisely identify the current creditor.
- 48. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692g *et seq.* of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs

and attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

- (a) Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying Plaintiff as Class representative, and the undersigned as Class Counsel;
 - (b) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;
 - (c) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;
 - (d) Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;
 - (e) Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and
 - (f) Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: December 7, 2017

By: /s/Misty Ann Oaks_____

Misty Ann Oaks, Esq. The Oaks Firm 3315 Charlston Court Decatur, Georgia 30034 Tel: (404) 725-5697

Fax: (775) 320-3695 Attorneys for Plaintiff

Email: attyoaks@yahoo.com

PRO HAC VICE APPLICATION

Yitzchak Zelman, Esq. MARCUS ZELMAN, LLC 1500 Allaire Avenue, Suite 101 Ocean, New Jersey 07712

Phone: (732) 695-3282

Facsimile: (732) 298-6256

Email: yzelman@marcuszelman.com

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: December 7, 2017

/s/_Misty Ann Oaks, Esq.__

Columbus GA 31917-6070 ADDRESS SERVICE REQUESTED

12/13/16

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0008120024001257000930236-1YA1-Y1CB0CC102 1782

KAREN J. JOSEPH

Receivable Management Group, Inc.

2901 University Ave. #29 • Columbus, GA 31907 (706) 563-6878 • (800) 218-1764

Re: EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY

Account #: Sum Claimed:

\$907.00

Receivable Management Group, Inc. PO Box 6070 Columbus GA 31917-6070

*** Please detach the upper portion and return with your payment ***

1782-CMRMGP10-1ST-1/06/10

Re: EMERGINET ER PHYSICIANS HENRY

Account #: BR31 Sum Claimed: \$907.00

Dear KAREN J. JOSEPH:

Your past due account has been assigned to this office for collection. This is a demand for payment in full. Your unpaid balance is to be paid directly to our office. If you have any questions or concerns, please call (800) 218-1764 or (706) 563-6878. For your convenience, you may also log onto our secure website to make a payment at pay.rmgcollections.net. This communication is from a debt collector.

Receivable Management Group, Inc. 2901 University Ave. #29 Columbus, GA 31907 (800) 218-1764

IMPORTANT CONSUMER NOTICE

Unless you notify this office within 30 days after receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will assume this debt is valid. If you notify this office in writing within 30 days from receiving this notice that you dispute the validity of this debt or any portion thereof, this office will obtain verification of the debt or obtain a copy of a judgment and mail you a copy of such judgment or verification. If you request of this office in writing within 30 days after receiving this notice this office will provide you with the name and address of the original creditor, if different from the current creditor.

Sincerely,

J.R. Bryant

This is an attempt to collect a debt by a debt collector and any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

The JS44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket record. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ATTACHED)

	A second second second second second second	
I. (a) PLAINTIFF(S) KAREN JOSEPH, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated		DEFENDANT(S) RECEIVABLE MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.
(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF Clayton (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)		COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED
(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER, AND E-MAIL ADDRESS) THE OAKS FIRM 3315 Charlston Court Decatur, GA 30034 Tel: 404.725.5697 Email: attyoaks@yahoo.com		ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)		ZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES N "X" IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT) (FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY)
□ 1 U.S. GOVERNMENT PLAINTIFF □ 2 U.S. GOVERNMENT DEF □ 1 □ 1 CITIZEN OF THIS STATE □ 4 □ 4 INCORPORATED OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THIS STATE □ 2 CITIZEN OF ANOTHER STATE □ 3 CITIZEN OR SUBJECT OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY □ 3 FEDERAL QUESTION (U.S. GOVERNMENT NOT A PARTY) □ 1 □ 1 CITIZEN OF THIS STATE □ 2 □ 2 CITIZEN OF ANOTHER STATE □ 3 □ 3 CITIZEN OR SUBJECT OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY □ 4 □ 4 □ 4 INCORPORATED OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THIS STATE □ 3 □ 3 CITIZEN OR SUBJECT OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY		
IV. ORIGIN (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY) 1 ORIGINAL PROCEEDING 2 REMOVED FROM APPELLATE COURT APPELLATE COUR		
LITIGATION- DIRECT FILE		
V. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE- DO NOT CITE 15 U.S.C. 1692 Defendant violated the FDCPA		
□ 2. Unusually large number of claims or defenses. □ 7. Pending properties □ 3. Factual issues are exceptionally complex □ 8. Multiple □ 4. Greater than normal volume of evidence. □ 9. Need for		lems locating or preserving evidence ling parallel investigations or actions by government. iple use of experts. d for discovery outside United States boundaries. tence of highly technical issues and proof.
CONTINUED ON REVERSE		
### AMOUNT \$ JUDGE MAG. JUDGE #############################		F SUIT CAUSE OF ACTION

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Consumer Claims Receivable Management Group Illegally Failed to Specify Current Creditor