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1 2 3 4 5	Joshua Swigart, Esq. (SBN: 225557) josh@westcoastlitigation.com Kevin Lemieux, Esq (SBN: 225886) kevin@westcoastlitigation.com HYDE AND SWIGART 2221 Camino Del Rio South, Suite 101 San Diego, CA 92108 Telephone: (619) 233-7770					
6	Facsimile: (619) 297-1022					
7 8 9	[Other Attorneys of Record Listed on Sign Attorneys for Plaintiff	nature Page]				
10 11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
12 13 14	Roxanne Gonzalez, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated,	Case No.: '17CV0644 GPC WVG CLASS ACTION				
15 16	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF				
17	V.	PURSUANT TO THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER				
18	Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC,	PROTECTION ACT, 47 U.S.C. §				
18 19 20	Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC, Defendant.					

INTRODUCTION

Roxanne Gonzalez (referred to as "Plaintiff"), brings this class action for 1. damages, injunctive relief, and any other available legal or equitable remedies, resulting from the illegal actions of Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC (referred to as "Defendant"), in negligently, knowingly, and/or willfully

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- contacting Plaintiff on Plaintiff's cellular telephones, in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, et seq., ("TCPA"), thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy. Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to herself and her own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by her attorneys.
- The TCPA was designed to prevent calls and messages like the one described 2. within this complaint, and to protect the privacy of citizens like Plaintiff. "Voluminous consumer complaints about abuses of telephone technology – for example, computerized calls dispatched to private homes – prompted Congress to pass the TCPA." Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC, 132 S. Ct. 740, 744 (2012).
- In enacting the TCPA, Congress intended to give consumers a choice as to 3. how creditors and telemarketers may call them, and made specific findings that "[t]echnologies that might allow consumers to avoid receiving such calls are not universally available, are costly, are unlikely to be enforced, or place an inordinate burden on the consumer." TCPA, Pub.L. No. 102-243, § 11. Toward this end, Congress found that:

Banning such automated or prerecorded telephone calls to the home, except when the receiving party consents to receiving the call or when such calls are necessary in an emergency situation affecting the health and safety of the consumer, is the only effective means of protecting telephone consumers from this nuisance and privacy invasion.

- Id. at § 12; see also, Martin v. Leading Edge Recovery Solutions, LLC, 2012 WL 3292838, at *4 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 10, 2012) (citing Congressional finding on TCPA's purpose).
- Congress also specifically found that "the evidence presented to the Congress 4. indicates that automated or prerecorded calls are a nuisance and an invasion

- of privacy, regardless of the type of call [...]." *Id.* At §§ 12-13. *See also, Mims*, 132 S. Ct. at 744.
- 5. As Judge Easterbrook of the Seventh Circuit explained in a TCPA case regarding calls to a non-debtor similar to this one:

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act [...] is well known for its provisions limiting junk-fax transmissions. A less litigated part of the Act curtails the use of automated dialers and prerecorded messages to cell phones, whose subscribers often are billed by the minute as soon as the call is answered – and routing a call to voicemail counts as answering the call. An automated call to a landline phone can be an annoyance; an automated call to a cell phone adds expense to annoyance.

Soppet v. Enhanced Recovery Co., LLC, 679 F.3d 637, 638 (7th Cir. 2012).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. Jurisdiction is proper under 47 U.S.C §227(b); *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs.*, *LLC*, 132 S.Ct. 740 (2012), because Plaintiff alleges violations of federal law.
- 7. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and 1441(a) because even though Plaintiff lives in Los Angeles, CA, the events giving rise to Plaintiff's causes of action against Defendant occurred in the State of California within the Southern District of California and Defendant conducts business in the area of San Diego, California. Plaintiff was physically in San Diego County when she received both telephone calls from Defendant.

PARTIES

8. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, an individual citizen and resident of the County of Los Angeles, in the State of California, who received the telephone calls which are subject of this complaint, while she was physically in the County of San Diego.

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- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant is, and at all times mentioned herein was, an individual and a "person," as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (39).
- 10. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant is a Florida Limited Liability Company, with offices in Orlando, Florida and Winter Park, Florida. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times, Defendant conducted business in the State of California and in the County of San Diego, and within this judicial district.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- At all times relevant, Plaintiff was a citizen of the State of California. 11. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C § 153 (39).
- Defendant is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a "person" as defined by 12. 47 U.S.C. §153 (39).
- 13. Sometime prior to January 1, 2013, Ms. Gonzalez was assigned, and became the owner of, a cellular telephone number from her wireless provider.
- 14. On or about March 23, 2017, at 4:52 PM, Ms. Gonzalez received a call on her cellular telephone from Defendant, in which Defendant utilized an automatic telephone dialing system ("ATDS") as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(1), using an "artificial or prerecorded voice" as prohibited by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b) (1)(A).
- The call to Ms. Gonzalez's cellular telephone number, (323) XXX-2619, from 15. Defendant, came from phone number: (323) 743-8543.
- Plaintiff answered the call and was greeted by an artificial voice or pre-16. recorded girl, who initially sounded like a real person. The artificial voice asked Plaintiff three questions to "prequalify" her for a free cruise. During

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- the conversation it became clear to Plaintiff that she was speaking to a machine or a voice recognition system.
- After Plaintiff answered the questions she was transferred to a real person 17. who identified himself as "Jacob." Plaintiff asked Jacob the company name and she was told "Grand Celebration Cruises." Plaintiff then asked Jacob for a callback number and he would not provide a number.
- Defendant called Plaintiff again on March 23, 2017 at 5:52 PM. This call 18. came from (323) 627-0662. Plaintiff did not answer this call.
- 19. Based on information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that both calls came from Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC. Plaintiff was never informed of any third party making the calls on behalf of Defendant.
- The calls to Plaintiff were for marketing purposes as Defendant was trying to 20. sell Plaintiff a cruise vacation. Plaintiff has no business relationship with Defendant.
- The ATDS used by Defendant has the capacity to store or produce telephone 21. numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator.
- The ATDS used by Defendant also has the capacity to, and does, call 22. telephone numbers from a list of databases of telephone numbers automatically and without human intervention.
- 23. The telephone number Defendant called was assigned to a cellular telephone service for which Plaintiff incurred a charge for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227 (b)(1).
- Plaintiff at no time provided "prior express consent," written or otherwise, for 24. Defendant to place telephone calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone with an artificial or prerecorded voice utilizing an ATDS as proscribed under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

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25.	Plaintiff had not provided her cellular telephone number to Defe	ndant.
	Plaintiff was not a customer of Defendant. Plaintiff had no "estab	lished
	business relationship" with Defendant, as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227 (a))(2)

These telephone calls made by Defendant were in violation of 47 U.S.C. § 26. 227(b)(1).

STANDING

- Standing is proper under Article III of the Constitution of the United States of 27. America because Plaintiff's claims state:
 - a. a valid injury in fact;
 - b. which is traceable to the conduct of Defendant;
 - c. and is likely to be redressed by a favorable judicial decision.
 - See, Spokeo, Inc. v. Robins, 578 U.S. (2016) at 6, and Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife, 504 U.S. 555 at 560.
- 28. In order to meet the standard laid out in Spokeo and Lujan, Plaintiff must clearly allege facts demonstrating all three prongs above.

A. The "Injury in Fact" Prong

- Plaintiff's injury in fact must be both "concrete" and "particularized" in order 29. to satisfy the requirements of Article III of the Constitution, as laid out in Spokeo (Id.).
- For an injury to be "concrete" it must be a de facto injury, meaning that it 30. actually exists. Soppet v. Enhanced Recovery Co., LLC, 679 F.3d 637, 638 (7th Cir. 2012). In the present case, Plaintiff was called on her cellular phone by Defendant, who utilized an ATDS and a pre-recorded voice or artificial voice paired with a voice recognition system. Such calls are a nuisance, an invasion of privacy, and an expense to Plaintiff. All three of these injuries are concrete and de facto.

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For an injury to be "particularized" means that the injury must "affect the 31. Plaintiff in a personal and individual way." Spokeo, Inc. v. Robins, 578 U.S. (2016) at 7. In the instant case, it was Plaintiff's phone that was called Plaintiff herself who answered the calls. It was Plaintiff's personal privacy and peace that was invaded by Defendant's call and prerecorded message, that was delivered using an ATDS. Finally, Plaintiff alone is responsible to pay the bill on her cellular phone. All of these injuries are particularized and specific to Plaintiff, and will be the same injuries suffered by each member of the putative class.

The "Traceable to the Conduct of Defendant" Prong

- The second prong required to establish standing at the pleadings phase is that 32. Plaintiff must allege facts to show that her injuries are traceable to the conduct of Defendant(s).
- In the instant case, this prong is met simply by the fact that the message was 33. delivered to Plaintiff's cellular phone directly by Defendant, or by Defendant's agent at the direction of Defendant.

C. The "Injury is Likely to be Redressed by a Favorable Judicial Opinion" Prong

- The third prong to establish standing at the pleadings phase requires Plaintiff 34. to allege facts to show that the injury is likely to be redressed by a favorable judicial opinion.
- 35. In the present case, Plaintiff's Prayers for Relief include a request for damages for each call made by Defendant, as authorized by statute in 47 U.S.C. § 227. The statutory damages were set by Congress and specifically redress the financial damages suffered by Plaintiff and the members of the putative class.

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- Furthermore, Plaintiff's Prayers for Relief request injunctive relief to restrain 36. Defendant from the alleged abusive practices in the future. The award of monetary damages and the order for injunctive relief redress the injuries of the past, and prevent further injury in the future.
- 37. Because all standing requirements of Article III of the U.S. Constitution have been met, as laid out in Spokeo, Inc. v. Robins, 578 U.S. (2016), Plaintiff has standing to sue Defendant on the stated claims.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of herself and on behalf of all others 38. similarly situated ("the Class").
- Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, the Class, consisting of: 39.
 - a. All persons within the United States who had or have a number assigned to a cellular telephone service, who received at least one telephone call using an ATDS and/or an artificial or prerecorded voice from Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC, or their agents calling on behalf of Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC, between the date of filing this action and the four years preceding, where such calls were placed for the purpose of marketing, to non-customers of Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC, at the time of the calls.
- Defendant and their employees or agents are excluded from the Class. 40. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in the Class, but believes the Class members number in the thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.

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- Plaintiff and members of the Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in 41. at least the following ways: Defendant illegally contacted Plaintiff and the Class members via their cellular telephones thereby causing Plaintiff and the Class members to incur certain cellular telephone charges or reduce cellular telephone time for which Plaintiff and the Class members previously paid, by having to retrieve or administer messages left by Defendant or her agents, during those illegal calls, and invading the privacy of said Plaintiff and the Class members. Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby.
- This suit seeks only damages and injunctive relief for recovery of economic 42. injury on behalf of the Class and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand the Class definition to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.
- The joinder of the Class members is impractical and the disposition of their 43. claims in the Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the Court. The Class can be identified through Defendant's records and/or Defendant's agent's records.
- 44. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to the Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members, including the following:
 - i. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of the Complaint, Defendant made any call(s) (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to the Class members using any ATDS or an artificial or prerecorded voice to any telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service;

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- ii. Whether Defendant called non-customers of Defendant for marketing purposes;
- iii. Whether Plaintiff and the Class members were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation(s); and
- iv. Whether Defendant should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
- As a person who received calls from Defendant in which Defendant used an 45. ATDS or an artificial or prerecorded voice, without Plaintiff's prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the Class. will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class in that Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to any member of the Class.
- Plaintiff and the members of the Class have all suffered irreparable harm as a 46. result of the Defendant's unlawful and wrongful conduct. Absent a class action, the Class will continue to face the potential for irreparable harm. In addition, these violations of law will be allowed to proceed without remedy and Defendant will likely continue such illegal conduct. The size of Class member's individual claims causes, few, if any, Class members to be able to afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein.
- Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims and 47. claims involving violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act.
- A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of 48. this controversy. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with federal and California law. The interest of Class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum statutory damages in an individual action for violation of privacy are minimal. Management of these claims is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than those that would be presented in numerous individual claims.

 49. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- 50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 51. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitutes multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.
- 52. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- 53. Plaintiff and the Class are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: KNOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- 54. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.
- 55. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above-cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq.
- 56. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq., Plaintiff and each of the Class are entitled to treble damages, as

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- provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- Plaintiff and the Class are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief 57. prohibiting such conduct in the future.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff and the 58. Class members the following relief against Defendant:

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NEGLIGENT VIOLATION OF THE TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- 59. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for herself and each Class member \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B).
- Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such 60. conduct in the future.
- 61. Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR KNOWING AND/OR WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THE TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ET SEQ.

- As a result of Defendant's willful and/or knowing violations of 47 U.S.C. § 62. 227(b)(1), Plaintiff seeks for herself and each Class member treble damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500.00 for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(A), injunctive relief prohibiting such 63. conduct in the future.
- Any other relief the Court may deem just and proper. 64.

TRIAL BY JURY

65.	Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States of
	America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: March 29, 2017 **HYDE & SWIGART**

> By: s/Kevin Lemieux. Kevin Lemieux Attorneys for Plaintiff

Other Attorneys of Record, besides caption page:

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JS 44 (Rev. 12/E) ase 3:17-cv-00644-GPC-WVC_TPDCUMENT_1 STIEGE 03/30/17 P176W0644 GRGeWVG 1

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Roxanne Gonzalez, Indiv situated	DEFENDANTS Grand Celebration Cruises, LLC					
(b) County of Residence of	f First Listed Plaintiff		County	f Residence	of First Listed Defendant	
	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	SES)			(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES C	ONLY)
			NOTE:	IN LAND CO THE TRACT	ONDEMNATION CASES, USE T OF LAND INVOLVED.	THE LOCATION OF
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A			Attorney	'S (If Known)		
Kevin Lemieux, Esq., Hyd						
2221Camino Del Rio S.,	Ste. 101, San Diego, (CA 92108				
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)	<u> </u>	HIP OF P	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
□ 1 IIS Government	2 Fodoral Overtion		(For Diversity		rf def	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF
1 U.S. Government 3 3 Federal Question Plaintiff (U.S. Government)		Not a Party)	Citizen of This State		 TF DEF 1 □ 1 Incorporated or Proof Business In Total 	rincipal Place 🗖 4 🗖 4
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi)	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another S	State 🗆	2	
			Citizen or Subject o Foreign Country	fa □	3	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT						OWNERS OF LOWERS
CONTRACT ☐ 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	RTS PERSONAL INJURY	FORFEITURE/ Y □ 625 Drug Relate		BANKRUPTCY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	OTHER STATUTES □ 375 False Claims Act
☐ 120 Marine	☐ 310 Airplane	☐ 365 Personal Injury -	of Property		☐ 422 Appear 28 USC 138	☐ 400 State Reapportionment
130 Miller Act	☐ 315 Airplane Product	Product Liability 367 Health Care/	☐ 690 Other		28 USC 157	☐ 410 Antitrust ☐ 430 Banks and Banking
□ 140 Negotiable Instrument□ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability ☐ 320 Assault, Libel &	Pharmaceutical			PROPERTY RIGHTS	☐ 450 Commerce
& Enforcement of Judgment ☐ 151 Medicare Act		Personal Injury Product Liability			☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 830 Patent	☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and
☐ 151 Medicare Act ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	☐ 330 Federal Employers' Liability	☐ 368 Asbestos Personal			☐ 840 Trademark	Corrupt Organizations
Student Loans	☐ 340 Marine	Injury Product	LARO	D.	COCKA CECURATA	480 Consumer Credit
(Excludes Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPER	TY 710 Fair Labor S		SOCIAL SECURITY ☐ 861 HIA (1395ff)	☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV ☐ 850 Securities/Commodities/
of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	□ 370 Other Fraud	Act		□ 862 Black Lung (923)	Exchange
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending ☐ 380 Other Personal	☐ 720 Labor/Mana Relations	gement	☐ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) ☐ 864 SSID Title XVI	■ 890 Other Statutory Actions ■ 891 Agricultural Acts
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage	740 Railway Lab		□ 865 RSI (405(g))	☐ 893 Environmental Matters
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury ☐ 362 Personal Injury -	☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability	☐ 751 Family and I Leave Act	Medical		☐ 895 Freedom of Information Act
	Medical Malpractice	1 Toddet Elability	☐ 790 Other Labor	Litigation		☐ 896 Arbitration
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITION			FEDERAL TAX SUITS	□ 899 Administrative Procedure
210 Land Condemnation220 Foreclosure	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights ☐ 441 Voting	Habeas Corpus: ☐ 463 Alien Detainee	Income Secu	rity Act	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	☐ 442 Employment	☐ 510 Motions to Vacate			☐ 871 IRS—Third Party	☐ 950 Constitutionality of
240 Torts to Land245 Tort Product Liability	☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations	Sentence ☐ 530 General			26 USC 7609	State Statutes
☐ 290 All Other Real Property	☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 535 Death Penalty	IMMIGRA		j	
	Employment ☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities -	Other: 540 Mandamus & Othe	☐ 462 Naturalization			
	Other	☐ 550 Civil Rights	Actions	ration		
	☐ 448 Education	☐ 555 Prison Condition				
		☐ 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of				
		Confinement				
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in	**					
	te Court	Appellate Court	J 4 Reinstated or 1 Reopened	Anothe (specify)	er District Litigation	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	47 H.S.C. 8 227 e		e filing (Do not cite juri	sdictional stat	tutes unless diversity):	
		d Telephone Consu	umer Protection A	ct		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$ 5,000,000	.00	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	r if demanded in complaint: : ※ Yes □ No
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE			ORNEY OF RECORD		<u> </u>	
03/30/2017		s/ Kevin Lemieu				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY						
RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JU	DGE

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Buffalo's Café Operators Hit with Unpaid Wage Lawsuit</u>