FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS WESTERN DIVISION

JAMES W. MCCOMMACK, CLERK By:

ASHLEY FOSTER, ERICA MORGAN, Each Individually and on Behalf of all Others Similarly Situated **PLAINTIFFS**

VS.

No. 4:18-cv-217-KhB

GRADY'S PIZZA & SUBS, INC.,

d/b/a GRADY'S RESTAURANThis case assigned to District Judge Differ DEFENDANT

and to Magistrate Judge

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT—CLASS AND COLLECTIVE ACTION

COME NOW Plaintiffs Ashley Foster and Erica Morgan ("Plaintiffs"), each individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through their attorneys Allison Koile, Chris Burks and Josh Sanford of the Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and for their Original Complaint—Class and Collective Action against Defendant Grady's Pizza & Subs, Inc., d/b/a Grady's Restaurant ("Defendant"), do hereby state and allege as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. This is a class and collective action for wages owed. Defendant owns and/or operates a Grady's Restaurant in Pulaski County, located at 6801 West 12th Street, Little Rock, Arkansas 72204 ("Grady's").
- 2. Plaintiffs and other servers spent more than 20% of their time performing non-tipped duties for Defendant such as opening and closing the restaurant, rolling silverware, performing side work, and other non-tipped duties. Because Plaintiffs and other servers spent more than 20% of their time performing non-tipped duties for

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Defendant, Defendant was not allowed to take advantage of the 203(m) tip credit with

respect to the pay Plaintiffs and the class members.

3. Plaintiffs, each individually and on behalf of all other servers employed by

Defendant, brings this action under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et

seq. ("FLSA"), and the Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. §11-4-201, et seq.

("AMWA") for declaratory judgment, monetary damages, liquidated damages,

prejudgment interest, and costs, including a reasonable attorney's fee, as a result of

Defendant's failure to pay Plaintiffs and all others similarly situated minimum wages as

required by the FLSA and AMWA.

4. Defendant's policies violate the FLSA because Plaintiffs and others similarly

situated are not compensated at a minimum of \$7.25 per hour.

5. Defendant's policies violate the AMWA because Plaintiffs and others

similarly situated are not compensated at a minimum of \$8.50 per hour.

6. Plaintiffs and all those similarly situated seek a declaratory judgment;

monetary damages; liquidated damages; prejudgment interest; and costs, including

reasonable attorneys' fees, within the applicable statutory limitations period as a result of

Defendant's failure to pay minimum wages under the FLSA and the AMWA.

7. Upon information and belief, for at least three (3) years prior to the filing of

this Complaint, Defendant has willfully and intentionally committed violations of the FLSA

as described, infra.

II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas has

subject matter jurisdiction over this suit under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because

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this suit raises federal questions under the FLSA.

9. This Complaint also alleges AMWA violations, which arise out of the same

set of operative facts as the federal cause of action herein alleged; accordingly, this state

cause of action would be expected to be tried with the federal claim in a single judicial

proceeding. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' AMWA claims

pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

10. The acts complained of herein were committed and had their principal effect

against Plaintiffs within the Western Division of the Eastern District of Arkansas.

Therefore, venue is proper within this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

III. THE PARTIES

11. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all the preceding paragraphs of this Original

Complaint as if fully set forth in this section.

12. Plaintiff Ashley Foster is a citizen and resident of Saline County.

13. Plaintiff Erica Morgan is a citizen and resident of Pulaski County.

14. Plaintiffs worked for Defendant at times during the three years preceding

the filing of the Complaint.

15. At all times material hereto, Plaintiffs have been entitled to the rights,

protection and benefits provided under the FLSA and AMWA.

16. Defendant is a domestic for-profit limited liability company that owns and

operates restaurants in the United States under the "Grady's Restaurant" trademark.

17. Defendant's annual gross volume of sales made or business done was not

less than \$500,000.00 (exclusive of exercise taxes at the retail level that are separately

stated) during each of the three calendar years preceding the filing of this Complaint.

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18. During each of the three years preceding the filing of this Complaint,

Defendant employed at least two individuals who were engaged in interstate commerce

or in the production of goods for interstate commerce, or had employees handling, selling,

or otherwise working on goods or materials that had been moved in or produced for

commerce by any person.

19. Defendant's registered agent for service of process is Steven E. Gilbert.

6801 West 12th. Street, Suite C, Little Rock, Arkansas 72204.

20. Defendant was Plaintiffs' employer and the employer of the proposed

collective and class within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), and the Arkansas

Minimum Wage Act, A.C.A. § 11-4-203, at all times relevant to this lawsuit.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS IV.

20. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all the preceding paragraphs of this Original

Complaint as if fully set forth in this section.

21. Plaintiffs were employed by Defendant as servers at Grady's Restaurant

during the time period relevant to this lawsuit.

22. Plaintiffs and other servers work(ed) as hourly, non-exempt servers at

Grady's Restaurant.

23. Defendant pays its servers less than the minimum wage of \$7.25 per hour.

Instead of paying the required minimum wage, Defendant purports to take advantage of

the tip credit allowed by 29 U.S.C. § 203(m).

24. Defendant does not inform its employees of the provisions of 29 U.S.C. §

203(m).

25. As servers, Plaintiffs and other servers performed both duties that

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generated tips, such as delivering food to customers ("tipped work"), and duties that did

not generate tips, such as opening the restaurant and rolling silverware ("non-tipped

work").

26. Plaintiffs and other servers were required to work at \$2.63 per hour when

the dining room was closed, when they were doing side work not in the dining room, and

also when they were doing cut work.

27. Upon information and belief, Defendant does not distinguish between time

spent by servers on tipped work and time spent by servers on non-tipped work.

28. Non-tipped duties occupy more than twenty percent of Plaintiffs' time and

the time of other servers.

29. Defendant paid Plaintiffs and other servers the same rate—below the

applicable minimum wages—for both tipped work and non-tipped work.

30. As a result of the policies put in place by Defendant, Plaintiffs and other

servers were often required to perform non-tipped work for less than minimum wage.

31. Plaintiffs other tipped servers are entitled to wages and compensation

based on the standard minimum wage for all hours worked.

32. Defendant knew, or showed reckless disregard for whether, the way they

paid Plaintiffs and other tipped servers violated the FLSA and AMWA.

V. REPRESENTATIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

A. FLSA § 216(b) Collective

33. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully set forth herein.

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34. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and all others similarly situated have been

entitled to the rights, protections and benefits provided by the FLSA and the AMWA.

35. Plaintiffs bring their claims for relief for violation of the FLSA as a collective

action pursuant to Section 16(b) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

36. Plaintiffs brings their FLSA claims on behalf of all servers who were paid

tips and employed by Defendant at any time within the applicable statute of limitations

period, who are entitled to payment of the following types of damages:

A. A lawful minimum wage for all hours worked; and

B. Liquidated damages and attorneys' fees and costs.

37. In conformity with the requirements of FLSA Section 16(b), Plaintiffs have

attached hereto as Exhibit "A" their written Consent to Join this lawsuit.

38. The relevant time period dates back three years from the date on which

Plaintiffs' Original Complaint—Class and Collective Action was filed herein and continues

forward through the date of judgment pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

39. The members of the proposed FLSA Collective are similarly situated in that

they share these traits:

A. They were subject to Defendant's common policy of paying less than

minimum wage;

B. They spent more than 20% of their time performing non-tipped duties for

Defendant; and

C. They were paid hourly.

40. Plaintiffs are unable to state the exact number of the potential members of

the FLSA Collective but believes that the group exceeds 40 persons.

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41. In the modern era, most working-class Americans have become

increasingly reliant on email and text messages, and generally use them just as often, if

not more so, than traditional U.S. Mail.

42. Defendant can readily identify the members of the Section 16(b) Collective.

The names and physical addresses, email addresses and phone numbers of the FLSA

collective action plaintiffs are available from Defendant, and a Court-approved Notice

should be provided to the FLSA collective action plaintiffs via first class mail, email and

text message to their last known physical and electronic mailing addresses and cell phone

numbers as soon as possible, together with other documents and information descriptive

of Plaintiffs' FLSA claim.

43. At all relevant times, Defendant directly hired members of the Collective

Action Class to work in restaurants, paid them wages, controlled their work schedules,

duties, protocols, applications, assignments and employment conditions, and kept at least

some records regarding their employment.

44. At all relevant times, each member of the Collective Action Class regularly

engaged in interstate commerce or handled, sold, or otherwise worked with goods or

materials that had been moved in or produced for interstate commerce.

B. AMWA Rule 23 Class

45. Plaintiffs brings this action each on behalf of herself and on behalf of all

other similarly situated employees, former and present, who were and/or are affected by

Defendant's willful and intentional violation of the AMWA pursuant to Rule 23 of the

Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

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46. Plaintiffs propose to represent the class of tipped servers who are/were

employed by Defendant within the relevant time period within Arkansas.

47. The Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. While

the exact number and identities of Class members are unknown at this time, and can only

be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiffs believes that over 30 class

members have worked for Defendant without appropriate pay, as described herein,

throughout the applicable statutory period within the State of Arkansas.

48. This litigation is properly brought as a class action because of the existence

of questions of fact and law common to the Class which predominate over any questions

affecting only individual members, including:

(a) Whether Plaintiffs and others similarly situated were required to perform

non-tipped duties for more than 20% of their time while employed by Defendant;

(b) Whether Defendant informed Plaintiffs and others similarly situated about

the requirements of 29 U.S.C. § 203(m);

(c) Whether Defendant satisfied its obligation to pay Plaintiffs and others

similarly situated the minimum wage payments required by the FLSA and the AMWA;

(d) The correct method of calculating back pay;

(e) Whether Plaintiffs and others similarly situated are entitled to compensatory

and liquidated damages, and if so, the means of measuring such damages;

(f) Whether Defendant is liable for pre-judgment interest; and

(g) Whether Defendant is liable for attorney's fees and costs.

49. This litigation is properly brought as a class action because Plaintiffs' claims

are typical of the claims of the members of the Class, in that Plaintiffs and others similarly

situated were denied their wages as a result of Defendant's uniform policy of requiring

Plaintiffs and those similarly situated to spend more than 20% of their time on non-tipped

duties. These are the predominant issues that pertain to the claims of Plaintiffs and of

others similarly situated.

50. Plaintiffs have no interests antagonistic to the interests of the other

members of the Class. Plaintiffs are committed to the vigorous prosecution of this action

and has retained competent counsel experienced in class action litigation. Accordingly,

Plaintiffs are adequate representatives and will fairly and adequately protect the interests

of the class.

51. A class action is an appropriate and superior method for the fair and efficient

adjudication of the present controversy given the following factors:

(a) Common questions of law and/or fact predominate over any individual

questions which may arise, and, accordingly, there would accrue enormous savings to

both the Court and the class in litigating the common issues on a class-wide, instead of

on a repetitive individual, basis;

(b) Despite the relatively small size of individual class members' claims, their

aggregate volume, coupled with the economies of scale inherent in litigating similar claims

on a common basis, will enable this case to be litigated as a class action on a cost-

effective basis, especially when compared with repetitive individual litigation; and

(c) No unusual difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of

this class action in that all questions of law and/or fact to be litigated at the liability stage

of this action are common to the class.

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52. Plaintiffs are not aware of any member of the proposed class who has an

interest in individually controlling the prosecution of separate actions, nor are Plaintiffs

aware of any other litigation concerning this particular controversy.

53. Class certification is further appropriate under AMWA because Defendant

has acted and continues to act on grounds generally applicable to the members of the

class and all the requirements under Rule 23(a) and Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules

of Civil Procedure are met.

54. Plaintiffs anticipate that there will be no difficulty in the management of this

litigation. This litigation presents AMWA claims of a type that have often been prosecuted

on a class-wide basis, and the manner of identifying the class and providing any monetary

relief to it can easily be effectuated from a review of Defendant's records.

55. The questions of law and fact common to Plaintiffs and members of the

putative class predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members,

and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient

adjudication of this controversy.

56. Defendant has engaged in continuing violations of the AMWA and the

FLSA.

57. Plaintiffs and the putative Class have suffered, and will continue to suffer,

irreparable damage from Defendant's illegal policy, practice, and custom regarding pay

for tipped servers.

VI. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Collective Action Claim for Violation of the FLSA)

58. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Original

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Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

59. This is a collective action filed on behalf of all tipped servers employed by

Defendant to recover monetary damages owed by Defendant to Plaintiffs and members

of the putative collective for unpaid wages because they were required to spend more

than 20% of their time on non-tipped duties.

60. Plaintiffs bring this action each on behalf of herself and on behalf of all other

similarly situated employees, former and present, who were and/or are affected by

Defendant's willful and intentional violation of the FLSA.

61. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and all similarly situated employees have

been entitled to the rights, protection, and benefits provided by the FLSA.

62. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and all similarly situated employees have

been "employees" of Defendant, as defined by 29 U.S.C. § 203(e).

63. At all relevant times, Defendant was an "employer" of Plaintiffs and all other

similarly situated employees, as defined by 29 U.S.C. § 203(d).

64. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs and all similarly situated employees the

minimum wages required under the FLSA for tipped work and for non-tipped work.

65. Because these employees are similarly situated to Plaintiffs, and are owed

compensation for the same reasons, the proposed collective is properly defined as

follows:

66.

All "tip-credit" employees of Defendant within the past three years.

At all relevant times, Defendant willfully failed and refused to compensate

Plaintiffs and other similarly situated employees for all hours worked at the standard

minimum wage under the FLSA because Defendant paid Plaintiffs and other similarly

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situated employees \$2.63 per hour for non-tipped work.

67. Defendant's violations entitle Plaintiffs and all other similarly situated

employees to compensatory damages calculated as the full amount of wages owed at the

applicable minimum wage, less the amount of wages actually received.

68. Defendant's violations entitle Plaintiffs and all other similarly situated

employees to liquidated damages pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) of an amount equal to

compensatory damages.

69. Plaintiffs and all other similarly situated employees are entitled to an award

of their attorney's fees and court costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

VII. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Class Action Claim for Violation of AMWA)

Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully set forth herein.

70.

71. Plaintiffs, each individually and on behalf of the proposed class, assert this

claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the AMWA, Arkansas Code

Annotated §§ 11-4-201 et seq.

72. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and all similarly-situated employees have

been entitled to the rights, protection, and benefits provided by the AMWA.

73. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs and all similarly-situated employees have

been "employees" of Defendant, as defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(3).

74. At all relevant times, Defendant was an "employer" of Plaintiffs and all other

similarly-situated employees, as defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(4).

75. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs and other similarly situated employees the

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minimum wages required under the AMWA for tipped work and for non-tipped work.

76. Plaintiffs propose to represent the AMWA liability class of individuals defined as follows:

All "tip-credit" employees of Defendant within the past three years.

- 77. Defendant's conduct and practice, as described above, has been and is willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.
- 78. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to Plaintiffs and the class members for monetary damages, liquidated damages and costs, including reasonable attorney's fees provided by the AMWA for all violations that occurred beginning at least three (3) years preceding the filing of this Complaint, plus periods of equitable tolling.
- 79. Defendant has not acted in good faith nor with reasonable grounds to believe its actions and omissions were not a violation of the AMWA, and, as a result thereof, Plaintiffs and the class members are entitled to recover an award of liquidated damages in an amount equal to the amount of unpaid minimum wages described above pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-218.
- 80. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in failing to pay Plaintiffs and the class members as provided by the AMWA, they are entitled to an award of prejudgment interest at the applicable legal rate.

VIII. THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Individual Claim for Violation of the FLSA)

81. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Original Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

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82. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs have been entitled to the rights, protection,

and benefits provided by the FLSA.

83. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs have been an "employee" of Defendant as

defined by 29 U.S.C. § 203(e).

84. At all relevant times, Defendant was an "employer" of Plaintiffs as defined

by 29 U.S.C. § 203(d).

85. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs the minimum wages required under the

FLSA for tipped work and for non-tipped work.

86. At all relevant times, Defendant willfully failed and refused to compensate

Plaintiffs for all hours worked at the standard minimum wage under the FLSA because

Defendant paid Plaintiffs \$2.63 per hour for non-tipped work.

87. Defendant's violations entitle Plaintiffs to compensatory damages

calculated as the full amount of wages owed at the applicable minimum wage, less the

amount of wages actually received.

88. Defendant's violations entitle Plaintiffs to liquidated damages pursuant to 29

U.S.C. § 216(b) of an amount equal to compensatory damages.

89. Plaintiffs are entitled to an award of their attorney's fees and court costs

pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

IX. FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Individual Claim for Violation of AMWA)

90. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as

though fully set forth herein.

91. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs have been entitled to the rights, protection.

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and benefits provided by the AMWA.

92. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs have been an "employee" of Defendant, as

defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(3).

93. At all relevant times, Defendant was an "employer" of Plaintiffs as defined

by Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(4).

94. Defendant failed to pay Plaintiffs the minimum wages required under the

AMWA for tipped work and for non-tipped work.

95. Defendant's conduct and practice, as described above, has been and is

willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

96. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to

Plaintiffs for monetary damages, liquidated damages and costs, including reasonable

attorney's fees provided by the AMWA for all violations which occurred beginning at least

three (3) years preceding the filing of this Complaint, plus periods of equitable tolling.

97. Defendant has not acted in good faith nor with reasonable grounds to

believe its actions and omissions were not a violation of the AMWA, and, as a result

thereof, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover an award of liquidated damages in an amount

equal to the amount of unpaid minimum wages described above pursuant to Ark. Code

Ann. § 11-4-218.

98. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in

failing to pay Plaintiffs as provided by the AMWA, they are entitled to an award of

prejudgment interest at the applicable legal rate.

X. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, premises considered, Plaintiffs Ashley Foster and Erica Morgan,

each individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, respectfully request this

Court grant the following relief:

a) That Defendant be summoned to appear and answer herein;

b) That Defendant be required to account to Plaintiffs, the collective and class

members, and the Court for all of the hours worked by Plaintiffs and the collective and

class members and all monies paid to them;

c) A declaratory judgment that Defendant's practices alleged herein violate the

Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §201, et seq., and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R.

§ 516 et seq.;

d) A declaratory judgment that Defendant's practices alleged herein violate the

Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, et seq. and the related

regulations;

e) Certification of, and proper notice to, together with an opportunity to

participate in the litigation, all qualifying current and former employees;

f) Judgment for damages for all unpaid back wages at the applicable minimum

wage owed to Plaintiffs and members of the class and collective from a period of three

(3) years prior to this lawsuit through the date of trial under the Fair Labor Standards Act,

29 U.S.C. §201, et seq., and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 et seq.;

g) Judgment for damages for all unpaid back wages at the applicable minimum

wage owed to Plaintiffs and members of the class and collective from a period of three

(3) years prior to this lawsuit through the date of trial under the Arkansas Minimum Wage

Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, et seq. and the related regulations;

h) Judgment for liquidated damages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act,

29 US.C. §201, et seq., and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 et seq., in an amount

equal to all unpaid back wages at the applicable minimum wage from a period of three

(3) years prior to this lawsuit through the date of trial owed to Plaintiffs and members of

the class and collective;

i) Judgment for liquidated damages pursuant to the Arkansas Minimum Wage

Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, et seq., and the relating regulations;

j) An order directing Defendant to pay Plaintiffs and members of the collective

and class pre-judgment interest, reasonable attorney's fees and all costs connected with

this action; and

k) Such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary, just and

proper.

Respectfully submitted,

ASHLEY FOSTER and ERICA MORGAN, Each Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, PLAINTIFF

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and

Josh Sanford

Ark Bar No. 2001037 josh@sanfordlawfirm.com

Case 4:18-cv-00217-KGB Document 1-1 Filed 03/26/18 Page 1 of 1 CIVIL COVER SHEET

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17)

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

| I. (a) PLAINTIFFS | DEFENDANTS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|----------|--|
| ASHLEY FOSTER and ERICA MORGAN, Each Individually and On Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated | | | | GRADY'S PIZZA & SUBS, INC. d/b/a GRADY'S RESTAURANT | | | | | | |
| (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Saline (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) | | | | County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) | | | | | | |
| (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) | | | | NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED. | | | | | | |
| (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) | | | | Attorneys (!/ Known) | | | | | | |
| Josh Sanford, SANFORD South Shackleford, SUite | | | | | | | | | | |
| 221-0088; josh@sanford | | | | | | | | | | |
| II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) | | | | III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaint, (For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant) | | | | | | |
| ☐ 1 U.S. Government 3 Federal Question | | | | ' ' | TF DEF | | ana One Box je | PTF | DEF | |
| Plaintiff | Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party) | | Citiz | izen of This State | | | | 5 4 | | |
| 2 U.S. Government Defendant | 1 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) | | Citiz | en of Another State | 1 2 | | | O 5 | | |
| | | | | en or Subject of a oreign Country | | | | | O 6 | |
| IV. NATURE OF SUIT | ATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only) CONTRACT TORTS | | 1 5/ | FORFEITURE/PENALTY | | here for: Nature o | of Suit Code Descriptions. OTHER STATUTES | | | |
| ☐ 110 Insurance | PERSONAL INJURY | PERSONAL INJUR | | 25 Drug Related Scizure | 1 | al 28 USC 158 | 375 False Cl | | <u> </u> | |
| 120 Marine | ☐ 310 Airplane | 365 Personal Injury - | | of Property 21 USC 881 | ☐ 423 Withd | Irawal | 🗇 376 Qui Tan | n (31 USC | ; | |
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| ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment | ☐ 320 Assault, Libel & | Phannaceutical | | | | TY RIGHTS | O 410 Antitrus | | _ | |
| & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act | Slander 330 Federal Employers' | Slander Personal Injury 330 Federal Employers' Product Liability | | | ☐ 820 Copyrights ☐ 830 Patent | | ☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce | | ig | |
| ☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted | Liability | ☐ 368 Asbestos Personal | · | | ☐ 835 Patent | I - Abbreviated | ☐ 460 Deporta | tion | | |
| Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) | ☐ 340 Marine ☐ 345 Marine Product | Injury Product Liability | - 1 | | New I | Drug Application mark | 17 470 Rackete Corrupt | er Influenc Organizati | | |
| ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment | Liability | PERSONAL PROPER | | LABOR | SOCIAL | SECURITY | ☐ 480 Consum | er Credit | .0115 | |
| of Veteran's Benefits ☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits | ☐ 350 Motor Vehicle ☐ 355 Motor Vehicle | ☐ 370 Other Fraud ☐ 371 Truth in Lending | 3 71 | 10 Fair Labor Standards Act | ☐ 861 HIA (☐ 862 Black | | ☐ 490 Cable/S: ☐ 850 Securition | | dition/ | |
| ☐ 190 Other Contract | Product Liability | 380 Other Personal | 0 72 | 20 Labor/Management | | C/DIWW (405(g)) | Exchan | | AUTHUS/ | |
| 3 195 Contract Product Liability | ☐ 360 Other Personal | Property Damage | | Relations | ☐ 864 SSID | | 890 Other St | | ctions | |
| 196 Franchise | Injury 362 Personal Injury - | ☐ 385 Property Damage Product Liability | | 40 Railway Labor Act 51 Family and Medical | ☐ 865 RSI (4 | 4U5(g)) | ☐ 891 Agricult ☐ 893 Environs | | tters | |
| | Medical Malpractice | | | Leave Act | | | ☐ 895 Freedom | of Inform | nation | |
| REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation | CIVIL RIGHTS ☐ 440 Other Civil Rights | PRISONER PETITION Habeas Corpus: | | 90 Other Lubor Litigation 91 Employee Retirement | | L TAX SUITS (U.S. Plaintiff | Act 896 Arbitrati | ion | | |
| 3 220 Foreclosure | 441 Voting | ☐ 463 Alien Detainee | '' | Income Security Act | | fendant) | ☐ 899 Adminis | | ocedure | |
| ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment | ☐ 442 Employment | ☐ 510 Motions to Vacate | : | • | □ 871 IRS— | | | iew or App | peal of | |
| ☐ 240 Torts to Land ☐ 245 Tort Product Liability | ☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations | Sentence 530 General | - 1 | | 26 03 | SC 7609 | Agency 950 Constitu | Decision itionality o | of | |
| 1 290 All Other Real Property | ☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - | ☐ 535 Death Penalty | | IMMIGRATION | 1 | | State Sta | | | |
| | Employment 446 Amer, w/Disabilities - | Other: 540 Mandamus & Oth | | 52 Naturalization Application 55 Other Immigration | 1 | | ! | | | |
| | Other | ☐ 550 Civil Rights | . | Actions | 1 | | | | | |
| | ☐ 448 Education | ☐ 555 Prison Condition☐ 560 Civil Detainee - | | | | | | | | |
| | | Conditions of | | | ł | | | | | |
| | | Confinement | | | L | | L | | | |
| V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in | (One Box Only) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Remanded from (Appellate Court | | istated or | r District | 6 Multidistri Litigation Transfer | - | Multidis Litigatio Direct Fi | on - | |
| VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO | 29 U.S. C. 201 | re filing (| Do not cite jurisdictional stat | tutes unless div | ersity): | | | | | |
| VI. CAUSE OF ACTION | Brief description of ca Unpaid Minimum | | | | | | | | | |
| VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P. | | | | EMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: | | | | | | |
| VIII. RELATED CASI | E(S) | | | . , | | | | | | |
| IF ANY (See instructions): JUDGE | | | | DOCKET NUMBER | | | | | | |
| DATE | | SIGNATURE OF AT | TORNEY (| OF RECORD | | | | | | |
| 03/26/2018 | | VV | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| FOR OFFICE USE ONLY | | | | | | | | | | |

RECEIPT #

FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS

MAR 2-6-2018

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS WESTERN DIVISION

JAMES WATCOOKMACK, CLERK

DEP CLERK

ASHLEY FOSTER, Individually and on Behalf of all Others Similarly Situated **PLAINTIFF**

VS.

No. 4:18-cv-217-KhB

GRADY'S PIZZA & SUBS, INC. d/b/a GRADY'S RESTAURANT

DEFENDANT

CONSENT TO JOIN COLLECTIVE ACTION

I was employed as server for Defendant Grady's Pizza & Subs, Inc. d/b/a Grady's Restaurant ("Defendant"), within the three years preceding the signing of this document. I understand this lawsuit is being brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act for unpaid minimum wages. I consent to becoming a party-plaintiff in this lawsuit, to be represented by Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and to be bound by any settlement of this action or adjudication by the Court.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

ERICAMONGAN //

Date: 3/76/2918

/s/ Josh Sanford
 Josh Sanford, Esq.
SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC
 One Financial Center
650 South Shackleford Road, Suite 411
 Little Rock, Arkansas 72211
 Telephone: (501) 221-0088
 Facsimile: (888) 787-2040
 josh@sanfordlawfirm.com



FILED
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT ARKANSAS

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS WESTERN DIVISION

MAR 2.6 2013

JAMES W. MCCORMACK, CLERK

By:

DEP CLERK

ASHLEY FOSTER, Individually and on Behalf of all Others Similarly Situated **PLAINTIFF**

vs.

No. 4:18-cv-317-K66

GRADY'S PIZZA & SUBS, INC. d/b/a GRADY'S RESTAURANT

DEFENDANT

CONSENT TO JOIN COLLECTIVE ACTION

I was employed as server for Defendant Grady's Pizza & Subs, Inc. d/b/a Grady's Restaurant ("Defendant"), within the three years preceding the signing of this document. I understand this lawsuit is being brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act for unpaid minimum wages. I consent to becoming a party-plaintiff in this lawsuit, to be represented by Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and to be bound by any settlement of this action or adjudication by the Court.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

ASHLEY FOSTER

Date: 3/26/2018

/s/ Josh Sanford
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ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Little Rock Eatery Grady's Restaurant Hit with Wage and Hour Complaint Over Tip Credit Application