#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

SHONNA DOBLER a/k/a SHONNA HENRY, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff(s),

-v.-

SOUTHWEST COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC, and John Does 1-25

Defendant(s).

Plaintiff Shonna Dobler (hereinafter, "Plaintiff" or "Dobler"), a Texas resident, brings this Class Action Complaint by and through her attorneys, The Law Offices of Jonathan Kandelshein, against Defendant Southwest Collection Services, LLC (hereinafter "Southwest"), individually and on behalf of a class of all others similarly situated, pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, based upon information and belief of Plaintiff's counsel, except for allegations specifically pertaining to Plaintiff, which are based upon Plaintiff's personal knowledge.

#### **INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

1. Congress enacted the FDCPA in 1977 in response to the "abundant evidence of the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by many debt collectors." 15 U.S.C. §1692(a). At that time, Congress was concerned that "abusive debt collection practices contribute to the number of personal bankruptcies, to material instability, to the loss of jobs, and to invasions of individual privacy." *Id.* Congress concluded that "existing laws...[we]re

Civil Action No:

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT** 

inadequate to protect consumers," and that "the effective collection of debts" does not require "misrepresentation or other abusive debt collection practices." 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692(b) & (c).

2. Congress explained that the purpose of the Act was not only to eliminate abusive debt collection practices, but also to "insure that those debt collectors who refrain from using abusive debt collection practices are not competitively disadvantaged." Id. § 1692(e). "After determining that the existing consumer protection laws were inadequate." Id. § 1692(b), Congress gave consumers a private cause of action against debt collectors who fail to comply with the Act. Id. § 1692k.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. The Court has jurisdiction over this class action pursuant to <u>28 U.S.C. § 1331</u>, <u>15 U.S.C. § 1692</u> et. seq. and <u>28 U.S.C. § 2201</u>. If applicable, the Court also has pendant jurisdiction over the State law claims in this action pursuant to <u>28 U.S.C. § 1367(a)</u>.

4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to <u>28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2)</u>.

#### NATURE OF THE ACTION

5. Plaintiff brings this class action on behalf of a class of Texas consumers under §1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA"), and

6. Plaintiff is seeking damages and declaratory and injunctive relief.

#### PARTIES

7. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of Texas, County of Dallas, residing at 1029 Cascade Street, Apt. N, Mesquite, TX 75149. Case 3:18-cv-00268-L Document 1 Filed 02/02/18 Page 3 of 9 PageID 3

8. Defendant Southwest Collection Services, LLC is a "debt collector" as the phrase is defined in <u>15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6)</u> and used in the FDCPA with an address at 292 Ridge Rd. Ste 11, Lafayette, LA, 70506.

9. Upon information and belief, Defendant Southwest Collection is a company that uses the mail, telephone, and facsimile and regularly engages in business the principal purpose of which is to attempt to collect debts alleged to be due another.

10. John Does 1-25, are fictitious names of individuals and businesses alleged for the purpose of substituting names of Defendants whose identities will be disclosed in discovery and should be made parties to this action.

#### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

Plaintiffs bring this claim on behalf of the following case, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ.
 P. 23(a) and 23(b)(3).

12. The Class consists of:

- a. all individuals with addresses in the State of Texas;
- b. who were sent a letter from Defendant Southwest Collection attempting to collect a consumer debt;
- c. whose letter gives a final demand with a threat of a lawsuit, in which legal action was never intended to be taken;
- d. which letter was sent on or after a date one (1) year prior to the filing of this action and on or before a date twenty-one (2l) days after the filing of this action.

13. The identities of all class members are readily ascertainable from the records of Defendants and those companies and entities on whose behalf they attempt to collect and/or have purchased debts.

14. Excluded from the Plaintiff Classes are the Defendants and all officer, members, partners, managers, directors and employees of the Defendants and their respective immediate families, and legal counsel for all parties to this action, and all members of their immediate families.

15. There are questions of law and fact common to the Plaintiff Classes, which common issues predominate over any issues involving only individual class members. The principal issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as Exhibits A, violate 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692e and 1692f.

16. The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the class members, as all are based upon the same facts and legal theories. The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Plaintiff Classes defined in this complaint. The Plaintiffs have retained counsel with experience in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions, and neither the Plaintiffs nor their attorneys have any interests, which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.

17. This action has been brought, and may properly be maintained, as a class action pursuant to the provisions of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure because there is a well-defined community interest in the litigation:

- e. <u>Numerosity:</u> The Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that the Plaintiff Classes defined above are so numerous that joinder of all members would be impractical.
- f. <u>Common Questions Predominate:</u> Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Plaintiff Classes and those questions predominance over any questions or issues involving only individual class members. The principal

issue is whether the Defendants' written communications to consumers, in the forms attached as Exhibit A violate 15 USC §1692e and §1692f.

- g. <u>Typicality:</u> The Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the class members.
  The Plaintiffs and all members of the Plaintiff Classes have claims arising out of the Defendants' common uniform course of conduct complained of herein.
- Adequacy: The Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class members insofar as Plaintiffs have no interests that are adverse to the absent class members. The Plaintiffs are committed to vigorously litigating this matter. Plaintiffs have also retained counsel experienced in handling consumer lawsuits, complex legal issues, and class actions. Neither the Plaintiffs nor their counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue the instant class action lawsuit.
- i. <u>Superiority:</u> A class action is superior to the other available means for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because individual joinder of all members would be impracticable. Class action treatment will permit a large number of similarly situated persons to prosecute their common claims in a single forum efficiently and without unnecessary duplication of effort and expense that individual actions would engender.

18. Certification of a class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is also appropriate in that the questions of law and fact common to members of the Plaintiff Classes predominate over any questions affecting an individual member, and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. 19. Depending on the outcome of further investigation and discovery, Plaintiffs may, at the time of class certification motion, seek to certify a class(es) only as to particular issues pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(4).

#### FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

20. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully state herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.

21. On information and belief, on a date better known to Defendant, Defendant began collection activities on an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff ("Alleged Debt").

22. This debt was incurred as a financial obligation with the original creditor of Midsouth National Bank the funds of which were used primarily for personal, family or household purposes and is therefore a "debt" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).

On or around February 3, 2017, Defendant sent a collection letter to Plaintiff. See
 Collection Letter attached hereto as Exhibit A.

24. The first paragraph of the letter states: "This letter constitutes formal demand upon you to make payment in full of the balance due within fifteen (15) days of the date you receive this letter. If payment is not made within the time period specified, we will consider legal proceedings to enforce collection."

25. This language is threatening, and coercive, and only used with the intent of scaring Plaintiff into making payment.

26. Specifically though this language was false since one year later Defendant still has not brought legal action against Plaintiff for collection on this account.

27. This language would deceive the least sophisticated consumer into believing that shortly after 15 days passed a lawsuit would be filed, when Defendant never had any intention of filing a law suit.

28. As a result of Defendant's false, deceptive, misleading and unfair debt collection practices, Plaintiff has been damaged.

#### <u>COUNT I</u> VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT\_15 U.S.C. §1692e *et seq.*

29. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.

30. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.

31. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, a debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.

32. Defendants made false and misleading representations when they communicated to Plaintiff and threatened to take legal action when Defendant had no intention of doing so in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§1692e, 1692e(2), 1692e(5) and 1692e(10).

33. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692e et seq. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

#### COUNT II VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT 15 U.S.C. §1692f et seq.

33. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs above herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.

34. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. § 1692f.

35. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692f, a debt collector may not use any unfair or unconscionable means in connection with the collection of any debt.

36. Defendant violated this section by threatening the Plaintiff with immediate legal action, when it had no intention to file suit.

37. By reason thereof, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for judgment that Defendant's conduct violated Section 1692f et seq. of the FDCPA, actual damages, statutory damages, costs and attorneys' fees.

#### **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

38. Pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff Shonna Dobler, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated demands judgment from Defendant Southwest Collection Services, LLC, as follows:

1. Declaring that this action is properly maintainable as a Class Action and certifying

Plaintiff as Class representative, and Jonathan Kandelshein, Esq. as Class Counsel;

2. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class statutory damages;

3. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class actual damages;

4. Awarding Plaintiff costs of this Action, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses;

5. Awarding pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest; and

6. Awarding Plaintiff and the Class such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: February 2, 2018

Respectfully Submitted,

### THE LAW OFFICES OF JONATHAN KANDELSHEIN

/s/ Jonathan Kandelshein Jonathan Kandelshein, Esq. TX Bar No. 24094768 18208 Preston Rd, Suite D-9 #256 Dallas, TX 75252 Phone: (469) 677-7863 Fax: (972) 380-8118 Jonathan.kandelshein@gmail.com Attorneys For Plaintiff

# EXHIBIT A

| 292 Ridge Road                                     | FOR PAYMENT   |               |  |  |  |
|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| Suite 11   | CARD NUMBER EXP, DATE   |               |  |  |  |
| Lafayette, LA 70506                                | SIGNATURE CVV CODE  | NV seven save |  |  |  |
|  | STATEMENT DATE PAY THIS AMOUNT ACCOUNT #<br>02/03/2017 \$555.14                       |               |  |  |  |
| CLIENT ID # 2752735                                | CHECK # AMOUNT PAID \$  |               |  |  |  |
| 163  | For Billings Inquiries Call: (337) 981-4542 or Toll Free: (877                        | 7) 981        |  |  |  |
| ins<br>Indilladillallingullille<br>Shonna H Dobler | Southwest Collection Services, Llc<br>292 Ridge Rd Ste 11<br>Lafayette, LA 70506-7212 |               |  |  |  |
|  |   |               |  |  |  |

#### Southwest Collection Services, LLC

| Client ID# | Account Name    | Your Account With                     | Amount            |
|------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 2735       | DOBLER SHONNA H | MIDSOUTH NATIONAL BANK<br>(LOUISIANA) | \$749.44          |
|            |                 | (LOUISIANA)<br>Balar                  | <br>ice: \$555.14 |

#### FINAL DEMAND NOTICE

This letter constitutes formal demand upon you to make payment in full of the balance due within fifteen (15) days of the date you receive this letter. If payment is not made within the time period specified, we will consider legal proceedings to enforce collection. You should be aware that if such legal proceedings are instituted and judgment is rendered, reasonable attorney's fees and court costs might be assessed against you. Therefore, in order to avoid these additional costs and expenses, I suggest you give this matter your immediate attention.

For assistance with this matter you may contact me directly at 337-981-4542.

\*\*IMPORTANT NOTICE\*\* If your check is returned for non-sufficient funds, SWCS reserves the right to electronically debit your bank account for the amount for the check plus any applicable fees. The use of a check for payment is your acknowledgement and acceptance of this policy and its terms and conditions.

This communication is from a debt collector. This is an attempt to collect a debt. Any information obtained will be used for that purpose.

Sincerely, RAE GRIFFIN

Southwest Collection Services, LLC



Final Notice

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) - TXND (Rev. 06/17) Case 3:18-cv-00268-L CONTROL PROVIDE THE ODDOD PROVIDE THE ODDOD PROVIDED THE PROVIDE THE ODDOD PROVIDED THE PROVIDED THE

| <b>I. (a) PLAINTIFFS</b><br>Shonna Dobler a/k/a Shonna Henry, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,   |  |  |   | <b>DEFENDANTS''</b><br>Southwest Collection Services, LLC and John Does 1-25   |  |  |   |                                    |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|--|
| (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff <u>Dallas</u><br>(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)  |  |  |   | County of Residence of First Listed Defendant"<br>(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)"<br>NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF<br>THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED."   |  |  |   |                                    |  |
| (c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A<br>The Law Offices of Jonatha<br>18208 Preston Rd. Ste D-9   | an Kandelshein   |  |   | Attorneys (If Known)"  |  | OLVED.   |   |                                    |  |
| II. BASIS OF JURISDI   | <b>CTION</b> (Place an "X" in C  | ne Box Only)   | III. CI   | TIZENSHIP OF P   | RINCIPAL   | PARTIES  | (Place an "X" in  | One Box                            | for Plaintif   |
| □ 1 U.S. Government<br>Plaintiff (U.S. Government Not a Party)   |  |  | (For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant)<br><b>PTF DEF PTF DEF PTF DEF</b> "<br>Citizen of This State 1 1 1 Incorporated or Principal Place 4 4"<br>of Business In This State" |  |  |  |   |                                    |  |
| □ 2 U.S. Government<br>Defendant   | 4 Diversity<br>(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)                                       |  |   | Citizen of Another State<br>2 2 2 Incorporated <i>and</i> Principal Place<br>of Business In Another State"<br>5 5 5"   |  |  |   |                                    |  |
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| IV. NATURE OF SUIT   |  | aly)<br>DRTS   | FC  | DRFEITURE/PENALTY  |  | ere for: <u>Nature c</u><br>RUPTCY   |   |                                    |  |
| □    110 Insurance      □    120 Marine      □    130 Miller Act      □    140 Negotiable Instrument      □    150 Recovery of Overpayment<br>& Enforcement of Judgment      □    151 Medicare Act      □    152 Recovery of Defaulted<br>Student Loans<br>(Excludes Veterans)      □    153 Recovery of Overpayment<br>of Veteran's Benefits      □    160 Stockholders' Suits      □    190 Other Contract      □    195 Contract Product Liability      □    196 Franchise <b>REAL PROPERTY</b> □    210 Land Condemnation      □    220 Foreclosure      □    240 Torts to Land      □    245 Tort Product Liability      □    290 All Other Real Property | PERSONAL INJURY<br>☐ 310 Airplane<br>☐ 315 Airplane Product<br>Liability<br>☐ 320 Assault, Libel & | PERSONAL INJUR<br>Definition of the second sec | Y    □    62      0    69      0    71      □    71      □    72      □    74      □    75      NS    □    79      □    46  | Strengthereits  Source of Property 21 USC 881  Other  Source of Property 21 USC 881  Other Labor Standards  Act  Other Labor Standards  Source of Property 21  Source of Pr | □      422 Appeal :<br>28 USC        □      423 Withdra<br>28 USC        □      820 Copyrig        □      835 Patent -<br>New Dr        □      835 Patent -<br>New Dr        □      840 Trademan        SOCIAL SI        □      861 HIA (13        □      862 Black L        □      864 SSID Ti        □      865 RSI (40)        FEDERAL      □        □      870 Taxes (0<br>or Defe        □      871 IRS—T<br>26 USC | 28 USC 158<br>wwal<br>2 157<br><b>Y RIGHTS</b><br>hts<br>Abbreviated<br>ug Application<br>ark<br><b>ECURITY</b><br>395ff)<br>ung (923)<br>DIWW (405(g))<br>itle XVI<br>5(g))<br><b>TAX SUITS</b><br>U.S. Plaintiff<br>ndant)<br>hird Party | f Suit Code Descriptions."      OTHER STATUTES"      375 False Claims Act"      375 False Claims Act"      376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))"      400 State Reapportionment"      410 Antitrust"      430 Banks and Banking"      450 Commerce"      460 Deportation"      470 Racketeer Influenced and' Corrupt Organizations"      480 Consumer Credit"      490 Cable/Sat TV"      850 Securities/Commodities/" Exchange"      890 Other Statutory Actions"      891 Agricultural Acts"      893 Environmental Matters"      895 Freedom of Information" Act"      899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of" Agency Decision"      950 Constitutionality of" State Statutes" |                                    | ment"<br>g"<br>ced and"<br>ions"<br>dities/"<br>ctions"<br>tters"<br>nation"<br>ocedure"<br>peal of" |
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| VI. CAUSE OF ACTION<br>VII. REQUESTED IN<br>COMPLAINT:"  | <b>DN'</b> 15 USC Sect. 1692<br>Brief description of ca<br>Deceptive and mis                       | et seq. Fair Debt Co<br>use:"<br>leading debt collectio<br>IS A CLASS ACTION   | llection I<br>on letter   | (specify)<br>Do not cite jurisdictional stat<br>Practices Act<br>EMAND \$  | utes unless diver  |  | if demanded in  |                                    | nt:"   |
| VIII. RELATED CASI<br>IF ANY   |  | JUDGE  |   |  |  | NUMBER"  | A 105   |                                    |  |
| DATE<br>02/01/2018<br>FOR OFFICE USE ONLY''  |  | signature of at<br>/s/ Jonathan Kar  |   |  |  |  |   |                                    |  |
| RECEIPT # AN   | MOUNT  | APPLYING IFP   |   | JUDGE  |  | MAG. JUD   | )GE"  |                                    |  |
| Print  | Save As  |  |   |  |  |  | Rese  | t                                  |  |

#### JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 06/17) - TXND (Rev. 06/17)

## Case 3:18-cv-00268-L Document 1-2 Filed 02/02/18 Page 2 of 2 PageID 13 INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

#### Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below. United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)

- **III.** Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7.** Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statue.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If a related case exists, whether pending or closed, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases. A case is related to this filing if the case: 1) involves some or all of the same parties and is based on the same or similar claim; 2) involves the same property, transaction, or event; 3) involves substantially similar issues of law and fact; and/or 4) involves the same estate in a bankruptcy appeal.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

## **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Southwest Collection Services Facing Lawsuit Over 'Threatening, Coercive' Language in Notice</u>