IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NOTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

JOSE DIAZ-GONZALEZ, Individually and on Behalf of All Those Similarly Situated,

Plaintiffs,

) Case No.:_____)

v.

BAILY INTERNATIONAL OF ATLANTA, INC., and JEFF TSAI, Jointly and Severally,

Defendants.

COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT (Jury Trial Demanded)

Plaintiff, Jose Diaz-Gonzalez, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, upon personal knowledge as to himself and upon information and belief as to other matters, alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Defendants operates a food distribution company called Baily International of

Atlanta, Inc based out of Duluth, GA.

2. Plaintiff was employed by Baily International of Atlanta, Inc. as a driver's helper.

3. Plaintiff was paid straight-time for all hours worked, despite working in excess of 40 hours per week throughout his employment.

4. The exact number of employees who have suffered the same unpaid overtime wage injury as Plaintiff are unknown at this time.

5. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated employees of Defendants, to recover unpaid overtime premium pay, owed to them pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq, and supporting regulations.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

6. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337, 1343. In addition, the Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims under the FLSA pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

7. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because a substantial part of the events or omissions leading to this claim occurred while Plaintiff performed work for Baily International of Atlanta, Inc., serving the metro

Case 1:18-cv-00970-TCB Document 1 Filed 03/05/18 Page 3 of 9

Atlanta area. Therefore, venue is proper in the Atlanta Division of the Northern District of Georgia.

This Court is empowered to issue a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28
 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

THE PARTIES

Plaintiffs:

9. Plaintiff, Jose Diaz-Gonzalez, was at all relevant times, an adult individual residing at 4266 English Oak Dr., Apt. U2, Doraville, GA, 30340, which is in Dekalb County.

Defendants:

Defendant Baily International of Atlanta, Inc., is an active Georgia corporation.
 Its principal place of business is 3312-B North Berkeley lake Rd, Duluth, GA, 30096,
 which is in Gwinnett County.

11. Upon information and belief, Defendant Jeff Tsai is an owner, officer, director and/or managing agent of Baily International of Atlanta, Inc. Mr. Tsai's address is unknown at this time.

12. Jeff Tsai (the "Individual Defendant") participated in the day-to-day

operations of Baily International of Atlanta, Inc., and acted intentionally and maliciously. The individual Defendant is considered an "employer" pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), and the regulations promulgated under 29 C.F.R. § 791.2, and are jointly and severally liable with Baily International of Atlanta, Inc. (the "Corporate Defendant").

13. Upon information and belief, the Individual Defendant jointly set the unlawful payroll policies complained of in this complaint for all Corporate Defendant.

14. At all relevant times, Defendants have been employers of Plaintiff, and/or joint employers within the meaning of the FLSA.

15. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, Defendants have had gross revenues in excess of \$500,000, within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1)(A)(ii).

16. Additionally, upon information and belief, at all relevant times, Defendants have had employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person, in that they operate a food distribution company that ships multiple products across various parts of the United States, within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1)(A)(i).

STATEMENT OF FACTS

17. At all relevant times, Defendants have been in the food distribution industry, supplying various restaurants and businesses with their food distribution needs.

18. Upon information and belief, the Individual Defendant handles payroll and record keeping for the Corporate Defendant, and is actively involved with the Corporate Defendant's day-to-day operations.

19. Plaintiff was employed by Defendants as a driver's helper from July 7, 2017to February 9, 2018 (31 weeks).

20. Plaintiff's job duties included: helping the drivers with directions to different drop-off points, and unloading all the food products from the trucks upon arrival to the drop-off point.

21. Plaintiff was paid \$10 per hour, and worked 65 hours per week throughout his employment.

22. Plaintiff was paid straight-time for all hours worked, despite working well in excess of 40 hours per week.

23. This failure to pay overtime premium wages to this hourly employee can only be considered a willful violation of the FLSA, within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

5

STATEMENT OF CLAIM

24. Plaintiff worked 65 hours per week, which includes 40 regular hours and 25 overtime hours. Plaintiff was paid straight-time for all hours worked. His rate of pay was \$10 per hour, so his "half-time rate" is \$5 per hour, for the purposes of computing overtime.¹ 25 overtime hours multiplied by \$5 half-time rate, equals \$125 unpaid overtime per week.

25. Plaintiff was employed 31 weeks by Defendants. 31 weeks multiplied by \$125 unpaid overtime per week, equals \$3,875 in unpaid overtime wages. If the Court grants liquidated damages in this case, pursuant to 29 U.S. Code § 216(b), then the total damages are \$3,875 plus \$3,875, which equals \$7,750.

FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

26. Pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §§ 207 & 216(b), Plaintiff bring his First Cause of Action as a collective action under the FLSA on behalf of himself and the following collective:

All persons employed by Defendants, at any time since March 5, 2018, and through the entry of judgment in this case (the "Collective Action Period") who worked as driver's helpers, deliveryman, laborers, and all other hourly employees (the "Collective Action Members").

¹ The half-times-rate is determined by dividing the regular rate of pay by 2.

27. A collective action is appropriate in this circumstance because Plaintiff and the Collective Action Members are similarly situated, in that they were all subjected to Defendants' illegal policy of failing to pay an overtime premium for work performed in excess of 40 hours per week. As a result of this policy, Plaintiff and the Collective Action Members did not receive the legally-required overtime premium payments for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours per week.

28. The exact number of employees who have suffered the same unpaid overtime wage injury as Plaintiff, and have yet to receive redress is unknown at this time.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT – UNPAID OVERTIME

29. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself, the Collective Action Members, and the Class Members, repeat and reallege each and every allegation of the preceding paragraphs hereof with the same force and effect as though fully set forth herein.

30. As a result of Defendants' failure to compensate its employees, including Plaintiff and Collective Action Members, at a rate of not less than one and one-half times their regular rate of pay for work performed in excess of 40 hours per week, Defendants have violated and continue to violate the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq.*,

including 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1) and 215(a), for which Plaintiff and the Collective Action Members are entitled to relief pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 216(b).

31. Defendants have failed to pay overtime to these hourly employees, with no colorable argument as to why these workers are exempt. This constitutes a willful violation of the FLSA within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

32. The failure to pay overtime has caused Plaintiff to suffer lost wages and interest thereon. Plaintiff and Collective Action Members are entitled to recover from Defendants his unpaid overtime compensation, liquidated damages, attorney's fees, and costs and disbursements of the action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Therefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court grant the following relief:

a. An order tolling the relevant statutes of limitations;

b. An order declaring that Defendants violated the FLSA;

c. An award of unpaid overtime wages due under the FLSA;

d. An award of liquidated and/or punitive damages as a result of Defendant's willful failure to pay overtime wages

e. An award of prejudgment and post-judgment interest;

f. An award of costs and expenses of this action together with attorney's fees;

g. Such other and further relief and this Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff

demands a trial by jury on all questions of fact raised by the complaint.

Dated: March 5, 2018

Respectfully submitted,

<u>s/ Brandon A. Thomas</u> BRANDON A. THOMAS GA BAR NO.: 742344 The Law Offices of Brandon A. Thomas, PC 1800 Peachtree Street, N.W., Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30309 Tel: (404) 343-2441 Fax: (404) 352-5636 brandon@brandonthomaslaw.com

Case 1:18-cv-00970-TCB_Document 1-1_Filed 03/05/18 Page 1 of 2 JS44 (Rev. 6/2017 NDGA) CIVIL COVER SHEET

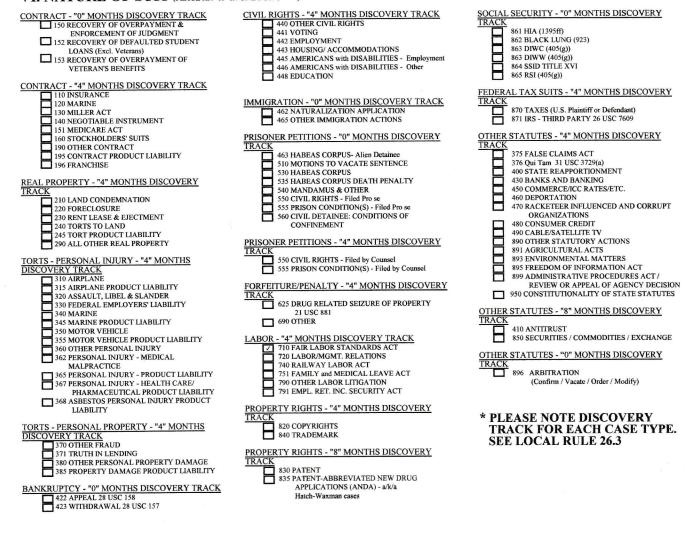
The JS44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket record. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ATTACHED)

I. (a) PLAINTIFF(S) Jose Diaz-Gonzalez, Individually and on behalf of similarly situated	all those	DEFENDANT(S) Baily International of Atlanta, Inc., and Jeff Tsai, Jointly and Severally			
(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF DeKalb (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER, AND E-MAIL ADDRESS)		COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT Gwinnett (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)			
The Law Offices of Brandon A. Thomas, PC 1800 Peachtree Street, Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30309 (404) 343-2441 brandon@brandonthomaslaw.com					
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (PLACE AN *X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)		ITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES ACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT) (FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY)			
I U.S. GOVERNMENT Image: space of the					
IV. ORIGIN (PLACE AN "X "IN ONE BOX ONLY) I ORIGINAL PROCEEDING 2 REMOVED FROM 3 REMANDED FROM APPELLATE COURT 4 REINSTATED OR 5 ANOTHER DISTRICT (Specify District) 6 LITIGATION- TRANSFERRED FROM 6 LITIGATION- TRANSFERRED FROM 7 FROM MAGISTRATE JUDGE					
MULTIDISTRICT 8 LITIGATION - DIRECT FILE					
V. CAUSE OF ACTION (CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE - DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY) Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq. Defendants have failed to pay overtime wages for all hours worked.					
(IF COMPLEX, CHECK REASON BELOW)					
1. Unusually large number of parties.		blems locating or preserving evidence			
2. Unusually large number of claims or defenses. 7. Pending parallel investigations or actions by government. 3. Factual issues are exceptionally complex 8. Multiple use of experts.					
 3. Factual issues are exceptionally complex 4. Greater than normal volume of evidence. 		tiple use of experts. ed for discovery outside United States boundaries.			
\Box 4. Greater than formal volume of evidence. \Box 5. Extended discovery period is needed.		stence of highly technical issues and proof.			
CONTINUED ON REVERSE					

				and the second
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY				
RECEIPT #	AMOUNT \$	APPLYING IFP	MAG. JUDGE (IFP)	
JUDGE	MAG. JUDGE	NATURE OF SUIT	CAUSE OF ACTION	
	(Referral)			

Case 1:18-cv-00970-TCB Document 1-1 Filed 03/05/18 Page 2 of 2

VI. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)



VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

VIII. RELATED/REFILED CASE(S) IF ANY JUDGE	DOCKET NO	
CIVIL CASES ARE DEEMED RELATED IF THE PENDING CASE 1. PROPERTY INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDIN 2. SAME ISSUE OF FACT OR ARISES OUT OF THE SAME EVEN 3. VALIDITY OR INFRINGEMENT OF THE SAME PATENT, COP 4. APPEALS ARISING OUT OF THE SAME BANKRUPTCY CASE BANKRUPTCY JUDGE. 5. REPETITIVE CASES FILED BY <u>PRO SE</u> LITIGANTS. 6. COMPANION OR RELATED CASE TO CASE(S) BEING SIMUL	NG SUIT. IT OR TRANSACTION INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED P PYRIGHT OR TRADEMARK INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBE E AND ANY CASE RELATED THERETO WHICH HAVE BEEN DEC	RED PENDING SUIT. TIDED BY THE SAME
☐ 7. EITHER SAME OR ALL OF THE PARTIES AND ISSUES IN TH DISMISSED. This case ☐ IS ☐ IS NOT (check one box) SUI	IIS CASE WERE PREVIOUSLY INVOLVED IN CASE NO. BSTANTIALLY THE SAME CASE.	, WHICH WAS
019/1-	3/5/10	e lande de la d

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

melen

DATE

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Collective Action Claims Baily International of Atlanta Owes More than \$7k in Unpaid Overtime</u>