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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF ARKANSAS WESTERN DIVISION

1628 IAMES W

SHEQUITA DANIELS, Individually and On Behalf of Others Similarly Situated

VS.

No. 4:18-cv-77/-5424)

SNSA, INC., FARHANA ALI, KNM HOLDINGS, LLC, KHALID KHAN, and NASRULLAH MANJI

DEFENDANTS This case assigned to District Jugge Rugh and to Magistrate Judge\_

#### **ORIGINAL COMPLAINT—CLASS AND COLLECTIVE ACTION**

COMES NOW Plaintiff Shequita Daniels, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through her attorneys Chris Burks and Josh Sanford of Sanford Law Firm, PLLC, and for her Original Complaint—Class and Collective Action against Defendant SNSA, Inc., Farhana Ali, KNM Holdings, LLC, KHALID KHAN and NASRUHLLAH MANJI (hereinafter collectively "Defendant"), does hereby state and allege as follows:

#### I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENTS

1. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, brings this action under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, *et seq.* ("FLSA"), and the Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, *et seq.* ("AMWA"), for declaratory judgment, monetary damages, liquidated damages, prejudgment interest, civil penalties and costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees as a result of Defendant's failure to pay Plaintiff and all others similarly situated overtime compensation for all hours that Plaintiff and all others similarly situated worked in excess of forty (40) per workweek.

2. Upon information and belief, for at least three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant has willfully and intentionally committed violations of the FLSA and AMWA as described *infra*.

#### II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas has subject matter jurisdiction over this suit under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because this suit raises federal questions under the FLSA.

4. This Complaint also alleges AMWA violations, which arise out of the same set of operative facts as the federal cause of action herein alleged; accordingly, this state cause of action would be expected to be tried with the federal claim in a single judicial proceeding. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's AMWA claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

5. The acts complained of herein were committed and had their principal effect against Plaintiff within the Western Division of the Eastern District of Arkansas. Therefore, venue is proper within this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

## III. THE PARTIES

Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all the preceding paragraphs of this
 Complaint as if fully set forth in this section.

7. Plaintiff is a resident and citizen of Pulaski County.

8. From approximately January of 2017 until approximately June of 2017, Plaintiff was an hourly-paid employee at Defendant's restaurant in North Little Rock, Arkansas.

9. At all times material herein, Plaintiff and those similarly situated to Plaintiff have been entitled to the rights, protections and benefits provided under the FLSA and the AMWA.

10. Separate Defendant SNSA, Inc., is a Missouri, for-profit corporation, operating Church's Chicken franchised restaurants in the State of Arkansas.

11. Separate Defendant SNSA, Inc.'s registered agent for service of process is Farhana Ali, 8397, West Melrose Drive, Lenexa, Kansas 66214.

12. Separate Defendant Farhana Ali is a citizen and resident of the state of Kansas.

13. Separate Defendants SNSA, Inc., and Farhana Ali's annual gross volume of sales made or business done was not less than \$500,000.00 (exclusive of exercise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated) during each of the three calendar years preceding the filing of this complaint.

14. During each of the three years preceding the filing of this Complaint, Separate Defendant SNSA, Inc., and Farhana Ali employed at least two individuals who were engaged in interstate commerce or in the production of goods for interstate commerce, or had employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that had been moved in or produced for commerce by any person, including goods or materials typically used in the fast food industry.

15. Separate Defendants SNSA, Inc., and Farhana Ali have more than four employees.

16. Separate Defendants SNSA, Inc., and Farhana Ali are an "employer" within the meanings set forth in the FLSA and AMWA, and were, at all times relevant to the allegations in this Complaint, Plaintiff's employer, as well as the employer of the members of the class and collective.

17. Separate Defendant SNSA, Inc., and Farhana Ali have unified operational control and management, as well as control over employees, including shared power to supervise, hire and fire, establish wages and wage policies and set schedules for their employees through unified management.

18. As a result of this unified operation, control and management, through shared employees and ownership with the authority to establish wages and wage policy, Separate Defendants SNSA, Inc., and Farhana Ali operated as a single enterprise.

19. Separate Defendant KMN Holdings, LLC, is a Texas limited liability company, operating Church's Chicken franchised restaurants in the State of Arkansas.

20. Separate Defendant KMN Holdings, LLC's registered agent for service of process is Nasrullah Manji, 3350 McCue Road, Suite 2401, Houston, Texas 77056.

21. Separate Defendant Nasrullah Manji is a citizen and resident of the State of Texas.

22. Separate Defendant Khalid Khan is a citizen and resident of the State of Texas.

23. Separate Defendant KMN Holdings, LLC, Nasrullah Manji and Khalid Khan's annual gross volume of sales made or business done was not less than \$500,000.00 (exclusive of exercise taxes at the retail level that are separately stated) during each of the three calendar years preceding the filing of this complaint.

24. During each of the three years preceding the filing of this Complaint, Separate Defendants KMN Holdings, LLC, Nasrullah Manji and Khalid Khan employed at least two individuals who were engaged in interstate commerce or in the production of goods for interstate commerce, or had employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that had been moved in or produced for commerce by any person, including goods or materials typically used in the fast food industry.

25. Separate Defendants KMN Holdings, LLC, Nasrullah Manji and Khalid Khan's have more than four employees.

26. Separate Defendants KMN Holdings, LLC, Nasrullah Manji and Khalid Khan's are an "employer" within the meanings set forth in the FLSA and AMWA, and were, at all times relevant to the allegations in this Complaint, Plaintiff's employer, as well as the employer of the members of the class and collective.

27. Separate Defendants KMN Holdings, LLC, Nasrullah Manji and Khalid Kan have unified operational control and management, as well as control over employees, including shared power to supervise, hire and fire, establish wages and wage policies and set schedules for their employees through unified management.

28. As a result of this unified operation, control and management, through shared employees and ownership with the authority to establish wages and wage policy, operated as a single enterprise. Separate Defendants KMN Holdings, LLC, Nasrullah Manji and Khalid Khan operated as a single enterprise.

#### IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

29. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.

30. Defendant owns and operates a Church's Chicken restaurant in North Little Rock, Arkansas.

31. Plaintiff's claims involve Defendant's violation of the FLSA and AMWA failing to properly calculate and pay overtime wages for hours worked over forty per week.

32. Plaintiff began her employment with Defendant as a cashier and was later promoted to shift leader.

33. During the period relevant to this lawsuit, Defendant classified Plaintiff and those similarly situated as hourly employees non-exempt from the overtime requirements of the FLSA and the AMWA.

34. During the period relevant to this lawsuit, Defendant paid Plaintiff and those similarly situated an hourly rate.

35. Plaintiff and other hourly employees worked more than forty (40) hours per week on a regular basis within the three years prior to the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint.

36. For example, Plaintiff sometimes worked for Defendant fourteen hours per day for seven days each week, resulting in significant amounts of overtime.

37. Defendant does not pay Plaintiff and other hourly employees overtime wages at a rate of one and one-half times their regular rates of pay for hours worked over forty per week, but rather pays overtime wages in a lesser amount.

38. For example, Plaintiff earned an hourly rate of \$8.50 while working for Defendant, which should have resulted in an overtime wage rage of \$12.75 per hour, but instead Defendant paid Plaintiff \$9.50 per hour for each hour worked in excess of forty hours per week.

39. As a direct result of Defendant's policies, even though Plaintiff and other hourly-paid employees worked more than forty (40) hours in many weeks that they worked for Defendant during time period relevant to this Complaint, they were not properly compensated for all of their overtime hours worked.

40. Upon information and belief, prior to Defendant owning and operating the Church's Chicken restaurant (hereinafter the "restaurant") where

Plaintiff worked, the restaurant was owned and operated by another company, referred to herein as "Defendant's predecessor."

41. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff worked at the restaurant prior to the time it was transferred to Defendant and continued working at the restaurant after it was transferred to Defendant.

42. Upon information and belief, the restaurant was sold and transferred to Defendant during Plaintiff's employment at the restaurant.

43. Upon information and belief, after the sale of the restaurant, the restaurant continued to have the same business model, employees, equipment, and facilities, and continued to provide the same services to the same clients as Defendant's predecessor.

44. Upon information and belief, Defendant knew about Defendant's predecessor's practices of not paying employees, including Plaintiff, pursuant to the requirements of the FLSA and AMWA, yet despite this information, Defendant continued the same pay practices as Defendant's predecessor.

45. Upon information and belief, Defendant is able to provide adequate relief to Plaintiff under the FLSA and AMWA and the overall equities support the imposition of successor liability on Defendant.

46. Defendant should be liable for the FLSA and AMWA violations of their predecessor because Defendant stood in the shoes of Defendant's predecessor, wholly adopting and continuing the business model and practices of Defendant's predecessor. 47. Plaintiff's job duties and pay as described herein were the same under Defendant as under Defendant's predecessor.

# V. REPRESENTATIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

#### A. FLSA § 216(b) Class

48. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.

49. Plaintiff brings her claims for relief for violation of the FLSA as a collective action pursuant to Section 16(b) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of all persons who were, are or will be employed by Defendant as similarly situated employees at any time within the applicable statute of limitations period, who are entitled to payment of the following types of damages:

A. Overtime premiums for all hours worked for Defendant in excess of forty (40) hours in any week; and

B. Liquidated damages and attorney's fees.

50. Plaintiff proposes a collective class under the FLSA, which may be defined as follows: All persons who were, are, or will be employed by Defendant as hourly employees at Defendant's restaurant at any time within the applicable statute of limitations period.

51. In conformity with the requirements of FLSA Section 16(b), Plaintiff will file her written Consent to Join this lawsuit.

52. The relevant time period dates back three years from the date on which Plaintiff's Original Complaint—Class and Collective Action was filed herein

and continues forward through the date of judgment pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255(a), except as set forth herein below.

53. The members of the proposed FLSA Class are similarly situated in that they share these traits:

A. They were classified by Defendant as non-exempt from the minimum wage and overtime requirements of the FLSA; and

B. They were subject to Defendant's common policy of failing to pay full overtime premiums as required by the FLSA.

54. Plaintiff is unable to state the exact number of potential members of the FLSA Class but believe that the class exceeds forty (40) persons.

55. Defendant can readily identify the members of the hourly Section 16(b) class, which encompasses all hourly employees of Defendant's restaurant within the three-year period preceding the filing of Plaintiff's Original Complaint.

56. The names and physical and mailing addresses of the FLSA collective action plaintiffs are available from Defendant, and a Court-approved Notice should be provided to the FLSA collective action plaintiffs via text message, email and first-class mail to their last known physical and electronic mailing addresses and cell phone numbers as soon as possible, together with other documents and information descriptive of Plaintiff's FLSA claim.

#### B. <u>AMWA Rule 23 Classes</u>

57. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated who were employed by Defendant within the State of Arkansas, brings this claim for relief for violation of the AMWA as a class action. 58. Plaintiff proposes to represent a class of persons, which may be defined as follows: All persons who were, are, or will be employed by Defendant as similarly situated hourly-paid employees at Defendant's restaurant within Arkansas at any time within the applicable statute of limitations period

59. Upon information and belief, Defendant has employed more than fifty (50) hourly employees within Arkansas within the last three (3) years. Therefore, the proposed AMWA Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

60. Common questions of law and fact relate to all of the proposed AMWA Class members, such as:

A. Whether Defendant had an unlawful policy of calculating overtime wages at a rate less than that required by the AMWA; and

B. Whether Defendant paid the members of the proposed class one and one-half times their regular wages for all hours worked over forty (40) in each week in accordance with the AMWA.

61. The above common questions of law and fact for the class predominate over any questions affecting only the individual named Plaintiff, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating the claims of the members of both AMWA Classes.

62. The class members have no interest in individually controlling the prosecution of separate actions because the policy of the AMWA provides a bright-line rule for protecting all non-exempt employees as a class. To wit: "It is declared to be the public policy of the State of Arkansas to establish minimum

wages for workers in order to safeguard their health, efficiency, and general wellbeing and to protect them as well as their employers from the effects of serious and unfair competition resulting from wage levels detrimental to their health, efficiency, and well-being." Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-202. To that end, all nonexempt employees must be paid for time worked over forty (40) hours per week at a rate of one and one-half times their regular rate. Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-211.

63. At the time of the filing of this Complaint, neither Plaintiff nor Plaintiff's counsel knows of any litigation already in progress by any members of the proposed class concerning the allegations in this Complaint.

64. Concentrating the litigation in this forum is highly desirable because Defendant has a significant presence in the Eastern District of Arkansas and because Plaintiff and all proposed Rule 23 class members work or worked within Arkansas.

65. No difficulties are likely to be encountered in the management of this class action.

66. Plaintiff's claim is typical of the claims of the proposed AMWA class in that Plaintiff worked as an hourly employee for Defendant and experienced the same violations of the AMWA that all other class members suffered.

67. Plaintiff and her counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the classes.

68. Plaintiff's counsel is competent to litigate Rule 23 class actions and other complex litigation matters, including wage and hour cases like this one, and

to the extent, if any, that they find that they are not, they are able and willing to associate additional counsel.

69. Plaintiff has consented in writing to the association of additional counsel.

70. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the proposed classes would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the proposed class that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for Defendant.

# VI. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

# (Individual Claim for Violation of the FLSA)

71. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.

72. Plaintiff asserts this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201, *et seq.* 

73. At all relevant times, Defendant was Plaintiff's "employer" within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203.

74. At all relevant times, Defendant has been, and continues to be, an enterprise engaged in commerce within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203.

75. 29 U.S.C. §§ 206 and 207 require any enterprise engaged in commerce to pay all employees a minimum wage for all hours worked up to forty (40) in one week and to pay time and a half of regular wages for all hours worked over forty (40) hours in a week, unless an employee meets certain exemption

requirements of 29 U.S.C. § 213 and all accompanying Department of Labor regulations.

76. During the period relevant to this lawsuit, Defendant classified Plaintiff as non-exempt from the overtime requirements of the FLSA.

77. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiff to minimum wage and overtime payments under the FLSA, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff an overtime rate of one and one-half times her regular rate of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in each one-week period.

78. Defendant's failure to properly pay overtime wages to Plaintiff stems from Defendant's act of failing to properly calculate overtime wages.

79. Defendant's conduct and practices, as described above, were willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

80. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for monetary damages, liquidated damages, and costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, for all violations that occurred within the three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint.

#### VII. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (Individual Claim for Violation of the AMWA)

81. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.

82. Plaintiff asserts this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the AMWA, Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 11-4-201 *et seq*.

83. At all relevant times, Defendant Was Plaintiff's "employer" within the meaning of the AMWA, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(4).

84. Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 11-4-210 and 211 require employers to pay all employees a minimum wage for all hours worked up to forty in one week and to pay one and one-half times regular wages for all hours worked over forty hours in a week, unless an employee meets the exemption requirements of 29 U.S.C. § 213 and accompanying Department of Labor regulations.

85. During the period relevant to this lawsuit, Defendant classified Plaintiff as non-exempt from the overtime requirements of the AMWA.

86. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiff to minimum wage and overtime payments under the AMWA, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff an overtime rate of one and one-half times her regular rate of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in each one-week period.

87. Defendant's failure to properly pay overtime wages to Plaintiff stems from Defendant's act failing to properly calculate overtime wages.

88. Defendant's conduct and practices, as described above, were willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

89. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for monetary damages, liquidated damages, and costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, for all violations that occurred within the three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated § 11-4-218.

#### VIII. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (Collective Action Claim for Violation of the FLSA)

90. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.

91. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, asserts this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201, *et seq.* 

92. At all relevant times, Defendant has been, and continues to be, an "employer" of Plaintiff and all those similarly situated within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203.

93. During the period relevant to this lawsuit, Defendant classified Plaintiff and all similarly situated members of the FLSA class as non-exempt from the overtime requirements of the FLSA.

94. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiff and those similarly situated to minimum wage and overtime payments under the FLSA, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff and all those similarly situated an overtime rate of one and one-half times their regular rates of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in each one-week period.

95. Because these employees are similarly situated to Plaintiff, and are owed overtime for the same reasons, the proposed FLSA class may be properly defined as follows:

All hourly workers within the past three years.

96. Defendant's conduct and practice, as described above, has been and is willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

97. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff and all those similarly situated for monetary damages, liquidated damages, and costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, for all violations that occurred within the three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint.

98. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in failing to pay Plaintiff and all those similarly situated as provided by the FLSA, Plaintiff and all those similarly situated are entitled to an award of prejudgment interest at the applicable legal rate.

## IX. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (Class Action Claim for Violation of the AMWA)

99. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges all previous paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully incorporated in this section.

100. Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed class, asserts this claim for damages and declaratory relief pursuant to the AMWA, Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 11-4-201, *et seq*.

101. At all relevant times, Defendant has been, and continues to be, an "employer" of Plaintiff and the members of the proposed class within the meaning of the AMWA, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-203(4).

102. Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 11-4-210 and 211 require employers to pay all employees a minimum wage for all hours worked up to forty (40) in one week and to pay one and one-half times regular wages for all hours worked over

forty (40) hours in a week, unless an employee meets the exemption requirements of 29 U.S.C. § 213 and accompanying Department of Labor regulations.

103. During the period relevant to this lawsuit, Defendant classified Plaintiff and all similarly situated members of the AMWA class as non-exempt from the overtime requirements of the AMWA.

104. Despite the entitlement of Plaintiff and those similarly situated to minimum wage and overtime payments under the AMWA, Defendant failed to pay Plaintiff and all those similarly situated an overtime rate of one and one-half times their regular rates of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in each oneweek period.

105. Because these employees are similarly situated to Plaintiff, and are owed overtime for the same reasons, the proposed AMWA class may be properly defined as follows:

#### All hourly Arkansas workers within the past three years.

106. Defendant's conduct and practices, as described above, were willful, intentional, unreasonable, arbitrary and in bad faith.

107. By reason of the unlawful acts alleged herein, Defendant is liable to Plaintiff and the proposed class for monetary damages, liquidated damages, costs, and a reasonable attorney's fee provided by the AMWA for all violations which occurred within the three (3) years prior to the filing of this Complaint, plus periods of equitable tolling. 108. Alternatively, should the Court find that Defendant acted in good faith in failing to pay Plaintiff and members of the proposed class as provided by the AMWA, Plaintiff and members of the proposed class are entitled to an award of prejudgment interest at the applicable legal rate.

#### X. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, premises considered, Plaintiff Shequita Daniels, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, respectfully prays as follows:

A. That Defendant be summoned to appear and answer this Complaint;

B. That Defendant be required to account to Plaintiff, the class members, and the Court for all of the hours worked by Plaintiff and the class members and all monies paid to them;

C. For orders regarding certification of and notice to the proposed collective action members;

D. A declaratory judgment that Defendant's practices alleged herein violate the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §201, *et seq.*, and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 *et seq.*;

E. A declaratory judgment that Defendant's practices alleged herein violate the Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, *et seq.* and the related regulations;

F. Judgment for damages for all unpaid overtime compensation owed to Plaintiff and the proposed class members under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §201, *et seq.*, and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 *et seq.*;

G. Judgment for damages for all unpaid overtime compensation under the Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, *et seq.* and the related regulations;

H. Judgment for liquidated damages pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 US.C. §201, *et seq.*, and attendant regulations at 29 C.F.R. §516 *et seq.*, in an amount equal to all unpaid overtime compensation owed to Plaintiff and the proposed class members during the applicable statutory period;

I. Judgment for liquidated damages pursuant to the Arkansas Minimum Wage Act, Ark. Code Ann. § 11-4-201, *et seq.*, and the relating regulations;

J. For a reasonable attorneys' fee, costs, and pre-judgment interest; and

K. Such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary, just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

SHEQUITA DANIELS, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, PLAINTIFF

SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC ONE FINANCIAL CENTER 650 SOUTH SHACKLEFORD, SUITE 411 LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72211 TELEPHONE: (501) 221-0088 FACSIMILE: (888) 787-2040

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# **CIVIL COVER SHEET**

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) CIVIL COVER SHEET 4.18 CM 77/-5.092 The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, exc provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for

purpose of initiating the civil do					1974, 13 roqui			ior uie	
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS					
SHEQUITA DANIELS, Individually and on Behalf of All Others Simil Situated (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff <u>Pulaski</u> (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				Iv       SNSA, INC., FARHANA ALI, KMN Holdings, LLC, NASRULLAH         MANJI and KHALID KHAN					
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Josh Sanford, SANFORD LAW FIRM, PLLC, One Financial Cente 650 South Shackleford, Suite 411, Little Rock, Arkansas 72211 501-221-0088; josh@sanfordlawfirm.com				Attomeys (If Known)					
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in O	ne Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPA	L PARTIES			
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<ul> <li>110 Insurance</li> <li>120 Marine</li> <li>130 Miller Act</li> <li>140 Negotiable Instrument</li> <li>150 Recovery of Overpayment &amp; Enforcement of Judgment</li> <li>151 Medicare Act</li> <li>152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)</li> <li>153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits</li> <li>160 Stockholders' Suits</li> <li>190 Other Contract</li> <li>195 Contract Product Liability</li> <li>196 Franchise</li> </ul>	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel &	PERSONAL INJUR 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPEI 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIO Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacat Sentence 530 General	RY     0     62       a     0     63       a     7     7       a     7     7       b     7     7       c     7     7       c     7     7       c     7     7       e     7     7       ia     7     7       ia     1     7       ia     1     1       ia     1     1	CREETINE CALLS  Constraints  C	<ul> <li>422 Appe</li> <li>423 With 28 U</li> <li>423 With 28 U</li> <li>820 Copy</li> <li>830 Pater</li> <li>835 Pater New</li> <li>840 Trade</li> <li>861 HIA</li> <li>862 Blacl</li> <li>863 DIW</li> <li>864 SSID</li> <li>865 RS1 (</li> <li>870 Taxe or D</li> <li>871 IRS-26 U</li> </ul>	eal 28 USC 158 drawal ISC 157 RTYRIGHTS tt t - Abbreviated Drug Application emark SECURITY (1395ff) k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g)) D Title XVI	<ul> <li>375 False Claims Act</li> <li>375 False Claims Act</li> <li>376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))</li> <li>400 State Reapportionment</li> <li>410 Antitrust</li> <li>430 Banks and Banking</li> <li>450 Commerce</li> <li>460 Deportation</li> <li>470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations</li> <li>480 Consumer Credit</li> <li>490 Cable/Sat TV</li> <li>850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange</li> <li>890 Other Statutory Actions</li> <li>891 Agricultural Acts</li> <li>893 Environmental Matters</li> <li>895 Freedom of Information Act</li> <li>896 Arbitration</li> <li>897 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision</li> <li>950 Constitutionality of State Statutes</li> </ul>		
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# **ClassAction.org**

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Ex-Employee of Church's Chicken Restaurant Files Unpaid Overtime Suit in Arkansas</u>