

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI  
WESTERN DIVISION**

LUCAS CRANOR, individually and on	)	
behalf of all others similarly situated,	)	
	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	Case No. _____
	)	
v.	)	
	)	<b>CLASS ACTION</b>
THE ZACK GROUP, INC.,	)	
	)	<b>JURY TRIAL DEMANDED</b>
Defendant.	)	

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT**

1. Plaintiff, Lucas Cranor, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, brings this action against Defendant The Zack Group, Inc. (“Zack Group” or “Defendant”) for negligently, willfully and/or knowingly sending text messages to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone number using an automatic telephone dialing system (“ATDS”), without prior express consent, in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 *et seq.* (“TCPA”).

**INTRODUCTION**

2. “If robocalls were a disease, they would be an epidemic.” *Rage Against Robocalls*, Consumer Reports (July 28, 2015, 6:00 AM), <https://www.consumerreports.org/cro/magazine/2015/07/rage-against-robocalls/index.htm>. “Robocalls” are the #1 consumer complaint in America today.

3. The Pew Research Center has reported 69 percent of cellular users who use text messaging receive unwanted text message spam, with 25 percent of them receiving it on a weekly basis. Jan Lauren Boyles and Lee Rainie, *Mobile Phone Problems*, Pew Research Center (Aug. 2, 2012), <http://www.pewinternet.org/2012/08/02/mobile-phone-problems>. Plaintiff is one such person.

4. The TCPA was enacted to prevent companies like Defendant from invading American citizens' privacy and to prevent illegal robocalls and text messages.

5. The TCPA regulates, *inter alia*, the use of automated telephone equipment (a/k/a “autodialers” or “robodialers”) to make calls or send text messages to any cellular telephone number. Specifically, the plain language of section 227(b)(1)(A)(iii) prohibits the use of prerecorded messages or autodialers to make any call to a wireless number in the absence of an emergency or the prior express consent of the called party.

6. Text messages are “calls” under the TCPA. *Layden v. Adams Auto Corp.*, No. 18-00065-CV-W-ODS, 2018 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 79792, at \*4 (W.D. Mo. May 11, 2018) (quoting *Campbell-Ewald Co. v. Gomez*, 136 S. Ct. 663, 667 (2016)).

7. In 2012, pursuant to its rulemaking authority under the TCPA, the FCC imposed even stricter requirements on “advertising” and “telemarketing” text messages by making it unlawful to:

Initiate, or cause to be initiated, any telephone call that includes or introduced an advertisement or constitutes telemarketing, using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, to any [cellular telephone number], other than a call made with the prior express written consent of the called party[.]

47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(a)(2). This prior written consent requirement became effective on October 16, 2013.

8. The term “prior express written consent” means:

[A]n agreement, in writing, bearing the signature of the person called that clearly authorizes the seller to deliver or cause to be delivered to the person called advertisements or telemarketing messages using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, and the telephone number to which the signatory authorizes such advertisements or telemarketing messages to be delivered. (i) The written agreement shall include a clear and conspicuous disclosure informing the person signing that: (A) By executing the agreement, such person authorizes the seller to

deliver or cause to be delivered to the signatory telemarketing calls using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice; and (B) The person is not required to sign the agreement (directly or indirectly), or agree to enter into such an agreement as a condition of purchasing any property, goods, or services.

47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(f)(8). In other words, the agreement “must tell consumers the telemarketing will be done with autodialer equipment and that consent is not a condition of purchase.” In re Rules & Regulations Implementing the TCP Act of 1991 et al., 30 FCC Rcd 7961, 8012-8013 ¶ 98 (F.C.C. July 10, 2015).

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

9. Jurisdiction and venue for purposes of this action are appropriate and conferred by 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1391, respectively.

10. Defendant’s unlawful conduct was directed to this District, Plaintiff’s cellular telephone received the illegal text messages in this District, Plaintiff resides in this District, and Defendant provides and markets its services in this District.

### **A BRIEF OVERVIEW OF TEXT MESSAGING**

11. In recent years, companies who have often felt stymied by federal laws limiting solicitation by telephone, facsimile machine, and email have increasingly looked to alternative technologies through which they can send bulk solicitations cheaply.

12. One of the newest types of such bulk marketing is to advertise through text messaging.

13. The open rate for text messages exceeds 99 percent, and 90 percent of those messages are read within three minutes. Conversely, the open rate for email in the retail industry is 31 percent.

14. Unlike more conventional advertisements, text calls, and particularly wireless or mobile spam, can cost their recipients money because cellphone users must frequently pay their respective wireless service providers either for each text message call they receive or incur a usage allocation deduction to their text plan, regardless of whether or not the message is authorized or whether they prepay for these plans.

15. The Federal Communication Commission (“FCC”) has recognized that wireless customers are charged for incoming calls and text messages whether they pay in advance or after the minutes are used. These types of damages are the same shared by the Plaintiff and the class members.

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

16. Plaintiff is a natural person and citizen of the State of Missouri who resides in Joplin, Missouri, and is a “person” as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).

17. Plaintiff is the subscriber and regular user of the cellular telephone number at issue, (417) xxx-1968.

18. Thus, Plaintiff is the “called party” within the meaning of the TCPA.

19. Defendant The Zack Group, Inc. (“Zack Group” or “Defendant”) is a Kansas corporation with its principal office or headquarters in Overland Park, Kansas, and is a “person” as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39). Zack Group operates a medical staffing service that does business throughout Missouri and Kansas, including in this District. Zack Group holds itself out as “helping you find the ideal placement opportunity that matches your skillset and interests,” and claims it “can place you where you want to be, when you want to be there.”

20. Defendant never had prior express consent to send any text messages to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone number.

21. On June 13, 2018, Defendant sent or caused to be sent from phone number (913) 906-8252 the following text message to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number:

Hey Lucas, Interested in travel RN contracts for days/nights in MO?  
\$1300-1700/wk aft tax dep on location. All skill sets.

22. The same day, Plaintiff texted back: "What company?"

23. Plaintiff did not receive any reply to his text message until the next day, June 14, 2018, at which time the sender identified itself as Zack Group.

24. Defendant obtained Plaintiff's cellular telephone number from a third party.

25. On June 14, 2018, Plaintiff informed Defendant that Defendant's conduct is illegal and asked Defendant to remove his name from Defendant's list.

26. Each text message call Defendant made to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number was made without the prior express written consent of Plaintiff.

27. Defendant made at least one text message call to (417) xxx-1968 using an "automatic telephone dialing system" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(1) ("ATDS").

28. Each text message call Defendant made to (417) xxx-1968 in the last four years was made using an ATDS.

29. The anonymous nature of the text message to Plaintiff's cellphone number, and the fact that Plaintiff responded the same day but Defendant did not reply until the following day, demonstrates that the text message was sent using an ATDS.

30. By effectuating these unlawful text messages, Defendant caused Plaintiff the very harm that Congress sought to prevent—namely, a "nuisance and invasion of privacy."

31. Defendant's aggravating and annoying text messages trespassed upon and interfered with Plaintiff's rights and interests in his cellular telephone and cellular telephone line, and intruded upon Plaintiff's seclusion.

32. Moreover, “wireless customers [like Plaintiff] are charged for incoming calls whether they pay in advance or after the minutes are used.” In re Rules Implementing the Tel. Consumer Prot. Act of 1991, 23 FCC Rcd 559 ¶ 7 (Jan. 4, 2008). Defendant’s text message calls harmed Plaintiff by depleting the battery life on his cellular telephone, and by using minutes allocated to Plaintiff by his cellular telephone service provider.

33. Defendant has a corporate policy of sending text messages using an ATDS in order to market and/or advertise Defendant’s services to individuals such as Plaintiff for Defendants’ financial benefit.

34. Defendant intentionally uses numbers obtained from third parties—knowing those numbers were not provided for use in connection with the sending of marketing, advertising or any other text messages—to send mass text messages to those numbers without first obtaining express consent or determining whether the numbers were assigned to a cellular telephone service.

35. Defendant willfully or knowingly violated the TCPA with respect to the Plaintiff and members of the Class and each Subclass.

**COUNT I: Violation of the TCPA**

36. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 35.

37. Defendant sent at least one text message to Plaintiff’s cellular telephone number using an ATDS without Plaintiff’s prior express consent.

38. The subject text messages were not sent for emergency purposes within the meaning of the TCPA.

39. Defendant willfully and knowingly violated the TCPA, including 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii), each time it sent a text message to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number using an ATDS without Plaintiff's prior express consent.

40. The subject text messages to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number advertised the commercial availability or quality of Defendant's property, goods, or services, and therefore "included or introduced an advertisement" within the meaning of the TCPA.

41. The subject text messages to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number were for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, Defendant's property, goods, or services, and therefore constitute "telemarketing" within the meaning of the TCPA.

42. Defendant did not have Plaintiff's "prior express written consent," as defined by 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(f)(8), to send the subject text messages to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number.

43. Defendant willfully and knowingly violated the TCPA implementing regulations, including 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(a)(2), each time it sent a text message to Plaintiff's cellular telephone number, that included or introduced an advertisement or constituted telemarketing, using an ATDS without Plaintiff's prior express written consent.

44. As a result of Defendant's illegal conduct, Plaintiff and the members of each Class and Subclass suffered actual damages and, under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B), are entitled to, *inter alia*, a minimum of \$500.00 in damages for each such violation of the TCPA.

45. Plaintiff and the Class and Subclass members are also entitled to and do seek injunctive relief prohibiting Defendants from violating the TCPA in the future.

#### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

46. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in all other paragraphs as if fully stated herein. Plaintiff brings the above claims individually and on

behalf of all others similarly situated.

47. In this case, Plaintiff seeks to certify a Class and Subclass, subject to amendment, as follows:

48. The Class consists of:

(1) All persons in the United States (2) to whose cellular telephone number (3) Defendant or anyone acting on its behalf placed a non-emergency text message (4) about Defendant's job placement services (5) using substantially the same system(s) used to text Plaintiff (6) within 4 years of the complaint (7) where Defendant obtained the number called from a third party.

The Missouri State Board of Nursing Subclass consists of:

(1) All persons in the United States (2) to whose cellular telephone number (3) Defendant or anyone acting on its behalf placed a non-emergency text message (4) about Defendant's job placement services (5) using substantially the same system(s) used to text Plaintiff (6) within 4 years of the complaint (7) where said cellular telephone number was provided to Defendant by the Missouri State Board of Nursing.

49. Plaintiff represents and is a member of each Class and Subclass. Excluded from each Class and Subclass are Defendant and any entities in which Defendant has a controlling interest, Defendant's employees and agents, the Judge to whom this action is assigned, and any member of the Judge's staff and immediate family.

50. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the exact number of members in each Class and Subclass, but based upon the size and scope of Defendant's business, the automated nature of the texts, and the number of nurses registered with the Missouri State Board of Nursing, Plaintiff reasonably believes that the Class and Subclass members number, at a minimum, in the thousands.

51. Plaintiff and all members of each Class and Subclass have been harmed by Defendant's actions.

52. This Class Action Complaint seeks money damages and injunctive relief.



53. The joinder of all Class and Subclass members is impractical due to the size and relatively modest value of each individual claim.

54. The disposition of the claims in a class action will provide substantial benefit to both the parties and the Court in avoiding multiplicity of identical suits.

55. The members of each Class and Subclass can be easily identified through records maintained by Defendant or its agents.

56. There are question of law and fact common to the members of each Class and Subclass, which common questions predominate over any questions that affect only individual Class or Subclass members. Those common questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to:

- a) Whether the system used to send the text messages was an ATDS;
- b) Whether Defendant engaged in a pattern of using an ATDS to send text messages to cellular telephone numbers without the prior express consent of the called party;
- c) Whether the text messages included or introduced an advertisement;
- d) Whether the text messages constitute telemarketing;
- e) Whether Defendant's conduct was willful or knowing; and
- f) Whether Defendant's actions violated the TCPA.

57. As a person who received a text message on his cellphone that was sent using an ATDS without prior express consent, all within the meaning of the TCPA, Plaintiff asserts claims that are typical of the members of each Class and Subclass.

58. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of each Class and Subclass, and Plaintiff does not have an interest that is antagonistic to any member of the Class or any Subclass.

59. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims involving violations of federal and state consumer protection statutes such as the TCPA.

60. A class action is the superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy.

61. Class-wide relief is essential to compel Defendant to comply with the TCPA. The interest of class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the statutory damages in an individual action for violation of the TCPA are small.

62. Management of these claims as a class action is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than are presented by many class claims because the text messages at issue are all automated and the Class and Subclass members, by definition, did not provide the prior express consent required under the statute and regulations to authorize such text messages to their cellular telephones.

63. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to each Class and Subclass, thereby making final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief with respect to each Class and Subclass as a whole appropriate.

64. Moreover, the TCPA violations complained of herein are substantially likely to continue in the future if an injunction is not entered.

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of her and the Class, and against Defendant, for:

(a) A declaration that Defendant's practices described herein violate the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227;

(b) An injunction prohibiting Defendant from using an ATDS to send text messages to any cellular telephone number without prior express consent authorizing Defendant to send text messages to those numbers, in order to ensure that Plaintiff is not texted in the future;

(c) An injunction requiring Defendant to file with the Court quarterly reports of third party audits of Defendant's system and procedures to not send text messages to any cellular telephone number using an ATDS without prior express consent authorizing Defendant to send text messages to those numbers, in order to ensure that Plaintiff is not texted in the future;

(d) An injunction prohibiting Defendant from using an ATDS to send telemarketing or advertising text messages to any cellular telephone number without signed, written agreements authorizing Defendant to send such text messages to those numbers, in order to ensure that Plaintiff is not texted in the future;

(e) An injunction requiring Defendant to file with the Court quarterly reports of third party audits of Defendant's system and procedures to not send telemarketing or advertising text messages to any cellular telephone number using an ATDS without signed, written agreements authorizing Defendant to send such text messages to those numbers, in order to ensure that Plaintiff is not texted in the future;

(f) An award of actual damages in an amount to be proven at trial;

(g) An award of statutory damages for Plaintiff and each Class and Subclass member in the amount of \$500.00 for each and every call and text message that violated the TCPA;

(h) An award of treble damages, as provided by statute, of up to \$1,500.00 for Plaintiff and each Class and Subclass member for each and every call and text message that violated the TCPA;

(i) An order certifying this action to be a proper class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, establishing the appropriate Class(es) and Subclass(es) the Court deems appropriate, finding that Plaintiff is a proper representative of each Class and Subclass, and appointing the lawyers and law firms representing Plaintiff as counsel for each Class and Subclass;

(j) An award of Plaintiff's attorneys' fees, litigation expenses and costs of suit; and

(k) Such further and other relief as the Court deems reasonable and just.

**JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, hereby demands trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: August 14, 2018

Respectfully Submitted,

LUCAS CRANOR, INDIVIDUALLY AND ON BEHALF  
OF ALL OTHERS SIMILARLY SITUATED, Plaintiffs

By:     /s/ A.J. Stecklein    

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# CIVIL COVER SHEET

JS 44 (Rev. 09/11)

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet.

## I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Lucas Cranor

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Jasper

(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Stecklein & Rapp, Chartered  
748 Ann Ave.  
Kansas City, Kansas 66101

## DEFENDANTS

The Zack Group, Inc.

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant \_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: In land condemnation cases, use the location of the tract of land involved.

Attorneys (If Known)

## II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff
- 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
- 2 U.S. Government Defendant
- 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

## III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- |   |                            |                            |   |                            |                            |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | <b>PTF</b>                 | <b>DEF</b>                 |   | <b>PTF</b>                 | <b>DEF</b>                 |
| Citizen of This State                   | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State     | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Citizen of Another State                | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation  | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

## IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 367 Health Care/Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability <b>PERSONAL PROPERTY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other <b>LABOR</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 751 Family and Medical Leave Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act <b>IMMIGRATION</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detainee (Prisoner Petition) <input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <b>PROPERTY RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark <b>SOCIAL SECURITY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g)) <b>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 375 False Claims Act <input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 896 Arbitration <input type="checkbox"/> 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
<b>REAL PROPERTY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<b>CIVIL RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education	<b>PRISONER PETITIONS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <b>Habeas Corpus:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition <input type="checkbox"/> 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement			

## V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- 1 Original Proceeding
- 2 Removed from State Court
- 3 Remanded from Appellate Court
- 4 Reinstated or Reopened
- 5 Transferred from another district (specify)
- 6 Multidistrict Litigation

## VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Enter U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write a brief statement of cause.)

Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227

## VII. PREVIOUS BANKRUPTCY MATTERS (For nature of suit 422 and 423, enter the case number and judge for any associated bankruptcy matter previously adjudicated by a judge of this Court. Use a separate attachment if necessary.)

## VIII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$ \_\_\_\_\_

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:  
JURY DEMAND:  Yes  No

## IX. This case (check one box)

is not a refiling of a previously dismissed action

is a refiling of case number \_\_\_\_\_ previously dismissed by Judge \_\_\_\_\_

Date

August 14, 2018

Signature of Attorney of Record

/s/ AJ Stecklein

# ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: [Medical Staffing Service The Zack Group Sued Over Allegedly Unsolicited Text Message](#)

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