UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI

ERENNE COATS and JUSTIN SMITH, individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated persons,

Case No.

CLASS AND COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs,

v.

WILLIAMS-SONOMA, INC and WILLIAMS-SONOMA DIRECT, INC.

Defendants.

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This case is brought to remedy the failure of Defendants Williams-Sonoma, Inc. and Williams-Sonoma Direct, Inc. (collectively Williams-Sonoma) to pay Plaintiffs minimum wages as required by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), 29 U.S.C. §201 et seq., and the common law of contract.
- 2. Plaintiffs are hourly workers for Williams-Sonoma. They worked in Williams-Sonoma distribution center in Olive Branch, Mississippi. However, Williams-Sonoma failed to pay Plaintiffs their wages on their pay date. As a result, Williams-Sonoma violated the minimum wage provision of the FLSA and failed to pay Plaintiffs their promised wages for the hours they worked.
- 3. Plaintiffs seek unpaid minimum wages for the hours they worked, liquidated damages, costs and attorneys' fees as well as declaratory relief. Plaintiff brings this claim individually and on behalf of other similarly situated employees under the collective action provisions of the FLSA. 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
- 4. In addition, by the conduct described in this complaint, Williams-Sonoma has violated the common law of contract by failing to pay their hourly workers the promised wages for each hour worked. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of other

similarly situated employees under the class action provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23.

JURISDICTION

- 5. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 29 U.S.C. §216(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, by 28 U.S.C. §1331, this action arising under laws of the United States, and by 28 U.S.C. §1337, this action arising under Acts of Congress regulating commerce. Jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' claims for declaratory relief is conferred by 28 U.S.C. §§2201 and 2202.
- 6. This Court has jurisdiction over the breach of contract claim raised by virtue of 28 U.S.C. §1367(a).

VENUE

- 7. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b).
- 8. Upon information and belief, Williams-Sonoma resides in this district.
- 9. Plaintiff labored for Williams-Sonoma in Olive Branch, Mississippi, which is within this District.
- 10. The cause of action set forth in this Complaint arose in this District.

PARTIES

A. Plaintiffs

- 11. Plaintiff Coats was an employee of Williams-Sonoma. Her "Consent to Sue" is attached to this complaint as Exhibit A.
- 12. Plaintiff Smith was an employee of Williams-Sonoma. His "Consent to Sue" is attached to this complaint as Exhibit B.
- 13. Coats and Smith worked for Williams-Sonoma in Olive Branch, Mississippi.
- 14. Coats and Smith were engaged in commerce in their work for Williams-Sonoma.

B. Represented Parties under FLSA

- 15. The term "Plaintiffs" as used in this complaint refers to the Named Plaintiffs and any additional represented class members pursuant to the collective action provision of 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
- 16. The Named Plaintiffs represent current and former "hourly employees who were not paid their wages on their scheduled pay date and who have worked for Williams-Sonoma between January 28, 2019, and the date of final judgment in this matter."
- 17. The Named Plaintiffs bring this case as a collective action for class members in Mississippi as defined in the preceding paragraph, under the collective action provision of the FLSA as set forth in 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

C. Class Action Allegations

- 18. Plaintiffs Coats and Smith bring the Second Cause of Action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on behalf of themselves and a class of persons consisting of "all hourly employees who have worked for Williams-Sonoma in Mississippi since three years before the filing of the complaint and the date of final judgment in this matter, and were not paid their promised wages for each hour worked."
- 19. Excluded from the Class are Williams-Sonoma's legal representatives, officers, directors, assigns, and successors, or any individual who has, or who at any time during the class period has had, a controlling interest in Williams-Sonoma; the Judge(s) to whom this case is assigned and any member of the Judges' immediate family; and all persons who will submit timely and otherwise proper requests for exclusion from the Class.
- 20. The persons in the Class identified above are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Although the precise number of such persons is not known to Plaintiffs,

- the facts on which the calculation of that number can be based are presently within the sole control of Williams-Sonoma.
- 21. Upon information and belief, the size of the Class is about 100 hourly employees.
- 22. Williams-Sonoma acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the Class as a whole.
- 23. The Second Cause of Action is properly maintainable as a class action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3). There are questions of law and fact common to the Class that predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class, including but not limited to:
 - a. whether Williams-Sonoma promised to pay Plaintiffs and the Class for each hour they worked;
 - b. whether Williams-Sonoma failed and/or refused to pay the Plaintiff and the Class for all hours worked;
 - c. whether Williams-Sonoma failed and/or refused to pay the Plaintiff and the Class at the promised hourly rate for all hours worked;
 - d. the nature and extent of Class-wide injury and the appropriate measure of damages for the Class; and
 - e. whether Williams-Sonoma correctly calculated and compensated Plaintiffs and the Class for hours worked.
- 24. The claims of the Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the Class they seek to represent.

 The Plaintiffs and the Class members work or have worked for Williams-Sonoma and have been subjected to their policy and pattern or practice of failing to pay all wages for

all hours worked. Williams-Sonoma acted and refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making declaratory relief with respect to the Class appropriate.

- 25. The Named Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class.
 - a. The Named Plaintiffs understand that, as class representatives, they assume a
 fiduciary responsibility to the Class to represent its interests fairly and adequately.
 - b. The Named Plaintiffs recognize that as class representatives, they must represent and consider the interests of the Class just as they would represent and consider their own interests.
 - c. The Named Plaintiffs understand that in decisions regarding the conduct of the litigation and its possible settlement, they must not favor their own interests over those of the Class.
 - d. The Named Plaintiffs recognize that any resolution of a class action lawsuit, including any settlement or dismissal thereof, must be in the best interests of the Class.
 - e. The Named Plaintiffs understand that in order to provide adequate representation, they must remain informed of developments in the litigation, cooperate with class counsel by providing them with information and any relevant documentary material in their possession, and testify, if required, in a deposition and in trial.
- 26. The Named Plaintiffs have retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class action employment litigation.
- 27. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient

adjudication of this litigation - particularly in the context of wage litigation like the present action, where individual Plaintiffs may lack the financial resources to vigorously prosecute a lawsuit in federal court against a corporate defendant. The members of the Class have been damaged and are entitled to recovery as a result of Williams-Sonoma's common and uniform policies, practices, and procedures. Although the relative damages suffered by individual members of the Class are not *de minimis*, such damages are small compared to the expense and burden of individual prosecution of this litigation against Williams-Sonoma. In addition, class treatment is superior because it will obviate the need for unduly duplicative litigation that might result in inconsistent judgments about Williams-Sonoma's practices.

D. Defendants

- 28. Williams-Sonoma lists its principal office address as 3250 Van Ness, San Francisco, CA 94109. Upon information and belief, Defendant Williams-Sonoma, Inc. and Defendant Williams-Sonoma Direct, Inc are corporations having their headquarters and offices in California and places of business in Mississippi and throughout the United States.
- 29. Defendant Williams-Sonoma, Inc., "incorporated in 1973, is an omni-channel specialty retailer of high-quality products for the home."
- 30. Defendant Williams-Sonoma, Inc. is "the world's largest digital-first, design-led and sustainable home retailer."
- 31. Defendant Williams-Sonoma, Inc. is a publicly traded company.
- 32. Defendant Williams-Sonoma, Inc. generated about \$7 billion in net revenue in 2020.
- 33. Upon information and belief, Defendant Williams-Sonoma Direct, Inc. is a warehousing and storage business.

- 34. Upon information and belief, Defendant Williams-Sonoma, Inc. is the parent company to Williams-Sonoma Direct, Inc.
- 35. Upon information and belief, Williams-Sonoma grossed more than \$500,000 in each of the last ten calendar years.
- 36. Williams-Sonoma is an enterprise engaged in interstate commerce for purposes of the Fair Labor Standards Act.
- 37. At all times relevant herein, Williams-Sonoma has been an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods or services for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §203(s)(1), in that said enterprise has and has had employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person and in that said enterprise has had and has an annual gross volume of sales made or business done of not less than \$500,000 (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are separately stated).
- 38. Williams-Sonoma employed Plaintiffs and participated directly in employment decisions regarding the Plaintiffs for which they seek redress in this case.
- 39. All actions and omissions described in this complaint were made by Williams-Sonoma directly or through its supervisory employees and agents.

FACTS

- 40. Plaintiff Coats is a resident of Tennessee.
- 41. Plaintiff Coats worked for Williams-Sonoma from approximately November 26, 2021 to approximately December 15, 2021.
- 42. Plaintiff Coats worked as a selector for Williams-Sonoma. She was responsible for mass picking orders (looking up the item and finding where it was in the warehouse), sorting

through how many were needed, and then logging them in Williams-Sonoma's system.

She also occasionally had to find and set orders to the side based on paperwork she was given.

- 43. Williams-Sonoma promised Plaintiff Coats an hourly wage of \$19 per hour.
- 44. Plaintiff Smith is a resident of Mississippi.
- 45. Plaintiff Smith worked for Williams-Sonoma from approximately November 19, 2021, to approximately December 15, 2021.
- 46. Plaintiff Smith worked as a Seasonal Merchandise Processor for Williams-Sonoma.
- 47. Williams-Sonoma promised Plaintiff Smith an hourly wage of \$17.50 per hour.
- 48. Williams-Sonoma paid Plaintiffs their wages on a weekly basis.
- 49. Williams-Sonoma paid its hourly workers every Friday. For example, Williams-Sonoma paid Coats on December 10, 2021, for worked performed from November 28, 2021, to December 4, 2021.
- 50. Plaintiffs are or were hourly workers employed by Williams-Sonoma to work in its distribution facility in Olive Branch, Mississippi.
- 51. Plaintiffs Coats and Smith clocked in at the beginning of their scheduled shift, and clocked out at the end of their scheduled shift.
- 52. Plaintiffs Coats and Smith also clocked in and out for meal breaks.
- 53. The last week Plaintiff Coats and Smith worked for Williams-Sonoma was the week of December 12, 2021.
- 54. Plaintiffs Coats and Smith worked December 12, 2021, to December 15, 2021.
- 55. Williams-Sonoma failed to pay Plaintiffs Coats and Smith for the hours they worked during the week of December 12, 2021.

- Williams-Sonoma failed to pay Plaintiff Coats and Smith on December 24, 2021, for the wages they earned during the workweek of December 12, 2021.
- 57. Williams-Sonoma has not paid Plaintiffs Coats and Smith for their last week of work.
- 58. Upon information and belief, other hourly employees were not paid by their scheduled pay date.
- 59. Upon information and belief, other hourly employees were not paid for their last week of work.
- 60. Williams-Sonoma knew or should have known that Plaintiffs and class members performed worked.
- 61. Williams-Sonoma knew or should have known that it did not pay Plaintiff and class members for the work they performed by their scheduled pay date.
- 62. Williams-Sonoma did not pay Plaintiffs minimum wages for each hour they worked.
- 63. Williams-Sonoma did not pay Plaintiffs their promised wages for each hour they worked.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT: MINIMUM WAGE VIOLATIONS)

- 64. Williams-Sonoma failed to pay minimum wages to Plaintiffs in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 206 et seq. and its implementing regulations.
- 65. Williams-Sonoma's failure to comply with the FLSA's minimum wage protections caused Plaintiff to suffer loss of wages and interest thereon.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (COMMON LAW CONTRACT FOR FAILURE TO PAY PROMISED WAGES)

- 66. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 67. Williams-Sonoma promised in writing to pay Plaintiffs at a set hourly rate for each hour of work.

- 68. Plaintiffs performed labor for Williams-Sonoma knowing of the promise.
- 69. Williams-Sonoma failed to pay the promised wages for the hours it knew or should have known that Plaintiffs worked in violation of their promise to pay such wages.
- 70. Williams-Sonoma's failure to pay wages as promised violated Plaintiffs' rights under the common law doctrines of contract.
- 71. Williams-Sonoma failed to pay Plaintiffs and the Class.

RELIEF SOUGHT

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that this Court enter an Order:

- 1. Declaring that the Williams-Sonoma violated the Fair Labor Standards Act;
- Granting judgment to Plaintiffs and members of the FLSA collective action for their claims
 of unpaid minimum wages as secured by the Fair Labor Standards Act, as well as an equal
 amount in liquidated damages;
- Awarding Plaintiffs and members of the FLSA collective action their costs and reasonable attorneys' fees; and
- 4. With respect to the Class:
 - a. Certifying this action as a class action;
 - b. Designating the Named Plaintiff as the Class Representatives;
 - c. Appointing the undersigned as class counsel;
 - d. Declaring that the Williams-Sonoma breached its contract with Plaintiffs and the class;
 - e. Awarding damages, pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, as provided by law;
 - f. Granting such other injunctive and equitable relief as the Court may deem just and proper; and
 - g. Awarding Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees and costs of suit, including expert fees and costs.

Dated: January 31, 2022

Respectfully Submitted,

s/ William B. Ryan William B. Ryan – MS Bar #99667 DONATI LAW, PLLC 1545 Union Avenue Memphis, TN 38104 Phone: (901) 278-1004 Fax: (901) 278-3111

Billy@donatilaw.com

LOCAL COUNSEL FOR PLAINTIFFS

Matt Dunn (pro hac application to be filed) GETMAN, SWEENEY & DUNN, PLLC 260 Fair Street Kingston, NY 12401 Phone: (845)255-9370

Fax: (845) 255-8649

Email: mdunn@getmansweeney.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

CONSENT TO SUE UNDER THE FLSA

I hereby consent to be a plaintiff in an action under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq., to secure any unpaid wages, minimum wages, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees, costs, service awards, and other relief arising out of my employment at Williams-Sonoma, Inc. and any other associated parties. I authorize Getman, Sweeney & Dunn, PLLC, and any associated attorneys as well as any successors or assigns, to represent me in such action.

Dated: Jan 22, 2022

Erenne Coats (Jan 22, 2022 12

Erenne Coats

Case: 3:22-cv-00019-MPM-RP Doc #: 1-1 Filed: 01/31/22 2 of 2 PageID #: 13

Williams-Sonoma CTS 01.22.22

Final Audit Report

2022-01-22

Created:

2022-01-22

By:

Getman Sweeney Dunn (gsdoffice1@getmansweeney.com)

Status:

Signed

Transaction ID:

CBJCHBCAABAAaCoFN2Av-iKjikDrO06hp4c22xPYydwD

"Williams-Sonoma CTS 01.22.22" History

- Web Form created by Getman Sweeney Dunn (gsdoffice1@getmansweeney.com) 2022-01-22 5:45:15 PM GMT
- Web Form filled in by Erenne Coats Redacted
 2022-01-22 6:30:18 PM GMT- IP address: 99.1.1.183
- User email address verification waived 2022-01-22 6:30:19 PM GMT- IP address: 99,1.1.183
- Agreement completed. 2022-01-22 - 6:30:19 PM GMT

CONSENT TO SUE UNDER THE FLSA

I hereby consent to be a plaintiff in an action under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq., to secure any unpaid wages, minimum wages, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees, costs, service awards, and other relief arising out of my employment at Williams-Sonoma, Inc. and any other associated parties. I authorize Getman, Sweeney & Dunn, PLLC, and any associated attorneys as well as any successors or assigns, to represent me in such action.

Dated: Jan 22, 2022

Justin Smith (Jan 22, 2022 20:25 CST)

Justin Smith

Case: 3:22-cv-00019-MPM-RP Doc #: 1-2 Filed: 01/31/22 2 of 2 PageID #: 15

Williams-Sonoma CTS 01.22.22

Final Audit Report

2022-01-23

Created:

2022-01-23

By:

Getman Sweeney Dunn (gsdoffice1@getmansweeney.com)

Status:

Signed

Transaction ID:

CBJCHBCAABAAIrMbjj2DK_le5-kCb-yKBPp9x6j7Eskz

"Williams-Sonoma CTS 01.22.22" History

- Web Form created by Getman Sweeney Dunn (gsdoffice1@getmansweeney.com) 2022-01-22 5:45:15 PM GMT
- Web Form filled in by Justin Smit Redacted 2022-01-23 2:25:23 AM GMT- IP address: 174,202,196,184
- User email address verification waived 2022-01-23 2:25:25 AM GMT- IP address: 174.202.196.184
- Agreement completed. 2022-01-23 - 2:25:25 AM GMT

Case: 3:22-cv-00019-MCM-P-200 # 12 5 1 1 2 1 of 1 PageID #: 16

JS 44 (Rev. 04/21)

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet.

purpose of initiating the civil d	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCT	TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF				
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDAN	ITS		
Erenne Coats and Justin Smith			Williams-Sonoma, Inc. and Williams-Sonoma Direct, Inc.			
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Shelby County, TN (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant San Francisco County, (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.		
William B. Ryan Memphis, TN 38	Address, and Telephone Number, Donati Law, PLLC, 3104, 901-278-1004;	1545 Union Avenu Matt Dunn, Getma		own)		
II. BASIS OF JURISD	in. PLLC (pro hac to laction) ICTION (Place an "X" in C		I	F PRINCIPAL PARTII	ES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	_		(For Diversity Cases O	only) PTF DEF X 1	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF or Principal Place 4 4 In This State	
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship	o of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	of Business	and Principal Place 5 X 5 S In Another State	
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 Foreign Natio	on66	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Box Oni	ly)		Click here for: Nature	of Suit Code Descriptions.	
CONTRACT	TOI	RTS	FORFEITURE/PENALT	ΓY BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability PERSONAL PROPERTY 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage Product Liability PRISONER PETITIONS Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee -	X 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Management Relations 740 Railway Labor Act 751 Family and Medical Leave Act 790 Other Labor Litigatio 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act IMMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Applic	423 Withdrawal	376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit (15 USC 1681 or 1692) 485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information	
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" i	in One Poy Only)	Conditions of Confinement				
x 1 Original 2 Res	moved from 3 R	Remanded from Appellate Court	Reopened An	ansferred from 6 Multic cother District ecify) 6 Multic Transf	tion - Litigation -	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	ON 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq	i. and specifically, the colluse:	filing (Do not cite jurisdictional ective action provision, 29 U.S. as as required by the FLSA an			
					only if demanded in complaint: ND: Yes No	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	t	
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATTO	DRNEY OF RECORD			
01/31/2022		William B. Ryan				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					TTP 07	
RECEIPT # AN	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDG	ie MAG	. JUDGE	

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Mississippi Williams-Sonoma Workers

Owed Unpaid Wages, Lawsuit Alleges