UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
JOSE REYES CABRERA, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	11	Case No.: 17 Civ. 5627
Plaintiff, - against -	: : :	<u>COMPLAINT</u>
RKP SERVICE, INC. d/b/a RAINBOW CAR WASH, RITA DEGIRMENCI, and KEVIN DEGIRMENCI,	: : :	
Defendants.	: : - X	

Plaintiff Jose Reyes Cabrera, on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated, ("Plaintiff") by and through his attorneys, Shulman Kessler LLP, complaining of the Defendants RKP Service, Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash, Rita Degirmenci, and Kevin Degirmenci (collectively "Defendants"), alleges as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. This lawsuit seeks to recover minimum wages, unpaid overtime compensation, misappropriated tips, spread of hours pay, and other wages for Plaintiff and his similarly situated coworkers who have worked for Defendants as car wash laborers.
- 2. Plaintiff brings this action seeking monetary damages and affirmative relief based upon Defendants' violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 ("FLSA"), as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 201, *et seq.*, the New York Labor Law ("NYLL"), and other appropriate rules, regulations, statutes and ordinances.
- 3. Defendants operate a car wash within the State of New York. Plaintiff Jose Reyes Cabrera was employed by Defendants as a car wash laborer who regularly worked over 40 hours per week, but was not compensated properly for the overtime hours worked.

- 4. Defendants failed to track their car wash laborers' hours worked.
- 5. At all times relevant, Defendants applied a tip-credit to Plaintiff's wages, and paid Plaintiff a reduced minimum wage rate.
- 6. Defendants, however, did not satisfy the strict notice requirements under the FLSA and the NYLL that would allow it to pay a reduced minimum wage (i.e. take a "tip credit") to Plaintiff.
- 7. Accordingly, Defendants maintain a policy and practice whereby they fail to pay Plaintiff the proper minimum wage rate under the FLSA and NYLL.
- 8. Defendants maintain a policy and practice whereby they retain a portion of Plaintiff's and similarly situated car was laborers' tips from customers.
 - 9. Defendants are not entitled to tips under the FLSA and NYLL.
- 10. Accordingly, Plaintiff is entitled to the full minimum wages for all hours worked and overtime wages calculated at time and a half of the full minimum wage for all hours worked due to Defendants' misappropriation of Plaintiff's tips.
- 11. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff a spread of hours pay for all days where he worked more than 10 hours per day in violation of NYLL.
- 12. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and all similarly situated current and former car wash laborers of Defendants pursuant to the FLSA.
- 13. Plaintiff also seeks permission to give notice of this action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all persons who are presently, or have at any time during the 3 years immediately preceding the filing of this action, worked for Defendants as a car wash laborer.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 14. Jurisdiction of the Court over this controversy is based upon 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq., 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1337 and the doctrine of supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 15. This Court has jurisdiction over all state law claims brought in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 16. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. is a domestic corporation doing business in the State of New York.
- 17. Defendants do business in the State of New York, within the Eastern District of New York, maintaining a principle place of business at 225 West Old Country Road, Hicksville, New York 11801.
- 18. Accordingly, this action properly lies in the Eastern District of New York, pursuant to28 U.S.C. § 1391.

THE PARTIES

Plaintiff Jose Reves Cabrera

- 19. Plaintiff Cabrera is a resident of the County of Suffolk, State of New York.
- 20. At all times relevant to the Complaint, Plaintiff Cabrera was an "employee" within the meaning of Section 3(e) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(e), and N.Y. Lab. Law § 190(2).
- 21. At all times relevant, Plaintiff Cabrera was employed by Defendants as a car wash laborer.

22. Plaintiff Cabrera expressed his consent to make these claims against Defendant RKP Service, Inc. by filing a written consent form, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). (*See* Exhibit A, annexed hereto).

Defendant RKP Service, Inc.

- 23. Upon information and belief, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. was and still is a domestic corporation organized and existing pursuant to the laws of the State of New York.
- 24. Upon information and belief, Defendant RKP Service, Inc.'s principal place of business was and still is located at 225 West Old Country Road, Hicksville, New York 11801.
- 25. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. was and still is engaged in the car wash business.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. was and still is doing business as Rainbow Car Wash.
- 27. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. was and still is an "employer" within the meaning of Section 3(d) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), and N.Y. Lab. Law § 190(3).
- 28. At all times hereinafter mentioned, the activities of Defendant RKP Service, Inc. constituted an "enterprise" within the meaning of Section 3(r) & (s) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(r) & (s).
- 29. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. employed employees, including Plaintiff herein, who regularly engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce or in handling, selling or otherwise working on goods and materials which have moved in or been produced for commerce within the meaning of Section 3(b), (g), (i) and (j) of the FLSA, 29

U.S.C. $\S 203(b)$, (g), (i), (j), (r) & (s)(A)(i).

30. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant RKP Service, Inc.'s annual gross volume of sales made or business done is not less than \$500,000 within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. \$ 203(s)(A)(ii).

Defendant Rita Degirmenci

- 31. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci owns and/or operates Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 32. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci is the President of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 33. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci is the Vice-President of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 34. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci is a shareholder of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 35. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci is a corporate officer of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 36. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci is the Chief Executive Officer of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 37. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci is an agent of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 38. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the authority over personnel decisions for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.

- 39. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the authority over payroll decisions for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 40. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci supervises employees of the Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 41. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the authority to hire and fire employees for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 42. Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the power to make binding decisions for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 43. Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the power to transfer the assets or liabilities of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 44. Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the power to declare bankruptcy on behalf of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 45. Defendant Rita Degirmenci has the power to enter into contracts on behalf of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 46. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Rita Degirmenci was an "employer" within the meaning of Section 3(d) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), and N.Y. Lab. Law § 190(3).

Defendant Kevin Degirmenci

- 47. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci owns and/or operates Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 48. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci is the President of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.

- 49. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci is the Vice-President of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 50. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci is a shareholder of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 51. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci is a corporate officer of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 52. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci is the Chief Executive Officer of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 53. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci is an agent of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 54. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the authority over personnel decisions for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 55. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the authority over payroll decisions for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 56. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci supervises employees of the Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 57. Upon information and belief, and at all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the authority to hire and fire employees for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 58. Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the power to make binding decisions for Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 59. Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the power to transfer the assets or liabilities of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.

- 60. Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the power to declare bankruptcy on behalf of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 61. Defendant Kevin Degirmenci has the power to enter into contracts on behalf of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.
- 62. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Defendant Kevin Degirmenci was an "employer" within the meaning of Section 3(d) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d), and N.Y. Lab. Law § 190(3).

FLSA COLLECTIVE ACTION CLAIMS

- 63. Plaintiff Reyes brings the First and Third Causes of Action, pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of himself and all similarly situated persons who work or have worked for Defendant RKP Service, Inc. as a car wash laborers within the last 3 years and who elect to opt-in to this action.
- 64. Upon information and belief, there are approximately more than 50 current and former car wash laborers that have worked for Defendant RKP Service, Inc. that are similarly situated to Plaintiff who were denied overtime compensation and minimum wages.
- 65. Plaintiff represents other car wash laborers, and is acting on behalf of Defendant RKP Service, Inc.'s current and former car wash laborers' interests as well as his own interests in bringing this action.
- 66. Defendant RKP Service, Inc. required Plaintiff and other individuals employed as car wash laborers to work in excess of 40 hours per week without paying them overtime compensation at a rate of at least 1 and ½ times their regular hourly rate.
- 67. Defendant RKP Service, Inc. unlawfully denied Plaintiff and all individuals employed as car wash laborers the proper minimum wage for all hours worked.

68. Plaintiff seeks to proceed as a collective action with regard to the First and Third Causes of Action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) on behalf of himself and the following class of persons:

All car wash laborers who are currently or have been employed by Defendant RKP Service, Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash (hereinafter referred to as the "FLSA Collective") at any time during the 3 years prior to the filing of their respective consent forms (hereinafter referred to as the "Collective Period").

- 69. Defendant RKP Service, Inc. was aware or should have been aware that the law required it to pay its car wash laborers, including Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective, an overtime premium of 1 and ½ times their regular rate of pay for all work-hours Defendant RKP Service, Inc. suffered or permitted them to work in excess of 40 per workweek. Upon information and belief, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. applied the same unlawful policies and practices to all of their car wash laborers.
- 70. Defendant RKP Service, Inc. was aware or should have been aware that the law requires it provide its car wash laborers notice of Defendant's application of a tip-credit on the car wash laborers' minimum wage. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective are entitled to the full minimum wages for all hours Defendant RKP Service, Inc. suffered or permitted them to work as a result of Defendant's failure to provide proper notice under the FLSA of their application of a tip-credit to their pay. Upon information and belief, Defendant RKP Service, Inc. applied the same unlawful policies and practices to all of its car wash laborers.
- 71. The FLSA Collective is readily identifiable and locatable through the use of the Defendant RKP Service, Inc.'s records. The FLSA Collective should be notified of and allowed to opt-in to this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). Unless the Court promptly issues such a notice,

the FLSA Collective, who have been unlawfully deprived of overtime pay and minimum wages in violation of the FLSA, will be unable to secure compensation to which they are entitled, and which has been unlawfully withheld from them by Defendant.

INDIVIDUAL FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

Jose Reyes Cabrera

- 72. Plaintiff Cabrera was employed by Defendants from in or about November 2013 through May 2015.
 - 73. Plaintiff was an employee of Defendants working under their direct supervision.
- 74. At all times hereinafter mentioned, Plaintiff was required to be paid overtime pay by Defendants at the statutory rate of 1 and 1/2 times, his regular rate of pay after he had worked 40 hours in a workweek.
- 75. During most workweeks between November 2013 and November 2014, Plaintiff worked approximately 98 hours, while employed by Defendants.
- 76. During most workweeks between November 2014 and May 2015, Plaintiff worked approximately 67.5 hours, while employed by Defendants.
- 77. Defendants failed to compensate Plaintiff for time worked in excess of 40 hours per week at a rate of at least 1 and 1/2 times his regular hourly rate throughout the entire term of his employment with Defendants.
- 78. Defendants failed to provide notice to Plaintiff that a tip credit would be applied to his minimum wage.
- 79. Defendants failed to compensate Plaintiff at no less than the full minimum wage rate for all hours worked throughout his employment for Defendants.

- 80. Defendants unlawfully misappropriated Plaintiff's tips each workday throughout his employment.
 - 81. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with a break during the workday
- 82. During most workweeks between November 2013 and November 2014, Plaintiff worked approximately 14 hours per day, 7 days per week for Defendants.
- 83. During most workweeks between November 2014 and May 2015, Plaintiff worked approximately 13.5 hours per day, 5 days per week for Defendants.
- 84. Throughout Plaintiff's employment for Defendants, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff a spread of hours pay for each workday Plaintiff worked in excess of 10 hours per day.
- 85. Defendants failed to furnish Plaintiff with a wage notice in 2013 and 2014 as was required by the NYLL.
- 86. Defendants failed to furnish Plaintiff with an accurate statements of wages listing hours worked, rates paid, gross wages, allowances and deductions taken, and net wages paid each workweek.
- 87. Upon information and belief, Defendants did not keep accurate records of hours worked by Plaintiff.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

FLSA – Overtime Wages (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective)

- 88. Plaintiff Cabrera and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 89. Defendants employed Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective for workweeks longer than 40 hours and willfully failed to compensate Plaintiff the FLSA Collective for the time worked in excess of 40 hours per week, at a rate of at least 1 and 1/2 times the regular hourly rate, in violation of the requirements of Section 7 of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1).
- 90. The complete records concerning the number of hours worked by Plaintiff the FLSA Collective as well as the compensation Plaintiff the FLSA Collective received in workweeks in which excess hours were worked are in the exclusive possession and control of Defendants, and as such, Plaintiff is unable to state at this time the exact amount due and owing to them.
- 91. Plaintiff expressed his consent to make these claims against Defendant RKP Service, Inc. by filing a written consent form, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). (*See* Exhibit "A," annexed hereto).
- 92. As a consequence of the willful underpayment of wages, alleged above, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective have incurred damages thereby and Defendants are indebted to them in the amount of the unpaid overtime compensation, together with interest and liquidated damages, in an amount to be determined at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

NYLL – Unpaid Overtime (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff)

- 93. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 94. Defendants employed Plaintiff for workweeks longer than 40 hours and willfully failed to compensate Plaintiff for the time worked in excess of 40 hours per week, at a rate of at least 1 and 1/2 times the regular hourly rate, in violation of the requirements of the NYLL.
- 95. By the course of conduct set forth above, Defendants violated N.Y. Lab. Law § 650, et seq.; 12 N.Y.C.R.R. § 142-2.2.
- 96. Defendants have a policy and practice of refusing to pay overtime compensation to Plaintiff.
- 97. Defendants' failure to pay overtime compensation to Plaintiff was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
- 98. As a consequence of the willful underpayment of wages, alleged above, Plaintiff has incurred damages thereby and Defendants are indebted to him in the amount of the unpaid overtime compensation and such other legal and equitable relief due to Defendants' unlawful and willful conduct, as the Court deems just and proper.
- 99. Plaintiff seeks recovery of liquidated damages, attorneys' fees, and costs to be paid by Defendants as provided by the NYLL.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

FLSA – Failure to Pay Minimum Wage (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of the FLSA Collective)

- 100. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the FLSA Collective, reallege and incorporate by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 101. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective were Defendants' employees within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(e)(1).
- 102. At all relevant times, Defendants were Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective's employer within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(d).
- 103. At all relevant times, Plaintiff, the FLSA Collective, and Defendants were engaged in commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 206(a).
- 104. At all relevant times, the applicable federal minimum wage is codified by 29 U.S.C. § 206(a)(1).
- 105. Defendants willfully failed to pay Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective the full minimum wages for all hours worked, in violation of FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 206(a).
- 106. As a consequence of the willful underpayment of wages, alleged above, Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective have incurred damages thereby and Defendants are indebted to them in the amount of the unpaid overtime compensation, together with interest and liquidated damages, in an amount to be determined at trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

NYLL – Failure to Pay Minimum Wage (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff)

- 107. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 108. At all times relevant to this action, the state minimum wage was \$7.25 per hour on and after July 24, 2009; \$8.00 per hour on and after December 31, 2013; \$8.75 per hour on and after December 31, 2014; \$9.00 per hour on and after December 31, 2015; and \$10.00 per hour on and after December 31, 2016, as codified by N.Y. Lab. Law § 652(1); 12 N.Y.C.R.R. § 142-2.1.
- 109. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff the minimum wage for all hours of work performed each week, in violation of N.Y. Lab. Law § 650 et seq.
- 110. Due to Defendants NYLL violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants his unpaid regular wages, liquidated damages, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of this action pursuant to N.Y. Lab. Law § 663(1).

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION NYLL – Tip Misappropriation

(Brought on behalf of Plaintiff)

- 111. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 112. At all times relevant, Plaintiff was an employee within the meaning of NYLL, Article 6, §§ 190 *et seq.*, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.
- 113. At all times relevant, Defendants were an employer within the meaning of the NYLL, Article 6, §§ 190 *et seq.*, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.

- 114. The wage payment provisions of Article 6 of the NYLL, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations, apply to Defendants, and protect Plaintiff.
- 115. Defendants unlawfully demanded or accepted, directly or indirectly, part of the tips received by Plaintiff in violation of NYLL, Article 6, § 196-d, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.
- 116. Defendants unlawfully retained part of the tips earned by Plaintiff each workday in violation of NYLL, Article 6, § 196-d, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.
- 117. Defendants required Plaintiff to share part of the tips received with Defendants, in violation of NYLL, Article 6 § 196-d, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.
- 118. Through their knowing or intentional demand for, acceptance of, and/or retention of tips received by Plaintiff, Defendants willfully violated the NYLL, Article 6, § 196-d, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations, including, but not limited to, the regulations in 12 N.Y.C.R.R. §§ 142-2.5 and §§142-2.21.
- 119. Due to Defendants' willful violations of the NYLL, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants the value of the misappropriated tips, liquidated damages as provided for by the NYLL, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and pre-judgment and post-judgment interest.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

NYLL – Spread of Hours Pay (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff)

- 120. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
- 121. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff an additional hour pay at the basic minimum wage rate before allowances for each day Plaintiff's spread of hours exceeded ten 10 hours, in violation of N.Y. Lab. Law §§ 190, *et seq.* & 650, *et seq.*, as codified by 12 N.Y.C.R.R. § 142-2.4(a).
- 122. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff in a timely fashion, as required by Article 6 of the NYLL.
- 123. Defendants' failure to pay Plaintiff an additional hour pay for each day Plaintiff's spread of hours exceeded 10 hours was willful within the meaning of N.Y. Lab. Law § 663.
- 124. As a result of the foregoing, Plaintiff has been injured, and Defendants have profited thereby, in an amount to be proven at trial.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

NYLL – Notice and Record-Keeping Requirement Violation (Brought on behalf of Plaintiff)

- 125. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs
- 126. Defendants failed to supply Plaintiff notice as required by N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, in English or in the language identified by Plaintiff as his primary language, containing Plaintiff's rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; hourly rate or rates of pay and overtime rate or rates of pay if applicable; the regular pay day designated by the employer in accordance with N.Y. Lab. Law § 191; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or

principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; the telephone number of the employer; plus such other information as the commissioner deems material and necessary.

- 127. Defendants failed to supply Plaintiff with an accurate statement of wages each workweek as required by N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, containing the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; hourly rate or rates of pay and overtime rate or rates of pay if applicable; the number of hours worked, including overtime hours worked if applicable; deductions; and net wages.
- 128. Due to Defendants' violations of N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, for each workweek that Defendants failed to provide a proper wage notice at the time of hiring from April 9, 2011 through February 26, 2015, Plaintiff is entitled to damages of \$50, or a total of \$2,500, as provided for by N.Y. Lab. Law § 198, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and injunctive and declaratory relief.
- 129. Due to Defendants' violations of N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, for each day that Defendants failed to provide a proper wage notice at the time of hiring from February 26, 2015 through the present, Plaintiff is entitled to damages of \$50, or a total of \$5,000, as provided for by N.Y. Lab. Law § 198, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and injunctive and declaratory relief.
- 130. Due to Defendants' violations of N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, for each workweek that Defendants failed to provide a proper wage statement from April 9, 2011 through February 26, 2015, Plaintiff is entitled to damages of \$100, or a total of \$2,500, as provided for by N.Y. Lab. Law § 198, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and injunctive and declaratory relief.

131. Due to Defendants' violations of N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, for each work day that Defendants failed to provide a proper wage statement from February 26, 2015 through the present, Plaintiff is entitled to damages of \$250, or a total of \$5,000, as provided for by N.Y. Lab. Law § 198, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and injunctive and declaratory relief.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, seeks for the following relief:

- A. That, at the earliest possible time, Plaintiff be allowed to give notice to the FLSA Collective, or that the Court issue such notice, to all persons who are presently, or have at any time during the 3 years immediately preceding the filing of this suit, up through and including the date of this Court's issuance of court-supervised notice, been employed by Defendants as car was laborers, or similarly situated positions. Such notice shall inform them that this civil action has been filed, of the nature of the action, and of their right to join this lawsuit if they believe they were denied proper wages;
- B. Unpaid overtime pay and an additional and equal amount as liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA and the supporting United States Department of Labor regulations;
 - C. Unpaid overtime pay and liquidated damages permitted by law pursuant to the NYLL;
- D. Unpaid minimum wage and an additional and equal amount as liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA and the supporting United States Department of Labor regulations;
- E. Unpaid minimum wage pursuant and liquidated damages permitted by law pursuant to NYLL and the supporting Minimum Wage Order;
- F. Unpaid spread of hours pay and liquidated damages permitted by law pursuant to NYLL and the supporting Minimum Wage Order;

G. Statutory damages for Defendants' violations of the notice and recordkeeping

requirements pursuant to N.Y. Lab. Law § 195, reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and injunctive and

declaratory relief as provided by N.Y. Lab. Law § 198;

H. Pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest as provided by law;

I. Appropriate equitable and injunctive relief to remedy violations, including but not

necessarily limited to an order enjoining Defendants from continuing their unlawful practices;

J. Attorneys' fees and costs of the action;

K. Issuance of a declaratory judgment that the practices complained of in this action are

unlawful under N.Y. Lab. Law § 190 et seq.;

L. An injunction requiring Defendants to cease the unlawful activity described herein

pursuant to N.Y. Lab. Law § 190 et seq.;

M. Appropriate monetary relief for lost wages, as provided for by FLSA § 216(b) and

NYLL § 215(d);

N. Liquidated damages relating to lost wages, as provided for by FLSA § 216(b) and

NYLL § 215(d); and

O. Such other relief as this Court shall deem just and proper.

Dated: Melville, New York September 26, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

By: <u>/s/ Marijana Matura</u>
Marijana Matura

SHULMAN KESSLER LLP

Troy L. Kessler Marijana Matura 534 Broadhollow Road, Suite 275 Melville, New York 11747

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Telephone: (631) 499-9100

Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative FLSA Collective Class

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

provided by local rules of court purpose of initiating the civil do	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCT	ne Judicial Conference of the TIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF T	the United States in Se THIS FORM.)	ptember 19	974, is requi	red for the use of	the Clerk of Co	ourt for th	ie
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENI	DANTS					
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(b) County of Residence of	f First Listed Plaintiff S	uffolk	County of F	Residence o	of First Liste	ed Defendant	Nassau		
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(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	ddress, and Telephone Number	r)	Attorneys ((If Known)					
Shulman Kessler LLP - 53 York 11747; (631)499-91		Suite 275, Melville, I	New						
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place on "Y" in O	ng Roy Only)	I. CITIZENSHI	P OF PR	RINCIPA	L PARTIES	(Place an "Y" in	One Roy f	or Plaint
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☐ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	✓ 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government N	Not a Party)	Citizen of This State	PT:		Incorporated or Proof Business In T		PTF □ 4	DEF □ 4
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another Stat	te 🗇	2 🗖 2	Incorporated and F of Business In A		□ 5	□ 5
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	٥	3 🗖 3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	□ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		ly) RTS	FORFEITURE/PE	NALTY I		here for: Nature of KRUPTCY		scription STATUT	_
□ 110 Insurance □ 120 Marine □ 130 Miller Act □ 140 Negotiable Instrument □ 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment □ 151 Medicare Act □ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) □ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits □ 160 Stockholders' Suits □ 190 Other Contract □ 195 Contract Product Liability □ 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY □ 210 Land Condemnation □ 220 Foreclosure □ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment □ 240 Torts to Land □ 245 Tort Product Liability □ 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability 367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 370 Other Fraud 371 Truth in Lending 380 Other Personal Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage 385 Property Damage 186 Alien Detainee 510 Motions to Vacate 510 Motions to Vacate 530 General 535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of	☐ 625 Drug Related S of Property 21 ☐ 690 Other	dards ment Act lical tigation ement y Act	□ 422 Appe □ 423 With 28 U PROPEI □ 820 Copy □ 830 Paten □ 840 Trade SOCIAL □ 861 HIA □ 864 SSID □ 865 RSI (□ 870 Taxes or Do □ 871 IRS—	al 28 USC 158 trawal SC 157 ETY RIGHTS rights t t - Abbreviated Drug Application emark SECURITY (1395ff) t Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g)) Title XVI 405(g)) LAX SUITS 6 (U.S. Plaintiff efendant)	375 False Cl 376 Qui Tan 3729(a) 400 State Re 410 Antitrus 430 Banks a 450 Commer 460 Deporta 470 Rackete Corrupt 480 Consum 490 Cable/S: 850 Securitic Exchan 890 Other St 891 Agricult 893 Environt 895 Freedon 896 Arbitrat 896 Arbitrat 899 Adminis Act/Rev	aims Act in (31 USC) apportion t apportion t t and Banking cce tion er Influenc Organizati er Credit at TV es/Commo ge atutory Ac a	ment g ced and ions dities/ ctions tters nation occdure
	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta 29 U.S.C. Sec. 20 Brief description of ca Failure to pay over	Appellate Court tute under which you are 1 11, et seq.	Reopened	(specify)	· District utes unless di	6 Multidistr Litigation Transfer		Multidis Litigatio Direct Fi	on - le
COMPLAINT: VIII. RELATED CASE	UNDER RULE 2:	3, F.R.Cv.P.			J	URY DEMAND:	☐ Yes	ℵNo	
IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKE	T NUMBER			
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATTO							
09/26/2017 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		/s/ Marijana Matu	ıra						
DECEMBE#	MOLINITE.	A DOVE HAVE HED		wman		V. C 77	· GE		

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CERTIFICATION OF ARBITRATION ELIGIBILITY

Local Arbitration Rule 83.10 provides that with certain exceptions, actions seeking money damages only in an amount not in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs, are eligible for compulsory arbitration. The amount of damages is presumed to be below the threshold amount unless a certification to the contrary is filed.

I. Marijan	a Matura	. counsel for Plaintiff . do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is
ineligil	ole for c	, counsel for Plaintiff, do hereby certify that the above captioned civil action is ompulsory arbitration for the following reason(s):
	X	monetary damages sought are in excess of \$150,000, exclusive of interest and costs,
		the complaint seeks injunctive relief,
		the matter is otherwise ineligible for the following reason
		DISCLOSURE STATEMENT - FEDERAL RULES CIVIL PROCEDURE 7.1
Not ap	plicabl	Identify any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more or its stocks: e.
		RELATED CASE STATEMENT (Section VIII on the Front of this Form)
provides because same jud case: (A)	that "A c the cases lge and m) involves	is that are arguably related pursuant to Division of Business Rule 50.3.1 in Section VIII on the front of this form. Rule 50.3.1 (a) civil case is "related" to another civil case for purposes of this guideline when, because of the similarity of facts and legal issues or arise from the same transactions or events, a substantial saving of judicial resources is likely to result from assigning both cases to the agistrate judge." Rule 50.3.1 (b) provides that "A civil case shall not be deemed "related" to another civil case merely because the civil identical legal issues, or (B) involves the same parties." Rule 50.3.1 (c) further provides that "Presumptively, and subject to the power mine otherwise pursuant to paragraph (d), civil cases shall not be deemed to be "related" unless both cases are still pending before the
		NY-E DIVISION OF BUSINESS RULE 50.1(d)(2)
1.)	Is the c County	ivil action being filed in the Eastern District removed from a New York State Court located in Nassau or Suffolk
2.)		answered "no" above: the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in Nassau or Suffolk ? Yes.
	b) Did District	the events or omissions giving rise to the claim or claims, or a substantial part thereof, occur in the Eastern ? Yes.
Suffolk	County, olk Coun	
	(N	Note: A corporation shall be considered a resident of the County in which it has the most significant contacts).
		BAR ADMISSION
I am cu	rrently a	dmitted in the Eastern District of New York and currently a member in good standing of the bar of this court. Yes
Are you	ı currentl	ly the subject of any disciplinary action (s) in this or any other state or federal court? Yes (If yes, please explain) No
I certify	the acci	uracy of all information provided above.

Signature:_/s/ Marijana Matura

EXHIBIT A

Case 2:17-cv-05627 Document 1-2 Filed 09/26/17 Page 2 of 2 PageID #: 25

('()	MICH	D NITE	FORM
- CO		EJN I	LOKA

- 1. I consent to make a claim under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq. against my current/former employer, RKP Service Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash, to secure any relief that may be awarded, including overtime pay, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees, costs and other relief arising out of my employment with RKP Service Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash.
- 2. During the past 3 years, there were occasions when I worked more than 40 hours in a week for RKP Service Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash, and I did not receive proper overtime compensation for those hours.

3.	Lauthorize Shulm	ın Kessler LLI	to represent i	me in this case.
----	------------------	----------------	----------------	------------------

Date:	
	Signature
	Print Name

FORMULARIO DE CONSENTIMIENTO

- Consiento para afirmar reclamaciones por violaciones del Acto de Estándares de Trabajo Justo, 29 Congreso de los Estados Unidos § 201, et seq., contra mi empleador actual/anterior, RKP Service Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash, para asegurar cualquier ayuda que podrá concederse, incluyendo pago de horas extras, daños y perjuicios, honorarios de abogados, gastos y cualquier otra reparación que surja de mi empleo con RKP Service Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash.
- 2. Durante los últimos 3 años, había ocasiones en que he trabajado más de 40 horas a la semana para RKP Service Inc. d/b/a Rainbow Car Wash, y no recibí compensación adecuada por aquellas horas.
- 3. Consiento a Shulman Kessler LLP para representarme en este pleito.

Fecha: 7 36 17

Nombre en Letra

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

JOSE REYES CABRERA, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,))
))
Plaintiff(s)	
v.	Civil Action No. 17 Civ. 5627
RKP SERVICE, INC. d/b/a RAINBOW CAR WASH, RITA DEGIRMENCI, and KEVIN DEGIRMENCI,)))
Defendant(s)))
SUMMONS IN	A CIVIL ACTION
To: (Defendant's name and address)	
RKP SERVICE, INC. d/b/a Hicksville, New York 1180	RAINBOW CAR WASH - 225 West Old Country Road, 1
RITA DEGIRMENCI - 225	West Old Country Road, Hicksville, New York 11801
KEVIN DEGIRMENCI - 22	5 West Old Country Road, Hicksville, New York 11801
A lawsuit has been filed against you.	
are the United States or a United States agency, or an office	you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you cer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. Issuer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of on must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,
Shulman Kessler LLP 534 Broadhollow Road, Su Melville, New York 11747	uite 275
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be You also must file your answer or motion with the court.	e entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.
	DOUGLAS C. PALMER CLERK OF COURT
Date:	
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Former Employee Claims Rainbow Car Wash Violated Labor Laws