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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	FOI	S DISTRICT COURT R THE	
8	DISTRICT	OF ARIZONA	
9 10	Stormee J. Brown, Julie Leggett, and Megan East, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,)) Case No.:)	
11	Plaintiffs,) CIVIL COMPLAINT	
12) AND	
13	vs.) JURY TRIAL DEMAND	
14 15	Pegasus Research Group, LLC d/b/a Televerde,	 (Violation of the Fair Labor Standard Act)) 	
16	Defendant.)	
17			
18	Plaintiffs Stormee Brown, Julie Leggett and Megan East ("Plaintiffs"), on their own		
19 20	behalf and on behalf of all similarly situated individuals, by and through their attorney, Eduardo		
21	J. Celaya, bring this action against Defendant Pegasus Research Group, LLC, dba Televerde		
22	("hereinafter Pegasus"), for damages and other relief relating to violations of the Fair Labor		
23	Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.		
24	PRELIMINAR	RY STATEMENT	
25	1. This Complaint is filed as a collective action under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), and is brought by		
26	and on behalf of persons who are or have been at some time employed during the applicable		
27 28	limitations period as employees of Pegasus who challenge the willful policy of misclassifying its		
-			

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Inside Marketing Representatives (hereinafter "IMRs") and Inside Sales Representatives (hereinafter "ISRs") as exempt from the FLSA.

2. As a result of Pegasus's unlawful misclassification of its IMRs and ISRs, Pegasus has uniformly violated the requirement of the FLSA, by among other things:

A. Failing to pay its IMRs and ISRs at least the minimum wage required by Federal law for every hour worked; and

B. Failing to pay its IMRs and ISRs overtime compensation for hours worked in excess of 40 hours in one week.

JURSIDICTION AND VENUE

3. This Court has original jurisdiction to hear this Complaint and to adjudicate the claims stated herein under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, this action being brought under the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §201 et seq.

Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona pursuant to
 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Plaintiffs worked for Defendant in this district, and because a
 substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district.
 This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it regularly transacts
 business in and has significant and continuous contact with Arizona.

PARTIES

6. Defendant's global headquarters is located in Phoenix, Arizona. According to its website,
Defendant employs over "350 +contact center sales agents".

7. At all relevant times, Defendant has been an "employer" engaged in interstate commerce

and/or the production of goods or services for commerce, within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203(d). Specifically, Defendant provides inside sales services and marketing services to consumers nationwide.

Defendant's gross annual sales made or business done have been in excess of
 \$500,000.00 and it employs more than 2 persons, therefore the FLSA applies in this case on an enterprise basis.

9. Defendant's employees engage in interstate commerce, therefore they are also covered under the FLSA on an individual basis.

10. Plaintiff Stormee Brown is an adult resident of the State of Arizona. Plaintiff was employed by Defendant as an IMR from on or about January 26, 2015 until on or about September 2, 2016.

11. Plaintiff Julie Leggett is an adult resident of the State of Arizona. Plaintiff was employed by Defendant as an IMR from on or about July 2013 until on or about May 29, 2016.

12. Plaintiff Megan East is an adult resident of the State of Arizona. She was employed by Defendant as an ISR from on or about September 2014 until on or about July 15, 2016.

13. At all relevant times, Plaintiffs have been Defendant's employees within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 203.

COLLECTIVE ACTION FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

14. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of themselves and all other similarly situated individuals pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). Plaintiffs and the similarly situated individuals who work or worked as IMRs and ISRs, and in other positions with similar job titles and/or job duties for Defendant. The proposed collective class is defined as follows: All persons who worked as IMRs, ISRs, and in other positions with similar job titles and/or job duties for Defendant at any

time from three years prior to the filing of this Complaint through the entry of judgment (the "FLSA Collective").

15. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective are "similarly situated" as the term is defined in 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and the associated case law, because, *inter alia*, (a) they have been or are employed in the same or similar positions; (b) they were or are subject to the same or similar unlawful practices, policy or plan; and (c) their claims are based on the same factual and legal theories.

16. The FLSA Collective is readily identifiable and locatable through the use of Defendant's records. The FLSA Collective should be notified of and allowed to opt-in to this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). Unless the Court promptly issues such a notice, the FLSA Collective, who have been unlawfully deprived of pay in violation of the FLSA, will be unable to secure compensation to which they are entitled, and which have been unlawfully withheld from them by Defendant.

17. Plaintiffs have consented in writing to be a part of this action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b). Plaintiffs' signed consent forms are attached.

18. Defendant paid Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective a salary with no overtime pay and classified them as exempt employees.

19. Defendant willfully classified Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective as exempt from the FLSA's overtime pay requirements in order to avoid paying them overtime wages. Defendant informed Plaintiff Stormee Brown that it intentionally classified her position as exempt to avoid paying her overtime as required by the FLSA.

20. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective did not perform exempt duties under the FLSA.

21. Due to the nature of their job responsibilities and duties set forth by the Defendant,

Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective were required to meet deadlines of heavy volume with goals impossible to meet within the standards of a regular forty (40) hour workweek. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective were, and continue to be, required to work more than forty (40) hours per week during the course of their employment with the Defendant.

22. Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective routinely worked over forty (40) hours in a workweek and were not compensated by Defendant with overtime pay for the overtime hours they worked. For example, *inter alia*, Plaintiffs routinely worked through their lunch periods and were not compensated for that time. Defendant's Employee Handbook specifically states "The time spent working during the meal break will be counted toward the total hours worked." Plaintiffs took company laptops home and worked from home after regular work hours and on the weekends and were not compensated for that time by Defendant. Plaintiff Stormee Brown on many occasions came in early in the morning and left late in the evening which resulted in working over 40 hours per week. Plaintiff Julie Leggett would be required to complete her regular duties including 30-50 phone calls after attending company presentations during the day while on company business trips which resulted in working over 40 hours per week.

23. Upon information and belief, Defendant has not inquired with the Department of Labor seeking to establish or affirm that its pay practices were in compliance with the FLSA.

24. Upon information and belief, Defendant has not inquired with private legal counsel seeking to establish or affirm that its pay practices were in compliance with the FLSA.

25. Defendant's Employee Handbook specifically refers to classes of employees and defines non-exempt and exempt employees and overtime compensation.

26. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective were required to stay at the workplace until all work for the day was completed and/or take a laptop home to complete the work which required them to work more than 40 hours per week.

27. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective frequently worked more than 40 hours per week in order to complete their assigned work.

28. Defendant is and was aware, or should have been aware, that Plaintiffs and the FLSACollective worked under the conditions described above.

29. Despite Defendant knowing that Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective worked overtime hours, Defendant denied them overtime compensation.

30. Defendant intentionally and willfully violated the FLSA by not allowing Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective from reporting their off the clock work.

31. Defendant uniformly intentionally and willfully misrepresented to Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective that they were exempt employees and therefore ineligible to receive overtime pay.

32. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective are, and were, non-exempt employees who are, and were, entitled to overtime pay.

33. Defendant did not allow Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective to report actual time worked.Plaintiffs were only allowed to report eight hours of work for each day worked even if they worked more than eight hours per day.

34. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective were not allowed to report time worked when they worked on the weekends or during company trips.

35. Defendant failed to make, keep, and preserve records of the hours actually worked by Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective.

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36. Defendant's unlawful conduct is widespread, repetitious, and consistent, affecting Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective.

37. For the reasons described in this Complaint, Defendant's conduct is willful and in bad faith, and has caused significant damages to Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective which entitles them to a three-year statute of limitations.

38. Notice of this action should be sent to the FLSA Collective. There are numerous similarly situated current and former employees of Defendant who have been denied appropriate compensation in violation of the FLSA, who would benefit from a court supervised notice of the lawsuit and the opportunity to join the case. Those similarly situated employees are known to Defendant and are readily identifiable through Defendant's records.

VIOLATION OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME (on behalf of Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective)

39. Plaintiffs allege and incorporates by reference the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.

40. The FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 207, requires employers to pay all non-exempt employees one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) per workweek.

41. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective are employees entitled to FLSA overtime

compensation for all hours worked in excess of forty (40).

42. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective routinely work(ed) in excess of forty (40) hours per

week, but did not receive the appropriate overtime compensation from Defendant.

43. By failing to pay overtime compensation, Defendant violated the FLSA.

44. Evidence reflecting the precise number of overtime hours worked by Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective, as well as the applicable compensation rates, is in the possession of the Defendant. If these records are unavailable, Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective may establish the hours they worked by their testimony, and the burden of overcoming such testimony shifts to the employer. *See Anderson v. Mt. Clemens Pottery Co.*, 328 U.S. 680 (1946).

45. Furthermore, if Defendant failed to record, report, and/or preserve records of hours worked by Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective sufficient to determine their wages, hours, and other conditions of employment, it is in violation of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 255(a).

46. The Defendant's conduct, as alleged in this Complaint, constitutes a willful violation of the FLSA, within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 255(a) which entitles Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective to a three-year statute of limitations.

47. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's willful unlawful conduct, Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective have suffered and will continue to suffer a loss of income and other damages. Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective are entitled to liquidated damages and attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with this claim under the FLSA's three-year statute of limitations.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and the FLSA Collective, pray for relief as follows:

A. Designation of this action as a collective action on behalf of Plaintiffs and those similarly situated, and prompt issuance of notice pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) to all those similarly situated apprising them of the pendency of this action, and permitting them to assert timely FLSA claims in this action by filing individual consent forms pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b);

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- B. Declaration that Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective are nonexempt employees entitled to protection under the FLSA;
- C. Judgment against Defendant for violation of the overtime provisions of the FLSA;
- D. Declaration that Defendant's violations were and are willful;
- E. Declaration that Defendant failed to maintain accurate time records of all the hours worked by Plaintiff and the FLSA Collective in violation of the FLSA;
- F. An award to Plaintiffs and the FLSA Collective for the amount of unpaid overtime wages owed, liquidated damages and penalties where provided by law, and interest thereon, subject to proof at trial;
- G. An award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216 and/or other applicable laws;
- H. An award of pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest;
- I. Leave to add additional plaintiffs by motion, the filing of written consent forms, or any other method approved by the Court;
- J. Leave to amend to add state law claims if necessary; and
- K. For such other and further relief, in law or equity, as this Court may deem appropriate and just.

PLAINTIFFS DEMAND TRIAL BY JURY ON ALL ISSUES SO TRIABLE.

Dated this 7th day of November 2016.

<u>/s/Eduardo J. Celaya</u> Eduardo J. Celaya **LAW OFFICE OF EDUARDO J. CELAYA, PLLC** 1910 S. Stapley Drive, Suite 221 Mesa, Arizona 85204 Attorney for Plaintiffs

UNITED STATES DISTRIC COURT

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Stormee J. Brown, Julie Leggett, Megan East, individually and on behalf of all others	
similarly situated,	
Plaintiffs,	
vs.	FLSA CONSENT TO BE A PARTY
Pegasus Research Group, LLC d/b/a Televerde,	
Defendant.	

CONSENT TO BECOME A PARTY PLAINTIFF UNDER 16(b) OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b)

I hereby consent and agree to pursue my claim against the Defendant(s) and related companies arising out of federal and state laws in the above-referenced lawsuit. I understand and acknowledge that this lawsuit is being brought under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 ("FLSA"), as amended (29 U.S.C. §§ 201 et seq.) to secure unpaid overtime wages, liquidated damages, attorney's fees, costs, and other relief arising out of my employment with the Defendant(s) and related companies.

Name Stormer Brown Signature Stormer Brown

Dated 10/29/16

UNITED STATES DISTRIC COURT

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Stormee J. Brown, Julie Leggett, Megan East, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	
Plaintiffs,	
VS.	FLSA CONSENT TO BE A PARTY
Pegasus Research Group, LLC d/b/a Televerde,	
Defendant.	

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Fulie Leggett Signature

Dated 11-3-16

UNITED STATES DISTRIC COURT

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Televerde, Defendant.	
Pegasus Research Group, LLC d/b/a	
V S.	FLSA CONSENT TO BE A PARTY
Plaintiffs,	
Stormee J. Brown, Julie Leggett, Megan East, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	

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Name<u>ILEGUN AST</u> Name

Dated 11/1/2016

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Civil Cover Sheet

This automated JS-44 conforms generally to the manual JS-44 approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974. The data is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. The information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is authorized for use <u>only</u> in the District of Arizona.

The completed cover sheet must be printed directly to PDF and filed as an attachment to the Complaint or Notice of Removal.

Plaintiff(s): Stormee Brown ; J East	lulie Leggett ; Megan	Defendant(s): Pegasus Research Group, LLC dba Televerde			
County of Residence: Maricopa		County of Residence: Maricopa			
County Where Claim For Relief	Arose: Maricopa				
Plaintiff's Atty(s):		Defendant's Atty(s):			
Eduardo Joel Celaya (Stormee ; Megan East) 1910 S. Stapley Drive, Suite 22 Mesa, Arizona 85204 4803865193					
II. Basis of Jurisdiction: 3. Federal Question (U.S. not a party) III. Citizenship of Principal Parties (Diversity Cases Only) Plaintiff:- N/A Defendant:- N/A					
IV. Origin :	1. Original Proceedin	ıg			
V. Nature of Suit:	710 Fair Labor Stand	lards Act			
VI.Cause of Action:	29 U.S.C. 201				
VII. Requested in Complaint Class Action: No Dollar Demand: Jury Demand: Yes					
VIII. This case is not related to another case.					

Signature: <u>/s/Eduardo J. Celaya</u>

http://www.azd.uscourts.gov/cgi-bin/generate_civil_js44.pl

11/7/2016 Case 2:16-cv-03875-GWYSaz@joceuth@yteg_bb/geptied_gyl/j98/gl6 Page 2 of 2 Date: 11/7/2016

If any of this information is incorrect, please go back to the Civil Cover Sheet Input form using the *Back* button in your browser and change it. Once correct, save this form as a PDF and include it as an attachment to your case opening documents.

Revised: 01/2014

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: <u>Pegasus Research Group, LLC Hit with Wage and Hour Class Action</u>