IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of other similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No.

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and ICARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Defendants.

DEFENDANT'S NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Defendant Preferred Care Partners, Inc. ("Preferred Care"), joined by Defendant iCare Health Solutions LLC ("iCare" and, together with Preferred Care, "Defendants"),¹ pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1442, files this Notice of Removal and states:

INTRODUCTION

- 1. On November 14, 2017, Plaintiff Steven F. Assael ("Plaintiff") filed this putative class action in the Circuit Court of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, in and for Broward County, Florida. *Assael v. Preferred Care Partners Inc., et al.*, No. CACE17020761 (Fla. Cir. Ct.).
- Plaintiff served Preferred Care with the summons and Complaint on November
 29, 2017. Preferred Care was the first Defendant to be served with process because Plaintiff
 served iCare on December 1, 2017.

¹ iCare joins this Notice of Removal for the limited purpose of confirming its consent to the removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1446(b)(2)(A).

3. This case is properly removed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1442(a)(1), on grounds of federal officer removal, because as explained herein, Preferred Care has been sued for actions taken as a person acting under a federal officer of an agency of the United States under color of such office.

PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS

4. In his Complaint, Plaintiff alleges that he is "Medicare eligible" and is the insured under a Medicare health plan offered by Preferred Care, the Evidence of Coverage of which Plaintiff attaches to the Complaint as Exhibit A. *See* Complaint ("Compl."), attached as Ex. 1, at ¶ 24 n.4. Plaintiff also attaches as Exhibit B a document "entitled 'Benefit Highlights' Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP)." *Id.* at ¶ 24 n.5.

5. Plaintiff alleges that Preferred Care breached his, and others', Medicare health plans by improperly denying Plaintiff and the purported class the full value of their insurance contracts because "rather than providing the Benefit Limitation of a credit of \$200 towards lenses, frames *and* contacts," "Defendants are limiting benefits to a \$200 credit that can be used towards one purchase of lenses and frames *or* contact lenses."² *Id.* at ¶ 25 (first emphasis added, second emphasis in original).

6. In his Complaint, Plaintiff asserts three counts. In Count I, Plaintiff asserts a claim for "breach of contract" against Preferred Care, alleging that Preferred Care "failed to satisfy its obligations under the contract in that it failed to provide to Plaintiff the full market value of the contracted credit toward Eye Wear Benefits." *Id.* at ¶ 37. Additionally, Plaintiff claims Preferred Care has also breached its contract with Plaintiff and the purported class "by failing to allow them to use their \$200 or \$300 credit for more than one Eyewear product as

² Under other Preferred Care coverage plans, to which Plaintiff was not a member but seeks to represent those who were, the Benefit Limitation for eyewear is as high as \$300. *See*, *e.g.*, Compl. at \P 26(d).

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 3 of 14

provided for in their contract, and by limiting the credit to only a one-time 'use-it-or-lose-it' restriction." *Id.* at \P 38.

7. In Count II, Plaintiff asserts a claim for "enforcement of [a] third party beneficiary contract" against iCare because Preferred Care entered into a contract with iCare to provide vision service benefits to Preferred Care's members, and Plaintiff claims he and other purported class members were the "intended beneficiaries of such contract." *Id.* at \P 42. Plaintiff alleges that iCare breached the contract when iCare, through its participating providers, did not provide the benefits that Preferred Care was "supposed to provide" to Plaintiff. *Id.* at \P 44.

8. Lastly, in Count III, Plaintiff asserts a claim for "unjust enrichment" against Preferred Care because Preferred Care "has further benefited [sic] monetarily from the improper conduct by failing to provide the full benefit of Eye Wear Benefits to which Plaintiff and the other members of the [purported] class are entitled thus reducing its cost." *Id.* at ¶ 47. Plaintiff claims Preferred Care has "unjustly enriched itself in retaining the premiums" derived from the insurance contracts. *Id.* at ¶ 49.

9. Plaintiff only superficially alleges that he satisfied all preconditions to bringing this lawsuit and does not plead many actual facts about his attempts to resolve the issue through the administrative remedy process. The Complaint references a July 10, 2017, grievance letter Plaintiff sent to, and an August 18, 2017, response Plaintiff received from, a Grievance Coordinator for United Healthcare. *Id.* at ¶ 29. According to Plaintiff's allegations, the Grievance Coordinator specified that the eye care benefit limitation was for the purchase (singular) of (a) lenses and frames or (b) contact lenses, but not for both. *See id.*

10. The Evidence of Coverage Plaintiff attaches to his Complaint details the step-bystep administrative process for lodging complaints and appeals, which may under certain circumstances include a review by an administrative law judge, among other things, before a lawsuit may be filed. *See, e.g.*, Compl. Ex. A. Nonetheless, Plaintiff does not allege what steps, if any, he took in response to the answer he received after sending his grievance letter.

REMOVAL UNDER THE FEDERAL OFFICER REMOVAL STATUTE

11. The federal officer removal statute, 28 U.S.C. § 1442(a)(1), authorizes the removal of an action against "any officer (or person acting under that officer) of the United States or any agency thereof, in an official or individual capacity, for or relating to any act under color of such office." 28 U.S.C. § 1442(a)(1).

12. Preferred Care may properly remove under this statute because the claims alleged by Plaintiff implicate Preferred Care's administration of a Medicare Advantage plan. Given these circumstances, Preferred Care's ability to remove this action to this Court is well established.

13. The fundamental purpose of federal officer removal jurisdiction is to "protect the Federal Government from . . . interference with its 'operations.'" *Watson v. Philip Morris Cos.*, 551 U.S. 142, 150 (2007). To achieve its purpose, the federal officer removal statute is to be broadly construed. *Jacks v. Meridian Resource Co., LLC*, 701 F.3d 1224, 1230 (8th Cir. 2012); *see also City of Cookeville v. Upper Cumberland Elec. Membership Corp.*, 484 F.3d 380, 389 n.5 (6th Cir. 2007) (stating that the federal officer removal statute "is broad and allows for removal when its elements are met regardless of whether the suit could originally have been brought in a federal court" (quotation marks omitted)); *Progressive Specialty Ins. Co. v. Hanson*, No. 12-CV-0734, 2012 WL 5966638, at *1 n.1 (M.D. Ala. Nov. 28, 2012) (finding federal officer removal proper

regardless of whether the Medicare Act deprives federal courts of primary federal-question subject matter jurisdiction of claims arising thereunder prior to administrative exhaustion).

14. To procedurally invoke federal officer removal jurisdiction, a removing party "must satisfy four criteria: (i) it must be a person; (ii) it must be acting under a federal officer or agency; (iii) it must be sued for actions under color of such office; and (iv) it must have a colorable federal defense." *Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc. v. Humana Med. Plan, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d 1388, 1391-92 (S.D. Fla. 2014); *see also Magnin v. Teledyne Cont'l Motors*, 91 F.3d 1424, 1427 (11th Cir. 1996). Here, each of these requirements is satisfied.

A. Preferred Care is a "person" within the meaning of the statute

15. First, Preferred Care satisfies the "person" requirement because a corporation is a person within the meaning of the federal officer removal statute. *See* 1 U.S.C. § 1 (stating that in "any Act of Congress, "the word 'person' shall include 'corporations'"); *see also Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d at 1391 ("First, a corporation constitutes a person for the purposes of determining whether federal officer removal jurisdiction exists." (citing 1 U.S.C. § 1)); *Anesthesiology Assocs. of Tallahassee, Fla., P.A. v. Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Fla, Inc.*, No. 03-15664, 2005 WL 6717869, at *2 (11th Cir. Mar. 18, 2005) ("A health plan insurer contracting with a government agency under a federal benefits program is considered a 'person acting under' a federal officer.").

B. Preferred Care was acting under a federal agency

16. The "acting under" requirement is also satisfied through Preferred Care, a Medicare Advantage Organization ("MAO"), operating under and pursuant to the direction of

the federal agency administering Medicare programs. *See* Declaration of J. Prieto in Support of Notice of Removal ("Decl."), attached as Ex. 2, at $\P 5.^3$

17. A defendant meets the requirement of "acting under the direction of a federal agency or officer by showing that the acts that form the basis for the state civil or criminal suit were performed pursuant to an officer's direct orders or to comprehensive and detailed regulations." *Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d at 1391.

18. Under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395–1395ccc, commonly known as the Medicare Act, Congress established a federally subsidized health insurance program that is administered by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("DHHS"). *See Heckler v. Ringer*, 466 U.S. 602, 605 (1984). The Secretary has assigned responsibility for administering the Medicare program to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS"), which in turn has delegated the administration of benefits through contracts with MAOs like Preferred Care. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 1395w-27.

19. Preferred Care and other MAOs operate pursuant to comprehensive and detailed regulations promulgated by CMS and their contracts with CMS. *See, e.g.*, 42 C.F.R. §§ 422.1 *et seq.*, 422.504 (identifying required terms of a contract between CMS and MAOs).

20. Medicare Part A covers inpatient hospital admissions, care in a skilled nursing facility, hospice care, and some home health care. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 1395d. Medicare Part B covers physician services, outpatient hospital services, medical supplies, and preventive services. *See id.* § 1395k; 42 C.F.R. § 410.3(a). Medicare Parts A and B, also known as "Original Medicare," are directly administered by CMS. "In 1997, as a part of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997, Congress enacted changes to Medicare, partly to cut costs and partly to provide Medicare recipients with a

³ "[D]efendants may submit a wide range of evidence in order to satisfy the jurisdictional requirements of removal." *Pretka v. Kolter City Plaza II, Inc.*, 608 F.3d 744, 755-56 (11th Cir. 2010).

greater variety of health care choices." *Mann v. Reeder*, No. 10-CV-00133, 2010 WL 5341934, at *3 (W.D. Ky. Dec. 21, 2010). "These changes included the enactment of Part C[,] which allows Medicare beneficiaries to opt out of traditional coverage under Medicare Parts A and B," and into Medicare Advantage plans offered by MAOs, such as Preferred Care. *Id.* In creating the Medicare Advantage program, Congress intended that MAOs would effectively stand in the shoes of CMS:

Under original fee-for-service, the Federal government [i.e., CMS] alone set legislative requirements regarding reimbursement, covered providers, covered benefits and services, and mechanisms for resolving coverage disputes. Therefore, the Conferees intend that [the Part C] legislation provide a clear statement extending the same treatment to private Medicare [Advantage] plans providing Medicare benefits to Medicare beneficiaries.

H.R. Rep. No. 105-217, at 638 (1997), *available at* http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CRPT-105hrpt217/pdf/CRPT-105hrpt217.pdf. Because MAOs are responsible for providing the same healthcare benefits under federal law as CMS administers under Original Medicare, "Medicare Advantage plans are regulated, monitored, and directly controlled by CMS." *Mann*, 2010 WL 5341934, at *3.

21. Here, Preferred Care has been authorized to act for a federal officer in affirmatively executing duties under federal law. *See* Decl. at ¶ 9. Preferred Care assists the Secretary and CMS in carrying out a basic governmental task—providing Medicare healthcare benefits that, absent Preferred Care's contract with CMS and Preferred Care's contract with iCare, the federal government would have to provide itself. *See Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d at 1392 ("Defendant operates pursuant to this contract and pursuant to comprehensive regulations promulgated by CMS.").

C. Preferred Care was sued for actions taken under color of office

22. The third requirement is likewise satisfied because Plaintiff's claims all relate to eyewear benefits Preferred Care provided through *and pursuant to* its CMS-regulated Medicare Advantage plans, establishing a causal connection between its official action and the claims asserted here. *See, e.g., Einhorn v. CarePlus Health Plans, Inc.*, 43 F. Supp. 3d 1268, 1269-70 (S.D. Fla. 2014) ("[T]he defendant must establish that there is a causal connection between what the officer has done under asserted official authority' and the action against him.")

23. Courts have concluded that private companies like Preferred Care and iCare that administer Medicare Advantage plans under Medicare Part C are persons acting under the direction of the Secretary and are therefore capable of meeting the requirements for removal under 28 U.S.C. § 1442(a)(1). Manorcare Potomac v. Understein, No. 02-CV-1177, 2002 WL 31426705, at *1 n.1 (M.D. Fla. Oct. 16, 2002) ("Aetna sufficiently alleges . . . that [its] obligations . . . as a provider of 'Medicare + Choice' benefits under contract with the Health Care Financing Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services qualifies Aetna as a 'person acting under' an agency or officer of the United States for purposes of the Federal Officer Removal Statute.");⁴ Mann, 2010 WL 5341934, at *3 (holding that the administrator of a Medicare Advantage plan is deemed an "officer" under the statute, and may remove to federal court claims asserted against it, "due to [its] actions as a Medicare Advantage Plan provider"); see also Neurological Assocs. v. Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Fla., 632 F. Supp. 1078, 1080 (S.D. Fla. 1986) (holding that removal was appropriate where doctor filed suit in state court seeking damages under state law related to his allegedly unlawful suspension under Medicare program by fiscal intermediary).

Medicare + Choice is the same program as Medicare Advantage, with a rebranded title.

24. More specifically, each of Plaintiff's claims concerns Defendants' alleged failure to provide benefits that are addressed under the terms of his Medicare plan. *See* Decl. at ¶ 9 (confirming that "[t]he Plan, including the details of the Eyewear Benefit, were presented to and approved by CMS as part of Preferred Care's Plan Benefit Package"). Defendants' alleged denial of benefits was a denial decision solely pursuant to Preferred Care's authority and obligations under federal law, through its arrangement with CMS. *Id.* (confirming that the "Eyewear Benefit . . . must be administered pursuant to the terms of Preferred Care's contract with CMS").

25. Given these circumstances, the alleged acts of Defendants at issue in Plaintiff's Complaint were "sufficiently related to [their] actions under CMS." *Body & Mind Acupuncture v. Humana Health Plan, Inc.*, 1:16CV211, 2017 WL 653270, at *6 (N.D. W. Va. Feb. 16, 2017) ("A defendant therefore need not show that the challenged action was the action under federal control. What it must show is '(1) that [it] conducted some activity under the direct and detailed control of a federal officer, and (2) that because of that activity or in the course of performing that activity," it committed the act alleged by the plaintiff."); *see also Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d at 1391 ("Accordingly, Defendant was acting on behalf of CMS when it denied the Medicare benefits at issue here."); *Einhorn.*, 43 F. Supp. 3d at 1271 (holding that defendant who claimed to be acting under the rules and regulations promulgated by CMS "ha[d] made a colorable showing that its entire relationship with the Plaintiff and the acts for which it was being sued were defined and governed by federal law").

D. Defendants have colorable federal defenses

26. The fourth requirement is met because Defendants have a federal defense due to, among other things, Plaintiff's failure to exhaust administrative remedies. To raise a colorable

defense, "[a]ll a removing defendant needs to do is make a showing that his federal defense 'is not without foundation and made in good faith."" *Einhorn*, 43 F. Supp. 3d at 1270.

27. If a lawsuit seeks to recover on any claim arising under the Medicare Act, the claim "must first be brought through the DHHS administrative appeals process before it can be taken to federal court." *Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d at 1391 (quoting *Lifestar Ambulance Serv., Inc. v. HHS*, 365 F.3d 1293, 1296 (11th Cir.2004)); *see also Cochran v. U.S. Health Care Financing Admin.*, 291 F.3d 775, 778-79 (11th Cir. 2002) ("The Medicare statute requires that any lawsuit which seeks 'to recover on any claim arising under' it must first be brought through the Department of Health and Human Services' administrative appeals process before it can be taken to federal court.").

28. Courts in the Eleventh Circuit routinely hold that a plaintiff's failure to exhaust administrative remedies under the Medicare Act is a colorable defense for the purpose of removal under federal officer jurisdiction. *See Assocs. Rehab. Recovery, Inc.*, 76 F. Supp. 3d at 1393 (holding the plaintiff may file suit "only after Plaintiff has exhausted the administrative process"); *Einhorn*, 43 F. Supp. 3d at 1270 (finding that failure to exhaust administrative remedies was a colorable defense); *Manorcare Potomac*, 2002 WL 31426705, at *1 (holding that without any allegations that the administrative remedies were exhausted, or any evidence regarding administrative proceedings, that failure "rob[bed]" the court of subject matter jurisdiction).

29. Here, Plaintiff's Evidence of Coverage attached to the Complaint specifically outlines—step-by-step—an administrative process for asserting complaints and appeals, which mirrors the procedures pursuant to federal regulations. *See* Compl. Ex. A., Chapter 9; *see also* Decl. at ¶ 10. The document even provides the appropriate contact information for the

administrative remedies. *See* Compl. Ex. A., pp. 2-2, 2-3. Plaintiff has not pled any facts that would indicate that he significantly participated in the administrative process, let alone "exhausted" it.

30. Furthermore, Plaintiff included excerpts from the Grievance Coordinator's response to his "grievance letter," but notably, he attached neither his letter nor the alleged response. Plaintiff also did not indicate that he took any further actions regarding his grievance after receiving the alleged response.

31. Thus, Defendants have a firm and colorable federal defense based on Plaintiff's failure to exhaust administrative remedies before bringing this suit.

32. For all of the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff's action is properly removed to this Court under the federal officer removal statute.⁵

PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR REMOVAL

33. Additionally, the procedural requirements for removal in 28 U.S.C. § 1446 are satisfied here.

34. Section (a) of that statute requires the removing party to file a notice of removal,

signed in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, "in the district court of the United

⁵ Moreover, Defendants provided only those benefits as authorized by CMS and its approved Medicare plan. *See* 42 C.F.R. § 422.100(f) ("CMS reviews and approves [Medicare Advantage] benefits and associated cost sharing using written policy guidelines and requirements in this part and other CMS instructions to ensure [the following list of policy goals are met]."); *See also* Decl. at ¶ 9. In light of that, federal jurisdiction exists through another federal defense to this action—the Medicare Act's preemption of claims. Congress drafted an express preemption clause with regard to Medicare Advantage Plans, like the one at issue here. 42 U.S.C. § 1395w-26 ("The standards established under this part shall supersede any State law or regulation . . . with respect to [Medicare Advantage] plans which are offered by [Medicare Advantage] organizations."); *see also Magnin*, 91 F.3d at 1428 (finding federal officer jurisdiction where"[a]t least part of Smith's defense is that he acted within the scope of his federal duties, that what he did was required of him by federal law, and that he did all federal law required"). Plaintiff's state law claims are preempted by the Medicare Act because they rely on the Defendants' administration of a Medicare Advantage plan.

States for the district and division within which such action is pending," which Preferred Care has done with this filing.

35. Section (a) also requires a moving party to provide the District Court a copy of all process, pleadings, and orders served on Defendants in the state action. Preferred Care has attached copies of the summons and complaint that were served on Defendants, as well as a copy of the docket sheet and all other pleadings and filings from the state court action in Florida. *See* Ex. 3 (copy of docket sheet and all materials filed in state-court action).

36. This notice of removal is also timely under 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b). "The notice of removal of a civil action or proceeding shall be filed within 30 days after the receipt by the defendant, through service or otherwise, of a copy of the initial pleading setting forth the claim for relief upon which such action or proceeding is based." 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b). "[I]f the complaint is filed in court prior to any service, the removal period runs from the service of the summons." *Murphy Bros., Inc. v. Michetti Pipe Stringing, Inc.*, 526 U.S. 344, 354 (1999). Preferred Care (the first-served Defendant) was served on November 29, 2017. This notice of removal has therefore been filed within 30 days of service of the initial pleading.

37. This notice of removal also complies with the unanimity requirement of 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b)(2)(A), as Preferred Care has filed this Notice of Removal, which iCare has joined for the purposes of confirming its consent to the removal of this action. *See Bailey v. Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc.*, 536 F.3d 1202, 1207 (11th Cir. 2008); *Manley v. Ford Motor Co.*, 17 F. Supp. 3d 1375, 1384 (N.D. Ga. 2014).

38. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d), copies of this notice are being served upon Plaintiff's counsel and filed with the Circuit Court for Broward County, Florida where this action was initially filed.

39. By filing this notice, Defendants do not waive any defense, argument, or principle of equity that may be available to them.

Respectfully submitted,

By: <u>/s/ Allen P. Pegg</u>_ Allen P. Pegg Florida Bar No. 597821 Craig H. Smith Florida Bar No. 96598 Dwayne A. Robinson Florida Bar No. 99976 Paige S. Comparato Florida Bar No.1002942 HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP 600 Brickell Avenue, Suite 2700 Miami, FL 33131 Telephone: 305-459-6500 Facsimile: 305-459-6550 allen.pegg@hoganlovells.com craig.smith@hoganlovells.com dwayne.robinson@hoganlovells.com paige.comparato@hoganlovells.com

Counsel for Preferred Care Partners, Inc.

and

By: <u>/s/ Cynthia Barnett Hibnick</u> Florida Bar No. 375705 LUBELL | ROSEN 1 Alhambra Plaza, Suite 1410 Coral Gables, Florida Phone: (305) 655-3425 Fax: (305) 442-9047 E-mail:cbh@lubellrosen.com Secondary: ana@lubellrosen.com

Counsel for iCare Health Solutions LLC (for purposes of consenting to removal only)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on December 29, 2017, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using CM/ECF. Copies of the foregoing document will be served upon interested counsel either via transmission of Notices of Electronic Filing generated by CM/ECF or in some other authorized manner for those counsel or parties who are not authorized to receive electronically Notices of Electronic Filing.

By: <u>/s/ Allen P. Pegg</u> Allen P. Pegg Florida Bar No. 597821

EXHIBIT 1

Filing # 64187942 E-Filed 11/14/2017 04:20:50 PM

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 2 of 293

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

.

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Case No.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Class Representation Allegations

Defendants.

PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Steven F. Assael ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through counsel, brings this action against Defendants Preferred Care Partners, Inc. ("Preferred Care") and iCare Health Solutions LLC ("iCare"), and states as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This case arises from Defendants' uniformly unlawful conduct, which has uniformly injured thousands of people in exactly the same way. Defendant's unlawful conduct is embodied in, and carried out through, a failure to live up to the terms of a contract of insurance with Class Members (as defined below).

2. This is an action brought by Plaintiff on his own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly situated, who have entered into health benefit care contracts with Preferred Care, which is wholly owned by United HealthGroup, Inc., and whose contracts name iCare as its partner and/or sub-contractor that provides benefits to beneficiaries via participating eye care retail outlets for services including the purchase of prescription eye glass lenses, frames and contact lenses ("Eye Wear Benefits").

3. The contracts and/or corresponding summary of benefits provided by Preferred Care to Plaintiff and the other members of the class and Preferred Care provide for a credit of either a \$200 or \$300 ("Benefit Limitation"), depending on the particular policy, to be used toward lenses/ frames and contact lenses. However, unbeknownst to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, iCare is improperly limiting member benefits to eye glass lenses, frames *or* contact lenses, even if the combined cost of each is below the Benefit Limitation. Simply put, iCare and Preferred Care failed to follow the contractual terms clearly set forth in the policy language provided to the Class as written in the membership contracts and the summary of benefits brochures.

4. In addition, a member can only get the full Benefit Limitation provided if their purchase happens to be \$200 or \$300 or they purchase items that cost more than benefit provided, because, as explained in a letter from a Preferred Care representative to Plaintiff, in addition to the annual credit only being permitted to be used for one item, lenses/frames or contacts, not both, as the language in Preferred Care contract and summary of benefits clearly indicates, the annual credit benefit is purportedly a one-time use, meaning that if a member does not use the full amount of the Benefit Limitation in his first claim then the member loses the remaining balance of the credit. Finally, iCare retailers charge an excessive amount for their lenses, well above market value and at a price equal to their full credit, thereby preventing subscribers from the full benefit of the true value of the Eye Wear Benefit.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Figure Ans FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 4 of 293

5. Plaintiff is, and was, at all relevant times, a resident and citizen of Broward County, Florida. Plaintiff is, and was, a party to a health benefits contract, as more fully explained below, he entered into with Defendant Preferred Care.

6. Defendant Preferred Care, is a Florida Corporation headquartered at 9100 S Dadeland Blvd. #1250, Miami, FL 33156. Preferred Care is a wholly owned subsidiary of United HealthGroup, the parent of United HealthCare. Preferred Care is a health plan with a Medicare contract that offers Medicare Advantage Plans to Medicare beneficiaries in Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach counties. Preferred Care is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies.

7. Defendant iCare Health Solutions LLC ("iCare"), is a Florida, limited liability company headquartered at 7352 NW 34TH Street, Miami, FL 33122-1266. iCare provides fully-integrated networks of optometric and ophthalmic professionals. Preferred Care is listed as a partner of iCare on the iCare website. iCare is in effect a subcontractor of Preferred Care in administering the Vision Care Benefits portion of the Benefits Contract, as explained more fully below, for persons who have entered into a Benefits Contract with Preferred Care ("Beneficiaries"). In connection with dispensing Vision Care Benefits, iCare provides to Beneficiaries a list of participating providers ("Providers").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. This Court has personal jurisdiction. Defendants are a Florida corporation and Florida limited liability company that are domiciled in Florida, do business in Florida and are registered with Florida's Secretary of State.

9. Venue is proper in this Circuit because, at all relevant times, Plaintiff resided in this County, a substantial portion of the events giving rise to this action occurred in this

3

Circuit and Defendants do business in this Circuit, from which they receive substantial compensation. At all times material to the allegations contained herein, Defendants personally or through their agents:

(a) Operated, conducted, engaged in, and carried on a business venture in

this District or had an office or agency in this District; and/or

(b) Engaged in substantial activity within Florida and this District.

CLASS REPRESENTATION ALLEGATIONS

10. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action on behalf of a class of all persons

participating in one of the Preferred Care plans ("Preferred Care Plan") set forth below:

- (a) 2017 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO^1)
- (b) 2017 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
- (c) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP²)
- (d) 2017 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)
- (e) 2017 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)
- (f) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)
- (g) 2016 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)
- (h) 2016 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)³
- (i) 2016 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

^{1. &}quot;HMO" refers to a Health Maintenance Organization is a health insurance organization to which subscribers pay a predetermined fee in return for a range of medical services from physicians and healthcare workers registered with the organization.

^{2. &}quot;SNP" means a Special Needs Plan which limits membership to people with specific diseases or characteristics.

^{3. &}quot;POS" means a Point of Service Plan. An HMO with a POS feature allows the subscriber to be treated by providers outside of the network for care but for an additional charge.

- (j) 2016 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)
- (k) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP)
- (l) 2016 Preferred Secure Option (HMO)
- (m) 2016 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)
- (n) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)
- (o) 2015 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)
- (p) 2015 Preferred Secure Option (HMO
- (q) 2015 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP)
- (r) 2015 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
- (s) 2015 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)
- (t) 2015 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)

11. Excluded from the Class are:

(a) Defendants and any entities in which Defendants has a controlling interest;

(b) Any entities in which Defendants' officers, directors, or employees are employed and any of the legal representatives, heirs, successors, or assigns of Defendants;

(c) All persons or entities that properly execute and timely file a request for exclusion from the Class;

(d) Any attorneys representing the Plaintiff or the other members of the class.

12. A class action is the proper form to bring Plaintiff's claims under the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure ("FRCP") 1.220. The potential Class is so large that joinder of all members would be impracticable. Additionally, there are questions of law or fact common

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 7 of 293 to the Class, the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or

defenses of the Class, and the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class.

13. This action satisfies all of the requirements of FRCP, including numerosity, commonality, typicality, adequacy, predominance and superiority.

14. Numerosity: the Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. While the exact number is not known at this time, it is believed to be at least in the hundreds, if not in the thousands, and is generally ascertainable by appropriate discovery.

15. **Commonality**: the claims made by Plaintiff meet the commonality requirement because they raise questions of law or fact common to the questions of law or fact raised by the claim of each other member of the class, and resolving these questions will resolve the class wide litigation. These shared questions predominate over individual questions, and they include, without limitation:

(a) Whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class entered into contracts with Preferred Care;

(b) Whether such contracts provide for vision benefits including Eye Wear Benefits for Plaintiff and the other members of the class;

(c) Whether Preferred Care breached such contract by failing to provide all the contractually owed Eye Wear Benefits;

(d) Whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are third party beneficiaries of a contract between Preferred Care and iCare regarding the provision of vision services;

(e) Whether Defendants owed duties to the Plaintiff and the other proposed Class members, and whether they breached those duties;

(f) Whether consumers such as the Plaintiff and the other proposed Class members were harmed by Defendants' actions, as described in detail above;

(g) Whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are entitled to equitable or injunctive relief; and

(h) The extent of the damages caused by the Defendants' acts.

16. **Typicality**: Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of each of the other Class members because Plaintiff, like every other Class member, was subject to iCare's failure to act in accordance with the benefit contract with Preferred Care.

17. Adequacy: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the other members of the Class in that he has no disabling conflicts of interest that would be antagonistic to those of the other members of the Class. Plaintiff seeks no relief that is antagonistic or adverse to the members of the Class and the infringement of the rights and the damages he has suffered are typical of other Class members. Moreover, he is ready willing and able to take the appropriate steps that are necessary to achieve the best possible recovery for the class and see to it that the rights of the other class members are protected. He has also retained counsel that is experienced in the representations of classes.

18. Superiority: The class litigation is an appropriate method for fair and efficient adjudication of the claims involved. Class action treatment is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy alleged herein; it will permit a large number of class members to prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently, and without the unnecessary duplication of evidence, effort and expense that hundreds of individual actions would require. Class action treatment

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ. Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017. Page 9 of 293 not individually afford to litigate a complex claim against large corporate defendants. Further, even for those class members who could afford to litigate such a claim, it would still be economically impractical.

19. The nature of this action and the laws available to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class make the use of the class action device a particularly efficient and appropriate procedure to afford relief to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class for the wrongs alleged. Without the class action mechanism, Defendants would necessarily gain an unconscionable advantage since they would be able to exploit and overwhelm the limited resources of each individual Class member with superior financial and legal resources; and the costs of individual suits could unreasonably consume the amounts that would be recovered. Likewise, proof of a common course of conduct to which Plaintiff was exposed is representative of that experienced by the other members of the Class, and will establish the right of each member of the Class to recover on the cause of action alleged; and Individual actions would create a risk of inconsistent results and would be unnecessary and duplicative of this litigation.

20. The prosecution of separate claims or defenses by or against individual members of the class would create a risk of either:

- A. inconsistent or varying adjudications concerning individual members of the class which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the party opposing the class; or
- B. adjudications concerning individual members of the class which would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of other members of the class who are not parties to the adjudications, or substantially impair or impede the ability of other members of the class who are not parties to the adjudications to protect their interests;

21. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class. The interests of the class representative are consistent with those of the other members of the Class. In addition, Plaintiff is represented by experienced and able counsel who have expertise in the areas of class actions and complex litigation.

22. The class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Because of the number and nature of common questions of fact and law, multiple separate lawsuits would not serve the interest of judicial economy.

23. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed class and to modify, amend or remove proposed subclasses, before the Court determines whether certification is appropriate and as the parties engage in discovery.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

24. Plaintiff is Medicare eligible. He is a signatory to a Preferred Care contract (2017 Preferred Care Broward) which, according to the term of the 2017 Preferred Care contract at page 155 and 156 provided for Vision Care Benefits for Routine Eye Wear of \$0 copayment and that subscribers "receive a total credit of \$200 toward your purchase of lenses/frames and contact lenses."⁴ Preferred Care also makes available a document entitled "Benefit Highlights" Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP), which lists all various medical benefits, benefits and services beyond original Medicare and prescription drugs. Among the other benefits and services provided for is for "Vision-eyewear." According to the Benefit Highlights the cost of "Vision-eyewear" is \$0 copay every year, up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts.⁵ In addition Preferred Care's Evidence of Coverage ("EOC")

^{4.} Plaintiff's Evidence of Coverage for 2017 is attached and incorporated hereto as "Exhibit A."

^{5.} A copy of the Benefit Highlights is attached and incorporated hereto as "Exhibit

for the Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), as well as for the other plans in Broward County and for plans in Miami/Dade County and Palm Beach County listed in paragraph 10 above, can also be found on Preferred Care's website and contains the following language in Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart under Vision Care: "**Routine Eye Wear:** \$0 copayment; receive a total credit of \$200 toward your purchase of lenses/frames and contact lenses".

25. The Eye Wear Benefits services are provided through Preferred Care's contracted partner, iCare, which also provides a document to the Preferred Care subscribers, setting forth what it claims are the Eye Wear Benefits to subscribers. However, the iCare document is inconsistent with the plain language of the insurance contract with Preferred Care. With respect to eyewear, it states, "Eyewear benefit must be used towards the purchase of a complete pair of eye glasses (frame & lenses) or contact lenses". Thus, rather than providing the Benefit Limitation of a credit of \$200 towards lenses, frames and contacts, contrary to the binding contract, Defendants are limiting benefits to a \$200 credit that can be used towards one purchase of lenses and frames *or* contact lenses, thereby improperly denying Plaintiff and members of the Class the full value of their contracted for benefits

26. The disclosures at issue to Plaintiff and the other Class Members are uniform in all material respects. The other relevant contracts, as set forth in the highlights section on the web page for each plan have a substantially similar provision, in fact, identical except as to amount of credit, as follows:

(a) 2017 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO)/Vision – eyewear: \$0 co-pay
 every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

B."

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WyZeaPucune2001 for leftses frames and Sontacts ket 12/29/2017 Page 12 of 293

(c) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP)/Vision - eyewear: \$0

co-pay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(d) 2017 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)/Vision –

eyewear: \$0 co-pay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(e) 2017 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)/Vision – eyewear: \$0

co-pay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(f) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)/Vision –

eyewear: \$0 co-pay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(g) 2016 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay

every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(h) 2016 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay
 every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(i) 2016 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay
 every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(j) 2016 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)/Visioneyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(k) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP)/Vision-eyewear: \$0
 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(l) 2016 Preferred Secure Option (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay
 every year; up to \$100 for lenses/frames and contacts

(m) 2016 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(n) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)/Vision-

eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(o) 2015 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)/Vision eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(p) 2015 Preferred Secure Option (HMO/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copayevery year; up to \$100 for lenses/frames and contacts

(q) 2015 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP)/Vision eye-wear:
 \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(r) 2015 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)/Vision-eyewear \$0 copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(s) 2015 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(t) 2015 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

27. On August 2, 2017, Plaintiff went to Coconut Creek Optical, in Coconut Creek, Florida, a provider identified by iCare as a participating eye care establishment, to utilize the \$200 credit towards Eye Wear Benefits, including eye glass lenses and contacts. However, in breach of the Preferred Care contract, the provider advised that it was only authorized to provide a credit for the purchase of *either* regular lenses and frames *or* contact lenses, not both. Moreover, the provider advised that the credit could only be used towards eye glass lenses if Plaintiff also purchased frames with them. Because the provider refused to apply the total \$200 credit toward more than one covered product, Plaintiff's only choice, if he was to be able to utilize the Eyewear Benefit Limitation at all, was to order a complete pair of glasses or contact lenses.

28. Such refusal to allow Plaintiff to use the credit for a combination of regular lenses, frames and/or contact lenses violate the plain contract language.

29. The Plaintiff received a letter dated August 18, 2017 from Amy Winklesky, the Grievance Coordinator for United Healthcare, on Preferred Care's letterhead, in response to Plaintiff's grievance letter dated July 10, 2017 in which Plaintiff complained about the way Defendants were interpreting and supplying the Eyewear benefits provided in the benefits contract. In the August 18th letter, Ms. Winklesky explained Preferred Care's position regarding the wording in the Evidence of Coverage ("EOC"), a document applicable to every class member. Her letter stated the following: "When using your benefits, you arc able to get lenses and frames or contact lenses, not both." This clearly contradicts the wording in the EOC which states that a vision benefit "up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts" is provided pursuant to the plan.

١

30. In addition, Ms. Winklesky, on behalf of Preferred Care, stated that the annual credit provided for under the plan "is a one-time use." She gave the following example to illustrate that: "If a member has a \$300 annual credit, but only used \$150, the member would lose the remaining balance of the credit." Class members would not have understood this to be the policy because it is not set forth in the benefit's contract or in the summary of benefits. Plaintiff and the other members of the class have no way of knowing that unless the eye wear products you are purchasing cost the full amount of the annual credit or above the annual credit, they would not receive the full benefit of the vision credit that they have contracted for with Preferred Care.

31. Defendants' conduct and the resultant harm is continuing and ongoing. Absent an injunctive order by this Court, Plaintiff and Class will continue to be harmed by Defendants' wrongful conduct.

<u>COUNT I</u>

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 15 of 293 BREACH OF CONTRACT

(Against Defendant Preferred Care)

32. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the other members of the proposed Class,

repeats and realleges all proceeding paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.

33. Plaintiff entered into a contract with Defendant Preferred Care to provide health care services, as evidenced by Exhibits A & B to this Complaint.

34. Plaintiff agreed to the terms and conditions to the contract and performed his end of the bargain by timely paying his premiums.

35. Similarly, at various times during the class period, numerous other class members entered into health care services contract with Preferred Care which by their terms are to provide virtually almost identical services and in particular with respect to Eyewear provide the Benefit Limitation as set forth above.

36. Similarly, all of the other class members agreed to the terms and conditions to their contracts and performed their end of the bargain by timely paying their premiums.

37. Defendant Preferred Care failed to satisfy its obligations under the contract in that it failed to provide to Plaintiff the full market value of the contracted credit toward Eye Wear Benefits.

38. As a result, Defendant Preferred Care has breached its contract with Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, and the Class Members have been damaged in an amount equal to the difference between the fair market value of the Eye Wear Benefits credit actually provided and the full allowable credit under the policy. Defendants have also breached their contract with Plaintiff and the other members of the Class by failing to allow them to use

their \$200 or \$300 credit for more than one Eyewear product as provided for in their contract, and by limiting the credit to only a one-time use "use-it or lose-it," restriction.

39. In addition, and/or in the alternative to actual damages, Defendants should be ordered to perform their contractual obligation and permit Plaintiff and the other members of the Class to use their credit to obtain as many Eyewear products as would have been covered by the total amount of the credit.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief, including costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT II

For Enforcement of Third Party Beneficiary Contract (Against Defendant iCare)

40. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the other members of the proposed Class, repeats and realleges all proceeding paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.

41. Preferred Care entered into one or more contracts with iCare for it to provide, through participating eye care facilities, vision services, such as the sale of lenses, frames and contact lenses to subscribers to Preferred Care contracts.

42. Although they were not signatories to the contracts with iCare, Plaintiffs and the other members of the class were the intended beneficiaries of such contract and thus they are intended third party beneficiaries.

43. Upon information and belief, the contracts between Preferred Care and iCare provided for iCare to provide to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class the Eye Wear Benefits provided for in the contracts that Preferred Care had entered into with Plaintiff and the other members of the Class.

44. The contracts between Preferred Care and iCare were breached because iCare, through its participating providers, did not provide the benefits that Preferred Care was supposed to provide in that the iCare participating providers have limited and continue to limit the contractual credit to regular lenses *or* contact lenses, despite being required to permit the credit to be used for regular lenses, frames and contact lenses, up to the full credit amount. In addition, contrary to the contractual provision, the iCare provider would not permit customers to purchase lenses for their own eyeglass frames without purchase of lenses, and are charging an excessive amount for Eye Wear Benefits that unfairly use up the Benefit Limitation.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief, including costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT III

FOR UNJUST ENRICHMENT (Against Defendant Preferred Care)

45. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the other members of the proposed Class, repeats and realleges all proceeding paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.

46. Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed Class conferred a benefit on Defendant Preferred Care by purchasing insurance and paying premiums.

47. Defendant Preferred Care has further benefited monetarily from the improper conduct by failing to provide the full benefit of Eye Wear Benefits to which Plaintiff and the other members of the class are entitled thus reducing its cost.

48. Defendant Preferred Care's benefit came at the expense and detriment of Plaintiff and the other Class members.

49. Defendant Preferred Care has thus unjustly enriched itself in retaining the premiums derived from the deceptive insurance contracts.

50. Plaintiffs and the other members of the proposed class were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Preferred Care's deceptive and unfair activities.

Case 0:17-cy-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 18 of 293

Defendants must pay restitution to Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed class for its unjust enrichment, as ordered by the Court.

52. Equity and good conscience require that Defendant Preferred Care disgorge its profits made thereby, and Plaintiff and the other members of the class further seek restitution on this basis.

53. Plaintiff brings this cause of action in the alternative to his legal claims for

relief.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief,

including costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and members of the proposed class pray for relief and

judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

- a. For an order certifying the proposed class, appointing Plaintiff and his counsel to represent the proposed class and notice to the proposed classes to be paid by Defendants;
- b. For damages suffered by Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed class;

(

- c. For restitution to Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed class of all monies wrongfully obtained by Defendants;
- d. For injunctive relief requiring Defendants to perform and honor the contracts between them and the Plaintiff and the other members of the Class;
- e. An order awarding declaratory relief, retrospective and prospective injunctive relief as permitted by law or equity, including enjoining Defendants from continuing the unlawful practices as set forth herein, and injunctive relief to remedy Defendants' past conduct;

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ DEeuRlaintiff's resonable attorness feesere provided by have age 19 of 293

- g. For Plaintiff's costs incurred, including the costs of all experts retained;
- h. For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum allowable rate on any amounts awarded; and
- i. For such other and further relief that this Court deems just and proper under equity or law, including the award of punitive damages.

].

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all counts so triable.

Dated: November 14, 2017

EGGNATZ | PASCUCCI

By: /s/ Joshua H. Eggnatz Joshua H. Eggnatz, Esq. Fla. Bar No. 67926 Michael J. Pascucci, Esq. Fla. Bar. No.: 83397 Steven N. Saul, Esq. Fla. Bar No. 1002827 EGGNATZ | PASCUCCI 5400 S. University Drive Ste. 417 Tel: (954) 889-3359 Fax: (954) 889-5913 MPascucci@JusticeEarned.com JEggantz@JusticeEarned.com SSaul@JusticeEarned.com

STULL, STULL & BRODY Mark Levine Melissa Emert (Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming) 6 East 45th Street New York, NY 10017 Tel: (212) 687-7230 Fax: (212) 490-2022 Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on PErst @Server12/29/2017 Page 20 of 293

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven Assael and the putative class



Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)







Y0066_H1045_005_2017 Accepted

January 1 – December 31, 2017

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of our plan

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2017. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need.

This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This plan, Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), is offered by UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. (When this **Evidence of Coverage** says "we," "us," or "our," it means UnitedHealthcare. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).)

Preferred Care Partners is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies, a Medicare Advantage organization with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan's contract renewal with Medicare.

This information is available for free in other languages.

Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-866-231-7201 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711). Hours are 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.

Esta información está disponible sin costo en otros idiomas.

Para obtener más información, por favor comuníquese con Servicio al Cliente al 1-866-231-7201. (Usuarios TTY deben llamar 711). Horario es de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m., hora local, los 7 días de la semana.

El Servicio al Cliente también tiene disponible, de forma gratuita, servicios de interpretación para personas que no hablan inglés.

This document may be available in an alternate format such as Braille, large print or audio. Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-866-231-7201, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7

Y0066_H1045_005_2017 Accepted Form CMS 10260-ANOC/EOC (Approved 03/2014)

OMB Approval 0938-1051

days a week, for additional information.

Benefits, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2018.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

Y0066_H1045_005_2017 Accepted Form CMS 10260-ANOC/EOC (Approved 03/2014)

OMB Approval 0938-1051

multi-language interpreter Services

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 24 of 293 English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-866-231-7201. Someone who speaks English/ Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-866-231-7201. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您 需要此翻译服务,请致电1-866-231-7201。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如 需翻譯服務,請致電1-866-231-7201。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-866-231-7201. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-866-231-7201. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-866-231-7201 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-866-231-7201. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화1-866-231-7201번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-866-231-7201. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

اننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على :Arabic بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا 1-866-231-7201 . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية مجانية

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके कसिी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लएि हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषयाि सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषयाि प्राप्त करने के लएि, बस हमें 1-866-231-7201 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्त जो हनि्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-866-231-7201. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contactenos através do número 1-866-231-7201. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-866-231-7201. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-866-231-7201. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の 通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-866-231-7201にお電話くださ い。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサー ビスです。 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Table of Contents

2017 Evidence of Coverage

Table of Contents

This list of chapters and page numbers is your starting point. For more help in finding information you need, go to the first page of a chapter. You will find a detailed list of topics at the beginning of each chapter.

CHAPTER 1	Getting started as a member1-1
	Explains what it means to be in a Medicare health plan and how to use this booklet. Tells about materials we will send you, your plan premium, your plan member ID card, and keeping your membership record up to date.
CHAPTER 2	Important phone numbers and resources2-1
	Tells you how to get in touch with our plan (Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)) and with other organizations including Medicare, the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), the Quality Improvement Organization, Social Security, Medicaid (the state health insurance program for people with low incomes), programs that help people pay for their prescription drugs, and the Railroad Retirement Board.
CHAPTER 3	Using the plan's coverage for your medical services
	Explains important things you need to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan. Topics include using the providers in the plan's network and how to get care when you have an emergency.
CHAPTER 4	Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)
	Gives the details about which types of medical care are covered and <i>not</i> covered for you as a member of our plan. Explains how much you will pay as your share of the cost for your covered medical care.
CHAPTER 5	Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs
	Explains rules you need to follow when you get your Part D drugs. Tells how to use the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) to find out which drugs are covered. Tells which kinds of drugs are not covered. Explains several kinds of restrictions that apply to coverage for certain drugs. Explains where to get your prescriptions filled. Tells about the plan's programs for drug safety and managing medications.
CHAPTER 6	What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

`

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Table of Contents

	Tells about the four stages of drug coverage (Deductible Stage, Initial Coverage Stage, Coverage Gap Stage, Catastrophic Coverage Stage) and how these stages affect what you pay for your drugs. Explains the five cost-sharing tiers for your Part D drugs and tells what you must pay for a drug in each cost-sharing tier. Tells about the late enrollment penalty.
CHAPTER 7	Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs
	Explains when and how to send a bill to us when you want to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost for your covered services or drugs.
CHAPTER 8	Your rights and responsibilities8-1
	Explains the rights and responsibilities you have as a member of our plan. Tells what you can do if you think your rights are not being respected.
CHAPTER 9	What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
	Tells you step-by-step what to do if you are having problems or concerns as a member of our plan.
	 Explains how to ask for coverage decisions and make appeals if you are having trouble getting the medical care or prescription drugs you think are covered by our plan. This includes asking us to make exceptions to the rules or extra restrictions on your coverage for prescription drugs, and asking us to keep covering hospital care and certain types of medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon. Explains how to make complaints about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, and other concerns.
CHAPTER 10	Ending your membership in the plan 10-1
	Explains when and how you can end your membership in the plan. Explains situations in which our plan is required to end your membership.
CHAPTER 11	Legal notices 11-1
	Includes notices about governing law and about nondiscrimination.
CHAPTER 12	Definitions of important words

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 28 of 293

CHAPTER 1

Getting started as a member

.

.

1-1

Chapter 1

Getting started as a member

SECTION 1	Introduction	1
	Section 1.1	You are enrolled in Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), which is a Medicare HMO
	Section 1.2	What is the Evidence of Coverage booklet about?
	Section 1.3	Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage3
SECTION 2	What makes	s you eligible to be a plan member?4
	Section 2.1	Your eligibility requirements4
	Section 2.2	What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?4
	Section 2.3	Here is the plan service area for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)4
	Section 2.4	U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence5
SECTION 3	What other	materials will you get from us?5
	Section 3.1	Your plan member ID card – Use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs
	Section 3.2	The Provider Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network
	Section 3.3	The Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to pharmacies in our network6
	Section 3.4	The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)7
	Section 3.5	The Part D Explanation of Benefits (the "Part D EOB"): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs7
SECTION 4	Your month	ly premium for the plan8
	Section 4.1	How much is your plan premium?8
	Section 4.2	If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty9
	Section 4.3	Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year? 10
SECTION 5	Please keep	your plan membership record up to date11
	Section 5.1	How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you 11

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-2

SECTION 6	We protect the privacy of your personal health information		11
	Section 6.1	We make sure that your health information is protected	12
SECTION 7	How other in	nsurance works with our plan	12

•

~

.

1-3

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	You are enrolled in Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), which is a	
	Medicare HMO	

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).

There are different types of Medicare health plans. Our plan is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

0			
Section 1.2	What is the Evidence	of Coverage booklet about?	
		U UVELAGE DUURIEL ADUUL:	

This **Evidence of Coverage** booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The word "coverage" and "covered services" refers to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of the plan.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this **Evidence of Coverage** booklet.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan's Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1.3 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

It's part of our contract with you

This **Evidence of Coverage** is part of our contract with you about how the plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called "riders" or "amendments."

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in the plan between January 1, 2017 and December 31, 2017.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of the plan after December 31, 2017. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2017.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-4

Medicare must approve our plan each year

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 21

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)
- - and you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area)
- · and you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- and you do not have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer, or you were a member of a different plan that was terminated.

Section 2.2 What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services), skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies.
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician's services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment and supplies).

Section 2:3 Here is the plan service area for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

Although Medicare is a Federal program, our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Florida: Broward.

If you plan to move out of the service area, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are

printed on the back cover of this booklet). When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.4	U.S. Citizen or Lawful Pres	· · · · ·
Section 2.4		

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3	What other materials will	you g	get from us	s?

Section 3.1	Your plan member ID card – Use it to get all covered care and	1
	prescription drugs	t

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your member ID card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. Here's a sample member ID card to show you what yours will look like:

Health Plan (80840): 911-87726-04	
Member ID: 9999 Member: SUBSCRIBER BROWN PCP Name: Dr. Provider Brown Member: SUBSCRIBER BROWN 65088 Dr. Provider Brown	For Members DANUTPLE Website: www.mypreferredcare.com Customer Service: 1800-643-4845 NurseLine: 1877-365-7949 Behavioral Health: 1-800-985-2596 Dental: 1-800-985-2596
PCP Phone: (800) 123-4567 RxBin: 610097 MEDICAL GROUP RxPCN: 9999 Copay: PCP/ Spec/ ER RxGrp: COS \$XX/\$XX/\$XX \$XX	For Providers www.mypreferredcare.com 1-877-842-3210 Medical Claim Address: 120 Box 56-5790, Miamí, FL 33256-5790 Medicare Solutions
[<marketing name="" product="">] [Administered by <plan>]</plan></marketing>	Pharmacy Claims DptimRx, PO.Box;29045, Hot Springs, AR 7.1903 For Pharmacists 1-877-889-6510

As long as you are a member of our plan **you must <u>not</u> use your red, white, and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services (with the exception of routine clinical research studies and hospice services). Keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

Here's why this is so important: If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-6

Medicare card instead of using your plan member ID card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan member ID card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Section 3.2 The Provider Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network

The **Provider Directory** lists our network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers.

What are "network providers"?

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. We included a copy of our durable medical equipment supplier directory in the envelope with this booklet. The most recent list of suppliers is also available on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?

It is important to know which providers are part of our network because, with limited exceptions, while you are a member of our plan you must use network providers to get your medical care and services. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (generally, when you are out of the area), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which our plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers. See Chapter 3 (Using the plan's coverage for your medical services) for more specific information about emergency, out-of-network, and out-of-area coverage.

If you don't have your copy of the **Provider Directory**, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also search for provider information on our website. Both Customer Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network providers. (You can find our website and phone information in Chapter 2 of this booklet.)

Section 3.3 The Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to pharmacies in our network

What are "network pharmacies"?

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members.

1-7

Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?

You can use the **Pharmacy Directory** to find the network pharmacy you want to use. There are changes to our network of pharmacies for next year. An updated Pharmacy Directory is located on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com. You may also call Customer Service for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a Pharmacy Directory. **Please review the 2017 Pharmacy Directory to see which pharmacies are in our network.**

If you don't have the **Pharmacy Directory**, you can get a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). At any time, you can call Customer Service to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Section 3:4

The plan has a **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in our plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will send you a copy of the Drug List. The Drug List we send to you includes information for the covered drugs that are most commonly used by our members. However, we cover additional drugs that are not included in the printed Drug List. If one of your drugs is not listed in the Drug List, you should visit our website or contact Customer Service to find out if we cover it. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (www.myPreferredCare.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section[3:5] (The Part D Explanation of Benefits (the "Part D EOB"): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (or the "Part D EOB").

The **Part D Explanation of Benefits** tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. **Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs)** gives more information about the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-8

A **Part D Explanation of Benefits** summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 4 Your monthly premium for the plan

Section 4.1	How much is your plan premium?

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for our plan. You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

In some situations, your plan premium could be more

In some situations, your plan premium could be more than the amount listed above in Section 4.1. This situation is described below.

- Some members are required to pay a late enrollment penalty because they did not join a Medicare drug plan when they first became eligible or because they had a continuous period of 63 days or more when they didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage. ("Creditable" means the drug coverage is at least as good as Medicare's standard drug coverage.) For these members, the late enrollment penalty is added to the plan's monthly premium. Their premium amount will be the monthly plan premium plus the amount of their late enrollment penalty.
 - If you are required to pay the late enrollment penalty, the amount of your penalty depends on how long you waited before you enrolled in drug coverage or how many months you were without drug coverage after you became eligible. Chapter 6, Section 10 **explains the late enrollment penalty.**
 - If you have a late enrollment penalty and do not pay it, you could be disenrolled from the plan.

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must be entitled to Medicare Part A and enrolled in Medicare Part B. For that reason, some plan members (those who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. And most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.

Some people pay an extra amount for Part D because of their yearly income. This is known as Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amounts, also known as IRMAA. If your income is greater than \$85,000 for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or greater than \$170,000 for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government (not the Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage.

- If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.
- If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, **not your Medicare plan**, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be.
- For more information about Part D premiums based on income, go to Chapter 6, Section 11 of this booklet. You can also visit http://www.medicare.gov on the web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you may call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778.

Your copy of **Medicare & You 2017** gives information about the Medicare premiums in the section called "2017 Medicare Costs." This explains how the Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of **Medicare & You 2017** from the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.2 If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty

If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are four ways you can pay the penalty. Please contact Customer Service to notify us of your payment option choice or if you'd like to change your existing option. (You can find our phone number on the back cover of this booklet.)

If you decide to change the way you pay your late enrollment penalty, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your late enrollment penalty is paid on time.

Option 1: You can pay by check

We will send you a monthly bill for your late enrollment penalty. Make your payment payable to UnitedHealthcare. Please see your payment coupon or bill for the mailing address and other information. Include your member ID number on your check or money order. If making a payment for more than one member, include a payment coupon for each member. Include the member ID number for each member on the check or money order. All payments must be received on or before the due date shown on the monthly bill. If you need your monthly bill replaced, please call Customer Service.

Option 2: Electronic Funds Transfer

Instead of paying by check, you can have your late enrollment penalty automatically deducted from your checking account. Your monthly payment will be deducted around the 5th of each month. If

you wish to sign up for Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), you may follow the instructions on your monthly bill, or you may call Customer Service.

Option 3: You can pay by credit card

Instead of paying by check, you can pay your late enrollment penalty with your credit card. If you wish to sign up to use your credit card to pay your late enrollment penalty please call Customer Service.

Option 4: You can have the late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check

You can have the late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your penalty this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

What to do if you are having trouble paying your late enrollment penalty

Your late enrollment penalty is due in our office by the first day of the month. If we have not received your penalty payment by the first day of the month, we will send you a delinquency notice. In addition, we have the right to pursue collection of these penalty amounts you owe. If you are having trouble paying your late enrollment penalty on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your penalty. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Section48 Canwechangeyour monthlyplan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to begin charging a monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may need to start paying or may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty. (The late enrollment penalty may apply if you had a continuous period of 63 days or more when you didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage.) This could happen if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year:

- If you currently pay the late enrollment penalty and become eligible for "Extra Help" during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you ever lose "Extra Help", you must maintain your Part D coverage or you could be subject to a late enrollment penalty.

You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

1-11

SECTION 5 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

Section 5:1: How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- · Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number.
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid).
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident.
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home.
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room.
 - If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes.
 - If you are participating in a clinical research study.

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 7 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 6 We protect the privacy of your personal health information

Section 6.1 We make sure that your health information is protected

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.4 of this booklet.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Section 7.1 Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- · No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- · Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 42 of 293

CHAPTER 2

Important phone numbers and resources

2-1

Chapter 2

Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1	Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)
SECTION 2	Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)7
 SECTION 3	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)9
SECTION 4	Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare) 10
SECTION 5	Social Security11
SECTION 6	Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)
SECTION 7	Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs 12
SECTION 8	How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board15
SECTION 9	Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?16
SECTION 10	Additional Benefits Contact List

2-2

SECTION 1 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)

How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing or member ID card questions, please call or write to our plan Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service - Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non- English speakers.
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners PO Box 56-5748, Miami, FL 33256
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711

2-3

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	1-888-659-0618
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners PO Box 56-5748, Miami, FL 33256
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited appeals for medical care: 1-877-262-9203 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For fast/expedited appeals only: 1-866-373-1081
WRITE	Appeals and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

2-4

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Melliod	Complaints about Medical Carca Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of-Operation: 8 a.m 8.p.m. local.time, 7_days.a.week For fast/expedited complaints about medical care: 1-877-262-9203 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ΤΤΥ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For fast/expedited complaints only: 1-866-373-1081
WRITE	Appeals and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefit included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

2-5

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	1-800-527-0531
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners PO Box 56-5748 Miami, FL 33256
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited appeals for Part D prescription drugs: 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
FAX	For standard Part D prescription drug appeals: 1-866-308-6294 For fast/expedited Part D prescription drug appeals: 1-866-308-6296
WRITE	Part D Appeal and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0197, Cypress, CA 90630-9948
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs - Contact Information
CALL	 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited complaints about Part D prescription drugs: 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For standard Part D prescription drug complaints: 1-866-308-6294 For fast/expedited Part D prescription drug complaints: 1-866-308-6296
WRITE	Part D Appeal and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0197, Cypress, CA 90630-9948

2-6

2-7

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	Part D prescription drug payment requests: 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners Inc PO Box 30448, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0448
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

2-8

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called "CMS"). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations, including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE , or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
WEBSITE	http://www.medicare.gov
	This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.
	The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:
	 Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information. Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO):
	• Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/ home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
	• Minimum essential coverage (MEC): Coverage under this Plan qualifies as minimum essential coverage (MEC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information on the individual requirement for MEC.

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In your state, the SHIP is called SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs.

Your SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

2-10

Method	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information Florida SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs
CALL	1-800-963-5337
ттү	1-800-955-8770 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	4040 Esplanade Way, STE 270, Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000
WEBSITE	www.floridashine.org

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Florida, the Quality Improvement Organization is called KEPRO. Your state's Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The state's Quality Improvement Organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact your state's Quality Improvement Organization in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – Contact Information Florida KEPRO
CALL	1-844-455-8708
ТТҮ	1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

2-11

Method	Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – Contact Information Florida KEPRO
WRITE	5201 W Kennedy BLVD, STE 900, Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	http://www.keproqio.com

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
ТТҮ	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	http://www.ssa.gov

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

SECTION 6 Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These "Medicare Savings Programs" help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Qualified Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

If you have questions about the assistance you get from Medicaid, contact your state Medicaid agency.

Method	State Medicaid Program – Contact Information Florida Florida Medicaid Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA)
CALL	1-866-762-2237
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	2727 Mahan DR, Mail Stop 6, Tallahassee, FL 32308
WEBSITE	www.ahca.myflorida.com

SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

2-12

Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

People with limited income and resources may qualify for "Extra Help." Some people automatically qualify for "Extra Help" and don't need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for "Extra Help."

You may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 (applications), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications). (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information.)

If you believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has established a process that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- Please call the customer service number in Chapter 2 Section 1. Our Customer Service Advocates can help get your copayment amount corrected.
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program

,

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs to Part D enrollees who have reached the coverage gap and are not receiving "Extra Help." For branded drugs, the 50% discount provided by manufacturers excludes any dispensing fee for costs in the gap. The enrollee would pay the dispensing fee on the portion of the cost, which is paid by the plan (10% in 2017).

2-14

If you reach the coverage gap, we will automatically apply the discount when your pharmacy bills you for your prescription and your **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) will show any discount provided. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap. The amount paid by the plan (10%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If you reach the coverage gap, the plan pays 49% of the price for generic drugs and you pay the remaining 51% of the price. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (49%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. Also, the dispensing fee is included as part of the cost of the drug.

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program is available nationwide. Because your plan offers additional gap coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 6 for more information about the amount of your copayment or coinsurance during the Coverage Gap Stage. If you have any questions about the availability of discounts for the drugs you are taking or about the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program in general, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call your state ADAP office listed below.

Method	AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) – Contact Information Florida Department of Health ADAP
CALL	1-850-245-4334
WEBSITE	http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/adap/ index.html

2-15

What if you get "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs? Can you get the discounts?

No. If you get "Extra Help," you already get coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

What if you don't get a discount, and you think you should have?

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand name drug, you should review your next **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) notice. If the discount doesn't appear on your **Part D Explanation of Benefits**, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up-to-date. If we don't agree that you are owed a discount, you can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in Section 3 of this Chapter) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.

TTY 1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for perhave difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are not free.	
CALL 1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. Available 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday through Friday If you have a touch-tone telephone, recorded information and automa services are available 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidation	

2-16

SECTION 9 Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

SECTION 10 Additional Benefits Contact List

Your Additional Benefits

Your plan covers additional benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare.

Hearing Exams

Method	HearUSA/HearX = Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Hearing Aids

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

2-17

Method	HearUSA/HearX – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Vision care

Method	Icare – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

For routine vision services, choose a network provider from the **Vision Care** section of the directory. Not all network vision providers may be included in this list. This list may change. Please see Chapter 4 of this Evidence of Coverage for details about plan benefits, limitations and exclusions. **Note:** For Medicare-covered vision care (medical conditions of the eye, glaucoma screenings, cataract services, etc.), see the **Specialists** section of the directory.

Dental Services

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

2-18

Method	Solstice Dental - Contact Information
CALL	1-855-351-8163 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8:30 a.m 5:30 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
ттү	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8:30 a.m 5:30 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday

Since your plan includes additional dental benefits you should refer to the **Dental** section of the Provider Directory to choose a dental provider.

NurseLine

Method	NurseLine sM – Contact Information
CALL	1-855-575-0293 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

Whether you have questions about a medication or have a health concern, with NurseLinesm a registered nurse is only a phone call away, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Routine Transportation (Limited to ground transportation only)

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

2-19

Method	Contact Information
CALL	1-888-774-7772 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 7 a.m 6 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 7 a.m 6 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

For more information about your transportation benefit please contact the toll-free number or website above.

Fitness Membership

Method	SilverSneakers® Fitness program – Contact Information
CALL	1-888-423-4632 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday
WEBSITE	silversneakers.com

Stay active with a fitness membership at no additional cost. Choose a fitness center from more than 13,000 locations.

For more information or to find a location near you, contact SilverSneakers® Fitness program at the toll-free number or website above.

Please see Chapter 4 of your Evidence of Coverage for details about plan benefits, limitations and exclusions.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 62 of 293

1

CHAPTER 3

Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

2017 Evidence of	f Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HM	IO)
Chapter 3: Using	the plan's coverage for your medical services	\$

4

3-1

Chapter 3

Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

SECTION 1	Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan		
	Section 1.1	What are "network providers" and "covered services"?	
	Section 1.2	Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan	
SECTION 2	Use provide	ers in the plan's network to get your medical care4	
	Section 2.1	You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care4	
	Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers5	
	Section 2.3	How to get care from out-of-network providers	
SECTION 3	-	covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for ing a disaster	
	Section 3.1	Getting care if you have a medical emergency	
	Section 3.2	Getting care when you have an urgent need for services	
	Section 3.3	Getting care during a disaster8	
SECTION 4	What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?		
	Section 4.1	You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services	
	Section 4.2	If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost9	
SECTION 5		ur medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research 	
	Section 5.1	What is a "clinical research study"?9	
	Section 5.2	When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?	
SECTION 6		etting care covered in a "religious non-medical health care 	
	Section 6.1	What is a religious non-medical health care institution?11	
	Section 6.2	What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?	

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-2

SECTION 7	Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment12
	Cention 7.1 Will you own the downlate medical environment of the second state

.

 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services 3-3

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

Section 111 What are "network providers" and "covered services"?

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- "**Providers**" are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- "Network providers" are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **"Covered services"** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1:2

As a Medicare health plan, Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

The plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).
- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).

- You must receive your care from a network provider (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. Here are three exceptions:
 - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-ofnetwork provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
 - If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.3 in this chapter.
 - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

Section 2.1	You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee
	your medical care

What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?

What is a PCP?

A Primary Care Provider (PCP) is a network physician who is selected by you to provide and coordinate your covered services.

What types of providers may act as a PCP?

PCPs are generally physicians specializing in Internal Medicine, Family Practice or General Practice.

What is the role of my PCP?

Your relationship with your PCP is an important one because your PCP is responsible for the coordination of your health care and is also responsible for your routine health care needs. You may want to ask your PCP for assistance in selecting a network specialist and follow-up with your PCP after any specialist visits. It is important for you to develop and maintain a relationship with your PCP.

How do you choose your PCP?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-5

You must select a PCP from the **Provider Directory** at the time of your enrollment. You may, however, visit any network provider you choose.

For a copy of the most recent **Provider Directory**, or for help in selecting a PCP, call Customer Service or visit the website listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet for the most up-to-date information about our network providers.

If you do not select a PCP at the time of enrollment, we may pick one for you. You may change your PCP at any time. See "Changing your PCP" below.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP in our plan.

If you want to change your PCP, call Customer Service. If the PCP is accepting additional plan members, the change will become effective on the first day of the following month. You will receive a new member ID card that shows this change.

Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
	•

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- · Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

Even though your PCP is trained to handle the majority of common health care needs, there may be a time when you feel that you need to see a network specialist. You do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network specialist or behavioral/mental health provider. Although you do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network specialist, your PCP can recommend an appropriate network specialist for your medical condition, answer questions you have regarding a network specialist's treatment plan and provide follow-up health care as needed. For coordination of care, we recommend you notify your PCP when you see a network specialist.

Please refer to the **Provider Directory** for a listing of plan specialists available through your network, or you may consult the **Provider Directory** online at the website listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan but if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan you have certain

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

3-6

rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- When possible we will provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed you have the right to file an appeal of our decision.
- If you find out that your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care.

You may call Customer Service for assistance at the number listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet.

Section 2:3 How to get care from out-of network providers.

Care that you receive from out-of-network providers will not be covered unless the care meets one of the three exceptions described in Section 1.2 of this chapter. For information about getting out-of-network care when you have a medical emergency or urgent need for care, please see Section 3 in this chapter.

SECTION 3 How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3:1: Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a "medical emergency" and what should you do if you have one?

A **"medical emergency"** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

• Get help as quickly as possible. Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-7

hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do **not** need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the world. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

If you receive emergency or urgently-needed services outside of the United States or its territories, you generally will be required to pay the bill at the time you receive the services. Most foreign providers are not eligible to receive reimbursement directly from Medicare, and will ask you to pay for the services directly. Ask for a written, detailed bill or receipt showing the specific services provided to you. Send a copy of the itemized bill or an itemized receipt to us to pay you back. You should be prepared to assist us in obtaining any additional information necessary to properly process your request for reimbursement, including medical records.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was **not** an emergency, we will cover additional care **only** if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- **—or—** the additional care you get is considered "urgently needed services" and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3:2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are "urgently needed services"?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

"Urgently needed services" are non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

What if you are in the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

You should always try to obtain urgently needed services from network providers. However, if providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible and it is not reasonable to wait to obtain care from your network provider when the network becomes available, we will cover urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. Check your **Provider Directory** for a list of network Urgent Care Centers.

What if you are outside the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, our plan will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider at the cost-sharing amount for Urgently Needed Services as described in Chapter 4.

Our plan does not cover any non-urgent or non-emergency care you receive outside of the United States.

Section 3.3

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.myPreferredCare.com for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

Generally, during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost-sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4 1 - You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-9

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Our plan covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren't covered by our plan, either because they are not plan covered services, or they were obtained out-of-network and were not authorized.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For example, if your plan covers one routine physical exam per year and you receive that routine physical but choose to have a second routine physical within the same year, you pay the full cost of the second routine physical. Any amounts that you pay after you have reached the benefit limitation do not count toward your annual out-of-pocket maximum. (See Chapter 4 for more information on your plan's out-of-pocket maximum.) You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research study"?

Section 5.1	What is a "clinical research study"?
Section 5.1	what is a chinical research study ?

A clinical research study (also called a "clinical trial") is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-10

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has **not** approved, **you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study**.

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study **and** you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do **not** need to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do **not** need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.** Here is why you need to tell us:

- 1. We can let you know whether the clinical research study is Medicare-approved.
- 2. We can tell you what services you will get from clinical research study providers instead of from our plan.

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays					
	for what?				

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your costsharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-11

Here's an example of how the cost-sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and we would pay another \$10. This means that you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will **not** pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were **not** in a study.
- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

.

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care covered in a "religious non-medical health care institution"

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services3-12

Section 6.2	What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered
	by our plan?

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is **voluntary** and **not required** by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is **not** voluntary or **is required** under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to **non-religious** aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - - and you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

You are covered for unlimited days in the hospital, as long as your stay meets Medicare coverage guidelines. The coverage limits are described under **Inpatient Hospital Care** in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1	Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain	
	number of payments under our plan?	

Durable medical equipment includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. Certain items, such as prosthetics, are always owned by the member. In this section, we discuss other types of durable medical equipment that must be rented.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of durable medical equipment own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented durable medical equipment items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-13

circumstances we will transfer ownership of the durable medical equipment item. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you have made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you switch to Original Medicare after being a member of our plan: If you did not acquire ownership of the durable medical equipment item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments for the item while in Original Medicare in order to acquire ownership of the item. Your previous payments while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made payments for the durable medical equipment item under Original Medicare **before** you joined our plan, these previous Original Medicare payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 consecutive payments for the item under Original Medicare in order to acquire ownership. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 76 of 293

CHAPTER 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

.

、

-

4-1

Ç

Chapter 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1	Understandi	ng your out-of-pocket costs for covered services	2
	Section 1.1	Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered service	es2
	Section 1.2	What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B cove medical services?	
	Section 1.3	Our plan does not allow network providers to "balance bill" you	3
SECTION 2	Lise the Mor		
		lical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how ill pay	
	much you w		3
SECTION 3	much you w Section 2.1	ill pay	3 3

4-2

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

	4	 			· · · ·	
Section 1.1	· •		and a second		coverediservices	
		2 ^7 ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^	α v/ α i m α α v m α	N/ tar N/Alle		

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- A "copayment" is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- "Coinsurance" is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Some people qualify for State Medicaid programs to help them pay their out-of-pocket costs for Medicare. (These "Medicare Savings Programs" include the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB), Qualifying Individual (QI), and Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI) programs.) If you are enrolled in one of these programs, you may still have to pay a copayment for the service, depending on the rules in your state.

Section 1.2	What is the most y	ou will pay	for Medicare P	art A and Part B covered
a second seco	medical services?	C 1		The second secon
	medical services?		6	

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit to how much you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B (see the Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2, below). This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.

As a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), the most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for in-network covered Part A and Part B services in 2017 is \$6,700. The amounts you pay for your copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the

Medical Benefits Chart.) If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$6,700, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Florida Medicaid Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) (Medicaid) or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow network providers to "balance bill" you

As a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost-sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost-sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, then you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
- If you believe a provider has "balance billed" you, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 2 Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) **must** be medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-ofnetwork provider will not be covered. Chapter 3 provides more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-ofnetwork provider.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay more in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay less. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your Medicare & You 2017 Handbook. View it online at http://www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.).
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2017, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

 \bigodot You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medically Necessary - means health care services, supplies, or drugs needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your sickness, injury or illness that are all of the following as determined by us or our designee, within our sole discretion:

- In accordance with Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice.
- Most appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for your sickness, injury, or illness.
- Not mainly for your convenience or that of your doctor or other health care provider.
- Meet, but do not exceed your medical need, are at least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative, and are furnished in the most cost-effective manner

4-5

that may be provided safely and effectively.

Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice are standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, relying primarily on controlled clinical trials, or, if not available, observational studies from more than one institution that suggest a causal relationship between the service or treatment and health outcomes.

If no credible scientific evidence is available, then standards that are based on Physician specialty society recommendations or professional standards of care may be considered. We reserve the right to consult expert opinion in determining whether health care services are Medically Necessary: The decision to apply Physician specialty society recommendations, the choice of expert and the determination of when to use any such expert opinion, shall be within our sole discretion.

Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
Providers may ask you for more than one cost share payment if you get more than one service at an appointment. For example:		
 Your doctor will ask for a copayment for the office visit and additional copayments for each x-ray that is performed while you are there. Your hospital will ask for separate cost sharing for outpatient hospital medical services and any radiological tests or Medicare Part B drugs administered while you are there. Your pharmacist will ask for a separate copayment for each prescription he or she fills. The specific cost sharing that will apply depends on which services you receive. The Medical Benefits Chart below lists the cost sharing that applies for each specific service. 		
Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for this preventive screening.	
 Ambulance Services Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. 	\$200 copayment for each one- way Medicare-covered trip. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Annual Routine Physical Exam Includes comprehensive physical examination and evaluation of status of chronic diseases. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.	\$0 copayment for a routine physical exam each year.
 Annual Wellness Visit If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non- radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart. Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.
Bone Mass Measurement For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.	
Breast Cancer Screening (Mammograms) Covered services include:	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.
 One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older Clinical breast exams once every 24 months 	
A screening mammography is used for the early detection of breast cancer in women who have no signs or symptoms of the disease. Once a history of breast cancer has been established, and until there are no longer any signs or symptoms of breast cancer, ongoing mammograms are considered diagnostic and are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart. Therefore, the screening mammography annual benefit is not available for members who have signs or symptoms of breast cancer.	
Cardiac Rehabilitation Services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitative visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

•

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease) We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating well. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.
Cardiovascular Disease Testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) covered once every five years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.
 Cervical and Vaginal Cancer Screening Covered services include: For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months If you are at high risk of cervical cancer or have had an abnormal Pap test and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
 Chiropractic Services Covered services include: We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation 	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services lhat are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
Colorectal Cancer Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a	
For people 50 and older, the following are covered:	Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.	
 Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months 	A colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy conducted for	
One of the following every 12 months:	polyp removal or biopsy is a surgical procedure subject to	
 Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT) Fecal immunochemical test (FIT) 	the Outpatient Surgery cost sharing described later in this chart.	
DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years		
For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:		
 Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months 		
For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:		
 Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy 		
Dental Services		
In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. We cover:		
Preventive Dental Services:		
Routine preventive office visits include:	\$0 copayment for preventive office visit	
Periodic and Comprehensive oral exams; 2 per year		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Routine cleanings once every 6 months Routine complete X-ray series every year Topical Application of Fluoride once a year 	N
Comprehensive Dental:	
	\$0 copayment for covered
Restorative	comprehensive services
(Fillings are limited to two (2) per year for 1, 2, 3, or 4	
surface teeth.)	
D2140 - Amalgam: one surface, primary or permanent	
D2150 - Amalgam: two surfaces, primary or permanent	
D2160 - Amalgam: three surfaces, primary or permanent D2161 - Amalgam: four surfaces, primary or permanent	
D2330 - Resin-based composite: one surface, anterior	
D2331 - Resin-based composite: two surfaces, anterior	
D2332 - Resin-based composite: three surfaces, anterior	
D2335 - Resin-based composite: four or more surfaces or	
involving incisal angle (anterior)	
D2391 - Resin-based composite: one surface, posterior	
D2392 - Resin-based composite: two surfaces, posterior	
D2393 - Resin-based composite: three surfaces,	
posterior	
D2394 - Resin-based composite: four or more surfaces	
posterior	
Prosthodontics (removable)	· ·
(Replacement of crowns, implants, and fixed bridges or	
dentures is limited to one (1) time every consecutive five	
(5) years.) D5110 Complete denture: maxillan/	
D5110 - Complete denture: maxillary D5120 - Complete denture: mandibular	
D5120 - Complete dentare: manufabular D5130 - Immediate denture: maxillary	
D5140 - Immediate denture: maximary	
D5211 - Maxillary partial denture: resin base (including	
any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)	
D5212 - Mandibular partial denture: resin base (including	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
any conventional clasps, rest and teeth) D5213 - Maxillary partial denture - case metal framework with resin denture bases (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth) D5214 - Mandibular partial denture - case metal framework with resin denture D5730 - Reline complete maxillary denture (chairside) D5731 - Reline complete mandibular denture (chairside) D5740 - Reline maxillary partial denture (chairside) D5741 - Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside) D5741 - Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside) Oral Surgery (Extractions are covered two (2) per year for simple (D7140) and surgical (D7210) extraction procedures) D7140 - Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal) D7210 - Surgical removal of erupted tooth requiring elevation of mucoperiosteal flap and removal of bone and/or section of tooth Limitations, restrictions and copayments for preventive and comprehensive dental services may vary. Contact Customer Service for details. Please refer to the "Additional Benefits Contact List" in your Provider Directory for contracted provider information.	
Depression screening We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and referrals.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.

4-13

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Diabetes Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.
We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.	
Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.	
Diabetes Self-Management Training, Diabetic Services and Supplies	
For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:	
 Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply. We only cover blood glucose monitors and test strips from the
We only cover the following brands of blood glucose monitors and test strips: OneTouch Ultra®2 System, OneTouch UltraMini®, OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Verio®Sync, OneTouch Verio®IQ, OneTouch Verio®Flex System Kit, ACCU-CHEK® Nano SmartView, and ACCU- CHEK® Aviva Plus. Other brands are not covered by our plan.	following brands: OneTouch Ultra®2 System, OneTouch UltraMini®, OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Verio®Sync, OneTouch Verio®IQ, OneTouch Verio®Flex System Kit, ACCU- CHEK® Nano SmartView, and ACCU-CHEK® Aviva Plus. Other
Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) covers any blood glucose monitors and test strips specified within this list. We will generally not cover alternate brands unless your doctor or	brands are not covered by our plan.

.

• · · · · · · ·

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
other provider tells us that use of an alternate brand is medically necessary in your specific situation. If you are new to Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) and are using a brand of blood glucose monitors and test strips that is not on our list, you may contact us within the first 90 days of enrollment into the plan to request a temporary supply of the alternate brand while you consult with your doctor or other provider. During this time, you should talk with your doctor to decide whether any of the preferred brands are medically appropriate for you. If you or your doctor believe it is medically necessary for you to maintain use of an alternate brand, you may request a coverage exception to have Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) maintain coverage of a non-preferred product through the end of the benefit year. Non-preferred products will not be covered following the initial 90 days of the benefit year without an approved coverage exception.	For cost sharing applicable to insulin and syringes, see Chapter 6 - What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
If you (or your provider) don't agree with the plan's coverage decision, you or your provider may file an appeal. You can also file an appeal if you don't agree with your provider's decision about what product or brand is appropriate for your medical condition. (For more information about appeals, see Chapter 9, What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).)	
• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.	20% coinsurance for each pair of Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies (For a definition of "durable medical equipment," see Chapter 12 of this booklet.)	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, hospital bed, IV infusion pump, oxygen equipment, nebulizer, and walker.	
We cover all medically necessary durable medical equipment covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. Please speak with your doctor to obtain a product medically appropriate for you through our preferred vendor.	
Emergency Care	\$75 copayment for each emergency room visit.
Emergency care refers to services that are:	You do not pay this amount if
 Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. 	you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition. If you are admitted to a hospital, you will pay cost sharing as described in the
A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that	"Inpatient Hospital Care" section in this benefit chart.
require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.	\$75 copayment for Worldwide coverage for emergency services, including emergency or urgently needed care and

Case 01.7 Evidences of Qoverage for Preferred Cheige Brown of HMD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 92 of 293 Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-16

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in- network. Worldwide coverage for emergency department services.	emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility. You do not pay this amount if admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition. If you are admitted to
	a hospital, you will pay cost sharing as described in the Inpatient Hospital Care section in this benefit chart. Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre- scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered.
	If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered or you must have your inpatient care at the out-of- network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Fitness Program Membership for SilverSneakers® Fitness program through network fitness centers. There is no visit or use fee for basic membership when you use network service providers. Please refer to "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information. 	Provided by: SilverSneakers® Fitness program \$0 copayment
Hearing Services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.
Additional Routine Hearing Exams: • Limited to 1 exam(s) every year.	Hearing Exam: \$0 copayment Hearing Aids: \$0 copayment up to \$600 for one hearing aid per ear up to a maximum benefit of \$1200
Hearing Aids: Covered for up to 2 Hearing Aid fitting-evaluation(s) every 2 years.	
Hearing Aids are covered every 2 years. Please refer to the "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
() HIV Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:	beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.
 One screening exam every 12 months 	
For women who are pregnant, we cover:	
Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy	
Home Health Agency Care	\$0 copayment for all home health visits provided by a
Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.	network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met. Other copayments or coinsurance may apply (Please see Durable Medical
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	Equipment and Related Supplies for applicable
 Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy Medical and social services Medical equipment and supplies 	copayments or coinsurance).
Hospice Care You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice	When you enroll in a Medicare- certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to
program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a	your terminal prognosis are

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.	paid for by Original Medicare, not Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).
Covered services include:	
 Drugs for symptom control and pain relief Short-term respite care Home care 	
For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.	
For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network:	
 If you obtain the covered services from a network provider, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost-sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare) 	
For services that are covered by Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.	
For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit: Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice).	
Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. Getting your non-hospice care through our network providers will lower your share of the costs for the services.	
Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.	
() Immunizations	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
Covered Medicare Part B services include:	the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.
 Pneumonia vaccine Flu shots, once a year in the fall or winter Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules 	\$0 copayment for all other Medicare-covered Immunizations.
We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. See Chapter 6 for more information about coverage and applicable cost sharing.	

•

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Inpatient Hospital Care	\$0 copayment each day for Medicare-covered hospital
Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services.	care.
Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally	If you get authorized inpatient
admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day	care at an out-of-network
before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.	hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your
Covered services include but are not limited to:	cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network
 Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary) 	hospital.
Meals including special diets	Medicare hospital benefit
Regular nursing services	periods do not apply. (See
Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or	definition of benefit periods in
coronary care units)	the chapter titled Definitions of
Drugs and medications	important words.) For inpatient
Lab tests	hospital care, the cost-sharing
 X-rays and other radiology services 	described above applies each
 Necessary surgical and medical supplies 	time you are admitted to the
 Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs 	hospital. A transfer to a
 Operating and recovery room costs 	separate facility type (such as
 Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy. 	an Acute Inpatient
 Under certain conditions, the following types of 	Rehabilitation Hospital or Long
transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-	Term Care Hospital) is
pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow,	considered a new admission.
stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a	For each inpatient hospital stay,
transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by	you are covered for unlimited
a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide	days as long as the hospital
whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant	stay is covered in accordance
providers may be local or outside of the service area. If	with plan rules.
our in-network transplant services are at a distant	
location, you may choose to go locally or distant as long	
as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Preferred Choice Broward	
(HMO) provides transplant services at a distant location	
(100) provides transplant services at a distant location	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 (outside of the service area) and you chose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. Physician services 	
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	Outpatient observation cost- sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
Inpatient Mental Health Care	For Medicare-covered hospital services:
 Covered services include: Mental health care services that require a hospital stay. There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to Mental Health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital. Inpatient substance abuse services 	\$0 copayment each day each time you are admitted, up to 90 days. Plus an additional 60 lifetime reserve days. Medicare hospital benefit periods are used to determine the total number of days

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
·	covered for inpatient mental health care. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.) However, the cost- sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital, even if you are admitted multiple times within a benefit period.
Inpatient Services Covered During a Non-Covered Inpatient Stay	When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the
If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include but are not limited to:	following sections:
• Physician services	Please refer below to Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.
• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
 X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services 	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
Surgical dressings	Please refer below to

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 100 of

293

What you must pay when you get these services
Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.
Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.
Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.
There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.

٠

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 101 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Services that are covered for you Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include: Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self- administer the drug 	
 Antigens Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases Chemotherapy Drugs, and the Administration of chemotherapy drugs You or your doctor may need to provide more information about how a Medicare Part B prescription drug is used in 	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chemotherapy drug and the administration of that drug. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
chemotherapy drugs You or your doctor may need to provide more information	

Case 0:17 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HiviO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 102 of

293

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).) Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.	
NurseLine NurseLine services available, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Speak to a registered nurse (RN) about your medical concerns and questions. Please refer to "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	Provided by: NurseLine ^s \$0 copayment
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.
Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies	
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	
• X-rays	\$0 copayment for each

. .

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 103 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	Medicare-covered standard X- ray service.
 Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies 	\$60 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Surgical supplies, such as dressings Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered medical supply.
Note: There is no separate charge for medical supplies routinely used in the course of an office visit and included in the provider's charges for that visit (such as bandages, cotton swabs, and other routine supplies.) However, supplies for which an appropriate separate charge is made by providers (such as, chemical agents used in certain diagnostic procedures) are subject to cost-sharing as shown.	
Laboratory tests	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered lab services.
 Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered blood services.
 Other outpatient diagnostic tests - Non-radiological diagnostic services 	\$25 copayment for Medicare- covered non-radiological

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 104 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice 20 ward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-28

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	diagnostic services. Examples include, but are not limited to EKG's, pulmonary function tests, sleep studies and treadmill stress tests. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Other outpatient diagnostic tests - Radiological diagnostic services, not including x-rays. 	 \$100 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiological diagnostic service, not including X-rays , performed in a physician's office or at a free- standing facility (such as a radiology center or medical clinic). You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. The diagnostic radiology services require specialized equipment beyond standard X- ray equipment and must be performed by specially trained or certified personnel. Examples include, but are not limited to, specialized scans, CT, SPECT, PET, MRI, MRA, nuclear studies, ultrasounds, diagnostic mammograms and

Case 19: Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (File) Docket 12/29/2017 Page 105 of Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-29

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	interventional radiological procedures (myelogram, cystogram, angiogram, and barium studies).
Outpatient Hospital Services	
We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.	
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	
 Services in an emergency department 	Please refer to Emergency Care
• Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
 Mental health care, including care in a partial- hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it 	Please refer to Outpatient Mental Health Care
• X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
 Medical supplies such as splints and casts 	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
Certain screenings and preventive services	Please refer to the benefits preceded by the "Apple" icon.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 106 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself	Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs
Services performed at an outpatient clinic	Please refer to Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits
 Outpatient surgery or observation 	Please refer to Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers
Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	Outpatient observation cost- sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
Outpatient Mental Health Care	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual
Covered services include:	therapy session.
Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
laws.	
Outpatient Rehabilitation Services Covered services Include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy. Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	 \$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech-language therapy visit. \$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.
Outpatient Substance Abuse Services Outpatient treatment and counseling for substance abuse.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session. \$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.
Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask your doctor or the hospital	 \$150 copayment for Medicare- covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges. Hospital Based facilities are designated as Type 2 in the Provider Directory. Please refer

٠

_

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
staff.	to your provider directory for a listing of facilities in each type.
	For other services provided in an outpatient hospital, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.
· .	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
	\$75 copayment for Medicare- covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an ambulatory surgical center, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.
	Ambulatory Surgical Center facilities are designated as Type 1 in the Provider Directory. Please refer to your provider directory for a listing of facilities in each type.
	For other services provided in an ambulatory surgical center, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 109 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choic@@ward (HMO)

Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Over-the-Counter Benefit From a Plan approved listing these products include: Selected over-the-counter drugs and medically necessary items. These items include non-prescription medications, such as vitamins, pain relievers, cough and cold medicines, allergy medications, and first aid/medical supplies, at designated locations. Unused benefit does not roll over from one month to the next. For more information or to request an order form, call Customer Service.	Monthly Credit is \$45.
Partial Hospitalization Services "Partial hospitalization" is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided in a hospital outpatient setting or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.	\$0 copayment each day for Medicare-covered benefits.
 Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits Covered services include: Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a physician's office 	\$0 copayment for services obtained from a primary care provider or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a primary care provider's office (as permitted under Medicare rules).

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 110 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a certified ambulatory surgical center or hospital outpatient department 	See "Outpatient Surgery" earlier in this chart for any applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts for ambulatory surgical center visits or in a hospital outpatient setting.
 Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist Other health care professionals 	 \$15 copayment for services obtained from a specialist, or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a specialist's office (as permitted under Medicare rules). You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.
 Certain telehealth services including consultation, monitoring, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner for patients in certain rural areas or other locations approved by Medicare Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery 	You will pay the cost-sharing that applies to specialist services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" above).
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 111 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician) 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.
 Monitoring services in a physician's office or outpatient hospital setting if you are taking anticoagulation medications, such as Coumadin, Heparin or Warfarin (these services may also be referred to as 'Coumadin Clinic' services) 	You will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Hospital Services" in this benefit chart) depending on where you receive services. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
• Medically-necessary medical or surgical services that are covered benefits and are furnished by a physician in your home or a nursing home in which you reside.	You will pay the cost sharing that applies to primary care provider services or specialist physician services (as applied in an office setting, described above in this section of the benefit chart) depending on the type of physician that provides the services.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-W1Z Document 1-1 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 112 of

293

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Podiatry Services Covered services include: Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs). Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs. 	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Additional Routine Foot Care Treatment of the foot which is generally considered preventive, i.e., cutting or removal of corns, warts, calluses or nails.	\$15 copayment for each routine visit up to 6 visits every year.*
 Prostate Cancer Screening Exams For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months: Digital rectal exam Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam. There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test. Diagnostic PSA exams are
	subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 113 of

	\sim	\mathbf{n}	
	u	≺	
_	-	\mathbf{U}	
	_	_	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart.
Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see "Vision Care" later in this section for more detail.	 \$0 copayment for Medicare- covered pacemakers and breast prostheses, and related supplies. 20% coinsurance for all other Medicare-covered prosthetic or orthotic devices, including replacement or repairs of such devices, and related supplies. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease. Medicare covers up to two (2) one-hour sessions per day, for up to 36 lifetime sessions (in some cases, up to 72 lifetime sessions) of pulmonary rehabilitation services.	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitative visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Screening and Counseling to Reduce Alcohol Misuse We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol,	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
but aren't alcohol dependent. If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.	reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.
 Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the
Eligible enrollees are: people aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years or who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.	LDCT.
For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the enrollee must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non- physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	
Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Counseling to Prevent STIs	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for

- --

,

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 115 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

What you must pay when you get these services
the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling to prevent STIs preventive benefit.
\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
20% coinsurance for Medicare- covered benefits. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 116 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

······································	
Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
	These services will be covered as described in the following sections:
 Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care) 	Please refer to Inpatient Hospital Care.
 Home dialysis equipment and supplies 	Please refer to Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies.
 Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply) 	Please refer to Home Health Agency Care.
Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, "Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs."	
Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care	\$0 copayment each day for days 1 to 20; \$75 copayment
(For a definition of "skilled nursing facility care," see Chapter 12 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called "SNFs.")	for additional Medicare-covered days, up to 100 days.
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) Meals, including special diets 	You are covered for up to 100 days each benefit period for
Skilled nursing services	inpatient services in a SNF, in

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 117 of 293

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs Physician/Practitioner services A 3-day prior hospital stay is not required. Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost-sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment. A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care). A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital. 	accordance with Medicare guidelines. A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare- covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.
Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (Counseling to Stop Smoking or Tobacco Use)	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.	preventive benefits.
Transportation (additional routine)	\$0 copayment
Routine transportation for up to 30 one-way transportation trips per calendar year.	
(limited to ground transportation only)	
 Pick-up to or from plan approved medical appointments (locations). 	
 A trip is considered one way, a round trip is considered two trips. 	
Transportation services must be requested 48 hours prior to a scheduled appointment.	
Note: Transportation is only provided within the service area. Transportation by stretcher (for members who require a stretcher) is a covered benefit. Drivers do not have medical training. In case of an emergency, call 911.	
Please refer to "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	
Urgently Needed Services	\$0 copayment for each visit.
Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non- emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of- network providers when network providers are temporarily	\$75 copayment for Worldwide coverage of urgently needed services received outside of the United States.
unavailable or inaccessible.	You pay these amounts until

Case 17: Evidence 584 overage for Crieferred Choicet Breward (FLNGD) Docket 12/29/2017 Page 119 of Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-43

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Worldwide coverage for 'urgently needed services' when medical services are needed right away because of an illness, injury, or condition that you did not expect or anticipate, and you can't wait until you are back in our plan's service area to obtain services.	you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
🖒 Vision Care	
Covered services include:	
• Outpatient physician services provided by an ophthalmologist or optometrist for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including diagnosis or treatment for age-related macular degeneration or cataracts. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/ contacts.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.
 For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, such as people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, and African-Americans who are age 50 and older: glaucoma screening once per year. 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered glaucoma screening.
• For people with diabetes or signs and symptoms of eye disease, eye exams to evaluate for eye disease are covered per Medicare guidelines. Annual examinations by an ophthalmologist or optometrist are recommended for asymptomatic diabetics.	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered eye exams to evaluate for eye disease.
 For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year. 	
One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular	\$0 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered standard

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZDocument 1-1Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017Page 120 of2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)4-44

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)	glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.
Additional Routine Eye Exam: • Limited to 1 exam every year	Routine Eye Exam: \$0 copayment
 Additional Routine Eye Wear: Lenses/frames and contact lenses every year. Eyewear allowance is for all prescriptions (contact lenses fittings, frames, lenses, add-ons, options and upgrades). 	Routine Eye Wear: \$0 copayment; receive a total credit of \$200 toward your purchase of lenses/frames and contact lenses
After Plan paid benefits for eyeglasses (lenses and frames) or contact lenses, you are responsible.	
Please refer to the "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	
"Welcome to Medicare" Preventive Visit	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.	the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 121 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Important: We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	
*Covered services that do not count toward your maximum or	ut-of-pocket amount.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 122 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-46

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1	Services we	do not cover (exclusions)	

This section tells you what services are "excluded" from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is "excluded," it means that this plan doesn't cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below.

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare.	✓ 	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.		✓ May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-
Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our		approved clinical research study or by our plan.
plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		(See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)	

4-47

.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Private room in a hospital.		✓
		When considered medically necessary.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	✓	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	1	
*Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care.	1	
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	✓	
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	4	

•

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Cosmetic surgery or procedures.		1
		* Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.
		* Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Routine chiropractic care.		1
		Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Home-delivered Meals.	1	
Orthopedic shoes.		1
		If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.
		(As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Supportive devices for the feet.		✓ <i>✓</i>
		Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Pre	ferred Choice Broward (HMO)
Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart ((what is covered and what you pay)

4-49

٠

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Outpatient prescription drugs.		Some coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines. (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter or as outlined in Chapter 6.)
Elective hysterectomy, tubal ligation, or vasectomy, if the primary indication for these procedures is sterilization. Reversal of sterilization procedures, penile prostheses (vacuum erection devices), or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	V	
Acupuncture.	✓	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).		✓ (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Laboratory or Radiology services performed for screening purposes or in the absence of disease or symptoms.		✓ (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Paramedic intercept service (advanced life support provided by an emergency service entity, such as a paramedic services unit, which do not provide ambulance transport)		✓ When Medicare criteria are met.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 126 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-50

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Optional, additional, or deluxe features or accessories to durable medical equipment, corrective appliances or prosthetics which are primarily for the comfort or convenience of the member, or for ambulation primarily in the community, including but not limited to home and car remodeling or modification, and exercise equipment.		
Immunizations for foreign travel purposes.	1	
Substance abuse detoxification and rehabilitation.		✓ As covered in accordance with Medicare guidelines.
Requests for payment (asking the plan to pay its share of the costs) for covered drugs sent after 36 months of getting your prescription filled.	1	
Equipment or supplies that condition the air, heating pads, hot water bottles, wigs, and their care, support stockings and other primarily non-medical equipment.	1	
Any non-emergency care received outside of the United States and the U.S. Territories.	✓	

*Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.

4-51

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and effective for members. New procedures and technology that are safe and effective are eligible to become covered services. If the technology becomes a covered service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable member copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safe and effective use of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual member, one of our medical directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 128 of 293

CHAPTER 5

Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

•

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ	Document 1-1	Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017	Page 129 of
		293	•

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-1

CHAPTER 5					
Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs					
SECTION 1	Introduction				
	Section 1.1 This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs				
	Section 1.2 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage4				
SECTION 2	Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service				
······································	Section 2.1—To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy				
	Section 2.2 Finding network pharmacies4				
	Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order services5				
	Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?6				
	Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?7				
SECTION 3	Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"8				
	Section 3.1 The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered8				
	Section 3.2 There are 5 "cost-sharing tiers" for drugs on the Drug List8				
	Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?9				
SECTION 4	There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs				
	Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?9				
	Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?10				
	Section 4.3 Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?11				
SECTION 5	What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?11				
	Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered11				
	Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?				
	Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?14				

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 130 of 293

.

		for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) coverage for your Part D prescription drugs 5-2
SECTION 6	What if your	coverage changes for one of your drugs?14
	Section 6.1	The Drug List can change during the year14
	Section 6.2	What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking? 15
SECTION 7	What types	of drugs are not covered by the plan?16
	Section 7.1	Types of drugs we do not cover 16
SECTION 8	Show your p	lan member ID card when you fill a prescription 17
	Section 8.1	Show your member ID card17
	Section 8.2	What if you don't have your member ID card with you?17
SECTION 9	Part D drug	coverage in special situations17_
	Section 9.1	What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?
	Section 9.2	What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?18
	Section 9.3	What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?
	Section 9.4	What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice? 19
SECTION 10	Programs o	n drug safety and managing medications20
	Section 10.1	Programs to help members use drugs safely20
	Section 10.2	Medication Therapy Management (MTM) programs to help members manage their medications20

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs



Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We will send you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 111 Section Section 111 Section 2010 Section 111 Section 2010 Section 201

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, **What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**).

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, the plan also covers some drugs under the plan's medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare A benefits, our plan generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, our plan covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay) tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. Our plan only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice). For information on hospice coverage, see the hospice section of Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan's Part D benefit rules. Section 9, **Part D drug coverage in special situations** includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare. 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

5-4

Section 1.2 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.
- Your prescriber must either accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he or she is qualified to write prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask your prescribers the next time you call or visit if they meet this condition. If not, please be aware it takes time for your prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service.)
- Your drug must be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (See Section 3, Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List".)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

Section 2.1 To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered **only** if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan's Drug List.

Section 2.2	Finding network pharmacies
	I muning network pharmacies

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your **Pharmacy Directory**, visit our website (www.myPreferredCare.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. If you switch from one network pharmacy to

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-5

another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask either to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or use the **Pharmacy Directory.** You can also find information on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a long-term care facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your **Pharmacy Directory** or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order services

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail you may contact our preferred mail service pharmacy, OptumRx[™]. OptumRx can be reached at 1-877-889-6358, or for the hearing impaired, (TTY) 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. If you use a standard mail-order pharmacy your cost-share will be at the same rate as the retail cost-share for the same days supply. Please reference your **Pharmacy Directory** to find the mail service pharmacies in our network. If you use a mail-order pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription will not be covered.

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 10 business days. However, sometimes your mail-order may be delayed. If your mail-order is delayed, please follow these steps:

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

If your prescription is on file at your local pharmacy, go to your pharmacy to fill the prescription. If your delayed prescription is not on file at your local pharmacy, then please ask your doctor to call in a new prescription to your pharmacist. Or, your pharmacist can call the doctor's office for you to request the prescription. Your pharmacist can call the Pharmacy help desk at 1-877-889-6510, (TTY) 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week if he/she has any problems, questions, concerns, or needs a claim override for a delayed prescription.

New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by phone or mail.

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by phone or mail.

If you have never used our mail order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allow you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by phone or mail.

Refills on mail order prescriptions. For refills, please contact your pharmacy at least 10 business days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost-sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") of "maintenance" drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 135 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

- 1. **Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your **Pharmacy Directory** tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- 2. For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network **mail-order services**. Our plan's mailorder service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.

Section 25 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy **only** when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. If you cannot use a network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

Prescriptions for a Medical Emergency

We will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care, are included in our Formulary without restrictions, and are not excluded from Medicare Part D coverage.

- Coverage when traveling or out of the service area When traveling within the U.S. you have access to network pharmacies nationwide. Bring your prescriptions and medication with you and be sure to check the pharmacy directory for your travel plans to locate a network pharmacy while traveling. If you are leaving the country, you may be able to obtain a greater day supply to take with you before leaving the country where there are no network pharmacies available.
- If you are unable to obtain a covered drug in a timely manner within the service area because a network pharmacy is not within reasonable driving distance that provides 24-hour service.
- If you are trying to fill a prescription drug not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or preferred mail-order pharmacy (including high cost and unique drugs).
- If you need a prescription while a patient in an emergency department, provider based clinic, outpatient surgery, or other outpatient setting.

In these situations, **please check first with Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the outof-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

ŧ

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 136 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"

Section 3.1	The "Devent ist? tells which Deve Delware events and
I Section S. I	The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a "List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)." In this Evidence of Coverage, we call it the "Drug List" for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs).

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is **either**:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)
- or Supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; the DRUGDEX Information System; and the USPDI or its successor; and, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology or their successors.)

The Drug List includes both brand name and generic drugs

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand name drug and usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

What is not on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on our Drug List.

F			_
Section 3.2			
Soction 3.9	I hara ara 5 "ar	ost-sharing tiers" for drugs on the Drug List	
	ווכוכמוכט ננ	Journal and the state of the st	

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

Tier 1 – Preferred Generic - Includes lower-cost, commonly used generic drugs.

Tier 2 – Generic - Includes many generic drugs. This tier also contains supplemental drugs that are approved by the FDA, but have been otherwise excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D. Your plan has made these drugs available to you as an enhanced benefit on your formulary.

Tier 3 – Preferred Brand - Includes many common brand name drugs, called preferred brands and some higher-cost generic drugs.

Tier 4 – Non-Preferred Drug - Includes non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand name drugs. In addition, Part D eligible Compounded Medications are covered in Tier 4.

Tier 5 – Specialty Tier - Includes unique and/or very high-cost drugs.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (**What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**).

Section 3.3	How can you find ou	t if a specific dru	g is on the Drug List?

You have three ways to find out:

- Check the most recent Drug List we sent you in the mail. (Please note: The Drug List we send includes information for the covered drugs that are most commonly used by our members. However, we cover additional drugs that are not included in the printed Drug List. If one of your drugs is not listed in the Drug List, you should visit our website or contact Customer Service to find out if we cover it.)
- 2. Visit the plan's website (www.myPreferredCare.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

SECTION 4 There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

	Why do some drugs have restrictions?
Section 4.1	Why do como druge have restrictione?
1 36000 9.1	WIN OD SOME UNUGS NAVE LESUNGUUNS:

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

293

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and costsharing.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our drug list. This is because different restrictions or cost-sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

7		
0		
Section 4.2	What kinds of restrictions?	
,		
h		

Our plan uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available

Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. In most cases, when a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version. We usually will not cover the brand name drug when a generic version is available. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug will not work for you OR has written "No substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug than for the generic drug.)

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called "**prior authorization**." Sometimes the requirement for getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-11

may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called "**step therapy**."

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

Section 4.3 Do	any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?

The plan's Drug List includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or check our website (www.myPreferredCare.com).

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

Section 5.1	There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd
	like it to be covered

We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As
 explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their
 use. For example, you might be required to try a different drug first, to see if it will work, before
 the drug you want to take will be covered for you. Or there might be limits on what amount of
 the drug (number of pills, etc.) is covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you
 may want us to waive the restriction for you.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost-sharing more expensive than you think it should be. The plan puts each covered drug into one of 5 different cost-sharing

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 140 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs 5-12

tiers. How much you pay for your prescription depends in part on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. Your options depend on what type of problem you have:

- If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.
- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are things you can do:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug (only members in certain situations can get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug or to file a request to have the drug covered.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the Drug List or when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:

- 1. The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:
- The drug you have been taking is no longer on the plan's Drug List.
- or the drug you have been taking is now restricted in some way (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).
- 2. You must be in one of the situations described below:
- For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year and aren't in a long-term care (LTC) facility:

We will cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year.** This temporary supply will be for at least a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide at least a 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy.

• For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility:

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-13

We will cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you are new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year.** The total supply will be for at least a 98-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide at least a 98-day supply of medication. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:
 We will cover at least a 31-day supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above long-term care transition supply.
 For those current members with level of care changes:

There may be unplanned transitions such as hospital discharges or level of care changes that occur while you are enrolled as a member in our plan. If you are prescribed a drug that is not on our formulary or your ability to get your drugs is limited, you are required to use the plan's —exception process.-You may request a one-time emergency supply of at least 30 days to allow ______ you time to discuss alternative treatment with your doctor or to pursue a formulary exception.

To ask for a temporary supply, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

You can change to another drug

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

²⁹³

Section 5.3	What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharin	ng tier you think is too
	high?	

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider to find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

You can ask for an exception

For drugs in Tiers 2, 3 and 4, you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Specialty Tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1	The Drug List can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan might make changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- Add or remove drugs from the Drug List. New drugs become available, including new generic drugs. Perhaps the government has given approval to a new use for an existing drug. Sometimes, a drug gets recalled and we decide not to cover it. Or we might remove a drug from the list because it has been found to be ineffective.
- Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.
- Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug (for more information about restrictions to coverage, see Section 4 in this chapter).
- Replace a brand name drug with a generic drug.

In almost all cases, we must get approval from Medicare for changes we make to the plan's Drug List.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 143 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-15

Section 6:2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

How will you find out if your drug's coverage has been changed?

If there is a change to coverage **for a drug you are taking**, the plan will send you a notice to tell you. Normally, **we will let you know at least 60 days ahead of time.**

Once in a while, a drug is **suddenly recalled** because it's been found to be unsafe or for other reasons. If this happens, the plan will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. We will let you know of this change right away. Your provider will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?

If any of the following types of changes affect a drug you are taking, the change will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

- If we move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug.
- If we remove your drug from the Drug List, but not because of a sudden recall or because a new generic drug has replaced it.

If any of these changes happens for a drug you are taking, then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you.

In some cases, you will be affected by the coverage change before January 1:

- If a **brand name drug you are taking is replaced by a new generic drug**, the plan must give you at least 60 days' notice or give you a 60-day refill of your brand name drug at a network pharmacy.
 - During this 60-day period, you should be working with your provider to switch to the generic or to a different drug that we cover.
 - Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).
- Again, if a drug is **suddenly recalled** because it's been found to be unsafe or for other reasons, the plan will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. We will let you know of this change right away.
 - Your provider will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

5-16

SECTION 7 What types of drugs are not covered by the plan?

	·······		<u> </u>	
Section 7.1	Types of drugs we	do not cover		

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are "excluded." This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section (except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage). The only exception: If the requested drug is found upon appeal to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.5 in this booklet.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. "Off-label use" is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
 - Generally, coverage for "off-label use" is allowed only when the use is supported by certain reference books. These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology, or their successors. If the use is not supported by any of these reference books, then our plan cannot cover its "off-label use."

Also, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans: (Our plan covers certain drugs listed below through our enhanced drug coverage, for which you may be charged an additional premium. More information is provided below.)

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs when used to promote fertility
- Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction, such as Viagra, Cialis, Levitra, and Caverject
- Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

We offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan (enhanced drug coverage). These covered excluded drugs are covered

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-17

under Tier 2 (vitamins and erectile dysfunction medicine). These drugs and their prior authorization requirements and quantity limits are listed in the formulary booklet in the section titled 'Coverage of additional drugs. The amount you pay when you fill a prescription for these drugs does not count towards qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. (The Catastrophic Coverage Stage is described in Chapter 6, Section 7 of this booklet.)

In addition, if you are **receiving "Extra Help" from Medicare** to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. (Please refer to the plan's Drug List or call Customer Service for more information. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

SECTION 8 Show your plan member ID card when you fill a prescription

Section 8.1	Show your member ID card

To fill your prescription, show your plan member ID card at the network pharmacy you choose. When you show your plan member ID card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for our share of your covered prescription drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy your share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

Section 8.2	3 8 8 1 4 5 8 8	 	per ID card with y	-	

If you don't have your plan member ID card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. (You can then ask us to reimburse you for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1	What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is
	covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for

Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 146 of

293

coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage. Chapter 6 (**What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

Please Note: When you enter, live in, or leave a skilled nursing facility, you are entitled to a Special Enrollment Period. During this time period, you can switch plans or change your coverage. (Chapter 10, **Ending your membership in the plan**, tells when you can leave our plan and join a different Medicare plan.)

Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your **Pharmacy Directory** to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?

If you need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for at least a 98-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. (Please note that the long-term care (LTC) pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.) If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or if the plan has any restriction on the drug's coverage, we will cover at least a 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do.

Section 9.3	What if you're also	o getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree
	group plan?	

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be **secondary** to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

Special note about 'creditable coverage':

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is "creditable" and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is "**creditable**," it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep these notices about creditable coverage, because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from your employer or retiree group's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-20

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Section 10.1	Programs to help members use drugs safely	

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- · Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- · Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) programs to help members manage their medications

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs. For example, some members have several medical conditions, take different drugs at the same time, and have high drug costs.

These programs are voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the programs for us. The programs can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. Some members who take medications for different medical conditions may be able to get services through a MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them.

It's a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly "Wellness" visit, so you can talk

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-21

to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

(

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 150 of 293

CHAPTER 6

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 151 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-1

CHAPTER 6

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 1	Introduction	n 3
	Section 1.1	Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage
	Section 1.2	Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs4
SECTION 2	What you p when you g	ay for a drug depends on which "drug payment stage" you are in let the drug4
	Section 2.1	What are the drug payment stages for our plan members?4
SECTION 3		ou reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment are in
	Section 3.1	We send you a monthly report called the "Part D Explanation of Benefits" (the "Part D EOB")5
	Section 3.2	Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date6
SECTION 4	There is no	deductible for the plan7
	Section 4.1	You do not pay a deductible for your Part D drugs7
SECTION 5	-	Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and ur share
	Section 5.1	What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription7
	Section 5.2	A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug
	Section 5.3	If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply
	Section 5.4	A table that shows your costs for a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug10
	Section 5.5	You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$3,700
SECTION 6	During the (Coverage Gap Stage, the plan provides some drug coverage

.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ	Document 1-1	Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017	Page 152 of
		293	•

		for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) r your Part D prescription drugs 6-2
		reach \$4,95012
	Section 6.2	How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs1
SECTION 7		Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays most of the cost for you
	Section 7.1	Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year
SECTION 8	Additional b	enefits information1
	Section 8.1	Our plan has benefit limitations1
SECTION 9-		y for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where n1
	Section 9.1	Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine
	Section 9.2	You may want to call us at Customer Service before you get a vaccination
SECTION 10	Do you have	e to pay the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?1
		What is the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?
	Section 10.2	How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?1
	Section 10.3	In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty
	Section 10.4	What can you do if you disagree about your late enrollment penalty?
SECTION 11	Do you have	e to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?
	Section 11.1	Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?
	Section 11.2	How much is the extra Part D amount?20
	Section 11.3	What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?2
	Section 11.4	What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?2



Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We will send you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	Use this chapter togethe	er with other materials that explain your drug
	coverage	

This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Here are materials that explain these basics:

- The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). To keep things simple, we call this the "Drug List."
 - This Drug List tells which drugs are covered for you.
 - It also tells which of the 5 "cost-sharing tiers" the drug is in and whether there are any restrictions on your coverage for the drug.
 - If you need a copy of the Drug List, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also find the Drug List on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com. The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- Chapter 5 of this booklet. Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.
- The plan's Pharmacy Directory. In most situations you must use a network pharmacy to get

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	6-4

your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The **Pharmacy Directory** has a list of pharmacies in the plan's network. It also tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month's supply).

Section 1.2	Types of out-of	-pocket costs you m	ay pay for covered drugs

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. The amount that you pay for a drug is called "cost-sharing," and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- The "deductible" is the amount you must pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- "Copayment" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- "Coinsurance" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which "drug payment stage" you are in when you get the drug

Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for our plan members?

As shown in the table below, there are "drug payment stages" for your prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

_ _ _

6-5

Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
Yearly Deductible Stage	Initial Coverage Stage	Coverage Gap Stage	Catastrophic Coverage Stage
Because there is no deductible for the plan, this payment stage does not apply to you.	You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your drugs and you pay your share of the cost. You stay in this stage until your year-to- date "total drug costs" (your payments plus any Part D plan's payments) total \$3,700. (Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)	For generic drugs, you pay either your Tier 1 or Tier 2 cost share or 51% of the costs, whichever is lower. For brand name drugs, you pay 40% of the price (plus a portion of the dispensing fee). You stay in this stage until your year-to- date "out-of-pocket costs" (your payments) reach a total of \$4,950. This amount and rules for counting costs toward this amount have been set by Medicare. (Details are in Section 6 of this chapter.)	During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2017). (Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)

SECTION 3 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

Section 3.1	We send you a monthly report called the "Part D Explanation of Benefits"
	(the "Part D EOB")

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your "out-of-pocket" cost.
- We keep track of your "total drug costs." This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

Our plan will prepare a written report called the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (it is sometimes called the "Part D EOB") when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month. It includes:

- Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- Totals for the year since January 1. This is called "year-to-date" information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.

Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- Show your member ID card when you get a prescription filled. To make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying, show your plan member ID card every time you get a prescription filled.
- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for prescription drugs when we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, you may give us copies of receipts for drugs that you have purchased. (If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2 of this booklet.) Here are some types of situations when you may want to give us copies of your drug receipts to be sure we have a complete record of what you have spent for your drugs:
 - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.
 - When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
 - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs and help qualify you for catastrophic coverage. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. You should keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- Check the written report we send you. When you receive a Part D Explanation of Benefits (a Part D EOB) in the mail, please look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	6-7

you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Be sure to keep these reports. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

SECTION 4 There is no deductible for the plan

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Section 4.1	You do not pay a deductible for your Part D drugs
	rou do not pay a deductible for your Fart D drugs

There is no deductible for your plan. You begin in the Initial Coverage Stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. See Section 5 for information about your coverage in the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5 During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share

Section 5.1	What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your
1	prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

The plan has 5 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the costsharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 – Preferred Generic - Includes lower-cost, commonly used generic drugs. This is the lowest cost-sharing tier.

Tier 2 – Generic - Includes many generic drugs. This tier also contains supplemental drugs that are approved by the FDA, but have been otherwise excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D. Your plan has made these drugs available to you as an enhanced benefit on your formulary.

Tier 3 – Preferred Brand - Includes many common brand name drugs, called preferred brands and some higher-cost generic drugs.

Tier 4 – Non-Preferred drug - Includes non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand name drugs. In addition, Part D eligible Compounded Medications are covered in Tier 4.

Tier 5 – Specialty Tier - Includes unique and/or very high-cost drugs. This is the highest costsharing tier.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A retail pharmacy that is in our plan's network
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan's **Pharmacy Directory**.

Section 5.2 A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

- "Copayment" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- "Coinsurance" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which costsharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

- If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay **either** the full price of the drug **or** the copayment amount, **whichever is lower**.
- We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-ofnetwork pharmacy.

6-9

Yourshareollhecostwhenyougetaonemonthsupplyof acoveredPartDpreserfptiondrugs				
Tier	Standard retail cost- sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost-sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost- sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)	
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand Drugs	\$40 copayment	\$40 copayment	\$40 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drugs	\$85 copayment	\$85 copayment	\$85 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier Drugs	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance*	

*You will not be reimbursed for the difference between the Out-of-Network Pharmacy charge and the plan's In-Network allowable amount.

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply of a covered drug. However your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month's supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a **percentage** of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month's supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month's supply, the **amount** you pay will be less.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.
 - Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$30. This means that the amount you pay per day for your drug is \$1. If you receive a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of \$7.

Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill date for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days' supply you receive.

Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug.

• Please note: If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay **either** the full price of the drug **or** the copayment amount, **whichever is lower**.

6-10

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 161 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)		
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs		

6-11

Yourshare of the cost when you get a long term supply of a covered Part D prescription drugs				
Tier	Standard retail cost- sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)	Preferred Mail-order cost-sharing (90-day supply)	Standard Mail-order cost-sharing (90-day supply)	
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand Drugs	\$120 copayment	\$110 copayment	\$120 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drugs	\$255 copayment	\$245 copayment	\$255 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier Drugs	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance	

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$3,700

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the **\$3,700 limit for the Initial Coverage Stage**. Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

- What you have paid for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. (See Section 6.2 for more information about how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.) This includes:
 - The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.
- What the plan has paid as its share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	6-12

(If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2017, the amount that plan paid during the Initial Coverage Stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

We offer additional coverage on some prescription drugs that are not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Payments made for these drugs will not count towards your initial coverage limit total out-of-pocket costs. To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to your formulary.

The **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf for your drugs during the year. Many people do not reach the \$3,700 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this \$3,700 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage.

SECTION 6 During the Coverage Gap Stage, the plan provides some drug coverage

Section 6.1	You stay in the Coverage Gap Stage until your out-of-pocket costs reach	
	\$4,950	

The plan will cover generics and brands in the Coverage Gap Stage in the following cost-sharing tiers:

For generic drugs covered in Tier 1 or Tier 2, you pay your cost-sharing amount (see Section 5 for these amounts) or no more than 51% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (49%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage and obtain drugs in Tiers 3, 4 or 5, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 40% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer for brand name drugs count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and moves you through the coverage gap. You pay no more than 51% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (49%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying the discounted price for brand name drugs and no more than 51% of the costs of generic drugs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. In 2017, that amount is \$4,950.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does not count as your out-of-pocket costs. When

you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$4,950, you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Section 6.2 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you **can include** the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
 - The Initial Coverage Stage.
 - The Coverage Gap Stage.
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments yourself, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are **also included** if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations.** This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.
- Some of the payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$4,950 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are **not allowed to include** any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:

- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for outof-network coverage.
- Prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B.
- Payments you make toward drugs covered under our additional coverage but not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veteran's Administration.
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).

Reminder: If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-ofpocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan. Call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of \$4,950 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- Make sure we have the information we need. Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

SECTION 7 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays most of the cost for your drugs

6-15

Section 7.1 Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year.

You qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$4,950 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost for your drugs.

- Your share of the cost for a covered drug will be either coinsurance or a copayment, whichever is the larger amount:
 - - either coinsurance of 5% of the cost of the drug
 - - or \$3.30 for a generic drug or a drug that is treated like a generic and \$8.25 for all other drugs.
- Our plan pays the rest of the cost.

SECTION 8 Additional benefits information

Section 8.1	Our plan has benefit limitations

This part of Chapter 6 talks about limitations of our plan.

- 1. Early refills for lost, stolen or destroyed drugs are not covered except during a declared "National Emergency".
- 2. Early refills for vacation supplies are limited to a one-time fill of up to 30 days per calendar year.
- 3. Medications will not be covered if prescribed by physicians or other providers who are excluded from Medicare program participation.
- 4. You may refill a prescription when a minimum of seventy-five percent (75%) of the quantity is consumed based on the days supply.
- 5. Costs for drugs that are not covered under Part D do not count toward your True Out-of-Pocket (TrOOP) costs.

SECTION 9 What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them

Section 9.1 Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine

Our plan provides coverage of a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine medication itself**. The vaccine is a prescription medication.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the "administration" of the vaccine.)

What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?

What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:

- 1. The type of vaccine (what you are being vaccinated for).
 - Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going to Chapter 4, Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).
 - Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).
- 2. Where you get the vaccine medication.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine?

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances. For example:

- Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Other times, when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.

To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine. Remember you are responsible for all of the costs associated with vaccines (including their administration) during the Coverage Gap Stage of your benefit.

Situation 1: You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)

• You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment and/or coinsurance for the

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 167 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-17

vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine.

• Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7 of this booklet (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).
- You will be reimbursed the amount you paid less your normal copayment and/or coinsurance for the vaccine (including administration) less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine at your pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment and/or coinsurance for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7 of this booklet.
- You will be reimbursed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

Section 9.2 You may want to call us at Customer, Service before you get a vaccination

The rules for coverage of vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that you call us first at Customer Service whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our network.
- If you are not able to use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to do to get payment from us for our share of the cost.

SECTION 10 Do you have to pay the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?

Section 10.1 What is the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?

Note: If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

The late enrollment penalty is an amount that is added to your Part D premium. You may owe a late enrollment penalty if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. ("Creditable prescription drug coverage" is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) The amount of the penalty depends on how long you waited to enroll in a creditable prescription drug coverage plan any time after the end of your initial enrollment period or how many full calendar months you went without creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

When you first enroll in our plan, we let you know the amount of the penalty. Your late enrollment penalty is considered your plan premium.

Section 10.2	How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?
A Section 10-2	How much is the Part D late enrollment henalty?
	now much is the rate blate enforment penalty:

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- First count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, after you were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months in which you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more. The penalty is 1% for every month that you didn't have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2017, this average premium amount is \$35.63.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here it would be 14% times \$35.63, which equals \$4.99. This rounds to \$5.00. This amount would be added to the monthly premium for someone with a late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly late enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year**, because the average monthly premium can change each year. If the national average premium (as determined by Medicare) increases, your penalty will increase.
- Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits.
- Third, if you are <u>under</u> 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 169 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Section 10.3 In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty

Even if you have delayed enrolling in a plan offering Medicare Part D coverage when you were first eligible, sometimes you do not have to pay the late enrollment penalty.

You will not have to pay a penalty for late enrollment if you are in any of these situations:

- If you already have prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. Medicare calls this "creditable drug coverage." Please note:
 - Creditable coverage could include drug coverage from a former employer or union, TRICARE, or the Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
 - Please note: If you receive a "certificate of creditable coverage" when your health coverage ends, it may not mean your prescription drug coverage was creditable. The notice must state that you had "creditable" prescription drug coverage that expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
 - The following are **not** creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.
 - For additional information about creditable coverage, please look in your Medicare & You 2017 Handbook or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- If you were without creditable coverage, but you were without it for less than 63 days in a row.
- If you are receiving "Extra Help" from Medicare.

Section 10.4 What can you do if you disagree about your late enrollment penalty?

If you disagree about your late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. Generally, you must request this review within **60 days** from the date on the letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. Call Customer Service to find out more about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 11 Do you have to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-20

Section 11.1 Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?

Most people pay a standard monthly Part D premium. However, some people pay an extra amount because of their yearly income. If your income is \$85,000 or above for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or \$170,000 or above for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government for your Medicare Part D coverage.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be and how to pay it. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium.

Section 11.2	How much is the extra Part D amount?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

If your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as reported on your IRS tax return is above a certain amount, you will pay an extra amount in addition to your monthly plan premium.

If you filed an individual tax return and your income in 2015 was:	If you were married but filed a separate tax return and your income in 2015 was:	If you filed a joint tax return and your income in 2015 was:	This is the monthly cost of your extra Part D amount (to be paid in addition to your plan premium)
Equal to or less than \$85,000	Equal to or less than \$85,000	Equal to or less than \$170,000	\$0
Greater than \$85,000 and less than or equal to \$107,000		Greater than \$170,000 and less than or equal to \$214,000	\$13.30
Greater than \$107,000 and less than or equal to \$160,000		Greater than \$214,000 and less than or equal to \$320,000	\$34.20

The chart below shows the extra amount based on your income.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	

6-21

If you filed an individual tax return and your income in 2015 was:	If you were married but filed a separate tax return and your income In 2015 was:	If you filed a joint tax return and your income in 2015 was:	This is the monthly cost of your extra Part D amount (to be paid in addition to your plan premium)
Greater than	Greater than	Greater than	\$55.20
\$160,000 and less	\$85,000 and less	\$320,000 and less	
than or equal to	than or equal to	than or equal to	
\$214,000	\$129,000	\$428,000	
Greater than	Greater than	Greater than	\$76.20
\$214,000	\$129,000	\$428,000	

Section 11.3 What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?

If you disagree about paying an extra amount because of your income, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Section 11.4	What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?
INACTION 11 /	What hannone it you do not hav the extra Part () amount?
	What haddens if you do not day the extra ran d amount?

The extra amount is paid directly to the government (not your Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage. If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you **will** be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 172 of 293

CHAPTER 7

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 173 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-1

Chapter 7

		ng us to pay our share of a bill you have ed for covered medical services or drugs
SECTION 1	Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs	
	Section 1.1	If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment
SECTION 2	How to ask	us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received
	Section 2.1	How and where to send us your request for payment4
SECTION 3	We will con	sider your request for payment and say yes or no5
	Section 3.1	We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe
		÷
SECTION 4	Section 3.2	much we owe

1

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-2

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Section 1.1	If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs,
	or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In either case, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called "reimbursing" you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

You can receive emergency services from any provider in the United States, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. When you receive emergency or urgently needed services from a provider in the United States who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

• You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. For more information about "balance billing," go to Chapter 4, Section 1.3.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan.

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day_ of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.) If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your member ID card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.)

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan member ID card with you

If you do not have your plan member ID card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 176 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary); or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions.-This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

Section 2.1 How and where to send us your, request for, payment

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (www.myPreferredCare.com) or call Customer Service and ask for the form. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Part D Prescription drug payment requests UnitedHealthcare PO Box 30448 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0448

Medical Claims payment requests Preferred Care Partners Inc 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-5

PO Box 30448 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0448

You must submit your Part C (medical) claim to us within 12 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

You must submit your Part D (prescription drug) claim to us within 36 months of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1	We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how	
	much we owe	

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting
 the care or drug, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or
 drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for
 the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the
 rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules
 you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is **not** covered, or you did **not** follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2	If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or
	drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 178 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 9. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal." Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service, go to Section 5.3 in Chapter 9.
- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 6.5 of Chapter 9.

SECTION 4 Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us

Section 4.1	In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us
	track your out-of-pocket drug costs

There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Here are two situations when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

1. When you buy the drug for a price that is lower than our price

Sometimes when you are in the Coverage Gap Stage you can buy your drug at a network pharmacy for a price that is lower than our price.

- For example, a pharmacy might offer a special price on the drug. Or you may have a discount card that is outside our benefit that offers a lower price.
- Unless special conditions apply, you must use a network pharmacy in these situations and your drug must be on our Drug List.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Please note:** If you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

2. When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-7

Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- Please note: Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Since you are not asking for payment in the two cases described above, these situations are not considered coverage decisions. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 180 of 293

CHAPTER 8

۱

Your rights and responsibilities

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 181 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

8-1

Chapter 8

.

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1	Our plan mu	ust honor your rights as a member of the plan
	Section 1.1	You have a right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)
	Sección 1.1	Usted tiene derecho a recibir información sobre la organización, sus
		servicios, sus practicantes y proveedores, y sobre los derechos y las responsabilidades de los miembros. Debemos proveer la información de una forma que sea adecuada para usted (en idiomas diferentes al inglés, en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos)
	Section 1.2	You have a right to be treated with respect and recognition of your dignity and right to privacy. We must treat you with fairness and respect at all times
	Section 1.3	We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs4
	Section 1.4	We must protect the privacy of your personal health information4
	Section 1.5	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services
	Section 1.6	You have a right to participate with practitioners in making decisions about your health care. We must support your right to make decisions about your care and a candid discussion of appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage
	Section 1.7	You have a right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made
	Section 1.8	What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?
	Section 1.9	You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization's member rights and responsibilities policy. How to get more information about your rights

.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)		
Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities		

SECTION 2	You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan	20
	Section 2.1 What are your responsibilities?	20

.

.

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities 8-3 Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 183 of

293

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan

Section 1.1	You have a right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. We must provide information in a way that works for you
	(in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Our plan has people and free language interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. This information is available for free in other languages. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats if you need it. If you are eligible for Medicare because of a disability, we are required to give you information about the plan's benefits that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan because of problems related to language or a disability, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and tell them that you want to file a complaint. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Sección 1.1	Usted tiene derecho a recibir información sobre la organización, sus servicios, sus practicantes y proveedores, y sobre los derechos y las responsabilidades de los miembros. Debemos proveer la información de
· · ·	una forma que sea adecuada para usted (en idiomas diferentes al inglés, en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos)

Nuestro Plan tiene personal y servicios de traducción disponibles para responder a las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Esta información está disponible gratuitamente en otros idiomas. También podemos brindarle la información en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos si lo necesita. Si usted es elegible para Medicare debido a una discapacidad, se nos exige que le brindemos la información con respecto a los beneficios del plan de forma accesible y apropiada para usted. Para obtener información de nosotros de una forma adecuada para usted, sírvase llamar a Servicio al Cliente (los números de teléfono se encuentran impresos en la portada posterior de este libro).

Si tiene algún problema para obtener la información de nuestro plan debido a problemas relacionados con idioma o discapacidad, sírvase llamar a Medicare al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), las 24 horas del día, los 7 días de la semana, y dígales que quiere presentar una queja. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-877-486-2048.

Section 1.2 You have a right to be treated with respect and recognition of your dignity and right to privacy. We must treat you with fairness and respect at all times

8-4

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. **We do not discriminate** based on a person's race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

Section 1.3	We must ensure t	that you get	timely acces	ss to your covered service	s and
	drugs	· · · · ·			

As a member of our plan, you have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services (Chapter 3 explains more about this). Call Customer Service to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers, within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

How to Receive Care After Hours

If you need to talk or see your Primary Care Provider after the office has closed for the day, call your Primary Care Provider's office. When the on call physician returns your call he or she will advise you on how to proceed.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

Section 1.4 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 185 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

- Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practice," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you first. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first.-Theseexceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

HEALTH PLAN NOTICES OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

MEDICAL INFORMATION PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW <u>MEDICAL INFORMATION</u> ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2016

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 186 of

293

We¹ are required by law to protect the privacy of your health information. We are also required to send you this notice, which explains how we may use information about you and when we can give out or "disclose" that information to others. You also have rights regarding your health information that are described in this notice. We are required by law to abide by the terms of this notice.

The terms "information" or "health information" in this notice include any information we maintain that reasonably can be used to identify you and that relates to your physical or mental health condition, the provision of health care to you, or the payment for such health care. We will comply with the requirements of applicable privacy laws related to notifying you in the event of a breach of your health information.

We have the right to change our privacy practices and the terms of this notice. If we make a material change to our privacy practices, we will provide to you, in our next annual distribution, either a revised notice or information about the material change and how to obtain a revised notice. We will provide you with this information either by direct mail or electronically, in accordance with applicable law. In all cases, if we maintain a website for your particular health plan, we will post the revised notice on your health plan website, such as www.myPreferredCare.com. We reserve the right to make any revised or changed notice effective for information we already have and for information that we receive in the future.

UnitedHealth Group collects and maintains oral, written and electronic information to administer our business and to provide products, services and information of importance to our enrollees. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural security safeguards in the handling and maintenance of our enrollees' information, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse.

How We Use or Disclose Information

We must use and disclose your health information to provide that information:

- To you or someone who has the legal right to act for you (your personal representative) in order to administer your rights as described in this notice; and
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, if necessary, to make sure your privacy is protected.

We have the right to use and disclose health information for your treatment, to pay for your health care and to operate our business. For example, we may use or disclose your health information:

- For Payment of premiums due us, to determine your coverage, and to process claims for health care services you receive, including for subrogation or coordination of other benefits you may have. For example, we may tell a doctor whether you are eligible for coverage and what percentage of the bill may be covered.
- For Treatment. We may use or disclose health information to aid in your treatment or the coordination of your care. For example, we may disclose information to your physicians or hospitals to help them provide medical care to you.

- For Health Care Operations. We may use or disclose health information as necessary to operate and manage our business activities related to providing and managing your health care coverage. For example, we might talk to your physician to suggest a disease management or wellness program that could help improve your health or we may analyze data to determine how we can improve our services.
- To Provide You Information on Health Related Programs or Products such as alternative medical treatments and programs or about health-related products and services, subject to limits imposed by law.
- For Plan Sponsors. If your coverage is through an employer sponsored group health plan, we may share summary health information and enrollment and disenrollment information with the plan sponsor. In addition, we may share other health information with the plan sponsor for plan administration purposes if the plan sponsor agrees to special restrictions on its use and disclosure of the information in accordance with federal law.
- For Underwriting Purposes. We may use or disclose your health information for underwriting purposes; however, we will not use or disclose your genetic information for such purposes.
- For Reminders. We may use or disclose health information to send you reminders about your benefits or care, such as appointment reminders with providers who provide medical care to you.

We may use or disclose your health information for the following purposes under limited circumstances:

- As Required by Law. We may disclose information when required to do so by law.
- To Persons Involved With Your Care. We may use or disclose your health information to a person involved in your care or who helps pay for your care, such as a family member, when you are incapacitated or in an emergency, or when you agree or fail to object when given the opportunity. If you are unavailable or unable to object, we will use our best judgment to decide if the disclosure is in your best interests. Special rules apply regarding when we may disclose health information to family members and others involved in a deceased individual's care. We may disclose health information to any persons involved, prior to the death, in the care or payment for care of a deceased individual, unless we are aware that doing so would be inconsistent with a preference previously expressed by the deceased.
- For Public Health Activities such as reporting or preventing disease outbreaks to a public health authority.
- For Reporting Victims of Abuse, Neglect or Domestic Violence to government authorities that are authorized by law to receive such information, including a social service or protective service agency.
- For Health Oversight Activities to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as licensure, governmental audits and fraud and abuse investigations.
- For Judicial or Administrative Proceedings such as in response to a court order, search warrant or subpoena.
- For Law Enforcement Purposes. We may disclose your health information to a law enforcement official for purposes such as providing limited information to locate a missing person or report a crime.
- To Avoid a Serious Threat to Health or Safety to you, another person, or the public, by, for

example, disclosing information to public health agencies or law enforcement authorities, or in the event of an emergency or natural disaster.

- For Specialized Government Functions such as military and veteran activities, national security and intelligence activities, and the protective services for the President and others.
- For Workers' Compensation as authorized by, or to the extent necessary to comply with, state workers compensation laws that govern job-related injuries or illness.
- For Research Purposes such as research related to the evaluation of certain treatments or the prevention of disease or disability, if the research study meets federal privacy law requirements.
- To Provide Information Regarding Decedents. We may disclose information to a coroner or medical examiner to identify a deceased person, determine a cause of death, or as authorized by law. We may also disclose information to funeral directors as necessary to carry out their duties.
- For Organ Procurement Purposes. We may use or disclose information to entities that handle procurement, banking or transplantation of organs, eyes or tissue to facilitate donation and transplantation.
- To Correctional Institutions or Law Enforcement Officials if you are an inmate of a correctional institution or under the custody of a law enforcement official, but only if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.
- To Business Associates that perform functions on our behalf or provide us with services if the information is necessary for such functions or services. Our business associates are required, under contract with us and pursuant to federal law, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract and as permitted by federal law.
- Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure. Certain federal and state laws may require special privacy protections that restrict the use and disclosure of certain health information, including highly confidential information about you. "Highly confidential information" may include confidential information under Federal laws governing alcohol and drug abuse information and genetic information as well as state laws that often protect the following types of information:
 - 1. HIV/AIDS;
 - 2. Mental health;
 - 3. Genetic tests;
 - 4. Alcohol and drug abuse;
 - 5. Sexually transmitted diseases and reproductive health information; and
 - 6. Child or adult abuse or neglect, including sexual assault.

If a use or disclosure of health information described above in this notice is prohibited or materially limited by other laws that apply to us, it is our intent to meet the requirements of the more stringent law. Attached to this notice is a "Federal and State Amendments" document.

Except for uses and disclosures described and limited as set forth in this notice, we will use and disclose your health information only with a written authorization from you. This includes, except for limited circumstances allowed by federal privacy law, not using or disclosing psychotherapy notes about you, selling your health information to others, or using or disclosing your health information

for certain promotional communications that are prohibited marketing communications under federal law, without your written authorization. Once you give us authorization to release your health information, we cannot guarantee that the recipient to whom the information is provided will not disclose the information. You may take back or "revoke" your written authorization at any time in writing, except if we have already acted based on your authorization. To find out where to mail your written authorization and how to revoke an authorization, contact the phone number listed on your health plan ID card.

What Are Your Rights

The following are your rights with respect to your health information:

- You have the right to ask to restrict uses or disclosures of your information for treatment, _______payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to ask to restrict disclosures to family members or to others who are involved in your health care or payment for your health ______ care. We may also have policies on dependent access that authorize your dependents to request certain restrictions. Please note that while we will try to honor your request and will permit requests consistent with our policies, we are not required to agree to any restriction.
- You have the right to ask to receive confidential communications of information in a different manner or at a different place (for example, by sending information to a P.O. Box instead of your home address). We will accommodate reasonable requests where a disclosure of all or part of your health information otherwise could endanger you. In certain circumstances, we will accept your verbal request to receive confidential communications, however, we may also require you confirm your request in writing. In addition, any requests to modify or cancel a previous confidential communication request must be made in writing. Mail your request to the address listed below.
- You have the right to see and obtain a copy of certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records. If we maintain your health information electronically, you will have the right to request that we send a copy of your health information in an electronic format to you. You can also request that we provide a copy of your information to a third party that you identify. In some cases you may receive a summary of this health information. You must make a written request to inspect and copy your health information or have your information sent to a third party. Mail your request to the address listed below. In certain limited circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your health information. If we deny your request, you may have the right to have the denial reviewed. We may charge a reasonable fee for any copies.
- You have the right to ask to amend certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records, if you believe the health information about you is wrong or incomplete. Your request must be in writing and provide the reasons for the requested amendment. Mail your request to the address listed below. If we deny your request, you may have a statement of your disagreement added to your health information.
- You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures of your information made by us during the six years prior to your request. This accounting will not include disclosures of information made: (i) for treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes; (ii) to you or

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 190 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

pursuant to your authorization; and (iii) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials; and (iv) other disclosures for which federal law does not require us to provide an accounting.

• You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. You may ask for a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. If we maintain a website for your particular health plan, you also may also obtain a copy of this notice on your health plan website, such as www.myPreferredCare.com.

Exercising Your Rights

- Contacting your Health Plan. If you have any questions about this notice or want information about exercising your rights, please call the toll-free member phone number on the back of your health plan ID card or you may contact a UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center Representative at 1-866-231-7201 (TTY 711).
- Submitting a Written Request. You can mail your written requests to exercise any of your ______ rights, including modifying or cancelling a confidential communication, requesting copies of your records, or requesting amendments to your record, to us at the following address:

UnitedHealthcare Privacy Office MN017 – E300 PO Box 1459 Minneapolis, MN 55440

• Filing a Complaint. If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us at the address listed above.

You may also notify the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of your complaint. We will not take any action against you for filing a complaint.

¹ This Medical Information Notice of Privacy Practices applies to the following health plans that are affiliated with UnitedHealth Group: ACN Group of California, Inc.; All Savers Insurance Company; All Savers Life Insurance Company of California; AmeriChoice of Connecticut, Inc.; AmeriChoice of New Jersey, Inc.; Arizona Physicians IPA, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Maryland, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Texas Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus South Central Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus of Texas Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus South Central Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus Visconsin Insurance Company; Dental Benefit Providers of California, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers of Illinois, Inc.; Golden Rule Insurance Company; Health Plan of Nevada, Inc.; MAMSI Life and Health Insurance Company; MD - Individual Practice Association, Inc.; Medical Health Plans of Florida, Inc.; Medica HealthCare Plans, Inc.; National Pacific Dental, Inc.; Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc.; Nevada Pacific Dental; Optimum Choice, Inc.; Oxford Health Insurance, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (NY), Inc.; PacifiCare Life and Health Insurance Company; PacifiCare of Colorado, Inc.; PacifiCare of Nevada, Inc.; Physicians Health Choice of Texas, LLC; Preferred Care Partners, Inc.; Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; UHC of California; U.S. Behavioral Health Plan,

California; Unimerica Insurance Company; Unimerica Life Insurance Company of New York; Unison Health Plan of Delaware, Inc.; Unison Health Plan of the Capital Area, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Benefits of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Texas, L.L.C.; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of Illinois; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of New York; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of the River Valley; UnitedHealthcare Life Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare of Alabama, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arizona, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arkansas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Colorado, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Florida, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Kentucky, Ltd.; UnitedHealthcare of Louisiana, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Mid-Atlantic, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midlands, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midwest, Inc.; United HealthCare of Mississippi, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New England, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New Mexico, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New York, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of North Carollna, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oklahoma, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oregon, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Pennsylvania, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Utah, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Washington, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Wisconsin, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Plan of the River Valley, Inc.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2016

We² are committed to maintaining the confidentiality of your personal financial information. For the purposes of this notice, "personal financial information" means information about an enrollee or an applicant for health care coverage that identifies the individual, is not generally publicly available, and is collected from the individual or is obtained in connection with providing health care coverage to the individual.

² For purposes of this Financial Information Privacy Notice, "we" or "us" refers to the entities listed in footnote 1, beginning on the first page of the Health Plan Notices of Privacy Practices, plus the following UnitedHealthcare affiliates: Alere Women's and Children's Health, LLC; AmeriChoice Health Services, Inc.; Connextions HCl, LLC; Dental Benefit Providers, Inc.; HealthAllies, Inc.; LifePrint East, Inc.; Life Print Health, Inc.; MAMSI Insurance Resources, LLC; Managed Physical Network, Inc.; OneNet PPO, LLC; OptumHealth Care Solutions, Inc.; OrthoNet, LLC; OrthoNet of the Mid-Atlantic, Inc.; OrthoNet West, LLC; OrthoNet of the South, Inc.; Oxford Benefit Management, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans LLC; Spectera, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; Unison Administrative Services, LLC; United Behavioral Health; United Behavioral Health of New York I.P.A., Inc.; United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UnitedHealth Advisors, LLC; UnitedHealthcare Service LLC; UnitedHealthcare Services Company of the River Valley, Inc.; UnitedHealthOne Agency, Inc. This Financial Information Privacy Notice only applies where required by law. Specifically, it does not

apply to (1) health care insurance products offered in Nevada by Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. and Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; or (2) other UnitedHealth Group health plans in states that provide exceptions for HIPAA covered entities or health insurance products.

Information We Collect

Depending upon the product or service you have with us, we may collect personal financial information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you on applications or other forms, such as name, address, age, medical information and Social Security number;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates or others, such as premium payment and claims history; and
- ... Information from a consumer reporting agency.

Disclosure of Information

We do not disclose personal financial information about our enrollees or former enrollees to any third party, except as required or permitted by law. For example, in the course of our general business practices, we may, as permitted by law, disclose any of the personal financial information that we collect about you, without your authorization, to the following types of institutions:

- To our corporate affiliates, which include financial service providers, such as other insurers, and non-financial companies, such as data processors;
- To nonaffiliated companies for our everyday business purposes, such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), or respond to court orders and legal investigations; and
- To nonaffiliated companies that perform services for us, including sending promotional communications on our behalf.

Confidentiality and Security

We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect your personal financial information against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse. These measures include computer safeguards, secured files and buildings, and restrictions on who may access your personal financial information.

Questions About this Notice

If you have any questions about this notice, please **call the toll-free member phone number on your health plan ID card** or contact the UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center at 1-866-231-7201 (TTY711).

UNITEDHEALTH GROUP HEALTH PLAN NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES:

FEDERAL AND STATE AMENDMENTS

Revised: January 1, 2016

The first part of this Notice, which provides our privacy practices for Medical Information, describes how we may use and disclose your health information under federal privacy rules. There are other laws that may limit our rights to use and disclose your health information beyond what we are allowed to do under the federal privacy rules. The purpose of the charts below is to:

- 1. show the categories of health information that are subject to these more restrictive laws; and
- 2. give you a general summary of when we can use and disclose your health information without your consent.

If your written consent is required under the more restrictive laws, the consent must meet the particular rules of the applicable federal or state law.

Summery of Reclared Laws

Alcohol & Drug Abuse Information

We are allowed to use and disclose alcohol and drug abuse information that is protected by federal law only (1) in certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.

Genetic Information

We are not allowed to use genetic information for underwriting purposes.

Summery of State Laws				
General Health Information				
We are allowed to disclose general health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, NE, PR, RI, VT, WA, WI			
HMOs must give enrollees an opportunity to approve or refuse disclosures, subject to certain exceptions.	КҮ			
You may be able to restrict certain electronic disclosures of health information.	NC, NV			
We are not allowed to use health information for certain purposes.	CA, IA			

8-14

Summary of State Law	/S		
We will not use and/or disclosure information regarding certain public assistance programs except for certain purposes	KY, MO, NJ, SD		
We must comply with additional restrictions prior to using or disclosing your health information for certain purposes	KS		
Prescriptions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
We are allowed to disclose prescription-related information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	ID, NH, NV		
Communicable Diseases			
We are allowed to disclose communicable disease information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	AZ, IN, KS, MI, NV, OK		
Sexually Transmitted Diseases and Reproductive Health			
We are allowed to disclose sexually transmitted disease and/or reproductive health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, FL, IN, KS, MI, MT, NJ, NV, PR, WA, WY		
Alcohol and Drug Abuse			
We are allowed to use and disclose alcohol and drug abuse information (1) under certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	AR, CT, GA, KY, IL, IN, IA, LA, MN, NC, NH, OH, WA, WI		
Disclosures of alcohol and drug abuse information may be restricted by the individual who is the subject of the information.			
Genetic Information	······································		
We are not allowed to disclose genetic information without your written consent.	CA, CO, KS, KY, LA, NY, RI, TN, WY		

8-15

Summary of State Law	/S		
We are allowed to disclose genetic information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	AK, AZ, FL, GA, IL, IA, MD, ME, MA, MO, NJ, NV, NH, NM, OR, RI, TX, UT, VT		
Restrictions apply to (1) the use, and/or (2) the retention of genetic information.	FL, GA, IA, LA, MD, NM, OH, UT, VA, VT		
HIV / AIDS			
We are allowed to disclose HIV/AIDS-related information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	AZ, AR, CA, CT, DE, FL, GA, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, ME, MI, MO, MT, NY, NC, NH, NM, NV, OR, PA, PR, RI, TX, VT, WV, WA, WI, WY		
Certain restrictions apply to oral disclosures of HIV/AIDS- related information.	CT, FL		
We will collect certain HIV/AIDS-related information only with your written consent	OR		
Mental Health	•		
We are allowed to disclose mental health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, CT, DC, IA, IL, IN, KY, MA, MI, NC, NM, PR, TN, WA, WI		
Disclosures may be restricted by the individual who is the subject of the information.	WA		
Certain restrictions apply to oral disclosures of mental health information.	СТ		
Certain restrictions apply to the use of mental health information.	ME		
Child or Adult Abuse	······································		
We are allowed to use and disclose child and/or adult abuse information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	AL, CO, IL, LA, MD, NE, NJ, NM, RI, TN, TX, UT, WI		

Copyright 2016 United HealthCare Services, Inc.

8-16

Section 1.5	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers,
	and your covered services

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- Information about our plan. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.
- Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.
 - For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
 - For a list of the providers in the plan's network, see the Provider Directory.
 - For a list of the pharmacies in the plan's network, see the **Pharmacy Directory**.
 - For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.
 - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
 - To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet plus the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). These chapters, together with the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), tell you what drugs are covered and explain the rules you must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.
 - If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.
 - If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.
 - If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities	8-17

decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)

• If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

about your health care. We must support your right to make decisions about your care and a candid discussion of appropriate or medically
necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage.

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- To know about all of your choices. This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.
- To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care. You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, **if you want to**, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called "advance directives." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called "living will" and "power of attorney for health care" are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an "advance directive" to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- Get the form. If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service for assistance in locating an advanced directive form.
- Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the appropriate state-specific agency, for example, your State Department of Health. See Chapter 2, Section 3 for contact information regarding your state-specific agency.

Section 1.7 You have a right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 199 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1	.8	What can you	do if you	believe yo	u are being	treated u	infairly or your
		rights are not		1. State 1. March 1. March 1. The second		· · · · ·	

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, and it's not about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can call the SHIP. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, you can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 1.9	You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization's
	member rights and responsibilities policy. How to get more information
	about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- For information on the Quality Improvement Program for your specific health plan, call the Customer Service number on the back of your member ID card. You may also access this information via the website (https://www.uhcmedicaresolutions.com/health-plans/medicare-advantage-plans/resources-plan-material/ma-medicare-forms). Select, "Commitment to Quality."

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 200 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

8-20

- You can call the SHIP. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Your Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/ 11534.pdf.)
 - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

and the second se	
Contine 0.4	
Section 2.1	What are your responsibilities?

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

- Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
 - Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.
- If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Please call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
 - We are required to follow rules set by Medicare to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from our plan. This is called **"coordination of benefits"** because it involves coordinating the health and drug benefits you get from our plan with any other health and drug benefits available to you. We'll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 7.)
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your plan member ID card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
 - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are

8-21

supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer you are given, ask again.

- Be considerate. We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For that reason, some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part A and most plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
 - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your medical services. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
 - If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
 - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
 - If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
 - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
 - If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan. (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
 - If you move within our service area, we still need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
 - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.
- Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns. We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
 - Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
 - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 202 of 293

CHAPTER 9

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Chapter 9

ŧ.

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

BACKGROUND

SECTION 1	Introduction	٦	4
	Section 1.1	What to do if you have a problem or concern	.4
	Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?	.4
SECTION 2		t help from government organizations that are not connected with u	
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		.4
	Section 2.1	Where to get more information and personalized assistance	5
SECTION 3	To deal with	your problem, which process should you use?	5
	Section 3.1	Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?	
COVERAGE	E DECISION	IS AND APPEALS	
SECTION 4	A guide to t	he basics of coverage decisions and appeals	6
	Section 4.1	Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture	.6
	Section 4.2	How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal	7
	Section 4.3	Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?	8
SECTION 5	Your medic	al care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal	8
	Sectlon 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the co of your care	st
	Section 5.2	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)	
	Section 5.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)	
	Section 5.4	Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done 1	5
	Section 5.5	What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?1	6

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 204 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-2

SECTION 6		prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an
	Section 6.1	This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug
	Section 6.2	What is an exception?19
	Section 6.3	Important things to know about asking for exceptions20
	Section 6.4	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception21
	Section 6.5	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)24
	Section 6.6	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal
SECTION 7		us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is you too soon
	Section 7.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights28
	Section 7.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
	Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
	Section 7.4	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?
SECTION 8		us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your ending too soon
	Section 8.1	This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services
	Section 8.2	We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending
	Section 8.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
	Section 8.4	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
	Section 8.5	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal? 40
SECTION 9	Taking your	appeal to Level 3 and beyond 43
	Section 9.1	Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 205 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 9.2 Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Appeals...... 44

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 10	How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns4	
	Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process? 4	6
	Section 10.2 The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance"4	17
	Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint4	17
	Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization	9
	-Section-10.5-You can also tell Medicare about your complaint	9.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 206 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-4

BACKGROUND

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the process for making complaints.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?	 state and	
	india about the logal terms.		

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says "making a complaint" rather than "filing a grievance," "coverage decision" rather than "organization determination," or "coverage determination," and "Independent Review Organization" instead of "Independent Review Entity." It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

9-5

Section 2.1 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

Get help from an independent government organization

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).** This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

Section 3.1	Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or
	should you use the process for making complaints?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, **START HERE**

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes. My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4**, **"A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals."**

No. My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Skip ahead to Section 10 at the end of this chapter: "How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns."

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services and prescription drugs, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. If this happens, we will let you know. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

Section 4.2	How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making
	an appeal

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- To get free help from an independent organization that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).
- Your doctor can make a request for you.
 - For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.
 - For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your "representative" to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
 - If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the

9-8

signed form.

• You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Section 4.3	Which section of	of this chapter	gives the	e details for <u>vou</u>	situation?

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- Section 5 of this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 6 of this chapter: "Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 7 of this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon"
- Section 8 of this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (Applies to these services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (Chapter 2, Section 3, of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost	
	of your care	

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).** To keep things simple, we generally refer to "medical care coverage" or "medical care" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "medical care or treatment or services" every time.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- 1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.
- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
- 3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.
 - NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here's what to read in those situations:
 - Chapter 9, Section 7: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.
 - Chapter 9, Section 8: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon. This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.
 - For **all other** situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.
	Go to the next section of this chapter, Section 5.2.
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)
paid for?	Skip ahead to Section 5.3 of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have	You can send us the bill.
already received and paid for?	Skip ahead to Section 5.5 of this chapter.

Which of these situations are you in?

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 212 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-10

Section 5.2	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)
Legal Terms	When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an "organization determination."
🚺) requestii	You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are ng. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a "fast decision."

How to request coverage for the medical care you want

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.
- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care**.

Generally we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision

When we give you our decision, we will use the "standard" deadlines unless we have agreed to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.

- However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
- If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"

- A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours.
 - **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 213 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-11

decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

- To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:
 - You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for coverage for medical care you have not yet received. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if using the standard deadlines could **cause** serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
 - ____If_we_decide_that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines______ instead).
 - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
 - The letter will also tell how you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)



STEP 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a "fast" coverage decision

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision, we will give you our answer within 72 hours.
 - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 214 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-12

Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision, we will give you our answer within 14 calendar days of receiving your request.
 - We can take up to 14 more calendar days ("an extended time period") under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 calendar days after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.



STEP 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider and perhaps change this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)

Legal Terms	An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a
Legarienns	plan " reconsideration. "



STEP 1: You contact us and make your appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a "fast appeal."

What to do

• To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us. For details on

how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care**.

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.
 - If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal
 must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent
 you. (To get the form, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover
 of this booklet) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. It is also available on
 Medicare's website at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) While
 we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review
 until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your
 appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will
 be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask
 the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care).
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.
 - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
 - If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal" (you can make a request by calling us)

1	Legal Terms	A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited reconsideration."

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."
- The requirements and procedures for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage decision." To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast appeal," we will give you a fast appeal.



• When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 216 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.

• We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

Deadlines for a "fast" appeal

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written denial notice informing you that we have automatically sent your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal

~

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written denial notice informing you that we have automatically sent your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 217 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-15

3

STEP 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

• To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **our plan is** required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done	

If our plan says no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

	ne formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the ndependent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."	
--	--	--

1 STEP 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a "fast" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "fast" appeal at Level 2

- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.

If you had a "standard" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "standard" appeal at Level 2

• If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 218 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-16

appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.

• However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date the plan receives the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.")
 - If the Independent Review Organization "upholds the decision" you have the right to a Level 3 appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level 2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.



STEP 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal.
- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an administrative law judge. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: **Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.** Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for

9-17

payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**). We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: **Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**).

We will say yes or no to your request

- If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the
 payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive
 your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the
 provider. (When we send the payment, it's the same as saying yes to your request for a
 coverage decision.)
- If the medical care is **not** covered, or you did **not** follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying **no** to your request for a coverage decision.)

What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal.** If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in part 5.3 of this section. Go to this part for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)
- If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 220 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-18



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 6.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to our plan's **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

- This section is about your Part D drugs only. To keep things simple, we generally say "drug" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "covered outpatient prescription drug" or "Part D drug" every time.
- For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), rules and restrictions on coverage, and cost information, see Chapter 5 (Using our plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs) and Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

As discussed in Section 4 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

Legal Terms	An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a " coverage determination."
-------------	--

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including:
 - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)
 - Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
 - Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier
- You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you satisfy any applicable coverage rules. (For example, when your drug is on the plan's **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)** but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)
 - **Please note:** If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, you will get a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.
- You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage

decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal. Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:

Which of these situations are you in?

If you are in this situation:	'This is what you can do:
Do you need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover?	You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)
	Start with Section 6.2 of this chapter.
Do you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules	You can ask us for a coverage decision.
or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need?	Skip ahead to Section 6.4 of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for?	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)
	Skip ahead to Section 6.4 of this chapter.
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)
	Skip ahead to Section 6.5 of this chapter.

Section 6.2 W

What is an exception?

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an "exception." An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). (We call it the "Drug List" for short.)

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 222 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-20

Legal TermsAsking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."
--

- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier Four. You cannot ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug. There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).

 _Legal <u>Terms</u>	Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes -called asking for a "formulary exception."	
1		

- The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:
 - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
 - Getting plan approval in advance before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called "prior authorization.")
 - **Being required to try a different drug first** before we will agree to cover the drug you are asking for. (This is sometimes called "step therapy.")
 - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.
- If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.

Legal TermsAsking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometime called asking for a "tiering exception."

- If your drug is in Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drug you can ask us to cover it at at a lower cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 3 Preferred Drug. This would lower your share of the cost for the drug.
- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 Specialty Tier.

Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 223 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-21

requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally **not** approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally not approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you.

We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 6.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

Section 6:4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision; including an exception



STEP 1: You ask our plan to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.

What to do

- Request the type of coverage decision you want. Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to
 make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this.
 You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details, go to
 Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are asking
 for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs. Or if you are asking us to pay
 you back for a drug, go to the section called, Where to send a request that asks us to pay for
 our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.
- You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.

· If you are requesting an exception, provide the "supporting statement." Your doctor or

other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting. (We call this the "supporting statement.") Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about exception requests.

• We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form or on our plan's form, which are available on our website.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"

Legal Terms	A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage determination."
-------------	---

- When we give you our decision, we will use the "standard" deadlines unless we have agreed to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement.
- To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if you are asking for a **drug you have not yet received.** (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
 - You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor's or other prescriber's support), we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
 - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
 - This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
 - The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a "fast" complaint, which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

STEP 2: We consider your request and we give you our answer.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 225 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-23

Deadlines for a "fast" coverage decision

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours.
 - Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours.
 - Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- · If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested -
 - If we approve your request for coverage, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 226 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-24



STEP 3: If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

Section 6.5	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a]
	coverage decision made by our plan)	

Legal Terms	An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination."
-------------	--



STEP 1: You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a "fast appeal."

What to do

- To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.
 - For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, or mail, or on our website, for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs**.
- If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs).
- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.
 - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
 - If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal"

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 227 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Legal Terms	A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited redetermination."

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."
- The requirements for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage decision" in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

2 STEP 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

• When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a "fast" appeal

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If you believe your health requires it, you should ask for "fast" appeal.
 - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested
 - If we approve a request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
 - If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal request.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 228 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-26

• If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.



STEP 3: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.

- If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal.
- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process (see below).

Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How	w to make a Level 2 Appeal
-------------------------------	----------------------------

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the
	"Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."



STEP 1: To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If our plan says no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal with the Independent Review Organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.
- When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 229 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-27

information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

Deadlines for a "fast" appeal at Level 2

- If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a "fast appeal."
- If the review organization agrees to give you a "fast appeal," the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.
- If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal at Level 2

- ---If-you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal.
- If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested -
 - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
 - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.")

If the Independent Review Organization "upholds the decision" you have the right to a Level 3 appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.



STEP.3: If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 230 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-28

appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.

• The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an administrative law judge. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).**

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

Section 7.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from
	Medicare that tells about your rights

During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called **An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights.** Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- **1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it**. It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:
 - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it.
 - Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
 - Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

9-29

Legal Terms	The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can "request an immediate review." Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 7.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)
-------------	--

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- **3. Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.
 - If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
 - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/ HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html.

Section 7.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital
	discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by our plan for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process. Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2, of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

1



STEP 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a "fast review" of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

• This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization **before** you leave the hospital and **no later than your planned discharge date.** (Your "planned discharge date" is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
 - If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

Ask for a "fast review":

• You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a "fast review" of your discharge. Asking for a "fast review" means you are asking for the organization to use the "fast" deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

A "fast review" is also called an "immediate review" or an "expedited review."



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

9-31

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers" for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Legal Terms	This written explanation is called the "Detailed Notice of Discharge." You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/BNI/
-------------	--



STEP 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes to your appeal, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says **no** to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day **after** the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says no to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.



STEP 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital
	discharge date

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:



STEP 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.



STEP 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

• It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.

This is called "upholding the decision."

• The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.



STEP 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7:4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 7.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. ("Quickly" means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to our plan, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.



STEP 1: Contact our plan and ask for a "fast review."

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
- Be sure to ask for a "fast review." This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 236 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)



STEP 2: We do a "fast" review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.
- In this situation, we will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.



STEP 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").

- If we say yes to your fast appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your fast appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
 - If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.



STEP 4: If our plan says no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

• To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, our plan is required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity. " It is sometimes called the "IRE. "
-------------	--

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 237 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint

(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)



STEP 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by
 Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency.
 This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent
 Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
 - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by a judge.



STEP.3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

9-36

Section 8.1 This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

This section is about the following types of care **only**:

- Home health care services you are getting.
- Skilled nursing care you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a "skilled nursing facility," see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)
- Rehabilitation care you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart** (what is covered and what you pay).

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.2	We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending	

- 1. You receive a notice in writing. At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.
 - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask us to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 239 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice groward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints) 9-37

	In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a "fast-track appeal." Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 8.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)
Legal Terms	The written notice is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." To get a sample copy, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or see a copy online at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/BNI/

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does** <u>not</u> mean you agree with the plan that it's time to stop getting the care.

Section 8.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your
_	care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process. Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.



STEP 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.

What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

• This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

What should you ask for?

•-Ask this organization for a "fast-track appeal" (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization.

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers" for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Legal Terms	This notice of explanation is called the "Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage."
-------------	--

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)





STEP 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say **no** to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

STEP 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- This first appeal you make is "Level 1" of the appeals process. If reviewers say **no** to your Level 1 Appeal <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

Section 8.4	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your	
	care for a longer time	

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:



STEP 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.



STEP 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

— — What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal? _

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.



STEP 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 8.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 8.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 243 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-41

making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to our plan, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

Legal Terms A "fast" review (or "fast appeal") is also called an "expedited appeal"	'.
---	----



STEP 1: Contact us and ask for a "fast review."

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
- Be sure to ask for a "fast review." This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.



STEP 2: We do a "fast" review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.
- We will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.



STEP 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").

- If we say yes to your fast appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your fast appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 244 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-42

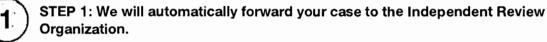
STEP 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

• To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the
Legal Terms	"Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."



• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-43

made to your first appeal and will not change it.

• The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.



STEP 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 9.1 Levels o	Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 Appeal	A judge who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer. This judge is called an "Administrative Law Judge."
----------------	---

- If the Administrative Law Judge says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
 - If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the judge's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 246 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-44

with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.

- If the Administrative Law Judge says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the administrative law judge says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 AppealThe Appeals Council will review your appeal and give youAppeals Council works for the Federal government.	u an answer. The
---	------------------

• If the answer is yes, or if the Appeals Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.

- If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Appeals Council's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- If the answer is no or if the Appeals Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Appeals Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal	A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.
----------------	--

• This is the last step of the administrative appeals process.

Section 9.2

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 247 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

A judge who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer. This judge is called an "Administrative Law Judge."
Judge."

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the administrative law judge says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 Appeal:	The Appeals Council will review your appeal and give you an answer. The
	Appeals Council works for the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Appeals Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Appeals Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• This is the last step of the appeals process.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint Cacoverage de care constants, appeale, comprants) 1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 2468 of

SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns



If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is **not for you.** Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

0 11 404	
Section 10.1	What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems **only**. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	 Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	 Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treated you? Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	 Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by Customer Service or other staff at our plan? Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.
Cleanliness	 Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?

If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can "make a complaint"

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 249 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-47

Complaint	Example
Information you get from us	 Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give? Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the	The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in sections 4-9 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.
timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and	However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:
appeals)	 If you have asked us to give you a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint. If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.
	 When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.
	• When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.

Section 10.2 The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance"

Legal Terms	 What this section calls a "complaint" is also called a "grievance." Another term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." Another way to say "using the process for complaints" is "using the process for filing a grievance."
-------------	---

Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

STEP 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

• Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. 1-866-231-7201, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 250 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-48

a week

- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- We must receive your complaint within 60 calendar days of the event or incident you are complaining about. If something kept you from filing your complaint (you were sick, we provided incorrect information, etc.) let us know and we might be able to accept your complaint past 60 days. We will address your complaint as quickly as possible but no later than 30 days after receiving it. Sometimes we need additional information, or you may wish to provide additional information. If that occurs, we may take an additional 14 days to respond to your complaint. If the additional 14 days is taken, you will receive a letter letting you know.
 - If your complaint is because we took 14 extra days to respond to your request for a coverage determination or appeal or because we decided you didn't need a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, you can file a fast complaint. We will respond to you within 24 hours of receiving your complaint. The address and fax numbers for filing complaints are located in Chapter 2 under "How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care or for Part D prescription drug complaints "How to contact us when you are making an appeal or complaint about your Part D prescription drugs."
- Whether you call or write, you should contact Customer Service right away. The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will automatically give you a "fast" complaint. If you have a "fast" complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.

Legal TermsWhat this section calls a "fast complaint" is also called an "ex grievance."	pedited
--	---------

 $\hat{\mathbf{2}}$ STEP 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.
- Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

Section 10.4	You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality	
	Improvement Organization	Ċ

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about quality of care, you also have two extra options:

- You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization. If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (without making the complaint to us).
 - The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
 - To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.
- Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time. If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

Section 10.5		
I Section 10 5	You can also tell Medicare about your complaint	
	Tou our also ten medioare about your complaint	

You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 252 of 293

CHAPTER 10

Ending your membership in the plan

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ	Document 1-1	Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017	Page 253 of
		293	-

.

.

10-1

•

Chapter 10

Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1	Introduction	n
	Section 1.1	This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan2
SECTION 2	When can y	ou end your membership in our plan?2
	Section 2.1	You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period2
	Section 2.2	You can end your membership during the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period, but your choices are more limited
	Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period
	Section 2.4	Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?
SECTION 3	How do you	end your membership in our plan?5
	Section 3.1	Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan5
SECTION 4	-	nembership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and ugh our plan6
	Section 4.1	Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan 6
SECTION 5	We must en	d your membership in the plan in certain situations6
	Section 5.1	When must we end your membership in the plan?
	Section 5.2	We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health
	Section 5.3	You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan7

293

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in the plan may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave.
 - There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you **when** you can end your membership in the plan.
 - The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you **how** to end your membership in each situation.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the "Annual Coordinated Election Period"). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

- When is the Annual Enrollment Period? This happens from October 15 to December 7.
- What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period? During this time, you can review your health coverage and your prescription drug coverage. You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
 - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 10: Ending your membership in the plan	10-3

- - or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

• When will your membership end? Your membership will end when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2	You can end your membership during the annual Medicare Advantage
· · · · ·	Disenrollment Period, but your choices are more limited

You have the opportunity to make **one** change to your health coverage during the annual **Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period**.

- When is the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period? This happens every year from January 1 to February 14.
- What type of plan can you switch to during the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment **Period?** During this time, you can cancel your Medicare Advantage Plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you have until February 14 to join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan to add drug coverage.
- When will your membership end? Your membership will end on the first day of the month after we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special
	Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of our plan may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

- Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period? If any of the following situations apply to you, you are eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website at (http://www.medicare.gov):
 - Usually, when you have moved.
 - If you have Medicaid.
 - If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.

- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE). * PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- When are Special Enrollment Periods? The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.
- What can you do? To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
 - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - - or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

• When will your membership end? Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Section 2.4	Where can you get more information about when you can end your
	membership?

If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can find the information in the Medicare & You 2017 Handbook.
 - Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.
 - You can also download a copy from the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.
- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

10-5

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

Section 3.1 Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan

Usually, to end your membership in our plan, you simply enroll in another Medicare plan during one of the enrollment periods (see Section 2 in this chapter for information about the enrollment periods). However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare **without** a Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- -or- You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
 Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Another Medicare health plan.	 Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.
• Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	 Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.
 Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. Note: If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug plan and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. See 	 Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

10-6

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.	

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Section 4.1	Until your me	mbership end	ls, you are	still a memb	er of our plan

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.

- You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in our plan ends. Usually, your prescription drugs are only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy including through our mail-order pharmacy services.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 We must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

We must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you do not stay continuously enrolled in Medicare Part A and Part B.
- · If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).

- If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your member ID card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

• You can call **Customer Service** for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

Our plan is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Section 5.3	You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our		
	plan		

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 9, Section 10 for information about how to make a complaint.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 260 of 293

CHAPTER 11

۱.

Legal notices

ZUTT EVICENCE OF COVERAGE		olce Diowald (i liv	n0)	
Chapter 11: Legal notices Case 0:17-cv-62584-W17	Document 1-1.	Entered on El	SD Docket 12/20/2017	11-1 - Page 261 of
		293		

Chapter 11

Legal notices

SECTION	1 Notice about governing law2	
SECTION	2 Notice about non-discrimination2	
SECTION	3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights	
SECTION	4 Third party liability and subrogation2	
-SECTION	5 Member liability	
SECTION	6 Medicare-covered services must meet requirement of reasonable and necessary 4	
SECTION	7 Non duplication of benefits with automobile, accident or liability coverage 4	
SECTION	8 Acts beyond our control 4	
SECTION	9 Contracting medical providers and network hospitals are independent contractors	
SECTION	10 Technology assessment5	
SECTION	11 Member statements5	
SECTION	12 Information upon request6	
SECTION	13 2017 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication	

ı.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 11: Legal notices	11-2

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this **Evidence of Coverage** and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, our plan, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Third party liability and subrogation

If you suffer an illness or injury for which any third party is alleged to be liable or responsible due to any negligent or intentional act or omission causing illness or injury to you, you must promptly notify us of the illness or injury. We will send you a statement of the amounts we paid for services provided in connection with the illness or injury. If you recover any sums from any third party, we shall be reimbursed out of any such recovery from any third party for the payments we made on your behalf, subject to the limitations in the following paragraphs.

1) Our payments are less than the recovery amount. If our payments are less than the total

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 263 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

11-3

recovery amount from any third party (the "recovery amount"), then our reimbursement is computed as follows:

- a) **First:** Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the recovery amount (the term "procurement costs" means the attorney fees and expenses incurred in obtaining a settlement or judgment).
- b) **Second:** Apply the ratio calculated above to our payment. The result is our share of procurement costs.
- c) Third: Subtract our share of procurement costs from our payments. The remainder is our reimbursement amount.
- 2) Our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount. If our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount, our reimbursement amount is the total recovery amount minus the total procurement costs.
- 3) We incur procurement costs because of opposition to our reimbursement. If we must bring suit against the party that received the recovery amount because that party opposes our reimbursement, our reimbursement amount is the lower of the following:
 - a) our payments made on your behalf for services; or
 - b) the recovery amount, minus the party's total procurement cost.

Subject to the limitations stated above, you agree to grant us an assignment of, and a claim and a lien against, any amounts recovered through settlement, judgment or verdict. You may be required by us and you agree to execute documents and to provide information necessary to establish the assignment, claim, or lien to ascertain our right to reimbursement.

SECTION 5 Member liability

In the event we fail to reimburse network provider's charges for covered services, you will not be liable for any sums owed by us. Neither the plan nor Medicare will pay for those services except for the following eligible expenses:

- Emergency services
- Urgently needed services
- Out-of-area and routine travel dialysis (must be received in a Medicare Certified Dialysis Facility within the United States)
- Post-stabilization services

If you enter into a private contract with a provider, neither the plan nor Medicare will pay for those services.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

11-4

SECTION 6 Medicare-covered services must meet requirement of reasonable and necessary

In determining coverage, services must meet the reasonable and necessary requirements under Medicare in order to be covered under your plan, unless otherwise listed as a covered service. A service is "reasonable and necessary" if the service is:

- · Safe and effective;
- Not experimental or investigational; and
- Appropriate, including the duration and frequency that is considered appropriate for the service, in terms of whether it is:
 - Furnished in accordance with accepted standards of medical practice for the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition or to improve the function of a malformed body member;
 - 2. Furnished in a setting appropriate to the patient's medical needs and condition;
 - 3. Ordered and furnished by qualified personnel;
 - 4. One that meets, but does not exceed, the patient's medical need; and
 - 5. At least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative.

SECTION 7 Non duplication of benefits with automobile, accident or liability coverage

If you are receiving benefits as a result of other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we will not duplicate those benefits. It is your responsibility to take whatever action is necessary to receive payment under automobile, accident, or liability coverage when such payments may reasonably be expected, and to notify us of such coverage when available. If we happen to duplicate benefits to which you are entitled under other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we may seek reimbursement of the reasonable value of those benefits from you, your insurance carrier, or your health care provider to the extent permitted under State and/or federal law. We will provide benefits over and above your other automobile, accident or liability coverage, if the cost of your health care services exceeds such coverage. You are required to cooperate with us in obtaining payment from your automobile, accident or liability coverage carrier. Your failure to do so may result in termination of your plan membership.

SECTION 8 Acts beyond our control

If, due to a natural disaster, war, riot, civil insurrection, complete or partial destruction of a facility, ordinance, law or decree of any government or quasi-governmental agency, labor dispute (when said dispute is not within our control), or any other emergency or similar event not within the control of us, providers may become unavailable to arrange or provide health services pursuant to

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 265 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

this Evidence of Coverage and Disclosure Information, then we shall attempt to arrange for covered services insofar as practical and according to our best judgment. Neither we nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation for delay or failure to provide or arrange for covered services if such delay is the result of any of the circumstances described above.

SECTION 9 Contracting medical providers and network hospitals are independent contractors

The relationships between us and our network providers and network hospitals are independent contractor relationships. None of the network providers or network hospitals or their physicians or employees are employees or agents of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. An agent would be anyone authorized to act on our behalf. Neither we nor any employee of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates is an employee or agent of the ______ network providers or network providers or network hospitals.

SECTION 10 Technology assessment

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and efficacious for Members. New procedures and technology that are safe and efficacious are eligible to become Covered Services. If the technology becomes a Covered Service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable Member copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safety and efficacy of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual Member, one of our Medical Directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual Member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

SECTION 11 Member statements

In the absence of fraud, all statements made by you will be deemed representations and not warranties. No such representation will void coverage or reduce covered services under this Evidence of Coverage or be used in defense of a legal action unless it is contained in a written application.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 266 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 11: Legal notices	

SECTION 12 Information upon request

As a plan member, you have the right to request information on the following:

- · General coverage and comparative plan information
- Utilization control procedures
- · Quality improvement programs
- · Statistical data on grievances and appeals
- The financial condition of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates

SECTION 13 2017 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication

2017 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication

How you can fight healthcare fraud

Our company is committed to preventing fraud, waste, and abuse in Medicare benefit programs and we're asking for your help. If you identify a potential case of fraud, please report it to us immediately.

Here are some examples of potential Medicare fraud cases:

- A health care provider such as a physician, pharmacy, or medical device company bills for services you never got;
- A supplier bills for equipment different from what you got;
- Someone uses another person's Medicare card to get medical care, prescriptions, supplies or equipment;
- · Someone bills for home medical equipment after it has been returned;
- A company offers a Medicare drug or health plan that hasn't been approved by Medicare; or
- A company uses false information to mislead you into joining a Medicare drug or health plan.

To report a potential case of fraud in a Medicare benefit program, call Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Customer Service at 1-866-231-7201 (TTY 711), 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

This hotline allows you to report cases anonymously and confidentially. We will make every effort to maintain your confidentiality. However, if law enforcement needs to get involved, we may not be able to guarantee your confidentiality. Please know that our organization will not take any action against you for reporting a potential fraud case in good faith.

You may also report potential medical or prescription drug fraud cases to the Medicare Drug Integrity Contractor (MEDIC) at 1-877-7SafeRx (1-877-772-3379) or to the Medicare program directly at (1-800-633-4427). The Medicare fax number is 1-717-975-4442 and the website is

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

11-7

www.medicare.gov.

For more information on protecting yourself from Medicare fraud and tips for spotting and reporting fraud, visit www.stopmedicarefraud.gov. You can also request the guide titled, "Protecting Medicare and You from Fraud" by calling the number above or by visiting the "Fraud and Abuse" section of the website www.medicare.gov. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. A customer service advocate can answer your questions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 268 of 293

CHAPTER 12

Definitions of important words

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-1

Chapter 12

Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – A set time each fall when members can change their health or drugs plans or switch to Original Medicare. The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don't pay for a drug, item, or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), you only have to pay our plan's allowed cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to "balance bill" or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit period – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. You must pay the inpatient hospital deductible for each benefit period. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit where you pay a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent \$4,950 in covered drugs during the covered year.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) - The Federal agency that administers

Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

Clinical Research Study – A clinical research study is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%). Coinsurance for innetwork services is based upon contractually negotiated rates (when available for the specific covered service to which the coinsurance applies) or Medicare Allowable Cost, depending on our contractual arrangements for the service.

Complaint – The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also "Grievance," in this list of definitions.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speechlanguage pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Co-Payment, Copayment, Copay – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor's visit or prescription drug.

Cost-Sharing – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed "copayment" amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any "coinsurance" amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment.

Cost-Sharing Tier – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 271 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)Chapter 12: Definitions of important words12-3

formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered Drugs - The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services – The general term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other _________ facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Customer Service.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription.

Daily Cost Share applies only if the drug is in the form of a solid oral dose (e.g., tablet or capsule) when dispensed for a supply less than 30 days under applicable law. The Daily Cost Share requirements do not apply to either of the following:

- 1. Solid oral doses of antibiotics.
- 2. Solid oral doses that are dispensed in their original container or are usually dispensed in their original packaging to assist patients with compliance.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay.

Disenroll or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 272 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

Durable Medical Equipment – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples are walkers, wheelchairs, or hospital beds.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage determination that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor's formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at preferred lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A home health aide provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Home Health Care – Skilled nursing care and certain other health care services that you get in your home for the treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services are listed in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1 under the heading "Home health agency care." If you need home health care services, our plan will cover these services for you provided the Medicare coverage requirements are met. Home health care can include services from a **home health aide** if the services are part of the home health plan of care for your illness or injury. They aren't covered unless you are also getting a covered skilled service. Home health services don't include the services of housekeepers, food service arrangements, or full-time nursing care at home.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 273 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Hospice – An enrollee who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

Hospice Care – A special way of caring for people who are terminally ill and providing counseling for their families. Hospice care is physical care and counseling that is given by a team of people who are part of a Medicare-certified public agency or private company. Depending on the situation, this care may be given in the home, a hospice facility, a hospital, or a nursing home. Care from a hospice is meant to help patients in the last months of life by giving comfort and relief from pain. The focus is on care, not cure. For more information on hospice care visit www.medicare.gov and under "Search Tools" choose "Find a Medicare Publication" to view or download the publication "Medicare Hospice Benefits." Or, call (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day/7 days a week.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) – If your income is above a certain limit, you will pay an income-related monthly adjustment amount in addition to your plan premium. For example, individuals with income greater than \$85,000.00 and married couples with income greater than \$170,000.00 must pay a higher Medicare Part B (medical insurance) and Medicare prescription drug coverage premium amount. This additional amount is called the income-related monthly adjustment amount. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Independent Practitioner Associations (IPAs) – Individual physicians and medical groups contracted by the plan to provide medical services and with hospitals to provide services to members. The contracting medical groups/IPAs in turn, employ or contract with individual physicians. (See Chapter 11, Section 10)

Initial Coverage Limit - The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

ŀ

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$3,700.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-6

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These LTC facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF); nursing facility (NF); (SNF/NF); an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR); and/or an inpatient psychiatric facility. An institutional Special Needs Plan to serve Medicare residents of LTC facilities must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP) – An institutional Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug _______ coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or "Drug List") – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) - See "Extra Help."

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

Medical Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Medically Accepted Indication - A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 275 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-7

Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare, a Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) plan, or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period – A set time each year when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare. The Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period is from January 1 until February 14, 2017.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health plan that is offered in their area, except people with End-Stage Renal Disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

Medicare Allowable Cost – The maximum price of a service for reimbursement purposes under Original Medicare.

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D enrollees who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving "Extra Help." Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand name drugs are discounted.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-8

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

"Medigap" (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill "gaps" in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our plan, or "Plan Member") – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network – The doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities or providers that have an agreement with us to provide covered services to our members and to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. (See Chapter 1, Section 3.2)

Network Pharmacy – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them "network pharmacies" because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them "**network providers**" when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as "plan providers."

Non-Preferred Network Mail-order Pharmacy – A network mail-order pharmacy that generally offers Medicare Part D covered drugs to members of our plan at higher cost-sharing levels than apply at a preferred network mail-order pharmacy.

Organization Determination – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. The Medicare Advantage plan's network provider or facility has also made an organization determination when it provides you with an item or service, or refers you to an out-of-network provider for an item or service. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Original Medicare ("Traditional Medicare" or "Fee-for-service" Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 277 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for "cost-sharing" above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's "out-of-pocket" cost requirement.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible, while getting the high-quality care they need. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan. PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Part C - see "Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan."

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs.

Preferred Cost-Sharing – Preferred cost-sharing means lower cost-sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies.

Preferred Network Mail-order Pharmacy – A network mail-order pharmacy that generally offers Medicare Part D covered drugs to members of our plan that may have lower cost-sharing levels than at other network pharmacies mail-order pharmacy.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 12: Definitions of important words	12-10

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about Primary Care Providers.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from our Plan. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Some drugs are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Providers – Doctors and other health care professionals that the state licenses to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Chapter 2, Section 4 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

, -

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 279 of 293

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-11

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drugs plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting "Extra Help" with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

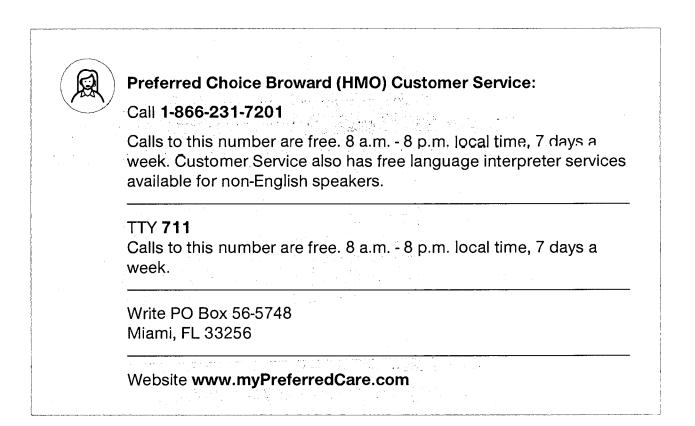
Standard Cost-sharing – Standard cost-sharing is cost-sharing other than preferred cost-sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – Urgently needed services are care provided to treat a nonemergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.





State Health Insurance Assistance Program

State Health Insurance Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

You can call the SHIP in your state at the number listed in Chapter 2 Section 3 of the Evidence of Coverage.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 281 of 293

EXHIBIT B

.



Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

H1045-005

Our service area includes the following county in: **Florida:** Broward.

This is a summary of drug coverages and health services provided by Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) January 1st, 2017 - December 31st, 2017.

For more information, please contact Customer Service at:



Toll-Free 1-877-485-5595, TTY 711

8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week



www.myPreferredCare.com



**

Y0066_SB_H1045_005_2017 CMS Accepted

Summary of Benefits

January 1st, 2017 - December 31st, 2017

We're dedicated to providing clear and simple information about your plan so you always stay fully informed. The following information is a breakdown of what we cover and what you pay. This is called "cost-sharing" or "out-of-pocket" costs. Cost-sharing includes co-pays, co-insurance and deductibles. This will help you control your health care costs throughout the plan year.

Keep in mind that this isn't a full list of benefits we provide, it's just an overview. To get a complete list, visit our website at www.myPreferredCare.com to see the "Evidence of Coverage" or call customer service with any questions.

About this plan.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) is a Medicare Advantage HMO plan with a Medicare contract.

To join Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), you must be entitled to Medicare Part A, be enrolled in Medicare Part B, live in our service area as listed on the cover, and be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

What's inside?

Plan Premiums, Annual Deductibles, and Benefits

See plan costs including the monthly plan premium, deductible and maximum out-of-pocket limit.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) has a network of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other providers. If you use the providers or pharmacies that are not in our network, the plan may not pay for these services or drugs, or you may pay more than you pay at an in-network pharmacy.

You can search for a network provider and pharmacy in the online directories at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Drug Coverage

Look to see what drugs are covered along with any restrictions in our plan formulary (list of Part D prescription drugs) found at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

Premiums and Benefits	In-Network
Ionthly Plan PremlumThere is no monthly premium for this plan.nnual Medical DeductibleThis plan does not have a deductible.Iaximum Out-of-Pocket Amount does not include prescription drugs)\$6,700 annually for services you receive from in-network providers.If you reach the limit on out-of-pocket costs, you keep	
Annual Medical Deductible	This plan does not have a deductible.
Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount (does not include prescription drugs)	
	If you reach the limit on out-of-pocket costs, you keep getting covered hospital and medical services and we will pay the full cost for the rest of the year.
	Please note that you will still need to pay your cost-sharing for your Part D prescription drugs.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

Benefits		In-Network
Inpatient Hospital	Coverage	\$0 co-pay per day
		Our plan covers an unlimited number of days for an inpatient hospital stay.
Doctor Visits	Primary	\$0 со-рау
	Specialists	\$15 со-рау
Preventive Care	Medicare-covered	\$0 со-рау
	Routine physical	\$0 co-pay; 1 per year
Emergency Care		\$75 co-pay (worldwide) per visit
		If you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours, you pay the inpatient hospital co-pay instead of the Emergency co-pay. See the "Inpatient Hospital Care" section of this booklet for other costs.
Urgently Needed S	Services	\$0 co-pay
Diagnostic Tests, Lab and Radiology	Diagnostic radiology services (e.g. MRI)	\$100 co-pay per service
Services, and X-Rays	Lab services	\$0 со-рау
	Diagnostic tests and procedures	\$25 co-pay per service
	Therapeutic Radiology	\$60 co-pay per service
	Outpatient X-rays	\$0 co-pay per service

Benefits		In-Network
Hearing Services	Exam to diagnose and treat hearing and balance issues	\$0 co-pay
	Routine hearing exam	\$0 co-pay; 1 per year
	Hearing aid	\$1,200 allowance every 2 years, up to 2 hearing aids
Dental Services	Preventive	\$0 co-pay for covered services (exam, cleaning, fluoride, x-rays)
	Comprehensive	Covered; for a complete list of services and co-pays, please contact the plan
Vision Serviçes	Exam to diagnose and treat diseases and conditions of the eye	\$0 со-рау
	Eyewear after cataract surgery	\$0 co-pay
	Routine eye exam	\$0 co-pay Up to 1 every year
	Eyewear	\$0 co-pay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts
Mental	Inpatient visit	\$0 co-pay per day: for days 1-90
Health Care		Our plan covers 90 days for an inpatient hospital stay.
	Outpatient group therapy visit	\$0 co-pay
	Outpatient individual therapy visit	\$0 co-pay

Benefits		In-Network
Skilied Nursing Fa	acility (SNF)	\$0 co-pay per day: for days 1-20 \$75 co-pay per day: for days 21-100
		Our plan covers up to 100 days in a SNF.
Rehabilitation Services	Occupational therapy visit	\$0 со-рау
	Physical therapy and speech and language therapy visit	\$0 co-pay
Ambulance		\$200 co-pay
Routine Transportation		\$0 co-pay; 30 one-way trips per year to or from approved locations
Foot Care (podiatry	Foot exams and treatment	\$15 co-pay
servicoc)	Routine foot care	\$15 co-pay; for each visit up to 6 visits every year
Medical Equipment / Supplies	Durable Medical Equipment (e.g., wheelchairs, oxygen)	\$0 co-pay
	Prosthetics (e.g., braces, artificial limbs)	\$0 co-pay - 20% of the cost.
Wellness Programs	Fitness program through SilverSneakers® Fitness program	Basic membership in a fitness program at a network location.
Medicare Part B Drugs	Chemotherapy drugs	20% of the cost
	Other Part B drugs	20% of the cost

Prescription Drugs

If you reside in a long-term care facility, you pay the same for a 31-day supply as a 30-day supply at a retail pharmacy.

Stage 1: Annual Prescription Deductible	Since you have no deductible for Part D drugs, this payment stage doesn't apply.			
Stage 2: Initial	Retail		Mail Order	
Coverage (After you pay	Standard		Preferred	Standard
your deductible, if applicable)	30-day supply	90-day supply	90-day supply	90-day supply
Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs	\$0 co-pay	\$0 co-pay	\$0 со-рау	\$0 co-pay
Tier 2: Generic Drugs*	\$0 co-pay	\$0 co-pay	\$0 со-рау	\$0 со-рау
Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs	\$40 co-pay	\$120 со-рау	\$110 co-pay	\$120 co-pay
Tier 4 : Non-Preferred Drugs	\$85 co-pay	\$255 co-pay	\$245 co-pay	\$255 co-pay
Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs	33% of the cost	33% of the cost	33% of the cost	33% of the cost
Stage 3: Coverage Gap Stage	tiers, after your to	tal drug costs reach	n the gap. For cover \$3,700, you pay 5 ⁻ t for brand name dr	1% of the total cost
Stage 4: Catastrophic Coverage	through your retain pay the greater of • 5% of the cost,	il pharmacy and thre : , or	osts (including drug ough mail order) rea	ach \$4,950, you
		or generic (including for all other drugs.	g brand drugs treate	ed as generic) and

*Tier includes enhanced drug coverage.

Additional Ben	efits	In-Network
Chiropractic Care	Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation	\$15 co-pay
Diabetes Management	Diabetes monitoring supplies	\$0 co-pay We only cover blood glucose monitors and test strips from the following brands: OneTouch Ultra®2 System, OneTouch UltraMini®, OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Verio® Sync, OneTouch Verio® IQ, OneTouch Verio® Flex System Kit, ACCU-CHEK® Nano SmartView, and ACCU-CHEK® Aviva Plus.
	Diabetes Self-management training	\$0 со-рау
	Therapeutic shoes or inserts	20% of the cost
Home Health Care		\$0 co-pay as a second sec
Hospice		You pay nothing for hospice care from any Medicare- approved hospice. You may have to pay part of the costs for drugs and respite care. Hospice is covered by Original Medicare, outside of our plan.
NurseLine ^s ™		Speak with a registered nurse (RN) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
Outpatient Surger	y	Type 1 facility: \$75 co-pay; Type 2 facility: \$150 co-pay
Outpatient Substance	Outpatient group therapy visit	\$0 co-pay
Abuse	Outpatient individual therapy visit	\$0 со-рау
Over-the-Counter I	Benefit	\$45 credit per month to use from a plan approved listing of products
Renal Dialysis	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	20% of the cost

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-1 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 290 of 293

This information is not a complete description of benefits. Contact the plan for more information. Limitations, co-payments, and restrictions may apply.

The Formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

Benefits, premium and/or co-payments/co-insurance may change on January 1 of each year.

You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium.

You are not required to use OptumRx home delivery for a 90 day supply of your maintenance medication. If you have not used OptumRx home delivery, you must approve the first prescription order sent directly from your doctor to OptumRx before it can be filled. New prescriptions from OptumRx should arrive within ten business days from the date the completed order is received, and refill orders should arrive in about seven business days. Contact OptumRx anytime at 1-877-889-6358, TTY 711. OptumRx is an affiliate of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company. \$0 co-pay is applicable for tier 1 and tier 2 medications during the initial coverage phase and may not apply during the coverage gap; it does not apply during the catastrophic stage.

Preferred Care Partners is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies, a Medicare Advantage organization with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan's contract renewal with Medicare.

If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your current "Medicare & You" handbook. View it online at http://www.medicare.gov or get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

This document is available in other formats such as Braille and large print. This document may be available in a non-English language. For additional information, call us at 1-877-485-5595.

This information is available for free in other languages. Please call our customer service number at 1-877-485-5595, TTY 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

Esta información está disponible sin costo en otros idiomas. Comuníquese con nuestro Servicio al Cliente al número 1-877-485-5595, TTY 711, 8 a.m. a 8 p.m. hora local, los 7 días de la semana.

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-877-485-5595. Someone who speaks English/ Language can help you. This is a free service

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-877-485-5595. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑 问。如果您 需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-877-485-5595。 我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。 这是一项免费服 务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯 服務。如 需翻譯服務,請致電1-877-485-5595。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這 是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-877-485-5595. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-877-485-5595. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-877-485-5595 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-877-485-5595. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화1-877-485-5595번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-877-485-5595. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная. Arabic:

إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 1-788-585-585 . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके कसिी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लएि हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषयिा सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषयिा प्राप्त करने के लएि, बस हमें 1-877-485-5595 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्त जो हनि्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-877-485-5595. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-877-485-5595. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan... plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-877-485-5595. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-877-485-5595. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の 通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-877-485-5595 にお電話くださ い。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサー ビスです。

Vendor Information

Before contacting any of the providers below you must be fully enrolled in Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).

Benefit Type	Vendor Neime	Conteres Information
Hearing Exams	HearUSA/HearX	1-866-231-7201, TTY 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
Hearing Aids	HearUSA/HearX	1-866-231-7201, ⊤⊤Ƴ 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
Vision Care	Icare	1-866-231-7201, TTY 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
Dental Services	Solstice Dental	1-855-351-8163, TTY 711 8:30 a.m 5:30 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
NurseLine	NurseLine ^s ™	1-855-575-0293, TTY 711 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
Routine Transportation (I imited to ground transportation only)	On-site contractor provider	1-888-774-7772, TTY 711 7 a.m 6 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday www.myPreferredCare.com
Fitness Membership	SilverSneakers® Fitness program	1-888-423-4632, TTY 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday silversneakers.com

EXHIBIT 2

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of other similarly situated,

Plaintiff.

 \mathbf{v}_{\cdot}

Case No. _____

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and ICARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Defendants.

DECLARATION OF JENNIFER PRIETO IN SUPPORT OF NOTICE OF REMOVAL

I, Jennifer Prieto, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, declare under penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct:

1. My name is Jennifer Prieto. I am over 18 years of age, and I have personal knowledge of the facts contained in this Declaration.

2. I am a Director, responsible for overseeing benefits for South Florida plans through both Preferred Care Partners and Medica.

3. As part of my job duties, I have access to the corporate, Medicare, and plan benefit records described herein.

4. Preferred Care Partners, Inc. ("Preferred Care") is a Florida corporation that offers a variety of health benefit plans, including the health benefit plan of which Plaintiff alleges he was a member in 2017.

5. Preferred Care has entered into contracts with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS"), the federal agency that administers the Medicare program, to administer Medicare benefits to persons who choose to enroll in Preferred Care's service plans. This program is known as the Medicare Advantage ("MA") program, governed by Part C of the Medicare Act.

 Accordingly, Preferred Care is a federally qualified organization licensed to operate in Florida under the Medicare Act and it offers its MA plan to eligible Medicare beneficiaries on behalf of CMS.

7. Plaintiff Steven F. Assael ("Plaintiff") alleges that he was a Medicare beneficiary and a member of Preferred Care's 2017 Preferred Choice of Broward (HMO) (the "Plan").

Plaintiff's Complaint alleges that Preferred Care breached the Plan by denying Plaintiff a
 \$200 credit for certain eyewear, which according to Plaintiff includes contact lenses and eyeglass
 lenses and frames (the "Eyewear Benefit").

9. The Plan, including the details of the Eyewear Benefit, were presented to and approved by CMS as part of Preferred Care's Plan Benefit Package and must be administered pursuant to the terms of Preferred Care's contract with CMS.

10. As a program administered under the Medicare Act, the Plan is subject to the administrative appeals and/or grievance process regulated under the Department of Health and Human Services' federal regulations.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct Executed on December 28th, 2017.

qp.m.t.

EXHIBIT 3



Case Detail - Public

Steven F Assael
DefendantPlaintiff vs. Prefered Care Partners INC, et alBroward County Case Number: CACE17020761State Reporting Number: 062017CA020761AXXXCECourt Type: Civil Division - Circuit CourtCase Type: Contract and IndebtednessIncident Date: N/AFiling Date: 11/14/2017Court Location: Central CourthouseCase Status: PendingMagistrate Id / Name: N/AJudge ID / Name: 25 Phillips, Carol-Lisa

Ξ

Print

 Party(i 	ies)			Total:
Party		0	Attorneys / Address	
			★ Denotes Lead Attorney	

Party Type	Party Name	Address	 Attorneys / Address Denotes Lead Attorney
Plaintiff	Assael, Steven F		 ★ Eggnatz, Joshua H, ESQ. Retained Bar ID: 67926 EGGNATZ PASCUCCI 5400 S. University Drive Suite 417 Davie, FL 33328
Defendant	iCare Health Solutions LLC		 ★ Hibnick, Cynthia Barnett Retained Bar ID: 375705 LUBELL ROSEN Columbus Center One Alhambra Plaza, Suite 1410 Coral Gables, FL 33134
Defendant	Prefered Care Partners		

Total: 0 Disposition(s)

There is no Disposition information available for this case.

Date 🗢	Description	Additional Text	View	Pages ¢
12/20/2017	Order Extending Time	TO RESPOND TO COMPLAINT		1

Date 🗢	Description	Additional Text	View	Pages ¢
12/19/2017	Agreed Order	EXTENDING DEADLINE FOR DEFENDANT PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC. TO RESPOND TO COMPLAINT	Ľ	1
12/18/2017	Notice of Appearance	AND DESIGNATION OF PRIMARY EMAIL ADDRESSES Party: <i>Defendant</i> iCare Health Solutions LLC		2
11/15/2017	Filing Fee	Payor: STEVEN N SAUL ; Userid: CTS-fg/t ; Receipt: 20171FA1A156219; ; Amount: \$401.00		
11/15/2017	Summons Issued Fee	Payor: STEVEN N SAUL ; Userid: CTS-fg/t ; Receipt: 20171FA1A156219; ; Amount: \$10.00		
11/15/2017	Summons Issued Fee	Payor: STEVEN N SAUL ; Userid: CTS-fg/t ; Receipt: 20171FA1A156219; ; Amount: \$10.00		
11/14/2017	Civil Cover Sheet			2

Date 🕈	Description	Additional Text	View	Pages \$
11/14/2017	eSummons Issuance	iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC	Ŀ	3
11/14/2017	eSummons Issuance	Preferred Care Partners, Inc		4
11/14/2017	Complaint (eFiled)	CLASS ACTION AGAINST PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., AND iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC Party: <i>Plaintiff</i> Assael, Steven F	Ŀ	292

- Hearing(s)

There is no Hearing information available for this case.

- Related Case(s)

There is no related case information available for this case.

Brenda D. Forman

Clerk of Court

Broward County 17th Judicial Circuit

MORE ABOUT THE CLERK (/ABOUTUS/ABOUTTHEOFFICE#ABOUTTHECLERK)

Connect with Us

~

>

Total: 0

Total: 0

COURTHOUSE LOCATIONS (/ABOUTUS/HOURSANDLOCATIONS#COURTHOUSELOCATIONS)	>
CONTACT US (/ABOUTUS/ABOUTTHEOFFICE#CONTACTUS)	>
DISCLAIMER AGREEMENT (/GENERALINFORMATION/MISCELLANEOUS#DISCLAIMERAGREEMENT)	>
CLERK DIRECTORY (/ABOUTUS/HOURSANDLOCATIONS#CLERKDIRECTORY)	>
Accessibility & Support	
ADA NOTICE (/GENERALINFORMATION/MISCELLANEOUS#ADA)	Ġ
PRINT	₽
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (HTTPS://WWW.BROWARDCLERK.ORG//WEB2/CASESEARCH/FREQUENTQUESTIONS/)	

GLOSSARY OF TERMS (HTTPS://WWW.BROWARDCLERK.ORG//WEB2/CASESEARCH/GLOSSARY/)

Main Courthouse Location

201 SE 6th Street

Fort Lauderdale Florida, US 33301 Phone: (954) 831-6565

REQUEST PUBLIC RECORDS

(/GENERALINFORMATION/MISCELLANEOUS#PUBLICRECORDSCUSTODIAN) > PURSUANT TO 119.12 (2), F.S.

Under Florida law, email addresses are public records. If you do not want your email address released in response to a public records request, do not send electronic mail to this entity. Instead, contact this office by phone or in writing. © 2017 - All rights reserved

^

>>

Filing # 6418/942 E-Filed 11/14/2017 04:20:50 PM

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 7 of 310

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

.

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Case No.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Class Representation Allegations

Defendants.

PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Steven F. Assael ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of himself individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by and through counsel, brings this action against Defendants Preferred Care Partners, Inc. ("Preferred Care") and iCare Health Solutions LLC ("iCare"), and states as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This case arises from Defendants' uniformly unlawful conduct, which has uniformly injured thousands of people in exactly the same way. Defendant's unlawful conduct is embodied in, and carried out through, a failure to live up to the terms of a contract of insurance with Class Members (as defined below).

2. This is an action brought by Plaintiff on his own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly situated, who have entered into health benefit care contracts with Preferred Care, which is wholly owned by United HealthGroup, Inc., and whose contracts name iCare as its partner and/or sub-contractor that provides benefits to beneficiaries via participating eye care retail outlets for services including the purchase of prescription eye glass lenses, frames and contact lenses ("Eye Wear Benefits").

3. The contracts and/or corresponding summary of benefits provided by Preferred Care to Plaintiff and the other members of the class and Preferred Care provide for a credit of either a \$200 or \$300 ("Benefit Limitation"), depending on the particular policy, to be used toward lenses/ frames and contact lenses. However, unbeknownst to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, iCare is improperly limiting member benefits to eye glass lenses, frames *or* contact lenses, even if the combined cost of each is below the Benefit Limitation. Simply put, iCare and Preferred Care failed to follow the contractual terms clearly set forth in the policy language provided to the Class as written in the membership contracts and the summary of benefits brochures.

4. In addition, a member can only get the full Benefit Limitation provided if their purchase happens to be \$200 or \$300 or they purchase items that cost more than benefit provided, because, as explained in a letter from a Preferred Care representative to Plaintiff, in addition to the annual credit only being permitted to be used for one item, lenses/frames or contacts, not both, as the language in Preferred Care contract and summary of benefits clearly indicates, the annual credit benefit is purportedly a one-time use, meaning that if a member does not use the full amount of the Benefit Limitation in his first claim then the member loses the remaining balance of the credit. Finally, iCare retailers charge an excessive amount for their lenses, well above market value and at a price equal to their full credit, thereby preventing subscribers from the full benefit of the true value of the Eye Wear Benefit.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 9 of 310

5. Plaintiff is, and was, at all relevant times, a resident and citizen of Broward County, Florida. Plaintiff is, and was, a party to a health benefits contract, as more fully explained below, he entered into with Defendant Preferred Care.

6. Defendant Preferred Care, is a Florida Corporation headquartered at 9100 S Dadeland Blvd. #1250, Miami, FL 33156. Preferred Care is a wholly owned subsidiary of United HealthGroup, the parent of United HealthCare. Preferred Care is a health plan with a Medicare contract that offers Medicare Advantage Plans to Medicare beneficiaries in Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach counties. Preferred Care is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies.

7. Defendant iCare Health Solutions LLC ("iCare"), is a Florida, limited liability company headquartered at 7352 NW 34TH Street, Miami, FL 33122-1266. iCare provides fully-integrated networks of optometric and ophthalmic professionals. Preferred Care is listed as a partner of iCare on the iCare website. iCare is in effect a subcontractor of Preferred Care in administering the Vision Care Benefits portion of the Benefits Contract, as explained more fully below, for persons who have entered into a Benefits Contract with Preferred Care ("Beneficiaries"). In connection with dispensing Vision Care Benefits, iCare provides to Beneficiaries a list of participating providers ("Providers").

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

8. This Court has personal jurisdiction. Defendants are a Florida corporation and Florida limited liability company that are domiciled in Florida, do business in Florida and are registered with Florida's Secretary of State.

9. Venue is proper in this Circuit because, at all relevant times, Plaintiff resided in this County, a substantial portion of the events giving rise to this action occurred in this

3

Circuit and Defendants do business in this Circuit, from which they receive substantial compensation. At all times material to the allegations contained herein, Defendants personally or through their agents:

(a) Operated, conducted, engaged in, and carried on a business venture in

this District or had an office or agency in this District; and/or

(b) Engaged in substantial activity within Florida and this District.

CLASS REPRESENTATION ALLEGATIONS

10. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action on behalf of a class of all persons

participating in one of the Preferred Care plans ("Preferred Care Plan") set forth below:

- (a) 2017 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO^1)
- (b) 2017 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
- (c) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP²)
- (d) 2017 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)
- (e) 2017 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)
- (f) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)
- (g) 2016 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)
- (h) 2016 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)³
- (i) 2016 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

^{1. &}quot;HMO" refers to a Health Maintenance Organization is a health insurance organization to which subscribers pay a predetermined fee in return for a range of medical services from physicians and healthcare workers registered with the organization.

^{2. &}quot;SNP" means a Special Needs Plan which limits membership to people with specific diseases or characteristics.

^{3. &}quot;POS" means a Point of Service Plan. An HMO with a POS feature allows the subscriber to be treated by providers outside of the network for care but for an additional charge.

- (j) 2016 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)
- (k) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP)
- (l) 2016 Preferred Secure Option (HMO)
- (m) 2016 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)
- (n) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)
- (o) 2015 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)
- (p) 2015 Preferred Secure Option (HMO
- (q) 2015 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP)
- (r) 2015 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
- (s) 2015 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)
- (t) 2015 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)

11. Excluded from the Class are:

(a) Defendants and any entities in which Defendants has a controlling interest;

(b) Any entities in which Defendants' officers, directors, or employees are employed and any of the legal representatives, heirs, successors, or assigns of Defendants;

(c) All persons or entities that properly execute and timely file a request for exclusion from the Class;

(d) Any attorneys representing the Plaintiff or the other members of the class.

12. A class action is the proper form to bring Plaintiff's claims under the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure ("FRCP") 1.220. The potential Class is so large that joinder of all members would be impracticable. Additionally, there are questions of law or fact common

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 12 of 310 to the Class, the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or

defenses of the Class, and the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class.

13. This action satisfies all of the requirements of FRCP, including numerosity, commonality, typicality, adequacy, predominance and superiority.

14. Numerosity: the Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. While the exact number is not known at this time, it is believed to be at least in the hundreds, if not in the thousands, and is generally ascertainable by appropriate discovery.

15. **Commonality**: the claims made by Plaintiff meet the commonality requirement because they raise questions of law or fact common to the questions of law or fact raised by the claim of each other member of the class, and resolving these questions will resolve the class wide litigation. These shared questions predominate over individual questions, and they include, without limitation:

(a) Whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class entered into contracts with Preferred Care;

(b) Whether such contracts provide for vision benefits including Eye Wear Benefits for Plaintiff and the other members of the class;

(c) Whether Preferred Care breached such contract by failing to provide all the contractually owed Eye Wear Benefits;

(d) Whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are third party beneficiaries of a contract between Preferred Care and iCare regarding the provision of vision services;

(e) Whether Defendants owed duties to the Plaintiff and the other proposed Class members, and whether they breached those duties;

(f) Whether consumers such as the Plaintiff and the other proposed Class members were harmed by Defendants' actions, as described in detail above;

(g) Whether Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are entitled to equitable or injunctive relief; and

(h) The extent of the damages caused by the Defendants' acts.

16. **Typicality**: Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of each of the other Class members because Plaintiff, like every other Class member, was subject to iCare's failure to act in accordance with the benefit contract with Preferred Care.

17. Adequacy: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the other members of the Class in that he has no disabling conflicts of interest that would be antagonistic to those of the other members of the Class. Plaintiff seeks no relief that is antagonistic or adverse to the members of the Class and the infringement of the rights and the damages he has suffered are typical of other Class members. Moreover, he is ready willing and able to take the appropriate steps that are necessary to achieve the best possible recovery for the class and see to it that the rights of the other class members are protected. He has also retained counsel that is experienced in the representations of classes.

18. Superiority: The class litigation is an appropriate method for fair and efficient adjudication of the claims involved. Class action treatment is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy alleged herein; it will permit a large number of class members to prosecute their common claims in a single forum simultaneously, efficiently, and without the unnecessary duplication of evidence, effort and expense that hundreds of individual actions would require. Class action treatment

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ. Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017. Page 14 of 310 not individually afford to litigate a complex claim against large corporate defendants. Further, even for those class members who could afford to litigate such a claim, it would still be economically impractical.

19. The nature of this action and the laws available to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class make the use of the class action device a particularly efficient and appropriate procedure to afford relief to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class for the wrongs alleged. Without the class action mechanism, Defendants would necessarily gain an unconscionable advantage since they would be able to exploit and overwhelm the limited resources of each individual Class member with superior financial and legal resources; and the costs of individual suits could unreasonably consume the amounts that would be recovered. Likewise, proof of a common course of conduct to which Plaintiff was exposed is representative of that experienced by the other members of the Class, and will establish the right of each member of the Class to recover on the cause of action alleged; and Individual actions would create a risk of inconsistent results and would be unnecessary and duplicative of this litigation.

20. The prosecution of separate claims or defenses by or against individual members of the class would create a risk of either:

- A. inconsistent or varying adjudications concerning individual members of the class which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the party opposing the class; or
- B. adjudications concerning individual members of the class which would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of other members of the class who are not parties to the adjudications, or substantially impair or impede the ability of other members of the class who are not parties to the adjudications to protect their interests;

21. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class. The interests of the class representative are consistent with those of the other members of the Class. In addition, Plaintiff is represented by experienced and able counsel who have expertise in the areas of class actions and complex litigation.

22. The class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Because of the number and nature of common questions of fact and law, multiple separate lawsuits would not serve the interest of judicial economy.

23. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed class and to modify, amend or remove proposed subclasses, before the Court determines whether certification is appropriate and as the parties engage in discovery.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

24. Plaintiff is Medicare eligible. He is a signatory to a Preferred Care contract (2017 Preferred Care Broward) which, according to the term of the 2017 Preferred Care contract at page 155 and 156 provided for Vision Care Benefits for Routine Eye Wear of \$0 copayment and that subscribers "receive a total credit of \$200 toward your purchase of lenses/frames and contact lenses."⁴ Preferred Care also makes available a document entitled "Benefit Highlights" Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP), which lists all various medical benefits, benefits and services beyond original Medicare and prescription drugs. Among the other benefits and services provided for is for "Vision-eyewear." According to the Benefit Highlights the cost of "Vision-eyewear" is \$0 copay every year, up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts.⁵ In addition Preferred Care's Evidence of Coverage ("EOC")

^{4.} Plaintiff's Evidence of Coverage for 2017 is attached and incorporated hereto as "Exhibit A."

^{5.} A copy of the Benefit Highlights is attached and incorporated hereto as "Exhibit

for the Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), as well as for the other plans in Broward County and for plans in Miami/Dade County and Palm Beach County listed in paragraph 10 above, can also be found on Preferred Care's website and contains the following language in Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart under Vision Care: "**Routine Eye Wear:** \$0 copayment; receive a total credit of \$200 toward your purchase of lenses/frames and contact lenses".

25. The Eye Wear Benefits services are provided through Preferred Care's contracted partner, iCare, which also provides a document to the Preferred Care subscribers, setting forth what it claims are the Eye Wear Benefits to subscribers. However, the iCare document is inconsistent with the plain language of the insurance contract with Preferred Care. With respect to eyewear, it states, "Eyewear benefit must be used towards the purchase of a complete pair of eye glasses (frame & lenses) or contact lenses". Thus, rather than providing the Benefit Limitation of a credit of \$200 towards lenses, frames and contacts, contrary to the binding contract, Defendants are limiting benefits to a \$200 credit that can be used towards one purchase of lenses and frames *or* contact lenses, thereby improperly denying Plaintiff and members of the Class the full value of their contracted for benefits

26. The disclosures at issue to Plaintiff and the other Class Members are uniform in all material respects. The other relevant contracts, as set forth in the highlights section on the web page for each plan have a substantially similar provision, in fact, identical except as to amount of credit, as follows:

(a) 2017 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO)/Vision – eyewear: \$0 co-pay
 every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

B."

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZean Oppune200163 lenses frames and Son Docket 12/29/2017 Page 17 of 310

(c) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP)/Vision - eyewear: \$0

co-pay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(d) 2017 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)/Vision –

eyewear: \$0 co-pay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(e) 2017 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)/Vision – eyewear: \$0

co-pay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(f) 2017 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)/Vision –

eyewear: \$0 co-pay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(g) 2016 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay

every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(h) 2016 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay
 every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(i) 2016 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay
 every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(j) 2016 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)/Visioneyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(k) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO SNP)/Vision-eyewear: \$0
 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(l) 2016 Preferred Secure Option (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay
 every year; up to \$100 for lenses/frames and contacts

(m) 2016 Preferred Choice Palm Beach (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(n) 2016 Preferred Medicare Assist Palm Beach (HMO SNP)/Vision-

eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(o) 2015 Preferred Special Care Miami-Dade (HMO SNP)/Vision eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(p) 2015 Preferred Secure Option (HMO/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copayevery year; up to \$100 for lenses/frames and contacts

(q) 2015 Preferred Medicare Assist (HMO-POS SNP)/Vision eye-wear:
 \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

(r) 2015 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)/Vision-eyewear \$0 copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(s) 2015 Preferred Choice Dade (HMO-POS)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts

(t) 2015 Preferred Complete Care (HMO)/Vision-eyewear: \$0 copay every year; up to \$300 for lenses/frames and contacts

27. On August 2, 2017, Plaintiff went to Coconut Creek Optical, in Coconut Creek, Florida, a provider identified by iCare as a participating eye care establishment, to utilize the \$200 credit towards Eye Wear Benefits, including eye glass lenses and contacts. However, in breach of the Preferred Care contract, the provider advised that it was only authorized to provide a credit for the purchase of *either* regular lenses and frames *or* contact lenses, not both. Moreover, the provider advised that the credit could only be used towards eye glass lenses if Plaintiff also purchased frames with them. Because the provider refused to apply the total \$200 credit toward more than one covered product, Plaintiff's only choice, if he was to be able to utilize the Eyewear Benefit Limitation at all, was to order a complete pair of glasses or contact lenses.

28. Such refusal to allow Plaintiff to use the credit for a combination of regular lenses, frames and/or contact lenses violate the plain contract language.

29. The Plaintiff received a letter dated August 18, 2017 from Amy Winklesky, the Grievance Coordinator for United Healthcare, on Preferred Care's letterhead, in response to Plaintiff's grievance letter dated July 10, 2017 in which Plaintiff complained about the way Defendants were interpreting and supplying the Eyewear benefits provided in the benefits contract. In the August 18th letter, Ms. Winklesky explained Preferred Care's position regarding the wording in the Evidence of Coverage ("EOC"), a document applicable to every class member. Her letter stated the following: "When using your benefits, you arc able to get lenses and frames or contact lenses, not both." This clearly contradicts the wording in the EOC which states that a vision benefit "up to \$200 for lenses/frames *and* contacts" is provided pursuant to the plan.

١

30. In addition, Ms. Winklesky, on behalf of Preferred Care, stated that the annual credit provided for under the plan "is a one-time use." She gave the following example to illustrate that: "If a member has a \$300 annual credit, but only used \$150, the member would lose the remaining balance of the credit." Class members would not have understood this to be the policy because it is not set forth in the benefit's contract or in the summary of benefits. Plaintiff and the other members of the class have no way of knowing that unless the eye wear products you are purchasing cost the full amount of the annual credit or above the annual credit, they would not receive the full benefit of the vision credit that they have contracted for with Preferred Care.

31. Defendants' conduct and the resultant harm is continuing and ongoing. Absent an injunctive order by this Court, Plaintiff and Class will continue to be harmed by Defendants' wrongful conduct.

13

<u>COUNT I</u>

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 20 of 310 BREACH OF CONTRACT

(Against Defendant Preferred Care)

32. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the other members of the proposed Class,

repeats and realleges all proceeding paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.

33. Plaintiff entered into a contract with Defendant Preferred Care to provide health care services, as evidenced by Exhibits A & B to this Complaint.

34. Plaintiff agreed to the terms and conditions to the contract and performed his end of the bargain by timely paying his premiums.

35. Similarly, at various times during the class period, numerous other class members entered into health care services contract with Preferred Care which by their terms are to provide virtually almost identical services and in particular with respect to Eyewear provide the Benefit Limitation as set forth above.

36. Similarly, all of the other class members agreed to the terms and conditions to their contracts and performed their end of the bargain by timely paying their premiums.

37. Defendant Preferred Care failed to satisfy its obligations under the contract in that it failed to provide to Plaintiff the full market value of the contracted credit toward Eye Wear Benefits.

38. As a result, Defendant Preferred Care has breached its contract with Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, and the Class Members have been damaged in an amount equal to the difference between the fair market value of the Eye Wear Benefits credit actually provided and the full allowable credit under the policy. Defendants have also breached their contract with Plaintiff and the other members of the Class by failing to allow them to use

14

their \$200 or \$300 credit for more than one Eyewear product as provided for in their contract, and by limiting the credit to only a one-time use "use-it or lose-it," restriction.

39. In addition, and/or in the alternative to actual damages, Defendants should be ordered to perform their contractual obligation and permit Plaintiff and the other members of the Class to use their credit to obtain as many Eyewear products as would have been covered by the total amount of the credit.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief, including costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT II

For Enforcement of Third Party Beneficiary Contract (Against Defendant iCare)

40. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the other members of the proposed Class, repeats and realleges all proceeding paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.

41. Preferred Care entered into one or more contracts with iCare for it to provide, through participating eye care facilities, vision services, such as the sale of lenses, frames and contact lenses to subscribers to Preferred Care contracts.

42. Although they were not signatories to the contracts with iCare, Plaintiffs and the other members of the class were the intended beneficiaries of such contract and thus they are intended third party beneficiaries.

43. Upon information and belief, the contracts between Preferred Care and iCare provided for iCare to provide to Plaintiff and the other members of the Class the Eye Wear Benefits provided for in the contracts that Preferred Care had entered into with Plaintiff and the other members of the Class.

44. The contracts between Preferred Care and iCare were breached because iCare, through its participating providers, did not provide the benefits that Preferred Care was supposed to provide in that the iCare participating providers have limited and continue to limit the contractual credit to regular lenses *or* contact lenses, despite being required to permit the credit to be used for regular lenses, frames and contact lenses, up to the full credit amount. In addition, contrary to the contractual provision, the iCare provider would not permit customers to purchase lenses for their own eyeglass frames without purchase of lenses, and are charging an excessive amount for Eye Wear Benefits that unfairly use up the Benefit Limitation.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief, including costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees.

COUNT III

FOR UNJUST ENRICHMENT (Against Defendant Preferred Care)

45. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the other members of the proposed Class, repeats and realleges all proceeding paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.

46. Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed Class conferred a benefit on Defendant Preferred Care by purchasing insurance and paying premiums.

47. Defendant Preferred Care has further benefited monetarily from the improper conduct by failing to provide the full benefit of Eye Wear Benefits to which Plaintiff and the other members of the class are entitled thus reducing its cost.

48. Defendant Preferred Care's benefit came at the expense and detriment of Plaintiff and the other Class members.

49. Defendant Preferred Care has thus unjustly enriched itself in retaining the premiums derived from the deceptive insurance contracts.

50. Plaintiffs and the other members of the proposed class were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Preferred Care's deceptive and unfair activities.

16

Case 0:17-cy-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page, 23 of 310

Defendants must pay restitution to Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed class for its unjust enrichment, as ordered by the Court.

52. Equity and good conscience require that Defendant Preferred Care disgorge its profits made thereby, and Plaintiff and the other members of the class further seek restitution on this basis.

53. Plaintiff brings this cause of action in the alternative to his legal claims for

relief.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and Class are entitled to damages and injunctive relief,

including costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and members of the proposed class pray for relief and

judgment against Defendants, jointly and severally, as follows:

- a. For an order certifying the proposed class, appointing Plaintiff and his counsel to represent the proposed class and notice to the proposed classes to be paid by Defendants;
- b. For damages suffered by Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed class;

(

- c. For restitution to Plaintiff and the other members of the proposed class of all monies wrongfully obtained by Defendants;
- d. For injunctive relief requiring Defendants to perform and honor the contracts between them and the Plaintiff and the other members of the Class;
- e. An order awarding declaratory relief, retrospective and prospective injunctive relief as permitted by law or equity, including enjoining Defendants from continuing the unlawful practices as set forth herein, and injunctive relief to remedy Defendants' past conduct;

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ DEeuRlaintiff's researched attorness feesere provided by have age 24 of 310

- g. For Plaintiff's costs incurred, including the costs of all experts retained;
- h. For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum allowable rate on any amounts awarded; and
- i. For such other and further relief that this Court deems just and proper under equity or law, including the award of punitive damages.

].

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all counts so triable.

Dated: November 14, 2017

EGGNATZ | PASCUCCI

By: /s/ Joshua H. Eggnatz Joshua H. Eggnatz, Esq. Fla. Bar No. 67926 Michael J. Pascucci, Esq. Fla. Bar. No.: 83397 Steven N. Saul, Esq. Fla. Bar No. 1002827 EGGNATZ | PASCUCCI 5400 S. University Drive Ste. 417 Tel: (954) 889-3359 Fax: (954) 889-5913 MPascucci@JusticeEarned.com JEggantz@JusticeEarned.com SSaul@JusticeEarned.com

STULL, STULL & BRODY Mark Levine Melissa Emert (Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming) 6 East 45th Street New York, NY 10017 Tel: (212) 687-7230 Fax: (212) 490-2022 Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on PErst Store 292/2017 Page 25 of 310

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven Assael and the putative class



Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)







Y0066_H1045_005_2017 Accepted

January 1 – December 31, 2017

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of our plan

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2017. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need.

This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This plan, Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), is offered by UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. (When this **Evidence of Coverage** says "we," "us," or "our," it means UnitedHealthcare. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).)

Preferred Care Partners is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies, a Medicare Advantage organization with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan's contract renewal with Medicare.

This information is available for free in other languages.

Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-866-231-7201 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711). Hours are 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.

Esta información está disponible sin costo en otros idiomas.

Para obtener más información, por favor comuníquese con Servicio al Cliente al 1-866-231-7201. (Usuarios TTY deben llamar 711). Horario es de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m., hora local, los 7 días de la semana.

El Servicio al Cliente también tiene disponible, de forma gratuita, servicios de interpretación para personas que no hablan inglés.

This document may be available in an alternate format such as Braille, large print or audio. Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-866-231-7201, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7

Y0066_H1045_005_2017 Accepted Form CMS 10260-ANOC/EOC (Approved 03/2014)

OMB Approval 0938-1051

days a week, for additional information.

Benefits, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2018.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

Y0066_H1045_005_2017 Accepted Form CMS 10260-ANOC/EOC (Approved 03/2014)

OMB Approval 0938-1051

multi-language interpreter Services

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 29 of 310 English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-866-231-7201. Someone who speaks English/ Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-866-231-7201. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您 需要此翻译服务,请致电1-866-231-7201。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如 需翻譯服務,請致電1-866-231-7201。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-866-231-7201. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-866-231-7201. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-866-231-7201 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-866-231-7201. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화1-866-231-7201번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-866-231-7201. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

اننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على :Arabic بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا 1-866-231-7201 . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية مجانية

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके कसिी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लएि हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषयाि सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषयाि प्राप्त करने के लएि, बस हमें 1-866-231-7201 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्त जो हनि्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-866-231-7201. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contactenos através do número 1-866-231-7201. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-866-231-7201. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-866-231-7201. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の 通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-866-231-7201にお電話くださ い。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサー ビスです。 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Table of Contents

2017 Evidence of Coverage

Table of Contents

This list of chapters and page numbers is your starting point. For more help in finding information you need, go to the first page of a chapter. You will find a detailed list of topics at the beginning of each chapter.

CHAPTER 1	Getting started as a member1-1	
	Explains what it means to be in a Medicare health plan and how to use this booklet. Tells about materials we will send you, your plan premium, your plan member ID card, and keeping your membership record up to date.	
CHAPTER 2	Important phone numbers and resources2-1	
	Tells you how to get in touch with our plan (Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)) and with other organizations including Medicare, the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), the Quality Improvement Organization, Social Security, Medicaid (the state health insurance program for people with low incomes), programs that help people pay for their prescription drugs, and the Railroad Retirement Board.	
CHAPTER 3	Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	
	Explains important things you need to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan. Topics include using the providers in the plan's network and how to get care when you have an emergency.	
CHAPTER 4	Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)	
	Gives the details about which types of medical care are covered and <i>not</i> covered for you as a member of our plan. Explains how much you will pay as your share of the cost for your covered medical care.	
CHAPTER 5	Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	
	Explains rules you need to follow when you get your Part D drugs. Tells how to use the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) to find out which drugs are covered. Tells which kinds of drugs are not covered. Explains several kinds of restrictions that apply to coverage for certain drugs. Explains where to get your prescriptions filled. Tells about the plan's programs for drug safety and managing medications.	
CHAPTER 6	What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	

`

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Table of Contents

	Tells about the four stages of drug coverage (Deductible Stage, Initial Coverage Stage, Coverage Gap Stage, Catastrophic Coverage Stage) and how these stages affect what you pay for your drugs. Explains the five cost-sharing tiers for your Part D drugs and tells what you must pay for a drug in each cost-sharing tier. Tells about the late enrollment penalty.
CHAPTER 7	Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs7-1
	Explains when and how to send a bill to us when you want to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost for your covered services or drugs.
CHAPTER 8	Your rights and responsibilities8-1
	Explains the rights and responsibilities you have as a member of our plan. Tells what you can do if you think your rights are not being respected.
CHAPTER 9	What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)
	Tells you step-by-step what to do if you are having problems or concerns as a member of our plan.
	 Explains how to ask for coverage decisions and make appeals if you are having trouble getting the medical care or prescription drugs you think are covered by our plan. This includes asking us to make exceptions to the rules or extra restrictions on your coverage for prescription drugs, and asking us to keep covering hospital care and certain types of medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon. Explains how to make complaints about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, and other concerns.
CHAPTER 10	Ending your membership in the plan 10-1
	Explains when and how you can end your membership in the plan. Explains situations in which our plan is required to end your membership.
CHAPTER 11	Legal notices
CHAPTER 12	Definitions of important words

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 33 of 310

CHAPTER 1

Getting started as a member

.

.

1-1

Chapter 1

Getting started as a member

SECTION 1	Introduction	٦
	Section 1.1	You are enrolled in Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), which is a Medicare HMO
	Section 1.2	What is the Evidence of Coverage booklet about?
	Section 1.3	Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage3
SECTION 2	What makes	s you eligible to be a plan member?4
	Section 2.1	Your eligibility requirements4
	Section 2.2	What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?4
	Section 2.3	Here is the plan service area for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)4
	Section 2.4	U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence5
SECTION 3	What other	materials will you get from us?5
	Section 3.1	Your plan member ID card – Use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs
	Section 3.2	The Provider Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network
	Section 3.3	The Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to pharmacies in our network6
	Section 3.4	The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)7
	Section 3.5	The Part D Explanation of Benefits (the "Part D EOB"): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs7
SECTION 4	Your month	ly premium for the plan8
	Section 4.1	How much is your plan premium?8
	Section 4.2	If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty9
	Section 4.3	Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year? 10
SECTION 5	Please keep	your plan membership record up to date11
	Section 5.1	How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you 11

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-2

SECTION 6	We protect the privacy of your personal health information		
	Section 6.1	We make sure that your health information is protected	12
SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan		nsurance works with our plan	12
		Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?	

•

~

.

1-3

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	You are enrolled in Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), which is a	
	Medicare HMO	

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).

There are different types of Medicare health plans. Our plan is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

0			
Section 1.2	What is the Evidence	of Coverage booklet about?	
		U UVELAGE DUURIEL ADUUL:	

This **Evidence of Coverage** booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The word "coverage" and "covered services" refers to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of the plan.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this **Evidence of Coverage** booklet.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan's Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1.3 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

It's part of our contract with you

This **Evidence of Coverage** is part of our contract with you about how the plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called "riders" or "amendments."

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in the plan between January 1, 2017 and December 31, 2017.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of the plan after December 31, 2017. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2017.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-4

Medicare must approve our plan each year

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 21

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)
- - and you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area)
- · and you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- and you do not have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer, or you were a member of a different plan that was terminated.

Section 2.2 What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services), skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies.
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician's services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment and supplies).

Section 2:3 Here is the plan service area for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

Although Medicare is a Federal program, our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Florida: Broward.

If you plan to move out of the service area, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are

printed on the back cover of this booklet). When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Section 2.4	U.S. Citizen or Lawful Pres	· · · · ·
Section 2.4		

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3	What other materials will	you g	get from us	s?

Section 3.1	Your plan member ID card – Use it to get all covered care and	1
	prescription drugs	t

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your member ID card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. Here's a sample member ID card to show you what yours will look like:

Health Plan (80840): 911-87726-04	
Member ID: 9999 Member: SUBSCRIBER BROWN PCP Name: Dr. Provider Brown Member: SUBSCRIBER BROWN 65088 Dr. Provider Brown	For Members DANUTPLE Website: www.mypreferredcare.com Customer Service: 1800-643-4845 NurseLine: 1877-365-7949 Behavioral Health: 1-800-985-2596 Dental: 1-800-985-2596
PCP Phone: (800) 123-4567 RxBin: 610097 MEDICAL GROUP RxPCN: 9999 Copay: PCP/ Spec/ ER RxGrp: COS \$XX/\$XX/\$XX \$XX	For Providers www.mypreferredcare.com 1-877-842-3210 Medical Claim Address: 120 Box 56-5790, Miamí, FL 33256-5790 Medicare Solutions
[<marketing name="" product="">] [Administered by <plan>]</plan></marketing>	Pharmacy Claims DptimRx, PO.Box;29045, Hot Springs, AR 7.1903 For Pharmacists 1-877-889-6510

As long as you are a member of our plan **you must <u>not</u> use your red, white, and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services (with the exception of routine clinical research studies and hospice services). Keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

Here's why this is so important: If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-6

Medicare card instead of using your plan member ID card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan member ID card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Section 3.2 The Provider Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network

The **Provider Directory** lists our network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers.

What are "network providers"?

Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. We included a copy of our durable medical equipment supplier directory in the envelope with this booklet. The most recent list of suppliers is also available on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?

It is important to know which providers are part of our network because, with limited exceptions, while you are a member of our plan you must use network providers to get your medical care and services. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (generally, when you are out of the area), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which our plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers. See Chapter 3 (Using the plan's coverage for your medical services) for more specific information about emergency, out-of-network, and out-of-area coverage.

If you don't have your copy of the **Provider Directory**, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also search for provider information on our website. Both Customer Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network providers. (You can find our website and phone information in Chapter 2 of this booklet.)

Section 3.3 The Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to pharmacies in our network

What are "network pharmacies"?

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members.

1-7

Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?

You can use the **Pharmacy Directory** to find the network pharmacy you want to use. There are changes to our network of pharmacies for next year. An updated Pharmacy Directory is located on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com. You may also call Customer Service for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a Pharmacy Directory. **Please review the 2017 Pharmacy Directory to see which pharmacies are in our network.**

If you don't have the **Pharmacy Directory**, you can get a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). At any time, you can call Customer Service to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Section 3:4

The plan has a **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in our plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will send you a copy of the Drug List. The Drug List we send to you includes information for the covered drugs that are most commonly used by our members. However, we cover additional drugs that are not included in the printed Drug List. If one of your drugs is not listed in the Drug List, you should visit our website or contact Customer Service to find out if we cover it. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (www.myPreferredCare.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section[3:5] (Interplate Distribution of Benefits (the "Part DIEOB"): Reports with a construction of Benefits (the "Part DIEOB"): Reports with a construction of the section of the sectio

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (or the "Part D EOB").

The **Part D Explanation of Benefits** tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. **Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs)** gives more information about the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 1: Getting started as a member	1-8

A **Part D Explanation of Benefits** summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 4 Your monthly premium for the plan

Section 4.1	How much is your plan premium?

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for our plan. You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

In some situations, your plan premium could be more

In some situations, your plan premium could be more than the amount listed above in Section 4.1. This situation is described below.

- Some members are required to pay a late enrollment penalty because they did not join a Medicare drug plan when they first became eligible or because they had a continuous period of 63 days or more when they didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage. ("Creditable" means the drug coverage is at least as good as Medicare's standard drug coverage.) For these members, the late enrollment penalty is added to the plan's monthly premium. Their premium amount will be the monthly plan premium plus the amount of their late enrollment penalty.
 - If you are required to pay the late enrollment penalty, the amount of your penalty depends on how long you waited before you enrolled in drug coverage or how many months you were without drug coverage after you became eligible. Chapter 6, Section 10 **explains the late enrollment penalty.**
 - If you have a late enrollment penalty and do not pay it, you could be disenrolled from the plan.

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must be entitled to Medicare Part A and enrolled in Medicare Part B. For that reason, some plan members (those who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. And most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.

Some people pay an extra amount for Part D because of their yearly income. This is known as Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amounts, also known as IRMAA. If your income is greater than \$85,000 for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or greater than \$170,000 for married couples, **you must pay an extra amount directly to the government (not the Medicare plan)** for your Medicare Part D coverage.

- If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.
- If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, **not your Medicare plan**, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be.
- For more information about Part D premiums based on income, go to Chapter 6, Section 11 of this booklet. You can also visit http://www.medicare.gov on the web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you may call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778.

Your copy of **Medicare & You 2017** gives information about the Medicare premiums in the section called "2017 Medicare Costs." This explains how the Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of **Medicare & You 2017** from the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.2 If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty

If you pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, there are four ways you can pay the penalty. Please contact Customer Service to notify us of your payment option choice or if you'd like to change your existing option. (You can find our phone number on the back cover of this booklet.)

If you decide to change the way you pay your late enrollment penalty, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your late enrollment penalty is paid on time.

Option 1: You can pay by check

We will send you a monthly bill for your late enrollment penalty. Make your payment payable to UnitedHealthcare. Please see your payment coupon or bill for the mailing address and other information. Include your member ID number on your check or money order. If making a payment for more than one member, include a payment coupon for each member. Include the member ID number for each member on the check or money order. All payments must be received on or before the due date shown on the monthly bill. If you need your monthly bill replaced, please call Customer Service.

Option 2: Electronic Funds Transfer

Instead of paying by check, you can have your late enrollment penalty automatically deducted from your checking account. Your monthly payment will be deducted around the 5th of each month. If

you wish to sign up for Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), you may follow the instructions on your monthly bill, or you may call Customer Service.

Option 3: You can pay by credit card

Instead of paying by check, you can pay your late enrollment penalty with your credit card. If you wish to sign up to use your credit card to pay your late enrollment penalty please call Customer Service.

Option 4: You can have the late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check

You can have the late enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your penalty this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

What to do if you are having trouble paying your late enrollment penalty

Your late enrollment penalty is due in our office by the first day of the month. If we have not received your penalty payment by the first day of the month, we will send you a delinquency notice. In addition, we have the right to pursue collection of these penalty amounts you owe. If you are having trouble paying your late enrollment penalty on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your penalty. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Section48 Canwechangeyour monthlyplan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to begin charging a monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may need to start paying or may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty. (The late enrollment penalty may apply if you had a continuous period of 63 days or more when you didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage.) This could happen if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year:

- If you currently pay the late enrollment penalty and become eligible for "Extra Help" during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you ever lose "Extra Help", you must maintain your Part D coverage or you could be subject to a late enrollment penalty.

You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

1-11

SECTION 5 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

Section 5:1: How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

Let us know about these changes:

- · Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number.
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid).
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident.
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home.
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room.
 - If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes.
 - If you are participating in a clinical research study.

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 7 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 6 We protect the privacy of your personal health information

.

Section 6.1 We make sure that your health information is protected

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.4 of this booklet.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Section 7.1 Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- · No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- · Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 47 of 310

CHAPTER 2

Important phone numbers and resources

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

2-1

Chapter 2

Important phone numbers and resources

	SECTION 1	Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)
	SECTION 2	Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)7
······	SECTION 3	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)9
	SECTION 4	Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare) 10
	SECTION 5	Social Security11
	SECTION 6	Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)
	SECTION 7	Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs 12
	SECTION 8	How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board15
	SECTION 9	Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?16
	SECTION 10	Additional Benefits Contact List

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

2-2

SECTION 1 Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)

How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing or member ID card questions, please call or write to our plan Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service - Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non- English speakers.
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners PO Box 56-5748, Miami, FL 33256
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	1-888-659-0618
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners PO Box 56-5748, Miami, FL 33256
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited appeals for medical care: 1-877-262-9203 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For fast/expedited appeals only: 1-866-373-1081
WRITE	Appeals and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

2-4

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Melliod	Complaints about Medical Carc Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8.p.m. local.time, 7_days a week For fast/expedited complaints about medical care: 1-877-262-9203 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For fast/expedited complaints only: 1-866-373-1081
WRITE	Appeals and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefit included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

2-5

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	1-800-527-0531
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners PO Box 56-5748 Miami, FL 33256
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited appeals for Part D prescription drugs: 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
FAX	For standard Part D prescription drug appeals: 1-866-308-6294 For fast/expedited Part D prescription drug appeals: 1-866-308-6296
WRITE	Part D Appeal and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0197, Cypress, CA 90630-9948
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs - Contact Information
CALL	 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited complaints about Part D prescription drugs: 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For standard Part D prescription drug complaints: 1-866-308-6294 For fast/expedited Part D prescription drug complaints: 1-866-308-6296
WRITE	Part D Appeal and Grievance Department PO Box 6106, MS CA124-0197, Cypress, CA 90630-9948

2-6

2-7

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	Part D prescription drug payment requests: 1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
WRITE	Preferred Care Partners Inc PO Box 30448, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0448
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

2-8

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called "CMS"). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations, including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
ТТҮ	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
WEBSITE	http://www.medicare.gov
	This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.
	The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:
	 Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information. Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO):
	• Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/ home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
	• Minimum essential coverage (MEC): Coverage under this Plan qualifies as minimum essential coverage (MEC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information on the individual requirement for MEC.

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In your state, the SHIP is called SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs.

Your SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

2-10

Method	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information Florida SHINE Program Department of Elder Affairs
CALL	1-800-963-5337
ттү	1-800-955-8770 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	4040 Esplanade Way, STE 270, Tallahassee, FL 32399-7000
WEBSITE	www.floridashine.org

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Florida, the Quality Improvement Organization is called KEPRO. Your state's Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The state's Quality Improvement Organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact your state's Quality Improvement Organization in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – Contact Information Florida KEPRO
CALL	1-844-455-8708
ТТҮ	1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

2-11

Method	Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – Contact Information Florida KEPRO
WRITE	5201 W Kennedy BLVD, STE 900, Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	http://www.keproqio.com

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
ТТҮ	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	http://www.ssa.gov

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

SECTION 6 Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These "Medicare Savings Programs" help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Qualified Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

If you have questions about the assistance you get from Medicaid, contact your state Medicaid agency.

Method	State Medicaid Program – Contact Information Florida Florida Medicaid Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA)
CALL	1-866-762-2237
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	2727 Mahan DR, Mail Stop 6, Tallahassee, FL 32308
WEBSITE	www.ahca.myflorida.com

SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

2-12

Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

People with limited income and resources may qualify for "Extra Help." Some people automatically qualify for "Extra Help" and don't need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for "Extra Help."

You may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 (applications), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications). (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information.)

If you believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has established a process that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- Please call the customer service number in Chapter 2 Section 1. Our Customer Service Advocates can help get your copayment amount corrected.
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program

,

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs to Part D enrollees who have reached the coverage gap and are not receiving "Extra Help." For branded drugs, the 50% discount provided by manufacturers excludes any dispensing fee for costs in the gap. The enrollee would pay the dispensing fee on the portion of the cost, which is paid by the plan (10% in 2017).

2-14

If you reach the coverage gap, we will automatically apply the discount when your pharmacy bills you for your prescription and your **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) will show any discount provided. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap. The amount paid by the plan (10%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If you reach the coverage gap, the plan pays 49% of the price for generic drugs and you pay the remaining 51% of the price. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (49%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. Also, the dispensing fee is included as part of the cost of the drug.

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program is available nationwide. Because your plan offers additional gap coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 6 for more information about the amount of your copayment or coinsurance during the Coverage Gap Stage. If you have any questions about the availability of discounts for the drugs you are taking or about the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program in general, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call your state ADAP office listed below.

Method	AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) – Contact Information Florida Department of Health ADAP
CALL	1-850-245-4334
WEBSITE	http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/adap/ index.html

2-15

What if you get "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs? Can you get the discounts?

No. If you get "Extra Help," you already get coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

What if you don't get a discount, and you think you should have?

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand name drug, you should review your next **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) notice. If the discount doesn't appear on your **Part D Explanation of Benefits**, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up-to-date. If we don't agree that you are owed a discount, you can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in Section 3 of this Chapter) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board - Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. Available 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday through Friday If you have a touch-tone telephone, recorded information and automated services are available 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
ТТҮ	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are not free.
WEBSITE	http://www.rrb.gov

2-16

SECTION 9 Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

SECTION 10 Additional Benefits Contact List

Your Additional Benefits

Your plan covers additional benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare.

Hearing Exams

Method	HearUSA/HearX = Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Hearing Aids

2-17

Method	HearUSA/HearX – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Vision care

Method	Icare – Contact Information
CALL	1-866-231-7201 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

For routine vision services, choose a network provider from the **Vision Care** section of the directory. Not all network vision providers may be included in this list. This list may change. Please see Chapter 4 of this Evidence of Coverage for details about plan benefits, limitations and exclusions. **Note:** For Medicare-covered vision care (medical conditions of the eye, glaucoma screenings, cataract services, etc.), see the **Specialists** section of the directory.

Dental Services

2-18

Method	Solstice Dental - Contact Information
CALL	1-855-351-8163 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8:30 a.m 5:30 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8:30 a.m 5:30 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday

Since your plan includes additional dental benefits you should refer to the **Dental** section of the Provider Directory to choose a dental provider.

NurseLine

Method	NurseLine sM – Contact Information
CALL	1-855-575-0293 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

Whether you have questions about a medication or have a health concern, with NurseLinesm a registered nurse is only a phone call away, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Routine Transportation (Limited to ground transportation only)

2-19

Method	Contact Information
CALL	1-888-774-7772 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 7 a.m 6 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 7 a.m 6 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
WEBSITE	www.myPreferredCare.com

For more information about your transportation benefit please contact the toll-free number or website above.

Fitness Membership

Method	SilverSneakers® Fitness program – Contact Information
CALL	1-888-423-4632 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday
WEBSITE	silversneakers.com

Stay active with a fitness membership at no additional cost. Choose a fitness center from more than 13,000 locations.

For more information or to find a location near you, contact SilverSneakers® Fitness program at the toll-free number or website above.

Please see Chapter 4 of your Evidence of Coverage for details about plan benefits, limitations and exclusions.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 67 of 310

1

CHAPTER 3

Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	

4

3-1

Chapter 3

Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

SECTION 1	Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan	
	Section 1.1	What are "network providers" and "covered services"?
	Section 1.2	Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan
SECTION 2	Use provide	ers in the plan's network to get your medical care4
	Section 2.1	You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care4
	Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers5
	Section 2.3	How to get care from out-of-network providers6
SECTION 3	-	covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for ing a disaster
	Section 3.1	Getting care if you have a medical emergency
	Section 3.2	Getting care when you have an urgent need for services
	Section 3.3	Getting care during a disaster8
SECTION 4	What if you	are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?
	Section 4.1	You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services
	Section 4.2	If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost9
SECTION 5		ur medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research
	Section 5.1	What is a "clinical research study"?9
	Section 5.2	When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?
SECTION 6		etting care covered in a "religious non-medical health care
	Section 6.1	What is a religious non-medical health care institution?11
	Section 6.2	What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-2

SECTION 7	Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment12
	Cention 7.1 Will you own the downlate medical environment of the second state

•

 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services 3-3

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

Section 111 What are "network providers" and "covered services"?

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- "Providers" are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- "Network providers" are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **"Covered services"** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1:2

As a Medicare health plan, Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

The plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).
- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

3-4

this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).

- You must receive your care from a network provider (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. Here are three exceptions:
 - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-ofnetwork provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
 - If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.3 in this chapter.
 - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

Section 2.1	You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee
	your medical care

What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?

What is a PCP?

A Primary Care Provider (PCP) is a network physician who is selected by you to provide and coordinate your covered services.

What types of providers may act as a PCP?

PCPs are generally physicians specializing in Internal Medicine, Family Practice or General Practice.

What is the role of my PCP?

Your relationship with your PCP is an important one because your PCP is responsible for the coordination of your health care and is also responsible for your routine health care needs. You may want to ask your PCP for assistance in selecting a network specialist and follow-up with your PCP after any specialist visits. It is important for you to develop and maintain a relationship with your PCP.

How do you choose your PCP?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-5

You must select a PCP from the **Provider Directory** at the time of your enrollment. You may, however, visit any network provider you choose.

For a copy of the most recent **Provider Directory**, or for help in selecting a PCP, call Customer Service or visit the website listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet for the most up-to-date information about our network providers.

If you do not select a PCP at the time of enrollment, we may pick one for you. You may change your PCP at any time. See "Changing your PCP" below.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP in our plan.

If you want to change your PCP, call Customer Service. If the PCP is accepting additional plan members, the change will become effective on the first day of the following month. You will receive a new member ID card that shows this change.

Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
Section 2.2	How to get care from specialists and other network providers
	•

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- · Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

Even though your PCP is trained to handle the majority of common health care needs, there may be a time when you feel that you need to see a network specialist. You do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network specialist or behavioral/mental health provider. Although you do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network specialist, your PCP can recommend an appropriate network specialist for your medical condition, answer questions you have regarding a network specialist's treatment plan and provide follow-up health care as needed. For coordination of care, we recommend you notify your PCP when you see a network specialist.

Please refer to the **Provider Directory** for a listing of plan specialists available through your network, or you may consult the **Provider Directory** online at the website listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet.

What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan but if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan you have certain

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

3-6

rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- When possible we will provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed you have the right to file an appeal of our decision.
- If you find out that your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care.

You may call Customer Service for assistance at the number listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet.

Section 2:3 How to get care from out-of network providers.

Care that you receive from out-of-network providers will not be covered unless the care meets one of the three exceptions described in Section 1.2 of this chapter. For information about getting out-of-network care when you have a medical emergency or urgent need for care, please see Section 3 in this chapter.

SECTION 3 How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3:1: Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a "medical emergency" and what should you do if you have one?

A **"medical emergency"** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

• Get help as quickly as possible. Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-7

hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do **not** need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the world. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

If you receive emergency or urgently-needed services outside of the United States or its territories, you generally will be required to pay the bill at the time you receive the services. Most foreign providers are not eligible to receive reimbursement directly from Medicare, and will ask you to pay for the services directly. Ask for a written, detailed bill or receipt showing the specific services provided to you. Send a copy of the itemized bill or an itemized receipt to us to pay you back. You should be prepared to assist us in obtaining any additional information necessary to properly process your request for reimbursement, including medical records.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was **not** an emergency, we will cover additional care **only** if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- **—or—** the additional care you get is considered "urgently needed services" and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

Section 3:2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are "urgently needed services"?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

"Urgently needed services" are non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

What if you are in the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

You should always try to obtain urgently needed services from network providers. However, if providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible and it is not reasonable to wait to obtain care from your network provider when the network becomes available, we will cover urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. Check your **Provider Directory** for a list of network Urgent Care Centers.

What if you are outside the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, our plan will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider at the cost-sharing amount for Urgently Needed Services as described in Chapter 4.

Our plan does not cover any non-urgent or non-emergency care you receive outside of the United States.

Section 3.3

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.myPreferredCare.com for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

Generally, during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost-sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

Section 4 1 - You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-9

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Our plan covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren't covered by our plan, either because they are not plan covered services, or they were obtained out-of-network and were not authorized.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For example, if your plan covers one routine physical exam per year and you receive that routine physical but choose to have a second routine physical within the same year, you pay the full cost of the second routine physical. Any amounts that you pay after you have reached the benefit limitation do not count toward your annual out-of-pocket maximum. (See Chapter 4 for more information on your plan's out-of-pocket maximum.) You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research study"?

Section 5.1	What is a "clinical research study"?
Section 5.1	what is a chinical research study ?

A clinical research study (also called a "clinical trial") is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-10

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has **not** approved, **you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study**.

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study **and** you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do **not** need to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do **not** need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.** Here is why you need to tell us:

- 1. We can let you know whether the clinical research study is Medicare-approved.
- 2. We can tell you what services you will get from clinical research study providers instead of from our plan.

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 5.2	When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays
1	for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your costsharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-11

Here's an example of how the cost-sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and we would pay another \$10. This means that you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will **not** pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were **not** in a study.
- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

.

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care covered in a "religious non-medical health care institution"

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services3-12

Section 6.2	What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered
	by our plan?

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is **voluntary** and **not required** by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is **not** voluntary or **is required** under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to **non-religious** aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - - and you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

You are covered for unlimited days in the hospital, as long as your stay meets Medicare coverage guidelines. The coverage limits are described under **Inpatient Hospital Care** in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

Section 7.1	Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain				
	number of payments under our plan?				

Durable medical equipment includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. Certain items, such as prosthetics, are always owned by the member. In this section, we discuss other types of durable medical equipment that must be rented.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of durable medical equipment own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented durable medical equipment items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your medical services	3-13

circumstances we will transfer ownership of the durable medical equipment item. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

What happens to payments you have made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you switch to Original Medicare after being a member of our plan: If you did not acquire ownership of the durable medical equipment item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments for the item while in Original Medicare in order to acquire ownership of the item. Your previous payments while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made payments for the durable medical equipment item under Original Medicare **before** you joined our plan, these previous Original Medicare payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 consecutive payments for the item under Original Medicare in order to acquire ownership. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 81 of 310

CHAPTER 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

.

、

-

4-1

Ç

Chapter 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1	Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services				
	Section 1.1	Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.	2		
	Section 1.2	What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?			
	Section 1.3	Our plan does not allow network providers to "balance bill" you	3		
SECTION 2		dical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how /ill pay			
	•	Put	3		
		Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan			
SECTION 3	Section 2.1		3		

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-2

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1			
	-of-pocket costs		

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- A "copayment" is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- "Coinsurance" is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Some people qualify for State Medicaid programs to help them pay their out-of-pocket costs for Medicare. (These "Medicare Savings Programs" include the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB), Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB), Qualifying Individual (QI), and Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI) programs.) If you are enrolled in one of these programs, you may still have to pay a copayment for the service, depending on the rules in your state.

Section 1.2	What is the most	you will pay	for Medicare	Part A and Part B covered
	medical services?		and the suggestion of the	
	medical services:	•	6	

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit to how much you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B (see the Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2, below). This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.

As a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), the most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for in-network covered Part A and Part B services in 2017 is \$6,700. The amounts you pay for your copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the

Medical Benefits Chart.) If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$6,700, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Florida Medicaid Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) (Medicaid) or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow network providers to "balance bill" you

As a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost-sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost-sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, then you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
- If you believe a provider has "balance billed" you, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 2 Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) **must** be medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-ofnetwork provider will not be covered. Chapter 3 provides more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-ofnetwork provider.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay more in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay less. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your Medicare & You 2017 Handbook. View it online at http://www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.).
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2017, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

 \bigodot You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medically Necessary - means health care services, supplies, or drugs needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your sickness, injury or illness that are all of the following as determined by us or our designee, within our sole discretion:

- In accordance with Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice.
- Most appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for your sickness, injury, or illness.
- Not mainly for your convenience or that of your doctor or other health care provider.
- Meet, but do not exceed your medical need, are at least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative, and are furnished in the most cost-effective manner

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-5

that may be provided safely and effectively.

Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice are standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, relying primarily on controlled clinical trials, or, if not available, observational studies from more than one institution that suggest a causal relationship between the service or treatment and health outcomes.

If no credible scientific evidence is available, then standards that are based on Physician specialty society recommendations or professional standards of care may be considered. We reserve the right to consult expert opinion in determining whether health care services are Medically Necessary: The decision to apply Physician specialty society recommendations, the choice of expert and the determination of when to use any such expert opinion, shall be within our sole discretion.

Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Providers may ask you for more than one cost share payment if you get more than one service at an appointment. For example:	
 Your doctor will ask for a copayment for the office visit and additional copayments for each x-ray that is performed while you are there. Your hospital will ask for separate cost sharing for outpatient hospital medical services and any radiological tests or Medicare Part B drugs administered while you are there. Your pharmacist will ask for a separate copayment for each prescription he or she fills. The specific cost sharing that will apply depends on which services you receive. The Medical Benefits Chart below lists the cost sharing that applies for each specific service. 	
Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for this preventive screening.
 Ambulance Services Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required. 	\$200 copayment for each one- way Medicare-covered trip. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Annual Routine Physical Exam Includes comprehensive physical examination and evaluation of status of chronic diseases. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.	\$0 copayment for a routine physical exam each year.
 Annual Wellness Visit If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non- radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart. Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.
Bone Mass Measurement For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.	
Breast Cancer Screening (Mammograms) Covered services include:	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening
 One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older Clinical breast exams once every 24 months 	mammograms.
A screening mammography is used for the early detection of breast cancer in women who have no signs or symptoms of the disease. Once a history of breast cancer has been established, and until there are no longer any signs or symptoms of breast cancer, ongoing mammograms are considered diagnostic and are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart. Therefore, the screening mammography annual benefit is not available for members who have signs or symptoms of breast cancer.	
Cardiac Rehabilitation Services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitative visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

•

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease) We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating well. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.
Cardiovascular Disease Testing Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) covered once every five years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.
 Cervical and Vaginal Cancer Screening Covered services include: For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months If you are at high risk of cervical cancer or have had an abnormal Pap test and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
 Chiropractic Services Covered services include: We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation 	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services lhat are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Colorectal Cancer Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a
For people 50 and older, the following are covered:	Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.
 Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months 	A colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy conducted for
One of the following every 12 months:	polyp removal or biopsy is a surgical procedure subject to
 Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT) Fecal immunochemical test (FIT) 	the Outpatient Surgery cost sharing described later in this chart.
DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years	
For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:	
 Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months 	
For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:	
 Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy 	
Dental Services	
In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. We cover:	
Preventive Dental Services:	
Routine preventive office visits include:	\$0 copayment for preventive office visit
Periodic and Comprehensive oral exams; 2 per year	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Routine cleanings once every 6 months Routine complete X-ray series every year Topical Application of Fluoride once a year 	\ \
Comprehensive Dental:	
	\$0 copayment for covered
Restorative	comprehensive services
(Fillings are limited to two (2) per year for 1, 2, 3, or 4	
surface teeth.)	
D2140 - Amalgam: one surface, primary or permanent	
D2150 - Amalgam: two surfaces, primary or permanent	
D2160 - Amalgam: three surfaces, primary or permanent D2161 - Amalgam: four surfaces, primary or permanent	
D2330 - Resin-based composite: one surface, anterior	
D2331 - Resin-based composite: two surfaces, anterior	
D2332 - Resin-based composite: three surfaces, anterior	
D2335 - Resin-based composite: four or more surfaces or	
involving incisal angle (anterior)	
D2391 - Resin-based composite: one surface, posterior	
D2392 - Resin-based composite: two surfaces, posterior	
D2393 - Resin-based composite: three surfaces,	
posterior	
D2394 - Resin-based composite: four or more surfaces	
posterior	
Prosthodontics (removable)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Replacement of crowns, implants, and fixed bridges or	
dentures is limited to one (1) time every consecutive five	
(5) years.)	
D5110 - Complete denture: maxillary	
D5120 - Complete denture: mandibular D5130 - Immediate denture: maxillary	
D5130 - Immediate denture: maxillary	
D5140 - Infinediate denture: mandibular D5211 - Maxillary partial denture: resin base (including	
any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)	E
D5212 - Mandibular partial denture: resin base (including	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
any conventional clasps, rest and teeth) D5213 - Maxillary partial denture - case metal framework with resin denture bases (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth) D5214 - Mandibular partial denture - case metal framework with resin denture D5730 - Reline complete maxillary denture (chairside) D5731 - Reline complete mandibular denture (chairside) D5740 - Reline maxillary partial denture (chairside) D5741 - Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside) D5741 - Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside) Oral Surgery (Extractions are covered two (2) per year for simple (D7140) and surgical (D7210) extraction procedures) D7140 - Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal) D7210 - Surgical removal of erupted tooth requiring elevation of mucoperiosteal flap and removal of bone and/or section of tooth Limitations, restrictions and copayments for preventive and comprehensive dental services may vary. Contact Customer Service for details. Please refer to the "Additional Benefits Contact List" in your Provider Directory for contracted provider information.	
Depression screening We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and referrals.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.

4-13

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Diabetes Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.	the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.
Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.	
Diabetes Self-Management Training, Diabetic Services and Supplies	
For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:	
 Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply. We only cover blood glucose monitors and test strips from the
We only cover the following brands of blood glucose monitors and test strips: OneTouch Ultra®2 System, OneTouch UltraMini®, OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Verio®Sync, OneTouch Verio®IQ, OneTouch Verio®Flex System Kit, ACCU-CHEK® Nano SmartView, and ACCU- CHEK® Aviva Plus. Other brands are not covered by our plan.	following brands: OneTouch Ultra®2 System, OneTouch UltraMini®, OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Verio®Sync, OneTouch Verio®IQ, OneTouch Verio®Flex System Kit, ACCU- CHEK® Nano SmartView, and ACCU-CHEK® Aviva Plus. Other
Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) covers any blood glucose monitors and test strips specified within this list. We will generally not cover alternate brands unless your doctor or	brands are not covered by our plan.

.

• · · · · · · ·

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
other provider tells us that use of an alternate brand is medically necessary in your specific situation. If you are new to Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) and are using a brand of blood glucose monitors and test strips that is not on our list, you may contact us within the first 90 days of enrollment into the plan to request a temporary supply of the alternate brand while you consult with your doctor or other provider. During this time, you should talk with your doctor to decide whether any of the preferred brands are medically appropriate for you. If you or your doctor believe it is medically necessary for you to maintain use of an alternate brand, you may request a coverage exception to have Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) maintain coverage of a non-preferred product through the end of the benefit year. Non-preferred products will not be covered following the initial 90 days of the benefit year without an approved coverage exception.	For cost sharing applicable to insulin and syringes, see Chapter 6 - What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
If you (or your provider) don't agree with the plan's coverage decision, you or your provider may file an appeal. You can also file an appeal if you don't agree with your provider's decision about what product or brand is appropriate for your medical condition. (For more information about appeals, see Chapter 9, What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).)	
• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.	20% coinsurance for each pair of Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies (For a definition of "durable medical equipment," see Chapter 12 of this booklet.)	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, hospital bed, IV infusion pump, oxygen equipment, nebulizer, and walker.	
We cover all medically necessary durable medical equipment covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. Please speak with your doctor to obtain a product medically appropriate for you through our preferred vendor.	
Emergency Care	\$75 copayment for each emergency room visit.
Emergency care refers to services that are:	
 Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition. 	You do not pay this amount if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition. If you are admitted to a hospital, you will pay cost sharing as described in the
A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that	"Inpatient Hospital Care" section in this benefit chart.
require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.	\$75 copayment for Worldwide coverage for emergency services, including emergency or urgently needed care and

Case 01:1 Evide 025 91 Coverage for Prefatred Cheige Brown 4490 Docket 12/29/2017 Page 97 of 310 Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-16

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in- network. Worldwide coverage for emergency department services.	emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility. You do not pay this amount if admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition. If you are admitted to
	a hospital, you will pay cost sharing as described in the Inpatient Hospital Care section in this benefit chart. Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre- scheduled and/or elective procedures are not covered.
	If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered or you must have your inpatient care at the out-of- network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

•

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Fitness Program Membership for SilverSneakers[®] Fitness program through network fitness centers. There is no visit or use fee for basic membership when you use network service providers. Please refer to "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider 	Provided by: SilverSneakers® Fitness program \$0 copayment
information. Hearing Services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.
Additional Routine Hearing Exams: • Limited to 1 exam(s) every year.	Hearing Exam: \$0 copayment Hearing Aids: \$0 copayment up to \$600 for
Hearing Aids: Covered for up to 2 Hearing Aid fitting-evaluation(s) every 2 years. Hearing Aids are covered every 2 years.	one hearing aid per ear up to a maximum benefit of \$1200
Please refer to the "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
() HIV Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:	beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.
 One screening exam every 12 months 	
For women who are pregnant, we cover:	
Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy	
Home Health Agency Care	\$0 copayment for all home health visits provided by a
Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.	network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met. Other copayments or coinsurance may apply (Please see Durable Medical
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	Equipment and Related Supplies for applicable
 Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy Medical and social services Medical equipment and supplies 	copayments or coinsurance).
Hospice Care You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice	When you enroll in a Medicare- certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part
program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a	A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Freiened Choice Broward (Third)

of

310	
Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.	paid for by Original Medicare not Preferred Choice Browa (HMO).
Covered services include:	
 Drugs for symptom control and pain relief Short-term respite care Home care 	
For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.	
For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services	

depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network: • If you obtain the covered services from a network

- provider, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services
- If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost-sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)

For services that are covered by Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:

Case 0:17-cv-62584-W.IZ Document 1-3 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 101 of

310

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.	
For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit: Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice).	
Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. Getting your non-hospice care through our network providers will lower your share of the costs for the services.	
Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.	
Immunizations	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
Covered Medicare Part B services include:	the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.
 Pneumonia vaccine Flu shots, once a year in the fall or winter Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules 	\$0 copayment for all other Medicare-covered Immunizations.
We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. See Chapter 6 for more information about coverage and applicable cost sharing.	

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 102 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Inpatient Hospital Care	\$0 copayment each day for Medicare-covered hospital
Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services.	care.
Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally	If you get authorized inpatient
admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day	care at an out-of-network
before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.	hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your
Covered services include but are not limited to:	cost is the cost-sharing you
 Semi-private room (or a private room if medically 	would pay at a network hospital.
necessary)	
Meals including special diets	Medicare hospital benefit
 Regular nursing services 	periods do not apply. (See
 Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or 	definition of benefit periods in
coronary care units)	the chapter titled Definitions of
Drugs and medications	important words.) For inpatient
Lab tests	hospital care, the cost-sharing
 X-rays and other radiology services Necessary surgical and medical supplies 	described above applies each time you are admitted to the
Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs	hospital. A transfer to a
Operating and recovery room costs	separate facility type (such as
 Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy. 	an Acute Inpatient
• Under certain conditions, the following types of	Rehabilitation Hospital or Long
transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-	Term Care Hospital) is
pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow,	considered a new admission.
stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a	For each inpatient hospital stay,
transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by	you are covered for unlimited
a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide	days as long as the hospital
whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant	stay is covered in accordance
providers may be local or outside of the service area. If	with plan rules.
our in-network transplant services are at a distant	
location, you may choose to go locally or distant as long	
as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the	
Original Medicare rate. If Preferred Choice Broward	
(HMO) provides transplant services at a distant location	

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 103 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 (outside of the service area) and you chose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. Physician services 	
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	Outpatient observation cost- sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
Inpatient Mental Health Care	For Medicare-covered hospital services:
 Covered services include: Mental health care services that require a hospital stay. There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to Mental Health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital. Inpatient substance abuse services 	\$0 copayment each day each time you are admitted, up to 90 days. Plus an additional 60 lifetime reserve days. Medicare hospital benefit periods are used to determine the total number of days

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 104 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	covered for inpatient mental health care. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.) However, the cost- sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital, even if you are admitted multiple times within a benefit period.
Inpatient Services Covered During a Non-Covered Inpatient Stay	When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the
If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include but are not limited to:	following sections:
Physician services	Please refer below to Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.
• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
 X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services 	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
Surgical dressings	Please refer below to

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations 	Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
 Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices 	Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.
 Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition 	Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.
 Physical therapy, speech language therapy, and occupational therapy 	Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.
Medical Nutrition Therapy This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for beneficiaries eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.
We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and two hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.	

•

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 106 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Services that are covered for you Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include: Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self- administer the drug Antigens Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs 	
 Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases Chemotherapy Drugs, and the Administration of chemotherapy drugs 	Medicare-covered chemotherapy drug and the administration of that drug. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
You or your doctor may need to provide more information about how a Medicare Part B prescription drug is used in order to determine coverage. (For more information, see Chapter 9, What to do if you have a problem or complaint	

Case 0:17 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HiviO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 107 of

310

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).) Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.	
NurseLine NurseLine services available, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Speak to a registered nurse (RN) about your medical concerns and questions. Please refer to "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	Provided by: NurseLine ^s \$0 copayment
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.
Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies	
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	
• X-rays	\$0 copayment for each

. .

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 108 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	Medicare-covered standard X- ray service.
 Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies 	\$60 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Surgical supplies, such as dressings Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered medical supply.
Note: There is no separate charge for medical supplies routinely used in the course of an office visit and included in the provider's charges for that visit (such as bandages, cotton swabs, and other routine supplies.) However, supplies for which an appropriate separate charge is made by providers (such as, chemical agents used in certain diagnostic procedures) are subject to cost-sharing as shown.	
Laboratory tests	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered lab services.
 Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered blood services.
 Other outpatient diagnostic tests - Non-radiological diagnostic services 	\$25 copayment for Medicare- covered non-radiological

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 109 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-28

Δ-	2	8
-+-	_	Q

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	diagnostic services. Examples include, but are not limited to EKG's, pulmonary function tests, sleep studies and treadmill stress tests. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Other outpatient diagnostic tests - Radiological diagnostic services, not including x-rays. 	 \$100 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiological diagnostic service, not including X-rays, performed in a physician's office or at a free- standing facility (such as a radiology center or medical clinic). You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
	The diagnostic radiology services require specialized equipment beyond standard X- ray equipment and must be performed by specially trained or certified personnel. Examples include, but are not limited to, specialized scans, CT, SPECT, PET, MRI, MRA, nuclear studies, ultrasounds, diagnostic mammograms and

Case 19: Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Brow and (File) Docket 12/29/2017 Page 110 of Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-29

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	interventional radiological procedures (myelogram, cystogram, angiogram, and barium studies).
Outpatient Hospital Services	
We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.	
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	
 Services in an emergency department 	Please refer to Emergency Care
Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
 Mental health care, including care in a partial- hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it 	Please refer to Outpatient Mental Health Care
• X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
 Medical supplies such as splints and casts 	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies
Certain screenings and preventive services	Please refer to the benefits preceded by the "Apple" icon.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 111 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself	Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs
Services performed at an outpatient clinic	Please refer to Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits
 Outpatient surgery or observation 	Please refer to Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers
Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	Outpatient observation cost- sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
Outpatient Mental Health Care	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.
Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 112 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
laws.	
Outpatient Rehabilitation Services Covered services Include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy. Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech-language therapy visit. \$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.
Outpatient Substance Abuse Services Outpatient treatment and counseling for substance abuse.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session. \$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.
Outpatient Surgery Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask your doctor or the hospital	 \$150 copayment for Medicare- covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges. Hospital Based facilities are designated as Type 2 in the Provider Directory. Please refer

٠

_

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
staff.	to your provider directory for a listing of facilities in each type.
	For other services provided in an outpatient hospital, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.
· .	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
	\$75 copayment for Medicare- covered surgery or each day of observation provided to you at an ambulatory surgical center, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.
	Ambulatory Surgical Center facilities are designated as Type 1 in the Provider Directory. Please refer to your provider directory for a listing of facilities in each type.
	For other services provided in an ambulatory surgical center, please refer to Outpatient Hospital Services.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 114 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred ChoiceBoward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-33

.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Over-the-Counter Benefit From a Plan approved listing these products include: Selected over-the-counter drugs and medically necessary items. These items include non-prescription medications, such as vitamins, pain relievers, cough and cold medicines,	Monthly Credit is \$45.
allergy medications, and first aid/medical supplies, at designated locations. Unused benefit does not roll over from one month to the next. For more information or to request an order form, call Customer Service.	
Partial Hospitalization Services "Partial hospitalization" is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided in a hospital outpatient setting or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.	\$0 copayment each day for Medicare-covered benefits.
Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits	\$0 copayment for services obtained from a primary care provider or under certain
Covered services include: • Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a physician's office	circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a primary care provider's office (as permitted under Medicare rules).

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 115 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a certified ambulatory surgical center or hospital outpatient department 	See "Outpatient Surgery" earlier in this chart for any applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts for ambulatory surgical center visits or in a hospital outpatient setting.
 Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist Other health care professionals 	 \$15 copayment for services obtained from a specialist, or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a specialist's office (as permitted under Medicare rules). You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.
 Certain telehealth services including consultation, monitoring, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner for patients in certain rural areas or other locations approved by Medicare Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery 	You will pay the cost-sharing that applies to specialist services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" above).
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 116 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician) 	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.
 Monitoring services in a physician's office or outpatient hospital setting if you are taking anticoagulation medications, such as Coumadin, Heparin or Warfarin (these services may also be referred to as 'Coumadin Clinic' services) 	You will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Hospital Services" in this benefit chart) depending on where you receive services. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
• Medically-necessary medical or surgical services that are covered benefits and are furnished by a physician in your home or a nursing home in which you reside.	You will pay the cost sharing that applies to primary care provider services or specialist physician services (as applied in an office setting, described above in this section of the benefit chart) depending on the type of physician that provides the services.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-W1Z Document 1-3 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 117 of

310

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Podiatry Services Covered services include: Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs). Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs. 	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Additional Routine Foot Care Treatment of the foot which is generally considered preventive, i.e., cutting or removal of corns, warts, calluses or nails.	\$15 copayment for each routine visit up to 6 visits every year.*
Prostate Cancer Screening Exams For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months:	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam. There is no coinsurance,
 Digital rectal exam Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test 	copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test. Diagnostic PSA exams are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 118 310

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
	Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart.
Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see "Vision Care" later in this section for more detail.	 \$0 copayment for Medicare- covered pacemakers and breast prostheses, and related supplies. 20% coinsurance for all other Medicare-covered prosthetic or orthotic devices, including replacement or repairs of such devices, and related supplies. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease. Medicare covers up to two (2) one-hour sessions per day, for up to 36 lifetime sessions (in some cases, up to 72 lifetime sessions) of pulmonary rehabilitation services.	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitative visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Screening and Counseling to Reduce Alcohol Misuse We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol,	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
but aren't alcohol dependent. If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.	reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.
 Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months. Eligible enrollees are: people aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years or who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. 	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.
For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the enrollee must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non- physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	
Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Counseling to Prevent STIs	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for

- --

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 120 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.	the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling to prevent STIs preventive benefit.
We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to- face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	
Services to Treat Kidney Disease and Conditions	
Covered services include:	
 Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime. 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
 Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3) 	20% coinsurance for Medicare- covered benefits. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 121 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments) 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered benefits.
 Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an 	These services will be covered as described in the following sections: Please refer to Inpatient
inpatient to a hospital for special care)	Hospital Care.
Home dialysis equipment and supplies	Please refer to Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies.
 Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply) 	Please refer to Home Health Agency Care.
Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, "Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs."	
Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care	\$0 copayment each day for
(For a definition of "skilled nursing facility care," see Chapter 12 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called "SNFs.")	days 1 to 20; \$75 copayment for additional Medicare-covered days, up to 100 days.
Covered services include, but are not limited to:	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
 Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) 	You are covered for up to 100
 Meals, including special diets Skilled nursing services 	days each benefit period for inpatient services in a SNF, in

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 122 of 310

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.) Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need. Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs Physician/Practitioner services A 3-day prior hospital stay is not required. Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost-sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment. A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care). A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital. 	accordance with Medicare guidelines. A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare- covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.
Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (Counseling to Stop Smoking or Tobacco Use)	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-42

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.	preventive benefits.
Transportation (additional routine)	\$0 copayment
Routine transportation for up to 30 one-way transportation trips per calendar year.	
(limited to ground transportation only)	
 Pick-up to or from plan approved medical appointments (locations). 	
 A trip is considered one way, a round trip is considered two trips. 	
Transportation services must be requested 48 hours prior to a scheduled appointment.	
Note: Transportation is only provided within the service area. Transportation by stretcher (for members who require a stretcher) is a covered benefit. Drivers do not have medical training. In case of an emergency, call 911.	
Please refer to "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	
Urgently Needed Services	\$0 copayment for each visit.
Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non- emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of- network providers when network providers are temporarily	\$75 copayment for Worldwide coverage of urgently needed services received outside of the United States.
unavailable or inaccessible.	You pay these amounts until

Case 17: Evidence 584 overage for Cheferred Chole Reversed (HMCD) Docket 12/29/2017 Page 124 of Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay) 4-43

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Worldwide coverage for 'urgently needed services' when medical services are needed right away because of an illness, injury, or condition that you did not expect or anticipate, and you can't wait until you are back in our plan's service area to obtain services.	you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
🖒 Vision Care	
Covered services include:	
• Outpatient physician services provided by an ophthalmologist or optometrist for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including diagnosis or treatment for age-related macular degeneration or cataracts. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/ contacts.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.
 For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, such as people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, and African-Americans who are age 50 and older: glaucoma screening once per year. 	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered glaucoma screening.
• For people with diabetes or signs and symptoms of eye disease, eye exams to evaluate for eye disease are covered per Medicare guidelines. Annual examinations by an ophthalmologist or optometrist are recommended for asymptomatic diabetics.	\$0 copayment for Medicare- covered eye exams to evaluate for eye disease.
 For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year. 	
One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular	\$0 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered standard

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZDocument 1-3Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017Page 125 of2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)4-44

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)	glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.
Additional Routine Eye Exam:Limited to 1 exam every year	Routine Eye Exam: \$0 copayment
 Additional Routine Eye Wear: Lenses/frames and contact lenses every year. Eyewear allowance is for all prescriptions (contact lenses fittings, frames, lenses, add-ons, options and upgrades). 	Routine Eye Wear: \$0 copayment; receive a total credit of \$200 toward your purchase of lenses/frames and contact lenses
After Plan paid benefits for eyeglasses (lenses and frames) or contact lenses, you are responsible.	
Please refer to the "Additional Benefits Contact List" in Chapter 2 Section 10 of this booklet for contracted provider information.	
"Welcome to Medicare" Preventive Visit	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for
The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.	the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 126 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-45

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Important: We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	
*Covered services that do not count toward your maximum or	ut-of-pocket amount.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 127 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-46

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1	Services we	do not cover (exclusions)	

This section tells you what services are "excluded" from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is "excluded," it means that this plan doesn't cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below.

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare.	1	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.		✓ May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-
Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our		approved clinical research study or by our plan.
plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		(See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)	

4-47

.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Private room in a hospital.		✓
		When considered medically necessary.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	✓	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	1	
*Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care.	1	
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	✓	
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	4	

•

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-48

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Cosmetic surgery or procedures.		 Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Routine chiropractic care.		✓ Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Home-delivered Meals.	1	
Orthopedic shoes.		 If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease. (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Supportive devices for the feet.		✓ Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-49

.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Outpatient prescription drugs.		1
		Some coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines.
		(As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter or as outlined in Chapter 6.)
Elective hysterectomy, tubal ligation, or vasectomy, if the primary indication for these procedures is sterilization. Reversal of sterilization procedures, penile prostheses (vacuum erection devices), or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	✓	
Acupuncture.	√	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).		✓ (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Laboratory or Radiology services performed for screening purposes or in the absence of disease or symptoms.		✓ (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Paramedic intercept service (advanced life support provided by an emergency service entity, such as a paramedic services unit, which do not provide ambulance transport)		✓ When Medicare criteria are met.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 131 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-50

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Optional, additional, or deluxe features or accessories to durable medical equipment, corrective appliances or prosthetics which are primarily for the comfort or convenience of the member, or for ambulation primarily in the community, including but not limited to home and car remodeling or modification, and exercise equipment.		
Immunizations for foreign travel purposes.	1	
Substance abuse detoxification and rehabilitation.		✓ As covered in accordance with Medicare guidelines.
Requests for payment (asking the plan to pay its share of the costs) for covered drugs sent after 36 months of getting your prescription filled.	1	
Equipment or supplies that condition the air, heating pads, hot water bottles, wigs, and their care, support stockings and other primarily non-medical equipment.	✓	
Any non-emergency care received outside of the United States and the U.S. Territories.	\checkmark	

*Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

4-51

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and effective for members. New procedures and technology that are safe and effective are eligible to become covered services. If the technology becomes a covered service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable member copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safe and effective use of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual member, one of our medical directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 133 of 310

CHAPTER 5

Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

•

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ	Document 1-3	Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017	Page 134 of
		310	•

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-1

		CHAPTER 5
Us	ing the pla	n's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs
		•
SECTION 1	Introductior	۱
	Section 1.1	This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs
	Section 1.2	Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage4
SECTION 2		scription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order
	Section 2.1-	To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy
	Section 2.2	Finding network pharmacies4
	Section 2.3	Using the plan's mail-order services5
	Section 2.4	How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?6
	Section 2.5	When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?7
SECTION 3	Your drugs	need to be on the plan's "Drug List"8
	Section 3.1	The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered8
	Section 3.2	There are 5 "cost-sharing tiers" for drugs on the Drug List8
	Section 3.3	How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?9
SECTION 4	There are re	strictions on coverage for some drugs9
	Section 4.1	Why do some drugs have restrictions?9
	Section 4.2	What kinds of restrictions?10
	Section 4.3	Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?11
SECTION 5		of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be
	Section 5.1	There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered11
	Section 5.2	What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?12
	Section 5.3	What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 135 of 310

.

		for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)coverage for your Part D prescription drugs5-2
SECTION 6	What if your	coverage changes for one of your drugs?14
	Section 6.1	The Drug List can change during the year14
	Section 6.2	What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking? 15
SECTION 7	What types of	of drugs are not covered by the plan?16
	Section 7.1	Types of drugs we do not cover 16
SECTION 8	Show your p	lan member ID card when you fill a prescription
	Section 8.1	Show your member ID card17
	Section 8.2	What if you don't have your member ID card with you?17
SECTION 9	Part D drug	coverage in special situations17_
	Section 9.1	What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?
	Section 9.2	What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?18
	Section 9.3	What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?
	Section 9.4	What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice? 19
SECTION 10	Programs of	n drug safety and managing medications20
	Section 10.1	Programs to help members use drugs safely20
	Section 10.2	Medication Therapy Management (MTM) programs to help members manage their medications20

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs



Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We will send you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 111 Section Section 111 Section 2010 Section 111 Section 2010 Section 201

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, **What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**).

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, the plan also covers some drugs under the plan's medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare A benefits, our plan generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, our plan covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay) tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. Our plan only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice). For information on hospice coverage, see the hospice section of Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan's Part D benefit rules. Section 9, **Part D drug coverage in special situations** includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare. 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

5-4

Section 1.2 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.
- Your prescriber must either accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he or she is qualified to write prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask your prescribers the next time you call or visit if they meet this condition. If not, please be aware it takes time for your prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service.)
- Your drug must be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (See Section 3, Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List".)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

Section 2.1 To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered **only** if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan's Drug List.

	Section 2.2	Finding network pharmacies
--	-------------	----------------------------

How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your **Pharmacy Directory**, visit our website (www.myPreferredCare.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. If you switch from one network pharmacy to

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 138 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-5

another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask either to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or use the **Pharmacy Directory.** You can also find information on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.

What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a long-term care facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your **Pharmacy Directory** or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order services

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail you may contact our preferred mail service pharmacy, OptumRx[™]. OptumRx can be reached at 1-877-889-6358, or for the hearing impaired, (TTY) 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. If you use a standard mail-order pharmacy your cost-share will be at the same rate as the retail cost-share for the same days supply. Please reference your **Pharmacy Directory** to find the mail service pharmacies in our network. If you use a mail-order pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription will not be covered.

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 10 business days. However, sometimes your mail-order may be delayed. If your mail-order is delayed, please follow these steps:

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

If your prescription is on file at your local pharmacy, go to your pharmacy to fill the prescription. If your delayed prescription is not on file at your local pharmacy, then please ask your doctor to call in a new prescription to your pharmacist. Or, your pharmacist can call the doctor's office for you to request the prescription. Your pharmacist can call the Pharmacy help desk at 1-877-889-6510, (TTY) 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week if he/she has any problems, questions, concerns, or needs a claim override for a delayed prescription.

New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by phone or mail.

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by phone or mail.

If you have never used our mail order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allow you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by phone or mail.

Refills on mail order prescriptions. For refills, please contact your pharmacy at least 10 business days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost-sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") of "maintenance" drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 140 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

- 1. **Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your **Pharmacy Directory** tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- 2. For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network **mail-order services**. Our plan's mailorder service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.

Section 25 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy **only** when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. If you cannot use a network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

Prescriptions for a Medical Emergency

We will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care, are included in our Formulary without restrictions, and are not excluded from Medicare Part D coverage.

- Coverage when traveling or out of the service area When traveling within the U.S. you have access to network pharmacies nationwide. Bring your prescriptions and medication with you and be sure to check the pharmacy directory for your travel plans to locate a network pharmacy while traveling. If you are leaving the country, you may be able to obtain a greater day supply to take with you before leaving the country where there are no network pharmacies available.
- If you are unable to obtain a covered drug in a timely manner within the service area because a network pharmacy is not within reasonable driving distance that provides 24-hour service.
- If you are trying to fill a prescription drug not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or preferred mail-order pharmacy (including high cost and unique drugs).
- If you need a prescription while a patient in an emergency department, provider based clinic, outpatient surgery, or other outpatient setting.

In these situations, **please check first with Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the outof-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

ŧ

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 141 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"

Section 3.1	The "Down List" talls which David D down and a survey
I Section S. I	The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a "List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)." In this Evidence of Coverage, we call it the "Drug List" for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs).

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is **either**:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)
- or Supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information; the DRUGDEX Information System; and the USPDI or its successor; and, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology or their successors.)

The Drug List includes both brand name and generic drugs

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand name drug and usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

What is not on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on our Drug List.

Section 3.2		
I Section 3.2	I horo aro h "o	ost-sharing tiers" for drugs on the Drug List
		Usesnanny hers for unus on the Drug List
L		

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

Tier 1 – Preferred Generic - Includes lower-cost, commonly used generic drugs.

Tier 2 – Generic - Includes many generic drugs. This tier also contains supplemental drugs that are approved by the FDA, but have been otherwise excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D. Your plan has made these drugs available to you as an enhanced benefit on your formulary.

Tier 3 – Preferred Brand - Includes many common brand name drugs, called preferred brands and some higher-cost generic drugs.

Tier 4 – Non-Preferred Drug - Includes non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand name drugs. In addition, Part D eligible Compounded Medications are covered in Tier 4.

Tier 5 – Specialty Tier - Includes unique and/or very high-cost drugs.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

Section 3.3	How can y	you find out if a	specific dru	g is on the Drug List?

You have three ways to find out:

- Check the most recent Drug List we sent you in the mail. (Please note: The Drug List we send includes information for the covered drugs that are most commonly used by our members. However, we cover additional drugs that are not included in the printed Drug List. If one of your drugs is not listed in the Drug List, you should visit our website or contact Customer Service to find out if we cover it.)
- 2. Visit the plan's website (www.myPreferredCare.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

SECTION 4 There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?
--

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

310

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and costsharing.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our drug list. This is because different restrictions or cost-sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

F			
Continue 4 0	What kinds of vestistions?		
Section 4.2	What kinds of restrictions?		
		the second se	

Our plan uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available

Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. In most cases, when a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version. We usually will not cover the brand name drug when a generic version is available. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug will not work for you OR has written "No substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug than for the generic drug.)

Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called "**prior authorization**." Sometimes the requirement for getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-11

may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called "**step therapy**."

Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

Section 4.3 Do	any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?

The plan's Drug List includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or check our website (www.myPreferredCare.com).

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

Section 5.1	There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd
	like it to be covered

We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As
 explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their
 use. For example, you might be required to try a different drug first, to see if it will work, before
 the drug you want to take will be covered for you. Or there might be limits on what amount of
 the drug (number of pills, etc.) is covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you
 may want us to waive the restriction for you.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost-sharing more expensive than you think it should be. The plan puts each covered drug into one of 5 different cost-sharing

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 145 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs 5-12

tiers. How much you pay for your prescription depends in part on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. Your options depend on what type of problem you have:

- If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.
- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are things you can do:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug (only members in certain situations can get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug or to file a request to have the drug covered.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the Drug List or when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:

- 1. The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:
- The drug you have been taking is **no longer on the plan's Drug List**.
- or the drug you have been taking is now restricted in some way (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).
- 2. You must be in one of the situations described below:
- For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year and aren't in a long-term care (LTC) facility:

We will cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year.** This temporary supply will be for at least a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide at least a 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy.

• For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility:

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-13

We will cover a temporary supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you are new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year.** The total supply will be for at least a 98-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide at least a 98-day supply of medication. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:
 We will cover at least a 31-day supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above long-term care transition supply.
 For those current members with level of care changes:

There may be unplanned transitions such as hospital discharges or level of care changes that occur while you are enrolled as a member in our plan. If you are prescribed a drug that is not on our formulary or your ability to get your drugs is limited, you are required to use the plan's —exception process.-You may request a one-time emergency supply of at least 30 days to allow ______ you time to discuss alternative treatment with your doctor or to pursue a formulary exception.

To ask for a temporary supply, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

You can change to another drug

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Section 5.3	What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too
	high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider to find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

You can ask for an exception

For drugs in Tiers 2, 3 and 4, you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Specialty Tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

Section 6.1	The Drug List can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan might make changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- Add or remove drugs from the Drug List. New drugs become available, including new generic drugs. Perhaps the government has given approval to a new use for an existing drug. Sometimes, a drug gets recalled and we decide not to cover it. Or we might remove a drug from the list because it has been found to be ineffective.
- Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.
- Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug (for more information about restrictions to coverage, see Section 4 in this chapter).
- Replace a brand name drug with a generic drug.

In almost all cases, we must get approval from Medicare for changes we make to the plan's Drug List.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 148 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-15

Section 6:2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

How will you find out if your drug's coverage has been changed?

If there is a change to coverage **for a drug you are taking**, the plan will send you a notice to tell you. Normally, **we will let you know at least 60 days ahead of time.**

Once in a while, a drug is **suddenly recalled** because it's been found to be unsafe or for other reasons. If this happens, the plan will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. We will let you know of this change right away. Your provider will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?

If any of the following types of changes affect a drug you are taking, the change will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

- If we move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug.
- If we remove your drug from the Drug List, but not because of a sudden recall or because a new generic drug has replaced it.

If any of these changes happens for a drug you are taking, then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you.

In some cases, you will be affected by the coverage change before January 1:

- If a **brand name drug you are taking is replaced by a new generic drug**, the plan must give you at least 60 days' notice or give you a 60-day refill of your brand name drug at a network pharmacy.
 - During this 60-day period, you should be working with your provider to switch to the generic or to a different drug that we cover.
 - Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).
- Again, if a drug is **suddenly recalled** because it's been found to be unsafe or for other reasons, the plan will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. We will let you know of this change right away.
 - Your provider will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

5-16

SECTION 7 What types of drugs are not covered by the plan?

		<u> </u>
Section 7.1	1 Types of drugs we do not cover	

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are "excluded." This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section (except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage). The only exception: If the requested drug is found upon appeal to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.5 in this booklet.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. "Off-label use" is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
 - Generally, coverage for "off-label use" is allowed only when the use is supported by certain reference books. These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology, or their successors. If the use is not supported by any of these reference books, then our plan cannot cover its "off-label use."

Also, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans: (Our plan covers certain drugs listed below through our enhanced drug coverage, for which you may be charged an additional premium. More information is provided below.)

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs when used to promote fertility
- Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction, such as Viagra, Cialis, Levitra, and Caverject
- Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

We offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan (enhanced drug coverage). These covered excluded drugs are covered

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 150 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-17

under Tier 2 (vitamins and erectile dysfunction medicine). These drugs and their prior authorization requirements and quantity limits are listed in the formulary booklet in the section titled 'Coverage of additional drugs. The amount you pay when you fill a prescription for these drugs does not count towards qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. (The Catastrophic Coverage Stage is described in Chapter 6, Section 7 of this booklet.)

In addition, if you are **receiving "Extra Help" from Medicare** to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. (Please refer to the plan's Drug List or call Customer Service for more information. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

SECTION 8 Show your plan member ID card when you fill a prescription

Section 8.1 Show y	/our member ID card

To fill your prescription, show your plan member ID card at the network pharmacy you choose. When you show your plan member ID card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for our share of your covered prescription drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy your share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

Section 8.2	3 8 8 1 4 5 8 8	 	per ID card with y	-	

If you don't have your plan member ID card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. (You can then ask us to reimburse you for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

Section 9.1	What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is
	covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for

Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 151 of

310

coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage. Chapter 6 (**What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

Please Note: When you enter, live in, or leave a skilled nursing facility, you are entitled to a Special Enrollment Period. During this time period, you can switch plans or change your coverage. (Chapter 10, **Ending your membership in the plan**, tells when you can leave our plan and join a different Medicare plan.)

Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your **Pharmacy Directory** to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?

If you need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for at least a 98-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. (Please note that the long-term care (LTC) pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.) If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or if the plan has any restriction on the drug's coverage, we will cover at least a 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do.

Section 9.3	What if you're als	so getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree
	group plan?	

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact **that group's benefits administrator.** He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be **secondary** to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

Special note about 'creditable coverage':

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is "creditable" and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is "**creditable**," it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep these notices about creditable coverage, because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from your employer or retiree group's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-20

SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

Bechon IV. I Flograns to help members use ulugs salely	Section 10.1	Programs to help members use drugs safely	
--	--------------	---	--

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- · Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- · Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

Section 10.2 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) programs to help members manage their medications

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs. For example, some members have several medical conditions, take different drugs at the same time, and have high drug costs.

These programs are voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the programs for us. The programs can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. Some members who take medications for different medical conditions may be able to get services through a MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them.

It's a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly "Wellness" visit, so you can talk

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 5: Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs	5-21

to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

(

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 155 of 310

CHAPTER 6

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 156 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-1

CHAPTER 6

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

SECTION 1	Introduction	n
	Section 1.1	Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage
	Section 1.2	Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs4
SECTION 2	What you pa when you g	ay for a drug depends on which "drug payment stage" you are in et the drug4
	Section 2.1	What are the drug payment stages for our plan members?4
SECTION 3		u reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment re in
	Section 3.1	We send you a monthly report called the "Part D Explanation of Benefits" (the "Part D EOB")5
	Section 3.2	Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date6
SECTION 4	There is no	deductible for the plan7
	Section 4.1	You do not pay a deductible for your Part D drugs7
SECTION 5	-	nitial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and Ir share7
	Section 5.1	What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription7
	Section 5.2	A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug
	Section 5.3	If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply
	Section 5.4	A table that shows your costs for a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug10
	Section 5.5	You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$3,700
SECTION 6	During the (Coverage Gap Stage, the plan provides some drug coverage

.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ	Document 1-3	Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017	Page 157 of
		310	•

		e for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) r your Part D prescription drugs 6-2
		reach \$4,950 12
	Section 6.2	How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs
SECTION 7		Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays most of the cost for your
	Section 7.1	Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year
SECTION 8	Additional b	enefits information 15
	Section 8.1	Our plan has benefit limitations15
SECTION 9-		ay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where n15
	Section 9.1	Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine
	Section 9.2	You may want to call us at Customer Service before you get a vaccination
SECTION 10	Do you have	e to pay the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?17
	Section 10.1	What is the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?
	Section 10.2	How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?
	Section 10.3	In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty
	Section 10.4	What can you do if you disagree about your late enrollment penalty?
SECTION 11	Do you have	e to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?
	Section 11.1	Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?
	Section 11.2	P. How much is the extra Part D amount?20
	Section 11.3	What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?21
	Section 11.4	What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?21

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs



Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We will send you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1	Use this chapter togethe	er with other materials that explain your drug
	coverage	

This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Here are materials that explain these basics:

- The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). To keep things simple, we call this the "Drug List."
 - This Drug List tells which drugs are covered for you.
 - It also tells which of the 5 "cost-sharing tiers" the drug is in and whether there are any restrictions on your coverage for the drug.
 - If you need a copy of the Drug List, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also find the Drug List on our website at www.myPreferredCare.com. The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- Chapter 5 of this booklet. Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.
- The plan's Pharmacy Directory. In most situations you must use a network pharmacy to get

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	6-4

your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The **Pharmacy Directory** has a list of pharmacies in the plan's network. It also tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month's supply).

Section 1.2	Types of o	ut-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. The amount that you pay for a drug is called "cost-sharing," and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- The "deductible" is the amount you must pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- "Copayment" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- "Coinsurance" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which "drug payment stage" you are in when you get the drug

Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for our plan members?

As shown in the table below, there are "drug payment stages" for your prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

_ _ _

6-5

Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
Yearly Deductible Stage	Initial Coverage Stage	Coverage Gap Stage	Catastrophic Coverage Stage
Because there is no deductible for the plan, this payment stage does not apply to you.	You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your drugs and you pay your share of the cost. You stay in this stage until your year-to- date "total drug costs" (your payments plus any Part D plan's payments) total \$3,700. (Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)	For generic drugs, you pay either your Tier 1 or Tier 2 cost share or 51% of the costs, whichever is lower. For brand name drugs, you pay 40% of the price (plus a portion of the dispensing fee). You stay in this stage until your year-to- date "out-of-pocket costs" (your payments) reach a total of \$4,950. This amount and rules for counting costs toward this amount have been set by Medicare. (Details are in Section 6 of this chapter.)	During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2017). (Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)

SECTION 3 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

Section 3.1	We send you a monthly report called the "Part D Explanation of Benefits"
	(the "Part D EOB")

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your "out-of-pocket" cost.
- We keep track of your "total drug costs." This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

Our plan will prepare a written report called the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (it is sometimes called the "Part D EOB") when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month. It includes:

- Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- Totals for the year since January 1. This is called "year-to-date" information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.

Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- Show your member ID card when you get a prescription filled. To make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying, show your plan member ID card every time you get a prescription filled.
- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for prescription drugs when we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, you may give us copies of receipts for drugs that you have purchased. (If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2 of this booklet.) Here are some types of situations when you may want to give us copies of your drug receipts to be sure we have a complete record of what you have spent for your drugs:
 - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.
 - When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
 - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs and help qualify you for catastrophic coverage. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. You should keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- Check the written report we send you. When you receive a Part D Explanation of Benefits (a Part D EOB) in the mail, please look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	6-7

you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Be sure to keep these reports. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

SECTION 4 There is no deductible for the plan

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Section 4.1	You do not pay a deductible for your Part D drugs
	rou do not pay a deductible for your Fart D drugs

There is no deductible for your plan. You begin in the Initial Coverage Stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. See Section 5 for information about your coverage in the Initial Coverage Stage.

SECTION 5 During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share

Section 5.1	What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your				
1	prescription				

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

The plan has 5 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the costsharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 – Preferred Generic - Includes lower-cost, commonly used generic drugs. This is the lowest cost-sharing tier.

Tier 2 – Generic - Includes many generic drugs. This tier also contains supplemental drugs that are approved by the FDA, but have been otherwise excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D. Your plan has made these drugs available to you as an enhanced benefit on your formulary.

Tier 3 – Preferred Brand - Includes many common brand name drugs, called preferred brands and some higher-cost generic drugs.

Tier 4 – Non-Preferred drug - Includes non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand name drugs. In addition, Part D eligible Compounded Medications are covered in Tier 4.

Tier 5 – Specialty Tier - Includes unique and/or very high-cost drugs. This is the highest costsharing tier. 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs6-8

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A retail pharmacy that is in our plan's network
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan's **Pharmacy Directory**.

Section 5.2 A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

- "Copayment" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- "Coinsurance" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which costsharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

- If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay **either** the full price of the drug **or** the copayment amount, **whichever is lower**.
- We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-ofnetwork pharmacy.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 164 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-9

Yourshareollhecostwhenyougeteenemontheupplyof acoveredPartDpreseriptiondrugs				
Tier	Standard retail cost- sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost-sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost- sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)	
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand Drugs	\$40 copayment	\$40 copayment	\$40 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drugs	\$85 copayment	\$85 copayment	\$85 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier Drugs	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance*	

*You will not be reimbursed for the difference between the Out-of-Network Pharmacy charge and the plan's In-Network allowable amount.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply of a covered drug. However your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month's supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a **percentage** of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month's supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month's supply, the **amount** you pay will be less.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.
 - Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$30. This means that the amount you pay per day for your drug is \$1. If you receive a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of \$7.

Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill date for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days' supply you receive.

Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug.

• Please note: If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay **either** the full price of the drug **or** the copayment amount, **whichever is lower**.

6-10

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 166 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	

6-11

Your chara of the cost when you get a long term supply of a covered Part D prescription drugs				
Tier	Standard retail cost- sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)	Preferred Mail-order cost-sharing (90-day supply)	Standard Mail-order cost-sharing (90-day supply)	
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic Drugs	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand Drugs	\$120 copayment	\$110 copayment	\$120 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drugs	\$255 copayment	\$245 copayment	\$255 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier Drugs	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance	33% coinsurance	

Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$3,700

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the **\$3,700 limit for the Initial Coverage Stage**. Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

- What you have paid for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. (See Section 6.2 for more information about how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.) This includes:
 - The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.
- What the plan has paid as its share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	6-12

(If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2017, the amount that plan paid during the Initial Coverage Stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

We offer additional coverage on some prescription drugs that are not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Payments made for these drugs will not count towards your initial coverage limit total out-of-pocket costs. To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to your formulary.

The **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf for your drugs during the year. Many people do not reach the \$3,700 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this \$3,700 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage.

SECTION 6 During the Coverage Gap Stage, the plan provides some drug coverage

Section 6.1	You stay in the Coverage Gap Stage until your out-of-pocket costs reach	
	\$4,950	

The plan will cover generics and brands in the Coverage Gap Stage in the following cost-sharing tiers:

For generic drugs covered in Tier 1 or Tier 2, you pay your cost-sharing amount (see Section 5 for these amounts) or no more than 51% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (49%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage and obtain drugs in Tiers 3, 4 or 5, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 40% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer for brand name drugs count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and moves you through the coverage gap. You pay no more than 51% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (49%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying the discounted price for brand name drugs and no more than 51% of the costs of generic drugs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. In 2017, that amount is \$4,950.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does not count as your out-of-pocket costs. When

you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$4,950, you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Section 6.2 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you **can include** the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
 - The Initial Coverage Stage.
 - The Coverage Gap Stage.
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments yourself, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are **also included** if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations.** This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.
- Some of the payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$4,950 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 169 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are **not allowed to include** any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:

- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for outof-network coverage.
- Prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B.
- Payments you make toward drugs covered under our additional coverage but not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and the Veteran's Administration.
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).

Reminder: If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-ofpocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan. Call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of \$4,950 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- Make sure we have the information we need. Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

SECTION 7 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays most of the cost for your drugs

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-15

Section 7.1 Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year.

You qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$4,950 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost for your drugs.

- Your share of the cost for a covered drug will be either coinsurance or a copayment, whichever is the larger amount:
 - - either coinsurance of 5% of the cost of the drug
 - - or \$3.30 for a generic drug or a drug that is treated like a generic and \$8.25 for all other drugs.
- Our plan pays the rest of the cost.

SECTION 8 Additional benefits information

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Section 8.1	Our plan has benefit limitations

This part of Chapter 6 talks about limitations of our plan.

- 1. Early refills for lost, stolen or destroyed drugs are not covered except during a declared "National Emergency".
- 2. Early refills for vacation supplies are limited to a one-time fill of up to 30 days per calendar year.
- 3. Medications will not be covered if prescribed by physicians or other providers who are excluded from Medicare program participation.
- 4. You may refill a prescription when a minimum of seventy-five percent (75%) of the quantity is consumed based on the days supply.
- 5. Costs for drugs that are not covered under Part D do not count toward your True Out-of-Pocket (TrOOP) costs.

SECTION 9 What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Section 9.1 Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine

Our plan provides coverage of a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine medication itself**. The vaccine is a prescription medication.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the "administration" of the vaccine.)

What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?

What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:

- 1. The type of vaccine (what you are being vaccinated for).
 - Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going to Chapter 4, Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).
 - Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).
- 2. Where you get the vaccine medication.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine?

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances. For example:

- Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Other times, when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.

To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine. Remember you are responsible for all of the costs associated with vaccines (including their administration) during the Coverage Gap Stage of your benefit.

Situation 1: You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)

• You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment and/or coinsurance for the

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 172 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-17

vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine.

• Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7 of this booklet (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).
- You will be reimbursed the amount you paid less your normal copayment and/or coinsurance for the vaccine (including administration) less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine at your pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment and/or coinsurance for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7 of this booklet.
- You will be reimbursed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this difference.)

Section 9.2 You may want to call us at Customer, Service before you get a vaccination

The rules for coverage of vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that you call us first at Customer Service whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our network.
- If you are not able to use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to do to get payment from us for our share of the cost.

SECTION 10 Do you have to pay the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?

Section 10.1 What is the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?

Note: If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

The late enrollment penalty is an amount that is added to your Part D premium. You may owe a late enrollment penalty if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. ("Creditable prescription drug coverage" is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) The amount of the penalty depends on how long you waited to enroll in a creditable prescription drug coverage plan any time after the end of your initial enrollment period or how many full calendar months you went without creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

When you first enroll in our plan, we let you know the amount of the penalty. Your late enrollment penalty is considered your plan premium.

Section 10.2	How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?
1 Section 10 2	HOW much is the Part D late enrollment henalty?
	now much is the rate childhight penalty:

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- First count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, after you were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months in which you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more. The penalty is 1% for every month that you didn't have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2017, this average premium amount is \$35.63.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here it would be 14% times \$35.63, which equals \$4.99. This rounds to \$5.00. This amount would be added to the monthly premium for someone with a late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly late enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year**, because the average monthly premium can change each year. If the national average premium (as determined by Medicare) increases, your penalty will increase.
- Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits.
- Third, if you are <u>under</u> 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 174 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Section 10.3 In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty

Even if you have delayed enrolling in a plan offering Medicare Part D coverage when you were first eligible, sometimes you do not have to pay the late enrollment penalty.

You will not have to pay a penalty for late enrollment if you are in any of these situations:

- If you already have prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. Medicare calls this "creditable drug coverage." Please note:
 - Creditable coverage could include drug coverage from a former employer or union, TRICARE, or the Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
 - Please note: If you receive a "certificate of creditable coverage" when your health coverage ends, it may not mean your prescription drug coverage was creditable. The notice must state that you had "creditable" prescription drug coverage that expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
 - The following are **not** creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.
 - For additional information about creditable coverage, please look in your Medicare & You 2017 Handbook or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- If you were without creditable coverage, but you were without it for less than 63 days in a row.
- If you are receiving "Extra Help" from Medicare.

Section 10.4 What can you do if you disagree about your late enrollment penalty?

If you disagree about your late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. Generally, you must request this review within **60 days** from the date on the letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. Call Customer Service to find out more about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

SECTION 11 Do you have to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

6-20

Section 11.1 Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?

Most people pay a standard monthly Part D premium. However, some people pay an extra amount because of their yearly income. If your income is \$85,000 or above for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or \$170,000 or above for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government for your Medicare Part D coverage.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be and how to pay it. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium.

Section 11.2	How much is the extra Part D amount?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

If your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as reported on your IRS tax return is above a certain amount, you will pay an extra amount in addition to your monthly plan premium.

If you filed an individual tax return and your income in 2015 was:	If you were married but filed a separate tax return and your income in 2015 was:	If you filed a joint tax return and your income in 2015 was:	This is the monthly cost of your extra Part D amount (to be paid in addition to your plan premium)
Equal to or less than \$85,000	Equal to or less than \$85,000	Equal to or less than \$170,000	\$0
Greater than \$85,000 and less than or equal to \$107,000		Greater than \$170,000 and less than or equal to \$214,000	\$13.30
Greater than \$107,000 and less than or equal to \$160,000		Greater than \$214,000 and less than or equal to \$320,000	\$34.20

The chart below shows the extra amount based on your income.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 6: What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs	

6-21

If you filed an individual tax return and your income in 2015 was:	If you were married but filed a separate tax return and your income In 2015 was:	If you filed a joint tax return and your income in 2015 was:	This is the monthly cost of your extra Part D amount (to be paid in addition to your plan premium)
Greater than	Greater than	Greater than	\$55.20
\$160,000 and less	\$85,000 and less	\$320,000 and less	
than or equal to	than or equal to	than or equal to	
\$214,000	\$129,000	\$428,000	
Greater than	Greater than	Greater than	\$76.20
\$214,000	\$129,000	\$428,000	

Section 11.3 What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?

If you disagree about paying an extra amount because of your income, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Section 11.4	What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?
INACTION 11 /	What happone it you do not hav the extra Part D amount?
	What haddens if you do not day the extra ran d amount?

The extra amount is paid directly to the government (not your Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage. If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 177 of 310

CHAPTER 7

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-1

Chapter 7

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs		
SECTION 1	Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs	
	Section 1.1	If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment
SECTION 2	How to ask	us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received
	Section 2.1	How and where to send us your request for payment4
SECTION 3	We will con	sider your request for payment and say yes or no5
	Section 3.1	We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how
		much we owe5
	Section 3.2	much we owe
SECTION 4		If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or

1

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 179 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-2

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Section 1.1	If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs,
	or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In either case, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called "reimbursing" you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

You can receive emergency services from any provider in the United States, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. When you receive emergency or urgently needed services from a provider in the United States who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

• You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 180 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. For more information about "balance billing," go to Chapter 4, Section 1.3.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan.

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day_ of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.) If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your member ID card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.)

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan member ID card with you

If you do not have your plan member ID card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 181 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary); or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions.-This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

Section 2.1 How and where to send us your, request for, payment

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (www.myPreferredCare.com) or call Customer Service and ask for the form. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Part D Prescription drug payment requests UnitedHealthcare PO Box 30448 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0448

Medical Claims payment requests Preferred Care Partners Inc

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 182 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-5

PO Box 30448 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0448

You must submit your Part C (medical) claim to us within 12 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

You must submit your Part D (prescription drug) claim to us within 36 months of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1	We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how
	much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting
 the care or drug, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or
 drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for
 the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the
 rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules
 you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is **not** covered, or you did **not** follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2	If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or
	drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 183 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

7-6

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 9. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal." Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service, go to Section 5.3 in Chapter 9.
- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 6.5 of Chapter 9.

SECTION 4 Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us

Section 4.1	In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	track your out-of-pocket drug costs

There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Here are two situations when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

1. When you buy the drug for a price that is lower than our price

Sometimes when you are in the Coverage Gap Stage you can buy your drug at a network pharmacy for a price that is lower than our price.

- For example, a pharmacy might offer a special price on the drug. Or you may have a discount card that is outside our benefit that offers a lower price.
- Unless special conditions apply, you must use a network pharmacy in these situations and your drug must be on our Drug List.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Please note:** If you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

2. When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 184 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- Please note: Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Since you are not asking for payment in the two cases described above, these situations are not considered coverage decisions. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 185 of 310

CHAPTER 8

۱

Your rights and responsibilities

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 186 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

8-1

Chapter 8

.

Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1	Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan				
	Section 1.1	You have a right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.).			
	Sección 1.1	Usted tiene derecho a recibir información sobre la organización, sus			
		servicios, sus practicantes y proveedores, y sobre los derechos y las responsabilidades de los miembros. Debemos proveer la información de una forma que sea adecuada para usted (en idiomas diferentes al inglés, en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos)			
	Section 1.2	You have a right to be treated with respect and recognition of your dignity and right to privacy. We must treat you with fairness and respect at all times	.3		
	Section 1.3	We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs	.4		
	Section 1.4	We must protect the privacy of your personal health information	4		
	Section 1.5	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services			
	Section 1.6	You have a right to participate with practitioners in making decisions about your health care. We must support your right to make decisions about your care and a candid discussion of appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage			
	Section 1.7	You have a right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made			
	Section 1.8	What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?	9		
	Section 1.9	You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization's member rights and responsibilities policy. How to get more information about your rights	9		

.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)		
Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities		

SECTION 2	You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan2	20
	Section 2.1 What are your responsibilities?	20

.

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities 8-3 Case 0:17-cv-62584-W1Z Document 1-3 Entered on ELSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 188 of

310

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan

Section 1.1	You have a right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. We must provide information in a way that works for you
	(in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Our plan has people and free language interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. This information is available for free in other languages. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats if you need it. If you are eligible for Medicare because of a disability, we are required to give you information about the plan's benefits that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan because of problems related to language or a disability, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and tell them that you want to file a complaint. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Sección 1.1	Usted tiene derecho a recibir información sobre la organización, sus servicios, sus practicantes y proveedores, y sobre los derechos y las
	responsabilidades de los miembros. Debemos proveer la información de
	una forma que sea adecuada para usted (en idiomas diferentes al inglés,
	en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos)

Nuestro Plan tiene personal y servicios de traducción disponibles para responder a las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Esta información está disponible gratuitamente en otros idiomas. También podemos brindarle la información en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos si lo necesita. Si usted es elegible para Medicare debido a una discapacidad, se nos exige que le brindemos la información con respecto a los beneficios del plan de forma accesible y apropiada para usted. Para obtener información de nosotros de una forma adecuada para usted, sírvase llamar a Servicio al Cliente (los números de teléfono se encuentran impresos en la portada posterior de este libro).

Si tiene algún problema para obtener la información de nuestro plan debido a problemas relacionados con idioma o discapacidad, sírvase llamar a Medicare al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), las 24 horas del día, los 7 días de la semana, y dígales que quiere presentar una queja. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-877-486-2048.

Section 1.2 You have a right to be treated with respect and recognition of your dignity and right to privacy. We must treat you with fairness and respect at all times

8-4

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. **We do not discriminate** based on a person's race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

Section 1.3	We must en	sure that you get	timely acce	ss to your covered services and
	drugs	•		

As a member of our plan, you have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services (Chapter 3 explains more about this). Call Customer Service to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers, within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

How to Receive Care After Hours

If you need to talk or see your Primary Care Provider after the office has closed for the day, call your Primary Care Provider's office. When the on call physician returns your call he or she will advise you on how to proceed.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

Section 1.4 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 190 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

- Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practice," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you first. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first.-Theseexceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

HEALTH PLAN NOTICES OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

MEDICAL INFORMATION PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW <u>MEDICAL INFORMATION</u> ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2016

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 191 of 310

We¹ are required by law to protect the privacy of your health information. We are also required to send you this notice, which explains how we may use information about you and when we can give out or "disclose" that information to others. You also have rights regarding your health information that are described in this notice. We are required by law to abide by the terms of this notice.

The terms "information" or "health information" in this notice include any information we maintain that reasonably can be used to identify you and that relates to your physical or mental health condition, the provision of health care to you, or the payment for such health care. We will comply with the requirements of applicable privacy laws related to notifying you in the event of a breach of your health information.

We have the right to change our privacy practices and the terms of this notice. If we make a material change to our privacy practices, we will provide to you, in our next annual distribution, either a revised notice or information about the material change and how to obtain a revised notice. We will provide you with this information either by direct mail or electronically, in accordance with applicable law. In all cases, if we maintain a website for your particular health plan, we will post the revised notice on your health plan website, such as www.myPreferredCare.com. We reserve the right to make any revised or changed notice effective for information we already have and for information that we receive in the future.

UnitedHealth Group collects and maintains oral, written and electronic information to administer our business and to provide products, services and information of importance to our enrollees. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural security safeguards in the handling and maintenance of our enrollees' information, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse.

How We Use or Disclose Information

We must use and disclose your health information to provide that information:

- To you or someone who has the legal right to act for you (your personal representative) in order to administer your rights as described in this notice; and
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, if necessary, to make sure your privacy is protected.

We have the right to use and disclose health information for your treatment, to pay for your health care and to operate our business. For example, we may use or disclose your health information:

- For Payment of premiums due us, to determine your coverage, and to process claims for health care services you receive, including for subrogation or coordination of other benefits you may have. For example, we may tell a doctor whether you are eligible for coverage and what percentage of the bill may be covered.
- For Treatment. We may use or disclose health information to aid in your treatment or the coordination of your care. For example, we may disclose information to your physicians or hospitals to help them provide medical care to you.

- For Health Care Operations. We may use or disclose health information as necessary to operate and manage our business activities related to providing and managing your health care coverage. For example, we might talk to your physician to suggest a disease management or wellness program that could help improve your health or we may analyze data to determine how we can improve our services.
- To Provide You Information on Health Related Programs or Products such as alternative medical treatments and programs or about health-related products and services, subject to limits imposed by law.
- For Plan Sponsors. If your coverage is through an employer sponsored group health plan, we may share summary health information and enrollment and disenrollment information with the plan sponsor. In addition, we may share other health information with the plan sponsor for plan administration purposes if the plan sponsor agrees to special restrictions on its use and disclosure of the information in accordance with federal law.
- For Underwriting Purposes. We may use or disclose your health information for underwriting purposes; however, we will not use or disclose your genetic information for such purposes.
- For Reminders. We may use or disclose health information to send you reminders about your benefits or care, such as appointment reminders with providers who provide medical care to you.

We may use or disclose your health information for the following purposes under limited circumstances:

- As Required by Law. We may disclose information when required to do so by law.
- To Persons Involved With Your Care. We may use or disclose your health information to a person involved in your care or who helps pay for your care, such as a family member, when you are incapacitated or in an emergency, or when you agree or fail to object when given the opportunity. If you are unavailable or unable to object, we will use our best judgment to decide if the disclosure is in your best interests. Special rules apply regarding when we may disclose health information to family members and others involved in a deceased individual's care. We may disclose health information to any persons involved, prior to the death, in the care or payment for care of a deceased individual, unless we are aware that doing so would be inconsistent with a preference previously expressed by the deceased.
- For Public Health Activities such as reporting or preventing disease outbreaks to a public health authority.
- For Reporting Victims of Abuse, Neglect or Domestic Violence to government authorities that are authorized by law to receive such information, including a social service or protective service agency.
- For Health Oversight Activities to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as licensure, governmental audits and fraud and abuse investigations.
- For Judicial or Administrative Proceedings such as in response to a court order, search warrant or subpoena.
- For Law Enforcement Purposes. We may disclose your health information to a law enforcement official for purposes such as providing limited information to locate a missing person or report a crime.
- To Avoid a Serious Threat to Health or Safety to you, another person, or the public, by, for

example, disclosing information to public health agencies or law enforcement authorities, or in the event of an emergency or natural disaster.

- For Specialized Government Functions such as military and veteran activities, national security and intelligence activities, and the protective services for the President and others.
- For Workers' Compensation as authorized by, or to the extent necessary to comply with, state workers compensation laws that govern job-related injuries or illness.
- For Research Purposes such as research related to the evaluation of certain treatments or the prevention of disease or disability, if the research study meets federal privacy law requirements.
- To Provide Information Regarding Decedents. We may disclose information to a coroner or medical examiner to identify a deceased person, determine a cause of death, or as authorized by law. We may also disclose information to funeral directors as necessary to carry out their duties.
- For Organ Procurement Purposes. We may use or disclose information to entities that handle procurement, banking or transplantation of organs, eyes or tissue to facilitate donation and transplantation.
- To Correctional Institutions or Law Enforcement Officials if you are an inmate of a correctional institution or under the custody of a law enforcement official, but only if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.
- To Business Associates that perform functions on our behalf or provide us with services if the information is necessary for such functions or services. Our business associates are required, under contract with us and pursuant to federal law, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract and as permitted by federal law.
- Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure. Certain federal and state laws may require special privacy protections that restrict the use and disclosure of certain health information, including highly confidential information about you. "Highly confidential information" may include confidential information under Federal laws governing alcohol and drug abuse information and genetic information as well as state laws that often protect the following types of information:
 - 1. HIV/AIDS;
 - 2. Mental health;
 - 3. Genetic tests;
 - 4. Alcohol and drug abuse;
 - 5. Sexually transmitted diseases and reproductive health information; and
 - 6. Child or adult abuse or neglect, including sexual assault.

If a use or disclosure of health information described above in this notice is prohibited or materially limited by other laws that apply to us, it is our intent to meet the requirements of the more stringent law. Attached to this notice is a "Federal and State Amendments" document.

Except for uses and disclosures described and limited as set forth in this notice, we will use and disclose your health information only with a written authorization from you. This includes, except for limited circumstances allowed by federal privacy law, not using or disclosing psychotherapy notes about you, selling your health information to others, or using or disclosing your health information

for certain promotional communications that are prohibited marketing communications under federal law, without your written authorization. Once you give us authorization to release your health information, we cannot guarantee that the recipient to whom the information is provided will not disclose the information. You may take back or "revoke" your written authorization at any time in writing, except if we have already acted based on your authorization. To find out where to mail your written authorization and how to revoke an authorization, contact the phone number listed on your health plan ID card.

What Are Your Rights

The following are your rights with respect to your health information:

- You have the right to ask to restrict uses or disclosures of your information for treatment, _______payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to ask to restrict disclosures to family members or to others who are involved in your health care or payment for your health ______ care. We may also have policies on dependent access that authorize your dependents to request certain restrictions. Please note that while we will try to honor your request and will permit requests consistent with our policies, we are not required to agree to any restriction.
- You have the right to ask to receive confidential communications of information in a different manner or at a different place (for example, by sending information to a P.O. Box instead of your home address). We will accommodate reasonable requests where a disclosure of all or part of your health information otherwise could endanger you. In certain circumstances, we will accept your verbal request to receive confidential communications, however, we may also require you confirm your request in writing. In addition, any requests to modify or cancel a previous confidential communication request must be made in writing. Mail your request to the address listed below.
- You have the right to see and obtain a copy of certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records. If we maintain your health information electronically, you will have the right to request that we send a copy of your health information in an electronic format to you. You can also request that we provide a copy of your information to a third party that you identify. In some cases you may receive a summary of this health information. You must make a written request to inspect and copy your health information or have your information sent to a third party. Mail your request to the address listed below. In certain limited circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your health information. If we deny your request, you may have the right to have the denial reviewed. We may charge a reasonable fee for any copies.
- You have the right to ask to amend certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records, if you believe the health information about you is wrong or incomplete. Your request must be in writing and provide the reasons for the requested amendment. Mail your request to the address listed below. If we deny your request, you may have a statement of your disagreement added to your health information.
- You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures of your information made by us during the six years prior to your request. This accounting will not include disclosures of information made: (i) for treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes; (ii) to you or

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 195 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

pursuant to your authorization; and (iii) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials; and (iv) other disclosures for which federal law does not require us to provide an accounting.

• You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. You may ask for a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. If we maintain a website for your particular health plan, you also may also obtain a copy of this notice on your health plan website, such as www.myPreferredCare.com.

Exercising Your Rights

- Contacting your Health Plan. If you have any questions about this notice or want information about exercising your rights, please call the toll-free member phone number on the back of your health plan ID card or you may contact a UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center Representative at 1-866-231-7201 (TTY 711).
- Submitting a Written Request. You can mail your written requests to exercise any of your ______ rights, including modifying or cancelling a confidential communication, requesting copies of your records, or requesting amendments to your record, to us at the following address:

UnitedHealthcare Privacy Office MN017 – E300 PO Box 1459 Minneapolis, MN 55440

• Filing a Complaint. If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us at the address listed above.

You may also notify the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of your complaint. We will not take any action against you for filing a complaint.

¹ This Medical Information Notice of Privacy Practices applies to the following health plans that are affiliated with UnitedHealth Group: ACN Group of California, Inc.; All Savers Insurance Company; All Savers Life Insurance Company of California; AmeriChoice of Connecticut, Inc.; AmeriChoice of New Jersey, Inc.; Arizona Physicians IPA, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Maryland, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Texas Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus South Central Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus of Texas Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus South Central Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus Visconsin Insurance Company; Dental Benefit Providers of California, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers of Illinois, Inc.; Golden Rule Insurance Company; Health Plan of Nevada, Inc.; MAMSI Life and Health Insurance Company; MD - Individual Practice Association, Inc.; Medical Health Plans of Florida, Inc.; Medica HealthCare Plans, Inc.; National Pacific Dental, Inc.; Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc.; Nevada Pacific Dental; Optimum Choice, Inc.; Oxford Health Insurance, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (CT), Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (NY), Inc.; PacifiCare Life and Health Insurance Company; PacifiCare of Colorado, Inc.; PacifiCare of Nevada, Inc.; Physicians Health Choice of Texas, LLC; Preferred Care Partners, Inc.; Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; UHC of California; U.S. Behavioral Health Plan,

California; Unimerica Insurance Company; Unimerica Life Insurance Company of New York; Unison Health Plan of Delaware, Inc.; Unison Health Plan of the Capital Area, Inc.; United Healthcare Benefits of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Texas, L.L.C.; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of Illinois; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of New York; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of the River Valley; UnitedHealthcare Life Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare of Alabama, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arizona, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arkansas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Colorado, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Florida, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Kentucky, Ltd.; UnitedHealthcare of Louisiana, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Mid-Atlantic, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midlands, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midwest, Inc.; United HealthCare of Mississippi, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New England, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New Mexico, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New York, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of North Carollna, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oklahoma, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oregon, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Pennsylvania, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Utah, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Washington, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Wisconsin, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Plan of the River Valley, Inc.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW FINANCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2016

We² are committed to maintaining the confidentiality of your personal financial information. For the purposes of this notice, "personal financial information" means information about an enrollee or an applicant for health care coverage that identifies the individual, is not generally publicly available, and is collected from the individual or is obtained in connection with providing health care coverage to the individual.

² For purposes of this Financial Information Privacy Notice, "we" or "us" refers to the entities listed in footnote 1, beginning on the first page of the Health Plan Notices of Privacy Practices, plus the following UnitedHealthcare affiliates: Alere Women's and Children's Health, LLC; AmeriChoice Health Services, Inc.; Connextions HCl, LLC; Dental Benefit Providers, Inc.; HealthAllies, Inc.; LifePrint East, Inc.; Life Print Health, Inc.; MAMSI Insurance Resources, LLC; Managed Physical Network, Inc.; OneNet PPO, LLC; OptumHealth Care Solutions, Inc.; OrthoNet, LLC; OrthoNet of the Mid-Atlantic, Inc.; OrthoNet West, LLC; OrthoNet of the South, Inc.; Oxford Benefit Management, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans LLC; Spectera, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; Unison Administrative Services, LLC; United Behavioral Health; United Behavioral Health of New York I.P.A., Inc.; United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UnitedHealth Advisors, LLC; UnitedHealthcare Service LLC; UnitedHealthcare Services Company of the River Valley, Inc.; UnitedHealthOne Agency, Inc. This Financial Information Privacy Notice only applies where required by law. Specifically, it does not

apply to (1) health care insurance products offered in Nevada by Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. and Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; or (2) other UnitedHealth Group health plans in states that provide exceptions for HIPAA covered entities or health insurance products.

Information We Collect

Depending upon the product or service you have with us, we may collect personal financial information about you from the following sources:

- Information we receive from you on applications or other forms, such as name, address, age, medical information and Social Security number;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates or others, such as premium payment and claims history; and
- ... Information from a consumer reporting agency.

Disclosure of Information

We do not disclose personal financial information about our enrollees or former enrollees to any third party, except as required or permitted by law. For example, in the course of our general business practices, we may, as permitted by law, disclose any of the personal financial information that we collect about you, without your authorization, to the following types of institutions:

- To our corporate affiliates, which include financial service providers, such as other insurers, and non-financial companies, such as data processors;
- To nonaffiliated companies for our everyday business purposes, such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), or respond to court orders and legal investigations; and
- To nonaffiliated companies that perform services for us, including sending promotional communications on our behalf.

Confidentiality and Security

We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect your personal financial information against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse. These measures include computer safeguards, secured files and buildings, and restrictions on who may access your personal financial information.

Questions About this Notice

If you have any questions about this notice, please **call the toll-free member phone number on your health plan ID card** or contact the UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center at 1-866-231-7201 (TTY711).

UNITEDHEALTH GROUP HEALTH PLAN NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES:

FEDERAL AND STATE AMENDMENTS

Revised: January 1, 2016

The first part of this Notice, which provides our privacy practices for Medical Information, describes how we may use and disclose your health information under federal privacy rules. There are other laws that may limit our rights to use and disclose your health information beyond what we are allowed to do under the federal privacy rules. The purpose of the charts below is to:

- 1. show the categories of health information that are subject to these more restrictive laws; and
- 2. give you a general summary of when we can use and disclose your health information without your consent.

If your written consent is required under the more restrictive laws, the consent must meet the particular rules of the applicable federal or state law.

Summery of Reclared Laws

Alcohol & Drug Abuse Information

We are allowed to use and disclose alcohol and drug abuse information that is protected by federal law only (1) in certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.

Genetic Information

We are not allowed to use genetic information for underwriting purposes.

Summary of State Law	Ð
General Health Information	
We are allowed to disclose general health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, NE, PR, RI, VT, WA, WI
HMOs must give enrollees an opportunity to approve or refuse disclosures, subject to certain exceptions.	КҮ
You may be able to restrict certain electronic disclosures of health information.	NC, NV
We are not allowed to use health information for certain purposes.	CA, IA

8-14

Summary of State Law	/S		
We will not use and/or disclosure information regarding certain public assistance programs except for certain purposes	KY, MO, NJ, SD		
We must comply with additional restrictions prior to using or disclosing your health information for certain purposes	KS		
Prescriptions			
We are allowed to disclose prescription-related information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	ID, NH, NV		
Communicable Diseases			
We are allowed to disclose communicable disease information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and /or (2) to specific recipients.	AZ, IN, KS, MI, NV, OK		
Sexually Transmitted Diseases and Reproductive Health			
We are allowed to disclose sexually transmitted disease and/or reproductive health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, FL, IN, KS, MI, MT, NJ, NV, PR, WA, WY		
Alcohol and Drug Abuse			
We are allowed to use and disclose alcohol and drug abuse information (1) under certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	AR, CT, GA, KY, IL, IN, IA, LA, MN, NC, NH, OH, WA, WI		
Disclosures of alcohol and drug abuse information may be restricted by the individual who is the subject of the information.	WA		
Genetic Information	***************************************		
We are not allowed to disclose genetic information without your written consent.	CA, CO, KS, KY, LA, NY, RI, TN, WY		

8-15

Summary of State Law	6	
We are allowed to disclose genetic information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	AK, AZ, FL, GA, IL, IA, MD, ME, MA, MO, NJ, NV, NH, NM, OR, RI, TX, UT, VT	
Restrictions apply to (1) the use, and/or (2) the retention of genetic information.	FL, GA, IA, LA, MD, NM, OH, UT, VA, VT	
HIV / AIDS		
We are allowed to disclose HIV/AIDS-related information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	AZ, AR, CA, CT, DE, FL, GA, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, ME, MI, MO, MT, NY, NC, NH, NM, NV, OR, PA, PR, RI, TX, VT, WV, WA, WI, WY	
Certain restrictions apply to oral disclosures of HIV/AIDS- related information.	CT, FL	
We will collect certain HIV/AIDS-related information only with your written consent	OR	
Mental Health		
We are allowed to disclose mental health information only (1) under certain limited circumstances and/or (2) to specific recipients.	CA, CT, DC, IA, IL, IN, KY, MA, MI, NC, NM, PR, TN, WA, WI	
Disclosures may be restricted by the individual who is the subject of the information.	WA	
Certain restrictions apply to oral disclosures of mental health information.	СТ	
Certain restrictions apply to the use of mental health information.	ME	
Child or Adult Abuse		
We are allowed to use and disclose child and/or adult abuse information only (1) under certain limited circumstances, and/or disclose only (2) to specific recipients.	AL, CO, IL, LA, MD, NE, NJ, NM, RI, TN, TX, UT, WI	

Copyright 2016 United HealthCare Services, Inc.

8-16

Section 1.5	We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers,
	and your covered services

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- Information about our plan. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.
- Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.
 - For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
 - For a list of the providers in the plan's network, see the Provider Directory.
 - For a list of the pharmacies in the plan's network, see the **Pharmacy Directory**.
 - For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at www.myPreferredCare.com.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.
 - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
 - To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet plus the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). These chapters, together with the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), tell you what drugs are covered and explain the rules you must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.
 - If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.
 - If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.
 - If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities	8-17

decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)

• If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

Section 1.6	You have a right to participate with practitioners in making decisions
	about your health care. We must support your right to make decisions
	about your care and a candid discussion of appropriate or medically
	necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or
	benefit coverage.

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- To know about all of your choices. This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.
- To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care. You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, **if you want to**, you can:

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 203 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- Give your doctors written instructions about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called "advance directives." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called "living will" and "power of attorney for health care" are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an "advance directive" to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- Get the form. If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service for assistance in locating an advanced directive form.
- Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the appropriate state-specific agency, for example, your State Department of Health. See Chapter 2, Section 3 for contact information regarding your state-specific agency.

Section 1.7 You have a right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 204 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 1	.8	What can you	do if you	believe you	are being	treated u	Infairly or your
		rights are no	t being res	pected?			

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, and it's not about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, you can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 1.9	You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization's
	member rights and responsibilities policy. How to get more information
	about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- For information on the Quality Improvement Program for your specific health plan, call the Customer Service number on the back of your member ID card. You may also access this information via the website (https://www.uhcmedicaresolutions.com/health-plans/medicare-advantage-plans/resources-plan-material/ma-medicare-forms). Select, "Commitment to Quality."

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 205 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

8-20

- You can call the SHIP. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Your Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/ 11534.pdf.)
 - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

the second se	
Contine 0.4	
Section 2.1	What are your responsibilities?

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

- Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
 - Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.
- If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Please call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
 - We are required to follow rules set by Medicare to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from our plan. This is called **"coordination of benefits"** because it involves coordinating the health and drug benefits you get from our plan with any other health and drug benefits available to you. We'll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 7.)
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your plan member ID card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
 - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are

supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer you are given, ask again.

- Be considerate. We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For that reason, some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part A and most plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
 - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your medical services. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
 - If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
 - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
 - If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
 - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
 - If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan. (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
 - If you move within our service area, we still need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
 - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.
- Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns. We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
 - Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
 - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 207 of 310

CHAPTER 9

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Chapter 9

ŧ.

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

BACKGROUND

SECTION 1	Introduction	٦	4
	Section 1.1	What to do if you have a problem or concern	.4
	Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?	.4
SECTION 2		t help from government organizations that are not connected with u	
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		.4
	Section 2.1	Where to get more information and personalized assistance	5
SECTION 3	To deal with	your problem, which process should you use?	5
	Section 3.1	Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?	
COVERAGE	E DECISION	IS AND APPEALS	
SECTION 4	A guide to t	he basics of coverage decisions and appeals	6
	Section 4.1	Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture	.6
	Section 4.2	How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal	7
	Section 4.3	Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?	8
SECTION 5	Your medic	al care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal	8
	Sectlon 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the co of your care	st
	Section 5.2	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)	
	Section 5.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)	
	Section 5.4	Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done 1	5
	Section 5.5	What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?1	6

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 209 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-	2

SECTION 6		prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an
	Section 6.1	This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug
	Section 6.2	What is an exception?19
	Section 6.3	Important things to know about asking for exceptions20
	Section 6.4	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception21
	Section 6.5	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)24
	Section 6.6	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal
SECTION 7		us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is you too soon
	Section 7.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights28
	Section 7.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
	Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
	Section 7.4	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?
SECTION 8		us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your ending too soon
	Section 8.1	This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services
	Section 8.2	We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending
	Section 8.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
	Section 8.4	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time
	Section 8.5	What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal? 40
SECTION 9	Taking your	appeal to Level 3 and beyond
	Section 9.1	Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Appeals

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 210 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 9.2 Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Appeals...... 44

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 10	How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns					
	Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?4	16				
	Section 10.2 The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance"4	17				
	Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint	17				
	Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization	19				
	-Section-10.5-You can also tell Medicare about your complaint	. .				

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 211 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-4

BACKGROUND

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the process for making complaints.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

Section 1.2	What about the legal terms?	 state and	
	india about the logal terms.		

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says "making a complaint" rather than "filing a grievance," "coverage decision" rather than "organization determination," or "coverage determination," and "Independent Review Organization" instead of "Independent Review Entity." It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-5

Section 2.1 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

Get help from an independent government organization

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).** This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

Section 3.1	Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or
	should you use the process for making complaints?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, **START HERE**

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes. My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4**, **"A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals."**

No. My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Skip ahead to Section 10 at the end of this chapter: "How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns."

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services and prescription drugs, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. If this happens, we will let you know. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

Section 4.2	How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making				
	an appeal				

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- To get free help from an independent organization that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).
- Your doctor can make a request for you.
 - For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.
 - For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your "representative" to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
 - If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 215 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-8

signed form.

• You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

			_			بمسبب والتقاقي والمسبق فالتفاقي والمتنا
Section 4.3	Which section of this chapter	gives	the	details	s for <u>vou</u>	r situation?

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- Section 5 of this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 6 of this chapter: "Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 7 of this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon"
- Section 8 of this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (Applies to these services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (Chapter 2, Section 3, of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 5.1	This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cos	
	of your care	

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).** To keep things simple, we generally refer to "medical care coverage" or "medical care" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "medical care or treatment or services" every time.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- 1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.
- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
- 3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.
 - NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here's what to read in those situations:
 - Chapter 9, Section 7: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.
 - Chapter 9, Section 8: **How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.** This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.
 - For **all other** situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:			
Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.			
cover the medical care or services you	Go to the next section of this chapter, Section 5.2 .			
cover or pay for a medical service in the	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)			
	Skip ahead to Section 5.3 of this chapter.			
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have	You can send us the bill.			
already received and paid for?	Skip ahead to Section 5.5 of this chapter.			

Which of these situations are you in?

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 217 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-10

Section 5.2	Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)			
Legal Terms	When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an "organization determination."			
🚺) requesti	You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are ng. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a "fast e decision."			

Legal Terms A "fast coverage decision" is a	called an "expedited determination."
---	--------------------------------------

How to request coverage for the medical care you want

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.
- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care**.

Generally we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision

When we give you our decision, we will use the "standard" deadlines unless we have agreed to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.

- However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
- If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"

- A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours.
 - However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 218 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-11

decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

- To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if you are asking for coverage for medical care **you have not yet received.** (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if using the standard deadlines could **cause** serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
 - ____If_we_decide_that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines______ instead).
 - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
 - The letter will also tell how you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)



STEP 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

Deadlines for a "fast" coverage decision

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision, we will give you our answer within 72 hours.
 - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 219 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-12

Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision, we will give you our answer within 14 calendar days of receiving your request.
 - We can take up to 14 more calendar days ("an extended time period") under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 calendar days after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.



STEP 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider and perhaps change this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)



STEP 1: You contact us and make your appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a "fast appeal."

What to do

• To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us. For details on

how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care**.

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.
 - If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. (To get the form, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. It is also available on Medicare's website at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care).
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.
 - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
 - If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal" (you can make a request by calling us)

Legal Terms	A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited reconsideration."

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."
- The requirements and procedures for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage decision." To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast appeal," we will give you a fast appeal.



• When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 221 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-14

about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.

• We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

Deadlines for a "fast" appeal

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written denial notice informing you that we have automatically sent your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal

~

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
 - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
 - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written denial notice informing you that we have automatically sent your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 222 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-15

3

STEP 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

• To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **our plan is** required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

Contion E	A Step by steps How a Loval 2 Appeal is done	
Section 5.4	4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done	- 1

If our plan says no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal TermsThe formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."



- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a "fast" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "fast" appeal at Level 2

- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.

If you had a "standard" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "standard" appeal at Level 2

• If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 223 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-16

appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.

• However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date the plan receives the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.")
 - If the Independent Review Organization "upholds the decision" you have the right to a Level 3 appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level 2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.



STEP 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal.
- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an administrative law judge. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 224 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-17

payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**). We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: **Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**).

We will say yes or no to your request

- If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the
 payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive
 your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the
 provider. (When we send the payment, it's the same as saying yes to your request for a
 coverage decision.)
- If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying no to your request for a coverage decision.)

What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal.** If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in part 5.3 of this section. Go to this part for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)
- If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 225 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-18



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

Section 6.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to our plan's **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

- This section is about your Part D drugs only. To keep things simple, we generally say "drug" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "covered outpatient prescription drug" or "Part D drug" every time.
- For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), rules and restrictions on coverage, and cost information, see Chapter 5 (Using our plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs) and Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

Part D coverage decisions and appeals

As discussed in Section 4 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

Legal Terms	An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a "coverage determination."
-------------	--

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including:
 - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)
 - Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
 - Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier
- You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you satisfy any applicable coverage rules. (For example, when your drug is on the plan's **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)** but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)
 - **Please note:** If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, you will get a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.
- You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage

decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal. Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:

Which of these situations are you in?

If you are in this situation:	"This is what you can do:
Do you need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover?	You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)
	Start with Section 6.2 of this chapter.
Do you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules	You can ask us for a coverage decision.
or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need?	Skip ahead to Section 6.4 of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for?	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)
	Skip ahead to Section 6.4 of this chapter.
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)
	Skip ahead to Section 6.5 of this chapter.

Section 6.2 W

What is an exception?

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an "exception." An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). (We call it the "Drug List" for short.)

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 227 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-20

Legal Terms	Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."
-------------	---

- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier Four. You cannot ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug. There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our List of Covered Drugs (Formulary) (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).

 _Legal <u>Terms</u>	Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes -called asking for a <i>"formulary exception."</i>	

- The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:
 - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
 - Getting plan approval in advance before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called "prior authorization.")
 - **Being required to try a different drug first** before we will agree to cover the drug you are asking for. (This is sometimes called "step therapy.")
 - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.
- If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.

	Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a "tiering exception."
--	--

- If your drug is in Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drug you can ask us to cover it at at a lower cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 3 Preferred Drug. This would lower your share of the cost for the drug.
- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 Specialty Tier.

Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 228 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-21

requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally **not** approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally not approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you.

We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 6.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

Section 6:4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision; including an exception



STEP 1: You ask our plan to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.

What to do

- Request the type of coverage decision you want. Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to
 make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this.
 You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details, go to
 Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are asking
 for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs. Or if you are asking us to pay
 you back for a drug, go to the section called, Where to send a request that asks us to pay for
 our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.
- You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.

· If you are requesting an exception, provide the "supporting statement." Your doctor or

other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting. (We call this the "supporting statement.") Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about exception requests.

• We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form or on our plan's form, which are available on our website.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"

Legal Terms	A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage determination."
-------------	---

- When we give you our decision, we will use the "standard" deadlines unless we have agreed to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement.
- To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:
 - You can get a fast coverage decision **only** if you are asking for a **drug you have not yet received.** (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
 - You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor's or other prescriber's support), we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
 - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
 - This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
 - The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a "fast" complaint, which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

STEP 2: We consider your request and we give you our answer.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 230 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-23

Deadlines for a "fast" coverage decision

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours.
 - Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours.
 - Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- · If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested -
 - If we approve your request for coverage, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
 - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 231 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-24



STEP 3: If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

Section 6.5	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a]
	coverage decision made by our plan)	

Legal Terms	An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination."
-------------	--



STEP 1: You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a "fast appeal."

What to do

- To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.
 - For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, or mail, or on our website, for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called, **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs**.
- If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs).
- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.
 - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.
 - If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal"

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 232 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-25

Legal Terms	A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited redetermination."
3	

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."
- The requirements for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage decision" in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

2 STEP 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

• When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a "fast" appeal

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
 - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If you believe your health requires it, you should ask for "fast" appeal.
 - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested
 - If we approve a request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
 - If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal request.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 233 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-26

• If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.



STEP 3: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.

- If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal.
- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process (see below).

Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How	w to make a Level 2 Appeal
-------------------------------	----------------------------

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the
	"Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."



STEP 1: To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If our plan says no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal with the Independent Review Organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.
- When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 234 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

Deadlines for a "fast" appeal at Level 2

- If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a "fast appeal."
- If the review organization agrees to give you a "fast appeal," the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.
- If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal at Level 2

- ---If-you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal.
- If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested -
 - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
 - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.")

If the Independent Review Organization "upholds the decision" you have the right to a Level 3 appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.



STEP.3: If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 235 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.

• The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an administrative law judge. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).**

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

Section 7.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from
	Medicare that tells about your rights

During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called **An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights.** Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- **1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it**. It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:
 - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it.
 - Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
 - Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 236 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-29

Legal Terms	The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can "request an immediate review." Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 7.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)
-------------	--

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- **3. Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.
 - If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
 - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/ HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html.

Section 7.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital
	discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by our plan for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process. Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2, of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

1



STEP 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a "fast review" of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

• This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization **before** you leave the hospital and **no later than your planned discharge date.** (Your "planned discharge date" is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
 - If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

Ask for a "fast review":

• You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a "fast review" of your discharge. Asking for a "fast review" means you are asking for the organization to use the "fast" deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

Legal remis	Legal	Terms
-------------	-------	-------

A "fast review" is also called an "immediate review" or an "expedited review."



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 238 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-31

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers" for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Legal Terms	This written explanation is called the "Detailed Notice of Discharge." You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/BNI/
-------------	--



STEP 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says yes to your appeal, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says **no** to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day **after** the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says no to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.



STEP 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 239 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

• If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

Section 7.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital	
	discharge date	

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:



STEP 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.



STEP 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

• It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.

This is called "upholding the decision."

• The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.



STEP 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7:4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 7.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. ("Quickly" means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to our plan, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.



STEP 1: Contact our plan and ask for a "fast review."

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
- Be sure to ask for a "fast review." This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 241 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)



STEP 2: We do a "fast" review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.
- In this situation, we will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.



STEP 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").

- If we say yes to your fast appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your fast appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
 - If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.



STEP 4: If our plan says no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

• To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, our plan is required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."
-------------	--

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 242 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint

(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)



STEP 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by
 Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency.
 This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent
 Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
 - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by a judge.



STEP.3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-36

Section 8.1 This section is about three services only: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

This section is about the following types of care **only**:

- Home health care services you are getting.
- Skilled nursing care you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a "skilled nursing facility," see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)
- Rehabilitation care you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart** (what is covered and what you pay).

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 8.2	We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending	

- 1. You receive a notice in writing. At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.
 - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask us to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 244 of 2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice forward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints) 9-37

Legal Terms	In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a "fast-track appeal." Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 8.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)
	The written notice is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." To get a sample copy, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or see a copy online at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/BNI/

2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows **only** that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does** <u>not</u> mean you agree with the plan that it's time to stop getting the care.

Section 8.3	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your
	care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process. Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.



STEP 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.

What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

• This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

What should you ask for?

•-Ask this organization for a "fast-track appeal" (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization.

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers" for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Legal TermsThis notice of explanation is called the "Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage."	
--	--

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)



STEP 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?

- If the reviewers say **no** to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

STEP 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- This first appeal you make is "Level 1" of the appeals process. If reviewers say **no** to your Level 1 Appeal <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

Section 8.4	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your
	care for a longer time

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:



STEP 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.



STEP 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.



STEP 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

— — What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal? _

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.



STEP 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 8.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 8.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 248 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-41

making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to our plan, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

Legal Terms A "fast" review (or "fast appeal") is also called an "expedited appeal"	'.
---	----



STEP 1: Contact us and ask for a "fast review."

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
- Be sure to ask for a "fast review." This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.



STEP 2: We do a "fast" review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.
- We will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.



STEP 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").

- If we say yes to your fast appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your fast appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 249 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-42

STEP 4: If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

• To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the
	"Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."

STEP 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)



STEP 2: The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 250 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-43

made to your first appeal and will not change it.

• The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.



STEP 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by a judge.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

P		
Section 9.1	Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Medical S	Service Appeals

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 Appeal	A judge who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer. This judge is called an "Administrative Law Judge."
----------------	---

- If the Administrative Law Judge says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
 - If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the judge's decision.
 - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 251 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-44

with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.

- If the Administrative Law Judge says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the administrative law judge says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 Appeal	The Appeals Council will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Appeals Council works for the Federal government.
----------------	--

• If the answer is yes, or if the Appeals Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over - We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.

- If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Appeals Council's decision.
- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- If the answer is no or if the Appeals Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Appeals Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal	A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.
----------------	--

• This is the last step of the administrative appeals process.

Section 9.2

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 252 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 Appeal	A judge who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer. This judge is called an "Administrative Law
	Judge."

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the administrative law judge says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 4 Appeal:	The Appeals Council will review your appeal and give you an answer. The			
	Appeals Council works for the Federal government.			

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Appeals Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
 - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Appeals Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

Level 5 Appeal	A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.
----------------	--

• This is the last step of the appeals process.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint Cacoverage decisions, appealo, comprants) 3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page92453 of

SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns



If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is **not for you.** Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

0 11 404	
Section 10.1	What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems **only**. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	 Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy	 Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treated you? Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?
Waiting times	 Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by Customer Service or other staff at our plan? Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.
Cleanliness	 Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?

If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can "make a complaint"

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 254 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-47

Complaint	Example
Information you get from us	 Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give? Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the	The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in sections 4-9 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.
timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and	However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:
appeals)	 If you have asked us to give you a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint. If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.
	 When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.
	• When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.

Section 10.2 The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance"

Legal Terms	 What this section calls a "complaint" is also called a "grievance." Another term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." Another way to say "using the process for complaints" is "using the process for filing a grievance."
-------------	---

Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

STEP 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

• Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. 1-866-231-7201, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 255 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

9-48

a week

- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- We must receive your complaint within 60 calendar days of the event or incident you are complaining about. If something kept you from filing your complaint (you were sick, we provided incorrect information, etc.) let us know and we might be able to accept your complaint past 60 days. We will address your complaint as quickly as possible but no later than 30 days after receiving it. Sometimes we need additional information, or you may wish to provide additional information. If that occurs, we may take an additional 14 days to respond to your complaint. If the additional 14 days is taken, you will receive a letter letting you know.
 - If your complaint is because we took 14 extra days to respond to your request for a coverage determination or appeal or because we decided you didn't need a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, you can file a fast complaint. We will respond to you within 24 hours of receiving your complaint. The address and fax numbers for filing complaints are located in Chapter 2 under "How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care or for Part D prescription drug complaints "How to contact us when you are making an appeal or complaint about your Part D prescription drugs."
- Whether you call or write, you should contact Customer Service right away. The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will automatically give you a "fast" complaint. If you have a "fast" complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.

Legal TermsWhat this section calls a "fast complaint" is also called an "ex grievance."	pedited
--	---------

 $\hat{\mathbf{2}}$) STEP 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.
- Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about quality of care, you also have two extra options:

- You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization. If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (without making the complaint to us).
 - The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
 - To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.
- Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time. If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

Section 10.5		
I Section 10 5	You can also tell Medicare about your complaint	
	Tou our also ten medioare about your complaint	

You can submit a complaint about Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 257 of 310

CHAPTER 10

Ending your membership in the plan

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ	Document 1-3	Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017	Page 258 of
		310	•

.

.

10-1

•

Chapter 10

Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1	Introduction2		
	Section 1.1	This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan2	
SECTION 2	When can y	ou end your membership in our plan?2	
	Section 2.1	You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period2	
	Section 2.2	You can end your membership during the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period, but your choices are more limited	
	Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period	
	Section 2.4	Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?	
SECTION 3	How do you	end your membership in our plan?5	
	Section 3.1	Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan5	
SECTION 4	Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan6		
	Section 4.1	Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan	
SECTION 5	We must en	d your membership in the plan in certain situations6	
	Section 5.1	When must we end your membership in the plan?	
	Section 5.2	We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health	
	Section 5.3	You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan7	

310

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in the plan may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you want to leave.
 - There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you **when** you can end your membership in the plan.
 - The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you **how** to end your membership in each situation.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the "Annual Coordinated Election Period"). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

- When is the Annual Enrollment Period? This happens from October 15 to December 7.
- What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period? During this time, you can review your health coverage and your prescription drug coverage. You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
 - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 10: Ending your membership in the plan	10-3

- - or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

• When will your membership end? Your membership will end when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2	You can end your membership during the annual Medicare Advantage
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Disenrollment Period, but your choices are more limited

You have the opportunity to make **one** change to your health coverage during the annual **Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period**.

- When is the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period? This happens every year from January 1 to February 14.
- What type of plan can you switch to during the annual Medicare Advantage Disenrollment **Period?** During this time, you can cancel your Medicare Advantage Plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you have until February 14 to join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan to add drug coverage.
- When will your membership end? Your membership will end on the first day of the month after we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3	In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special
	Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of our plan may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

- Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period? If any of the following situations apply to you, you are eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website at (http://www.medicare.gov):
 - Usually, when you have moved.
 - If you have Medicaid.
 - If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.

- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE). * PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- When are Special Enrollment Periods? The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.
- What can you do? To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
 - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - - or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
 - If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

• When will your membership end? Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Section 2.4	Where can you get more information about when you can end your					
	membership?					

If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- You can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can find the information in the Medicare & You 2017 Handbook.
 - Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.
 - You can also download a copy from the Medicare website (http://www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.
- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

10-5

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

Section 3.1 Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan

Usually, to end your membership in our plan, you simply enroll in another Medicare plan during one of the enrollment periods (see Section 2 in this chapter for information about the enrollment periods). However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare **without** a Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- -or- You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
 Note: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Another Medicare health plan.	 Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.
• Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	 Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.
 Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan. Note: If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug plan and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. See 	 Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

10-6

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Chapter 6, Section 10 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.	

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan

		and the second		
Section 4.1	Until your member	ship ends, you a	re still a membe	r of our plan

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.

- You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in our plan ends. Usually, your prescription drugs are only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy including through our mail-order pharmacy services.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 We must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

We must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you do not stay continuously enrolled in Medicare Part A and Part B.
- · If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).

- If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your member ID card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

• You can call **Customer Service** for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

Our plan is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Section 5.3	You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our				
	plan				

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 9, Section 10 for information about how to make a complaint.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 265 of 310

CHAPTER 11

۱.

Legal notices

2017 Endence of Ooverage			/	
Chapter 11: Legal notices Case 0:17-cv-62584-W1Z	Document 1-3	Entered on ELSE	Docket 12/20/2017	11-1 - Page 266 of
		310		

Chapter 11

Legal notices

	SECTION 1	Notice about governing law	2	
	SECTION 2	Notice about non-discrimination	2	
	SECTION 3	Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights	2	
	SECTION 4	Third party liability and subrogation	2	
_	SECTION 5	Member liability	3	-
	SECTION 6	Medicare-covered services must meet requirement of reasonable and necessar		
	SECTION 7	Non duplication of benefits with automobile, accident or liability coverage	4	
	SECTION 8	Acts beyond our control	4	
	SECTION 9	Contracting medical providers and network hospitals are independent contractors	5	
	SECTION 10	Technology assessment	5	
	SECTION 11	Member statements	5	
	SECTION 12	Information upon request	6	
	SECTION 13	2017 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication	6	

ı.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 11: Legal notices	11-2

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this **Evidence of Coverage** and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, our plan, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Third party liability and subrogation

If you suffer an illness or injury for which any third party is alleged to be liable or responsible due to any negligent or intentional act or omission causing illness or injury to you, you must promptly notify us of the illness or injury. We will send you a statement of the amounts we paid for services provided in connection with the illness or injury. If you recover any sums from any third party, we shall be reimbursed out of any such recovery from any third party for the payments we made on your behalf, subject to the limitations in the following paragraphs.

1) Our payments are less than the recovery amount. If our payments are less than the total

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 268 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

recovery amount from any third party (the "recovery amount"), then our reimbursement is computed as follows:

- a) **First:** Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the recovery amount (the term "procurement costs" means the attorney fees and expenses incurred in obtaining a settlement or judgment).
- b) **Second:** Apply the ratio calculated above to our payment. The result is our share of procurement costs.
- c) Third: Subtract our share of procurement costs from our payments. The remainder is our reimbursement amount.
- 2) Our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount. If our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount, our reimbursement amount is the total recovery amount minus the total procurement costs.
- 3) We incur procurement costs because of opposition to our reimbursement. If we must bring suit against the party that received the recovery amount because that party opposes our reimbursement, our reimbursement amount is the lower of the following:
 - a) our payments made on your behalf for services; or
 - b) the recovery amount, minus the party's total procurement cost.

Subject to the limitations stated above, you agree to grant us an assignment of, and a claim and a lien against, any amounts recovered through settlement, judgment or verdict. You may be required by us and you agree to execute documents and to provide information necessary to establish the assignment, claim, or lien to ascertain our right to reimbursement.

SECTION 5 Member liability

In the event we fail to reimburse network provider's charges for covered services, you will not be liable for any sums owed by us. Neither the plan nor Medicare will pay for those services except for the following eligible expenses:

- Emergency services
- Urgently needed services
- Out-of-area and routine travel dialysis (must be received in a Medicare Certified Dialysis Facility within the United States)
- Post-stabilization services

If you enter into a private contract with a provider, neither the plan nor Medicare will pay for those services.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

11-4

SECTION 6 Medicare-covered services must meet requirement of reasonable and necessary

In determining coverage, services must meet the reasonable and necessary requirements under Medicare in order to be covered under your plan, unless otherwise listed as a covered service. A service is "reasonable and necessary" if the service is:

- · Safe and effective;
- Not experimental or investigational; and
- Appropriate, including the duration and frequency that is considered appropriate for the service, in terms of whether it is:
 - Furnished in accordance with accepted standards of medical practice for the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition or to improve the function of a malformed body member;
 - 2. Furnished in a setting appropriate to the patient's medical needs and condition;
 - 3. Ordered and furnished by qualified personnel;
 - 4. One that meets, but does not exceed, the patient's medical need; and
 - 5. At least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative.

SECTION 7 Non duplication of benefits with automobile, accident or liability coverage

If you are receiving benefits as a result of other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we will not duplicate those benefits. It is your responsibility to take whatever action is necessary to receive payment under automobile, accident, or liability coverage when such payments may reasonably be expected, and to notify us of such coverage when available. If we happen to duplicate benefits to which you are entitled under other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we may seek reimbursement of the reasonable value of those benefits from you, your insurance carrier, or your health care provider to the extent permitted under State and/or federal law. We will provide benefits over and above your other automobile, accident or liability coverage, if the cost of your health care services exceeds such coverage. You are required to cooperate with us in obtaining payment from your automobile, accident or liability coverage carrier. Your failure to do so may result in termination of your plan membership.

SECTION 8 Acts beyond our control

If, due to a natural disaster, war, riot, civil insurrection, complete or partial destruction of a facility, ordinance, law or decree of any government or quasi-governmental agency, labor dispute (when said dispute is not within our control), or any other emergency or similar event not within the control of us, providers may become unavailable to arrange or provide health services pursuant to

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 270 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

this Evidence of Coverage and Disclosure Information, then we shall attempt to arrange for covered services insofar as practical and according to our best judgment. Neither we nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation for delay or failure to provide or arrange for covered services if such delay is the result of any of the circumstances described above.

SECTION 9 Contracting medical providers and network hospitals are independent contractors

The relationships between us and our network providers and network hospitals are independent contractor relationships. None of the network providers or network hospitals or their physicians or employees are employees or agents of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. An agent would be anyone authorized to act on our behalf. Neither we nor any employee of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates is an employee or agent of the ______ network providers or network providers or network hospitals.

SECTION 10 Technology assessment

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and efficacious for Members. New procedures and technology that are safe and efficacious are eligible to become Covered Services. If the technology becomes a Covered Service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable Member copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safety and efficacy of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual Member, one of our Medical Directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual Member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

SECTION 11 Member statements

In the absence of fraud, all statements made by you will be deemed representations and not warranties. No such representation will void coverage or reduce covered services under this Evidence of Coverage or be used in defense of a legal action unless it is contained in a written application.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 271 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 11: Legal notices	

SECTION 12 Information upon request

As a plan member, you have the right to request information on the following:

- · General coverage and comparative plan information
- Utilization control procedures
- · Quality improvement programs
- · Statistical data on grievances and appeals
- The financial condition of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates

SECTION 13 2017 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication

2017 Enrollee Fraud & Abuse Communication

How you can fight healthcare fraud

Our company is committed to preventing fraud, waste, and abuse in Medicare benefit programs and we're asking for your help. If you identify a potential case of fraud, please report it to us immediately.

Here are some examples of potential Medicare fraud cases:

- A health care provider such as a physician, pharmacy, or medical device company bills for services you never got;
- A supplier bills for equipment different from what you got;
- Someone uses another person's Medicare card to get medical care, prescriptions, supplies or equipment;
- · Someone bills for home medical equipment after it has been returned;
- A company offers a Medicare drug or health plan that hasn't been approved by Medicare; or
- A company uses false information to mislead you into joining a Medicare drug or health plan.

To report a potential case of fraud in a Medicare benefit program, call Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Customer Service at 1-866-231-7201 (TTY 711), 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

This hotline allows you to report cases anonymously and confidentially. We will make every effort to maintain your confidentiality. However, if law enforcement needs to get involved, we may not be able to guarantee your confidentiality. Please know that our organization will not take any action against you for reporting a potential fraud case in good faith.

You may also report potential medical or prescription drug fraud cases to the Medicare Drug Integrity Contractor (MEDIC) at 1-877-7SafeRx (1-877-772-3379) or to the Medicare program directly at (1-800-633-4427). The Medicare fax number is 1-717-975-4442 and the website is

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 11: Legal notices

11-7

www.medicare.gov.

For more information on protecting yourself from Medicare fraud and tips for spotting and reporting fraud, visit www.stopmedicarefraud.gov. You can also request the guide titled, "Protecting Medicare and You from Fraud" by calling the number above or by visiting the "Fraud and Abuse" section of the website www.medicare.gov. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. A customer service advocate can answer your questions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 273 of 310

CHAPTER 12

Definitions of important words

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-1

Chapter 12

Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – A set time each fall when members can change their health or drugs plans or switch to Original Medicare. The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don't pay for a drug, item, or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

Balance Billing – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), you only have to pay our plan's allowed cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to "balance bill" or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit period – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. You must pay the inpatient hospital deductible for each benefit period. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

Brand Name Drug – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit where you pay a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent \$4,950 in covered drugs during the covered year.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) - The Federal agency that administers

Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

Clinical Research Study – A clinical research study is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%). Coinsurance for innetwork services is based upon contractually negotiated rates (when available for the specific covered service to which the coinsurance applies) or Medicare Allowable Cost, depending on our contractual arrangements for the service.

Complaint – The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also "Grievance," in this list of definitions.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speechlanguage pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Co-Payment, Copayment, Copay – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor's visit or prescription drug.

Cost-Sharing – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed "copayment" amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any "coinsurance" amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment.

Cost-Sharing Tier – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage Determination – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 276 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 12: Definitions of important words	12-3

formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered Drugs - The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered Services – The general term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other _________ facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Customer Service – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Customer Service.

Daily cost-sharing rate – A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription.

Daily Cost Share applies only if the drug is in the form of a solid oral dose (e.g., tablet or capsule) when dispensed for a supply less than 30 days under applicable law. The Daily Cost Share requirements do not apply to either of the following:

- 1. Solid oral doses of antibiotics.
- 2. Solid oral doses that are dispensed in their original container or are usually dispensed in their original packaging to assist patients with compliance.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay.

Disenroll or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 277 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Dispensing Fee – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

Durable Medical Equipment – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples are walkers, wheelchairs, or hospital beds.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Exception – A type of coverage determination that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor's formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at preferred lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

Extra Help – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

Generic Drug – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A home health aide provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Home Health Care – Skilled nursing care and certain other health care services that you get in your home for the treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services are listed in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1 under the heading "Home health agency care." If you need home health care services, our plan will cover these services for you provided the Medicare coverage requirements are met. Home health care can include services from a **home health aide** if the services are part of the home health plan of care for your illness or injury. They aren't covered unless you are also getting a covered skilled service. Home health services don't include the services of housekeepers, food service arrangements, or full-time nursing care at home.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 278 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Hospice – An enrollee who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

Hospice Care – A special way of caring for people who are terminally ill and providing counseling for their families. Hospice care is physical care and counseling that is given by a team of people who are part of a Medicare-certified public agency or private company. Depending on the situation, this care may be given in the home, a hospice facility, a hospital, or a nursing home. Care from a hospice is meant to help patients in the last months of life by giving comfort and relief from pain. The focus is on care, not cure. For more information on hospice care visit www.medicare.gov and under "Search Tools" choose "Find a Medicare Publication" to view or download the publication "Medicare Hospice Benefits." Or, call (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day/7 days a week.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."

Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA) – If your income is above a certain limit, you will pay an income-related monthly adjustment amount in addition to your plan premium. For example, individuals with income greater than \$85,000.00 and married couples with income greater than \$170,000.00 must pay a higher Medicare Part B (medical insurance) and Medicare prescription drug coverage premium amount. This additional amount is called the income-related monthly adjustment amount. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Independent Practitioner Associations (IPAs) – Individual physicians and medical groups contracted by the plan to provide medical services and with hospitals to provide services to members. The contracting medical groups/IPAs in turn, employ or contract with individual physicians. (See Chapter 11, Section 10)

Initial Coverage Limit - The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

ŀ

Initial Coverage Stage – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$3,700.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-6

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These LTC facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF); nursing facility (NF); (SNF/NF); an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR); and/or an inpatient psychiatric facility. An institutional Special Needs Plan to serve Medicare residents of LTC facilities must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP) – An institutional Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug _______ coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or "Drug List") – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) - See "Extra Help."

Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

Medical Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Medically Accepted Indication - A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 280 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-7

Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare, a Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) plan, or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period – A set time each year when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare. The Medicare Advantage Disenrollment Period is from January 1 until February 14, 2017.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health plan that is offered in their area, except people with End-Stage Renal Disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

Medicare Allowable Cost – The maximum price of a service for reimbursement purposes under Original Medicare.

Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D enrollees who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving "Extra Help." Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand name drugs are discounted.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words 12-8

Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D) – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

"Medigap" (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill "gaps" in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our plan, or "Plan Member") – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Network – The doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities or providers that have an agreement with us to provide covered services to our members and to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. (See Chapter 1, Section 3.2)

Network Pharmacy – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them "network pharmacies" because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network Provider – "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them "**network providers**" when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as "plan providers."

Non-Preferred Network Mail-order Pharmacy – A network mail-order pharmacy that generally offers Medicare Part D covered drugs to members of our plan at higher cost-sharing levels than apply at a preferred network mail-order pharmacy.

Organization Determination – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. The Medicare Advantage plan's network provider or facility has also made an organization determination when it provides you with an item or service, or refers you to an out-of-network provider for an item or service. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Original Medicare ("Traditional Medicare" or "Fee-for-service" Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 282 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for "cost-sharing" above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's "out-of-pocket" cost requirement.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible, while getting the high-quality care they need. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan. PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Part C - see "Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan."

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

Part D Drugs – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs.

Preferred Cost-Sharing – Preferred cost-sharing means lower cost-sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies.

Preferred Network Mail-order Pharmacy – A network mail-order pharmacy that generally offers Medicare Part D covered drugs to members of our plan that may have lower cost-sharing levels than at other network pharmacies mail-order pharmacy.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 283 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)	
Chapter 12: Definitions of important words	12-10

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about Primary Care Providers.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from our Plan. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Some drugs are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Providers – Doctors and other health care professionals that the state licenses to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Chapter 2, Section 4 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

Quantity Limits – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

· -

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 284 of 310

2017 Evidence of Coverage for Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

12-11

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drugs plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting "Extra Help" with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

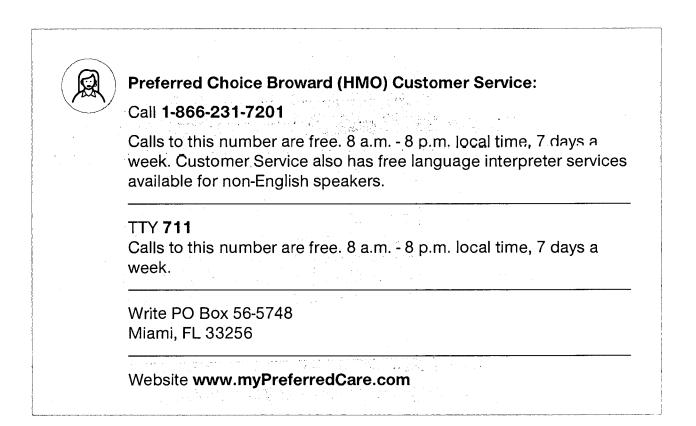
Standard Cost-sharing – Standard cost-sharing is cost-sharing other than preferred cost-sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – Urgently needed services are care provided to treat a nonemergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.





State Health Insurance Assistance Program

State Health Insurance Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

You can call the SHIP in your state at the number listed in Chapter 2 Section 3 of the Evidence of Coverage.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 286 of 310

EXHIBIT B

.



Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

H1045-005

Our service area includes the following county in: **Florida:** Broward.

This is a summary of drug coverages and health services provided by Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) January 1st, 2017 - December 31st, 2017.

For more information, please contact Customer Service at:



Toll-Free 1-877-485-5595, TTY 711

8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week



www.myPreferredCare.com



**

Y0066_SB_H1045_005_2017 CMS Accepted

Summary of Benefits

January 1st, 2017 - December 31st, 2017

We're dedicated to providing clear and simple information about your plan so you always stay fully informed. The following information is a breakdown of what we cover and what you pay. This is called "cost-sharing" or "out-of-pocket" costs. Cost-sharing includes co-pays, co-insurance and deductibles. This will help you control your health care costs throughout the plan year.

Keep in mind that this isn't a full list of benefits we provide, it's just an overview. To get a complete list, visit our website at www.myPreferredCare.com to see the "Evidence of Coverage" or call customer service with any questions.

About this plan.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) is a Medicare Advantage HMO plan with a Medicare contract.

To join Preferred Choice Broward (HMO), you must be entitled to Medicare Part A, be enrolled in Medicare Part B, live in our service area as listed on the cover, and be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.

What's inside?

Plan Premiums, Annual Deductibles, and Benefits

See plan costs including the monthly plan premium, deductible and maximum out-of-pocket limit.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO) has a network of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, and other providers. If you use the providers or pharmacies that are not in our network, the plan may not pay for these services or drugs, or you may pay more than you pay at an in-network pharmacy.

You can search for a network provider and pharmacy in the online directories at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Drug Coverage

Look to see what drugs are covered along with any restrictions in our plan formulary (list of Part D prescription drugs) found at www.myPreferredCare.com.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

Premiums and Benefits	In-Network
Monthly Plan Premlum	There is no monthly premium for this plan.
Annual Medical Deductible	This plan does not have a deductible.
Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount (does not include prescription drugs)	\$6,700 annually for services you receive from in-network providers.
	If you reach the limit on out-of-pocket costs, you keep getting covered hospital and medical services and we will pay the full cost for the rest of the year.
	Please note that you will still need to pay your cost-sharing for your Part D prescription drugs.

Preferred Choice Broward (HMO)

Benefits		In-Network
Inpatient Hospital Coverage		\$0 co-pay per day
		Our plan covers an unlimited number of days for an inpatient hospital stay.
Doctor Visits	Primary	\$0 со-рау
	Specialists	\$15 со-рау
Preventive Care	Medicare-covered	\$0 со-рау
	Routine physical	\$0 co-pay; 1 per year
Emergency Care		\$75 co-pay (worldwide) per visit
		If you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours, you pay the inpatient hospital co-pay instead of the Emergency co-pay. See the "Inpatient Hospital Care" section of this booklet for other costs.
Urgently Needed S	Services	\$0 co-pay
Diagnostic Tests, Lab and Radiology	Diagnostic radiology services (e.g. MRI)	\$100 co-pay per service
Services, and X-Rays	Lab services	\$0 со-рау
	Diagnostic tests and procedures	\$25 co-pay per service
	Therapeutic Radiology	\$60 co-pay per service
	Outpatient X-rays	\$0 co-pay per service

Benefits		In-Network
Hearing Services	Exam to diagnose and treat hearing and balance issues	\$0 co-pay
	Routine hearing exam	\$0 co-pay; 1 per year
	Hearing aid	\$1,200 allowance every 2 years, up to 2 hearing aids
Dental Services	Preventive	\$0 co-pay for covered services (exam, cleaning, fluoride, x-rays)
	Comprehensive	Covered; for a complete list of services and co-pays, please contact the plan
Vision Serviçes	Exam to diagnose and treat diseases and conditions of the eye	\$0 co-pay
	Eyewear after cataract surgery	\$0 co-pay
	Routine eye exam	\$0 co-pay Up to 1 every year
	Eyewear	\$0 co-pay every year; up to \$200 for lenses/frames and contacts
Mental	Inpatient visit	\$0 co-pay per day: for days 1-90
Health Care		Our plan covers 90 days for an inpatient hospital stay.
	Outpatient group therapy visit	\$0 co-pay
	Outpatient individual therapy visit	\$0 co-pay

Benefits		In-Network	
Skilied Nursing Facility (SNF)		\$0 co-pay per day: for days 1-20 \$75 co-pay per day: for days 21-100	
		Our plan covers up to 100 days in a SNF.	
Rehabilitation Services	Occupational therapy visit	\$0 со-рау	
	Physical therapy and speech and language therapy visit	\$0 co-pay	
Ambulance		\$200 co-pay	
Routine Transpor	tation	\$0 co-pay; 30 one-way trips per year to or from approved locations	
Foot Care (podiatry	Foot exams and treatment	\$15 co-pay	
servicos)	Routine foot care	\$15 co-pay; for each visit up to 6 visits every year	
Medical Equipment / Supplies	Durable Medical Equipment (e.g., wheelchairs, oxygen)	\$0 co-pay	
	Prosthetics (e.g., braces, artificial limbs)	\$0 co-pay - 20% of the cost.	
Wellness Programs	Fitness program through SilverSneakers® Fitness program	Basic membership in a fitness program at a network location.	
Medicare Part B Drugs	Chemotherapy drugs	20% of the cost	
	Other Part B drugs	20% of the cost	

Prescription Drugs

If you reside in a long-term care facility, you pay the same for a 31-day supply as a 30-day supply at a retail pharmacy.

Stage 1: Annual Prescription Deductible	Since you have no deductible for Part D drugs, this payment stage doesn't apply.			
Stage 2: Initial	Retail		Mail Order	
Coverage (After you pay	Standard		Preferred	Standard
your deductible, if applicable)	30-day supply	90-day supply	90-day supply	90-day supply
Tier 1: Preferred Generic Drugs	\$0 co-pay	\$0 co-pay	\$0 со-рау	\$0 co-pay
Tier 2: Generic Drugs*	\$0 co-pay	\$0 co-pay	\$0 со-рау	\$0 со-рау
Tier 3: Preferred Brand Drugs	\$40 co-pay	\$120 со-рау	\$110 co-pay	\$120 co-pay
Tier 4 : Non-Preferred Drugs	\$85 co-pay	\$255 co-pay	\$245 co-pay	\$255 co-pay
Tier 5: Specialty Tier Drugs	33% of the cost	33% of the cost	33% of the cost	33% of the cost
Stage 3: Coverage Gap Stage	Tier 1 and Tier 2 drugs are covered in the gap. For covered drugs on other tiers, after your total drug costs reach \$3,700, you pay 51% of the total cost for generic drugs and 40% of the cost for brand name drugs during the coverage gap.			
Stage 4: Catastrophic Coverage	After your yearly out-of-pocket drug costs (including drugs purchased through your retail pharmacy and through mail order) reach \$4,950, you pay the greater of: • 5% of the cost, or			
	 \$3.30 co-pay for generic (including brand drugs treated as generic) and a \$8.25 co-pay for all other drugs. 			

*Tier includes enhanced drug coverage.

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 294 of 310

Additional Benefits		In-Network
Chiropractic Care	Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation	\$15 со-рау
Diabetes Management Supplies		\$0 co-pay We only cover blood glucose monitors and test strips from the following brands: OneTouch Ultra®2 System, OneTouch UltraMini®, OneTouch Verio®, OneTouch Verio® Sync, OneTouch Verio® IQ, OneTouch Verio® Flex System Kit, ACCU-CHEK® Nano SmartView, and ACCU-CHEK® Aviva Plus.
	Diabetes Self-management training	\$0 со-рау
	Therapeutic shoes or inserts	20% of the cost
Home Health Care		\$0 co-pay
Hospice		You pay nothing for hospice care from any Medicare- approved hospice. You may have to pay part of the costs for drugs and respite care. Hospice is covered by Original Medicare, outside of our plan.
NurseLine sm		Speak with a registered nurse (RN) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
Outpatient Surger	y	Type 1 facility: \$75 co-pay; Type 2 facility: \$150 co-pay
Outpatient Substance Abuse	Outpatient group therapy visit	\$0 co-pay
Abuse	Outpatient individual therapy visit	\$0 co-pay
Over-the-Counter Benefit		\$45 credit per month to use from a plan approved listing of products
Renal Dialysis		20% of the cost

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 295 of 310

This information is not a complete description of benefits. Contact the plan for more information. Limitations, co-payments, and restrictions may apply.

The Formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

Benefits, premium and/or co-payments/co-insurance may change on January 1 of each year.

You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium.

You are not required to use OptumRx home delivery for a 90 day supply of your maintenance medication. If you have not used OptumRx home delivery, you must approve the first prescription order sent directly from your doctor to OptumRx before it can be filled. New prescriptions from OptumRx should arrive within ten business days from the date the completed order is received, and refill orders should arrive in about seven business days. Contact OptumRx anytime at 1-877-889-6358, TTY 711. OptumRx is an affiliate of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company. \$0 co-pay is applicable for tier 1 and tier 2 medications during the initial coverage phase and may not apply during the coverage gap; it does not apply during the catastrophic stage.

Preferred Care Partners is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliated companies, a Medicare Advantage organization with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in the plan depends on the plan's contract renewal with Medicare.

If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your current "Medicare & You" handbook. View it online at http://www.medicare.gov or get a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

This document is available in other formats such as Braille and large print. This document may be available in a non-English language. For additional information, call us at 1-877-485-5595.

This information is available for free in other languages. Please call our customer service number at 1-877-485-5595, TTY 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

Esta información está disponible sin costo en otros idiomas. Comuníquese con nuestro Servicio al Cliente al número 1-877-485-5595, TTY 711, 8 a.m. a 8 p.m. hora local, los 7 días de la semana.

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-877-485-5595. Someone who speaks English/ Language can help you. This is a free service

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-877-485-5595. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑 问。如果您 需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-877-485-5595。 我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。 这是一项免费服 务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯 服務。如 需翻譯服務,請致電1-877-485-5595。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這 是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-877-485-5595. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-877-485-5595. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-877-485-5595 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-877-485-5595. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화1-877-485-5595번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-877-485-5595. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная. Arabic:

إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 1-788-585-585 . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके कसिी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लएि हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषयिा सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषयिा प्राप्त करने के लएि, बस हमें 1-877-485-5595 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्त जो हनि्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-877-485-5595. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-877-485-5595. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan... plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-877-485-5595. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-877-485-5595. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の 通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-877-485-5595 にお電話くださ い。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサー ビスです。

Vendor Information

Before contacting any of the providers below you must be fully enrolled in Preferred Choice Broward (HMO).

Benefit Type	Vendor Neime	Conteres Information
Hearing Exams	HearUSA/HearX	1-866-231-7201, TTY 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
Hearing Aids	HearUSA/HearX	1-866-231-7201, ⊤⊤Ƴ 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
Vision Care	Icare	1-866-231-7201, TTY 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
Dental Services	Solstice Dental	1-855-351-8163, TTY 711 8:30 a.m 5:30 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
NurseLine	NurseLine ^s ™	1-855-575-0293, TTY 711 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
Routine Transportation (I imited to ground transportation only)	On-site contractor provider	1-888-774-7772, TTY 711 7 a.m 6 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday www.myPreferredCare.com
Fitness Membership	SilverSneakers® Fitness program	1-888-423-4632, TTY 711 8 a.m 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday silversneakers.com

Case Number: CACE-17-020761 Division: 25 Filing #85418:7742/16479844W1714P20177641:20:350 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 299 of 310

<u>CIVIL ACTION SUMMONS</u> IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 17th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

GENERAL JURISDICTION DIVISION

CASE NO .:

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Defendants.

SUMMONS

TO DEFENDANT(S):

Preferred Care Partners, Inc, ATTN; C T CORPORATION SYSTEM (Registered Agent) 1200 South Pine Island Road, Plantation, FL 33324.

IMPORTANT

A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 calendar days after this summons is served on you to file a written response to the attached complaint/petition with the Clerk of this Court, located at 201 SE 6th Street, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301. A phone call will not protect you. Your written response, including the case number given above and the names of the parties, must be filed if you want the Court to hear your side of the case. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case, and your wages, money, and property may thereafter be taken without further warning from the Court. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call an attorney referral service or a legal aid office (listed in the phone book).

If you choose to file a written response yourself, at the same time you file your written response to the Court you must also mail or take a copy of your written response to the "Plaintiff/Plaintiff's Attorney" named below.

*** FILED: BROWARD COUNTY, FL BRENDA D. FORMAN, CLERK 11/14/2017 4:20:49 PM.****

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 300 of 310

Michael J. Pascucci, Esq. Fla. Bar. No.: 83397 Joshua H. Eggnatz, Esq. Fla. Bar No.: 0067926 Steven Saul, Esq. Fla. Bar No.: 1002827 **EGGNATZ | PASCUCCI** 5400 S. University Drive, Ste. 417 Davie, FL 33328 Tel: (954) 889-3359 Fax: (954) 889-5913 <u>MPascucci@JusticeEarned.com</u> <u>JEggnatz@ JusticeEarned.com</u> <u>SSaul@ JusticeEarned.com</u>

THE STATE OF FLORIDA

TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commanded to serve this Summons and a copy of the complaint/petition in this lawsuit on the above named defendant(s).

DATED ON NOV 15 2017

(SEAL)

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

(See reverse side) (Vease al reves) (Voir de l'autre cote de)



2

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT - BROWARD:

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact the ADA Coordinator, Room 470, 201 S.E. Sixth Street, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301, 954-831-7721 at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711.

IMPORTANTE

Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene 20 Dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted desea que el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero del caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perder el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo aviso del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, puede usted consultar a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal que aparecen en la guia telefonica.

Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presenta su respuesta ante el tribunal, debera usted enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo como "Plaintiff/Plaintiff's Attorney" (Demandante o Abogado del Demandante).

IMPORTANT

Des poursuites judiciares ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte cijointe aupres de ce tribunal. Un simple coup de telephone est insuffisant pour vous proteger. Vous etes oblige de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le relai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).

Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, an meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie de votre reponse scrite au "Plaintiff/Plaintiff's Attorney" (Plaignant ou a son avocat) nomme ci-dessous.

Case Number: CACE-17-020761 Division: 25 Filing #85418:7342/1645844W1714D20197041:20350Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 302 of 310

CIVIL ACTION SUMMONS IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 17th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

GENERAL JURISDICTION DIVISION

CASE NO .:

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Defendants.

SUMMONS

TO DEFENDANT(S):

iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC, ATTN; Brian Lynn (Registered Agent) 2 South University Drive, Suite 215 Plantation, FL, 33324

IMPORTANT

A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have 20 calendar days after this summons is served on you to file a written response to the attached complaint/petition with the Clerk of this Court, located at 201 SE 6th Street, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301. A phone call will not protect you. Your written response, including the case number given above and the names of the parties, must be filed if you want the Court to hear your side of the case. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case, and your wages, money, and property may thereafter be taken without further warning from the Court. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call an attorney referral service or a legal aid office (listed in the phone book).

If you choose to file a written response yourself, at the same time you file your written response to the Court you must also mail or take a copy of your written response to the "Plaintiff/Plaintiff's Attorney" named below.

*** FILED: BROWARD COUNTY, FL BRENDA D. FORMAN, CLERK 11/14/2017 4:20:49 PM.****

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 303 of 310

Michael J. Pascucci, Esq. Fla. Bar. No.: 83397 Joshua H. Eggnatz, Esq. Fla. Bar No.: 0067926 Steven Saul, Esq. Fla. Bar No.: 1002827 EGGNATZ | PASCUCCI 5400 S. University Drive, Ste. 417 Davie, FL 33328 Tel: (954) 889-3359 Fax: (954) 889-5913 MPascucci@JusticeEarned.com JEggnatz@ JusticeEarned.com SSaul@ JusticeEarned.com

STULL, STULL & BRODY Mark Levine Melissa Emert (Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming) 6 East 45th Street New York, NY 10017 Tel: (212) 687-7230 Fax: (212) 490-2022 mlevine@ssbny.com memert@ssbny.com

THE STATE OF FLORIDA

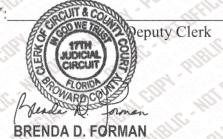
TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commanded to serve this Summons and a copy of the complaint/petition in this lawsuit on the above new of the first serve to be for the serve to be serve to be for the serve to be served to be serve of the complaint/petition in this lawsuit on the above named defendant(s).

NOV 15 2017 DATED ON

(SEAL)

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT BY:

(See reverse side) (Vease al reves) (Voir de l'autre cote de)



Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 304 of 310

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT - BROWARD:

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Please contact the ADA Coordinator, Room 470, 201 S.E. Sixth Street, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301, 954-831-7721 at least 7 days before your scheduled court appearance, or immediately upon receiving this notification if the time before the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if you are hearing or voice impaired, call 711.

IMPORTANTE

Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene 20 Dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted desea que el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero del caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perder el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo aviso del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, puede usted consultar a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal que aparecen en la guia telefonica.

Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presenta su respuesta ante el tribunal, debera usted enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo como "Plaintiff/Plaintiff's Attorney" (Demandante o Abogado del Demandante).

IMPORTANT

Des poursuites judiciares ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte cijointe aupres de ce tribunal. Un simple coup de telephone est insuffisant pour vous proteger. Vous etes oblige de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le relai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).

Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, an meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie de votre reponse scrite au "Plaintiff/Plaintiff's Attorney" (Plaignant ou a son avocat) nomme ci-dessous.

JIP43-PUR

Case Number: CACE-17-020761 Division: 25 Filing #35418:7342/16451844W1714P204m641:20:350Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 305 of 310

FORM 1.997. CIVIL COVER SHEET

The civil cover sheet and the information contained in it neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form must be filed by the plaintiff or petitioner for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to section 25.075, Florida Statutes. (See instructions for completion.)

CASE STYLE

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE <u>SEVENTEENTH</u> JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR <u>BROWARD</u> COUNTY, FLORIDA

> Case No.: Judge:

STEVEN F ASSAEL Plaintiff

vs

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., iCare Health Solutions LLC Defendant

II. TYPE OF CASE

- Condominium
- Contracts and indebtedness
- Eminent domain
- Auto negligence
- Negligence other
- Business governance
 Business torts
- Business torts
 Environmental/Toxic tort
- Third party indemnification
- Construction defect
- Mass tort
- Negligent security
- Nursing home negligence
- Premises liability commercial
- Premises liability residential
- Products liability
 - Real Property/Mortgage foreclosure
 - Commercial foreclosure \$0 \$50,000
 - Commercial foreclosure \$50,001 \$249,999
 - Commercial foreclosure \$250,000 or more
 - Homestead residential foreclosure \$0 50,000
 Homestead residential foreclosure \$50,001 -\$249,999
 - Homestead residential foreclosure \$250,000 or more
 - Non-homestead residential foreclosure \$0 -\$50,000
 - Non-homestead residential foreclosure \$50,001 - \$249,999

- Non-homestead residential foreclosure \$250,00 or more
- Other real property actions \$0 \$50,000
- Other real property actions \$50,001 \$249,999
- Other real property actions \$250,000 or more
 - Professional malpractice
 - Malpractice business
 - Malpractice medical
 - Malpractice other professional
- Other
 - Antitrust/Trade Regulation
 - Business Transaction
 - Circuit Civil Not Applicable
 - Constitutional challenge-statute or ordinance
 - Constitutional challenge-proposed amendment
 - Corporate Trusts
 - Discrimination-employment or other
 - Insurance claims
 - Intellectual property
 - Libel/Slander
 - Shareholder derivative action
 - Securities litigation
 - Trade secrets Trust litigation

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 306 of 310

COMPLEX BUSINESS COURT

This action is appropriate for assignment to Complex Business Court as delineated and mandated by the Administrative Order. Yes \Box No \boxtimes

III.	REMEDIES SOUGHT	(check all that apply):
------	-----------------	-------------------------

- Monetary;
- Non-monetary declaratory or injunctive relief;
- Punitive

IV. NUMBER OF CAUSES OF ACTION: (

(Specify)

3

IS THIS CASE A CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT?

- 🗵 Yes
- No No
- VI.
- HAS NOTICE OF ANY KNOWN RELATED CASE BEEN FILED?
 - 🗵 No
 - Yes If "yes" list all related cases by name, case number and court:

VII. IS JURY TRIAL DEMANDED IN COMPLAINT?

- 🛛 Yes
 - 🗌 No

I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I have read and will comply with the requirements of Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.425.

(Bar number, if attorney)

Steven N Saul <u>11/14/2017</u> (Type or print name)

Date

Filing #89594806 645841 W27 8 20 ment 46328 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 307 of 310

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

GENERAL JURISDICTION DIVISION

CASE NO: CACE-17-020761 Div 25

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of other similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF APPEARANCE AND DESIGNATION OF PRIMARY EMAIL ADDRESSES

The law firm of LUBELL | ROSEN, One Alhambra Plaza, Suite 1410, Coral Gables, Florida 33134, by and through CYNTHIA BARNETT HIBNICK, hereby gives notice of its appearance as counsel for the Defendant, iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC, a Florida corporation, in the above-captioned matter.

The Defendant, iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC, by and through its undersigned

counsel, and pursuant to Fla. R. Jud. Admin. 2.516(b)(1)(A), hereby designates the following email

addresses for electronic service of court documents:

Primary Email: cbh@lubellrosen.com

Secondary Email: ana(a)lubellrosen.com

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was furnished by email on this 18th day of December, 2017 to: Joshua H. Eggnatz, Esq., JEggnatz@JusticeEarned.com;

*** FILED: BROWARD COUNTY, FL BRENDA D. FORMAN, CLERK 12/18/2017 12:46:28 PM.****

Case 0:17-cv-62584-WJZ Document 1-3 Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 308 of 310 Assel v. Preferred Care Partners, Inc., et al.,

Assel v. Preferred Care Partners, Inc., et al., CASE NO.: CACE-17-020761 DIV. 25

Michael J. Pascucci, Esq., <u>MPascucci@JusticeEarned.com</u>; Steven N. Saul, Esq. <u>SSaul@JusticeEarned.com</u>, Eggnatz | Pascucci, Attorney for the Plaintiff, 5400 S. University Drive, Ste. 417, Davie, Florida 33328 and Mark Levine, Esq., <u>mlevine@ssbny.com</u>; Melissa Emert, Esq., <u>memert@ssbny.com</u> (*Pro Hac Vice Forthcoming*), STULL, STULL & BRODY, 6 East 45th Street, New York, NY 10017 and has been electronically filed with the court.

> LUBELL | ROSEN Attorneys for Plaintiff 1 Alhambra Plaza, Suite 1410 Coral Gables, Florida Phone: (305) 655-3425 Fax: (305) 442-9047 E-mail: <u>cbh@lubellrosen.com</u> Secondary: ana@lubellrosen.com

By: <u>s/Cynthia Barnett Hibnick</u> CYNTHIA BARNETT HIBNICK, ESQ. Florida Bar No. 375705

Filing #89588759764584dW27199294ment 22355Entered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 309 of 310

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

GENERAL JURISDICTION DIVISION

CASE NO.: CACE-17-020761 Div. 25

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS, LLC,

Defendants.

AGREED ORDER EXTENDING DEADLINE FOR DEFENDANT PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC. TO RESPOND TO COMPLAINT

THIS CAUSE comes before the Court upon the agreement of Plaintiff Steven F. Assael and Defendant Preferred Care Partners, Inc. to extend the deadline for Defendant to respond to the Complaint. The Court has considered the record and the agreement of the parties and is otherwise duly advised in the premises. Accordingly, it is hereby

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the deadline for Defendant Preferred Care Partners,

Inc. to respond to the Complaint is extended through and including Thursday, January 18, 2018.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Broward County, Florida this ____ day of December, 2017.

HONORABLE CAROL-LISA PHILLIPS CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

Copies furnished to Counsel of Record

12-19-2017 11:22 AM

Electronically Signed by Phillips, Carol-lisa CACE17020761 12-19-2017 11:22 AM

*** FILED: BROWARD COUNTY, FL BRENDA D. FORMAN, CLERK 12/19/2017 11:22:53 AM.****

Filing #89621374/16451841W2720P2611769144341EAtered on FLSD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 310 of 310

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 17TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA

GENERAL JURISDICTION DIVISION

CASE NO: CACE-17-020761 Div 25

STEVEN F. ASSAEL, individually and on behalf of other similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

vs.

PREFERRED CARE PARTNERS, INC., and iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLC,

Defendants.

AGREED ORDER EXTENDING DEADLINE FOR DEFENDANT iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS, LLC TO RESPOND TO COMPLAINT

THIS CAUSE having come before the Court upon the agreement of the Plaintiff STEVEN

F. ASSAEL and Defendant iCARE HEALTH SOLUTIONS, LLC, to extend the deadline for

Defendant to respond to the Complaint. The Court has considered the record and the agreement

of the parties and is otherwise duly advised in the premises. Accordingly, it is hereby

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the deadline for Defendant to respond to the

Complaint is extended through and including Thursday, January 18, 2018.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Broward County, Florida this _____day of

December, 2017.

HONORABLE CAROL-LISA PHILLIPS

Copies furnished to all Counsel of Record

CACE 17020761 12-20-2017 9:44 AM

Electronically Signed by Phillips, Carol-lisa CACE17020761 12-20-2017 9:44 AM

*** FILED: BROWARD COUNTY, FL BRENDA D. FORMAN, CLERK 12/20/2017 9:44:39 AM.****

JS 44 (Rev. 0 Gases Okilizer Over 62584-WJZ Document V-AL COVERN SHEESD Docket 12/29/2017 Page 1 of 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. *(SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)* **NOTICE: Attorneys MUST Indicate All Re-filed Cases Below.**

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Steven F. Assael, individually and on behalf of other similarly situated

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Broward (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Michael J. Pascucci, Eggnatz Pascucci, 5400 S. University Drive, Suite 417, Davie, FL 33328 - Telephone: 954-889-3359

DEFENDANTS Preferred Care Partners, Inc. and iCare Health Solutions LLC

	County of Residence	of First Listed Defendant Miami-Dade						
	(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)							
	NOTE:	IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.						
	Attorneys (If Known)							
Suite	Allen P. Pegg, Hogan Lovells US LLP, 600 Brickell Ave., 27th Floor, Miami, FL 33131 - Telephone: 305-459-6500							
DPALM BEACH DMARTIN ST. LUCIE INDIAN RIVER OKEECHOBEE HIGHLANDS								

(d) Check County Where Action Arose: 🗆 miami-dade 🗆 monroe 🜠 broward 🗆 palm beach 🗆 martin 🗖 st. lucie 🗖 indian river 🗖 okeechobee 🗖 highland

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff)											
1 U.S. Government	✓ 3 Federal Question		(For Diversity Cases Only	v) PTF DEF			r Defenda PTF	ant) DEF			
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government Not a Party)		Citizen of This State				4	<u>□</u> 4			
2 U.S. Government Defendant		ersity ip of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State		Incorporated and P of Business In A	-	□ 5	5			
			Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	3 3	Foreign Nation		6	6			
IV. NATURE OF SUIT CONTRACT	(Place an "X" in One Box Only) O TORTS		Click here for: Nature of Suit Co FORFEITURE/PENALTY	•	VKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES					
Ito Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 970duct Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury- Med. Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY	 ☐ 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 88 ☐ 690 Other 7 ☐ 710 Fair Labor Standards Act ☐ 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations ☐ 740 Railway Labor Act ☐ 751 Family and Medical Leave Act ☐ 790 Other Labor Litigation ☐ 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act 	↓ 422 Appe ↓ 423 With ↓ 23 U ↓ 423 With ↓ 28 U ▶ 820 Copp ↓ 830 Patet ▶ 835 Pater ▶ 835 Pater ▶ 836 HIA ▲ 861 HIA ▲ 862 Blaci ▲ 863 DIW ▲ 864 SSIE ▲ 865 RSI 0 ■ 870 Taxe or D ೩71 IRS USC 760	eal 28 USC 158 drawal JSC 157 ERTY RIGHTS vrights nt nt – Abbreviated g Application emark ML SECURITY (1395ff) k Lung (923) C/DIWW (405(g)) D Title XVI (405(g)) AL TAX SUITS es (U.S. Plaintiff efendant) S—Third Party 26	□ 375 False C □ 376 Qui Tar □ 370 (a)) □ 400 State R& □ 410 Antitrus □ 430 Banks a □ 450 Comme □ 460 Deporta □ 470 Rackete Corrupt Org □ □ 490 Cable/S □ 890 Other S □ 891 Agricul □ 895 Freedor Act 896 Arbitrat	laims Act n (31 USC eapportion st und Bankin ere Influer ganization ere Credit Gat TV es/Comm tatutory A tural Acts umental M n of Infor tion strative Ph or Appea cision	c C nment ng nced and s codities/ Actions fatters mation rocedure al of			
V. ORIGIN Original Proceeding Original	m "X" in One Box Only) red 3 Re-filed 4 (See VI below)		erred from 6 Multidistric district Litigation () Transfer	Dist:	n Magistrate	Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File	Remand Appella	led from te Court			
VI. RELATED/ RE-FILED CASE(S)	(See instructions): a)		✓ NO b) Related		ES 🖌 NO CKET NUMBER						
Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and Write a Brief Statement of Cause (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): VII. CAUSE OF ACTION 28 USC §§ 1442, 1446 LENGTH OF TRIAL via days estimated (for both sides to try entire case)											
VIII. REQUESTED IN CHECK IF THIS		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$		CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:						
COMPLAINT:				JU	RY DEMAND:	Yes	□ No				
ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE & CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE DATE December 29, 2017 /s/ Allen P. Pegg											
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT #	AMOUNT IF	P JUDGE		MAG JUDGE							

JS 44 (Rev. 06/17) FLSD Revised 06/01/2017

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

I. (a) **Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.

(b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)

(c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked. Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.

IV. Nature of Suit. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: <u>Nature of Suit Code Descriptions</u>.

V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Refiled (3) Attach copy of Order for Dismissal of Previous case. Also complete VI.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (8) Check this box if remanded from Appellate Court.

VI. Related/Refiled Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases or re-filed cases. Insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judges name for such cases.

VII. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VIII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: Lawsuit: Preferred Care Partners, iCare Health Solutions Violated Terms of Insurance Policies